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# DERIVATION OF FORMIC ACID DATA FROM FT-IR SPECTRA RECORDED DURING THE 1986 CARBONACEOUS SPECIES METHODS COMPARISON STUDY

### Final Report

California Air Resources Board Contract No. A733-167

(through the University of California, Irvine)

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### ABSTRACT

Formic acid (HCOOH) concentrations were derived from long-path FT-IR spectra which were recorded during the Carbonaceous Species Methods Comparison Study held in Glendora, CA, August 12-21, 1986. Both the detailed instantaneous and the hourly average HCOOH values are presented here. HCOOH concentrations during the study were in the range 1-11 parts per billion (ppb). The detection sensitivity was 1 ppb and the measurement errors were within  $\pm 1.5$  ppb. During the first 5-6 days of the study, the HCOOH concentration profiles were generally coincident with photochemical activity. During the remaining days, HCOOH levels were found to be highest in the very early morning hours, presumably as a result of build-up from as yet undetermined primary sources.

### ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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I wish to thank Drs. Roger Atkinson and Arthur M. Winer for spontaneous discussions and their continued interest in spectroscopic studies. Thanks are due to Ms. Minn P. Poe and Mr. Brett McMillan for carrying out the final tabulation and plotting of data, and Ms. Diane L. Skaggs for presiding over fiscal matters.

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## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Abstrad	etii
Acknow	ledgementiii
Discla	imeriv
List o	f Figures/List of Tablesvi
Ι.	INTRODUCTION1
II.	PROCEDURE
111.	RESULTS AND DISCUSSION
IV.	CONCLUSIONS
v.	REFERENCES

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### LIST OF FIGURES

# 

### LIST OF TABLES

# 

Page

Page

### I. INTRODUCTION

During the California Air Resources Board (ARB) funded Carbonaceous Species Methods Comparison Study (CSMCS) in August 1986 at Glendora, CA, our research group employed long-path Fourier transform infrared (FT-IR) spectroscopy to measure formaldehyde (HCOOH) as well as nitric acid (HNO<sub>3</sub>) and ammonia (NH<sub>3</sub>). The data for the above species have already been reported earlier (Atkinson et al. 1987, Winer et al. 1987) and satisfied the stated task for the FT-IR technique. <sup>°</sup>We recognized, however, that the infrared spectral records contained potential quantitative information for other gaseous species.

The ARB recently expressed a need for an independent set of data for formic acid (HCOOH) during the CSMCS that can be compared with the results of wet chemical techniques. In response to this need, we derived the HCOOH data from the FT-IR spectra recorded during that period and present the detailed results in this report.

#### II. PROCEDURE

As described previously (Atkinson et al. 1987), the FT-IR spectra were recorded at a pathlength of 1150 m and resolution of 0.13 cm<sup>-1</sup>, at the rate of four to five spectra per hour, with an open 25-m basepath multiple-reflection optical system interfaced to a Sirius 100 (Mattson Instruments, Inc.) spectrometer.

To facilitate spectral processing, a truncated segment of the spectrum in the 850-1250 cm<sup>-1</sup> region was generated from the original (256 kilobyte-length) single-beam spectrum. This was converted to an absorbance spectrum, baseline corrected, and then examined for the HCOOH absorption peak at 1105.0 cm<sup>-1</sup>. An interference on this signal by a very weak  $H_2O$  peak was corrected by subtracting the  $H_2O$  contribution based on adjoining, nonsaturated  $H_2O$  bands. Finally, an interactive subtraction routine was employed which expressed the HCOOH sample absorbance as a fraction of a known HCOOH reference absorbance.

Figure 1 shows a reference spectrum of gaseous HCOOH at a concentration equivalent to 14.9 parts per billion (ppb) at 1150 m. The calibration for the present analysis was carried out at part-per-million



Figure 1. Reference spectrum of HCOOH monomer; equivalent to 14.9 ppb at 1150 m (296 K, 740 torr).

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(ppm) concentrations employing our 5870-liter evacuable chamber equipped with long path optics. HCOOH vapor (derived from reagent-grade 80% HCOOH-20%  $H_2O$  sample dried over  $CuSO_{ij}$ ) was condensed into a vial using a vacuum line and then weighed prior to injection in the chamber for a reliable measure of the concentration of gas-phase HCOOH monomer.

At the resolution and pathlength employed during the 1986 Glendora study, the analysis of the spectra indicated a detection sensitivity of ~1 ppb. An error limit of  $\pm 1.5$  ppb was estimated for the current HCOOH measurements.

### III. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The detailed "instantaneous" HCOOH data (each data point corresponds to a measurement time of five minutes) for August 12-21, 1986 in Glendora, California obtained by long pathlength FT-IR spectroscopy are presented in Table 1. Except for periods of power disruption on August 14 and the loss of most of the daytime data on August 17 due to a fault in archiving the data onto magnetic tapes, the FT-IR system provided continuous coverage of the HCOOH concentration since HCOOH was above the detection limit of ~1 ppb throughout the entire study period.

To facilitate the comparison of these FT-IR measurements with those by methods involving time-integrated sampling, hourly average concentrations were calculated from the instantaneous values, and these are presented in Table 2.

The instantaneous HCOOH concentrations during the field study were in the range 1-11 ppb. Figure 2 illustrates some of the intensities of the HCOOH Q-branch at 1105  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  observed on the evening of August 19 and early morning hours of August 20, the latter period being characterized by the highest instantaneous as well as the highest hourly average HCOOH levels throughout the study.

The concentration vs. time plot of Figure 3 shows that the daily HCOOH maxima occurred during about noon to mid-afternoon hours for the days August 12-16 (and possibly including August 17). The HCOOH concentration profiles for these days are roughly coincident with the levels of photochemical activity, as indicated by the  $O_3$  readings and our own HNO<sub>3</sub> concentration-time data (Atkinson et al. 1987). [This was also the

Table 1. HCOOH Concentrations (ppb) in Glendora, CA, August 12-21, 1986 by Long Pathlength FT-IR Spectroscopy [Asterisks mark the times where gaps in the data occur (see text). Digits beyond two significant figures are retained only for the sake of format and to reduce round-off errors in ensuing calculations.]

 PDT	НСООН	PDT	нсоон	PDT	НСООН	PDT	НСООН
8/12/	86	1816	2.1	0715	2.9	1813	3.6
		1828	2.2	0731	3.3	1827	3.4
0758	4.0	1848	2.4	0746	3.4	1850	3.1
0811	4.3	1904	2.7	0802	3.5	1913	3.8
0825	4.1	1920	2.6	0818	3.3	1926	3.2
0837	4.5	1934	2.8	0833	3.0	1939	3.3
0851	4.5	1947	3.2	0849	3.2	1952	3.3
0905	5.2	2000	2.7	0904	3.5	2005	3.1
0917	4.8	2014	2.8	0920	3.7	2018	3.3
0930	5.1	2106	2.6	0936	3.6	2034	2.9
0944	5.0	2118	3.3	0951	3.8	2113	2.8
0957	5.3	2132	3.9	1007	3.7	2133	3.2
1010	5.4	2144	3.5	1035	4.2	2146	3.6
1024	5.3	2201	3.3	1048	4.7	2206	3.6
1037	5.2	*2215	2.9	1101	4.4	2226	3.7
1052	6.7	•	• •	1114	3.7	2245	3.8
1119	6.1	8/13/8	<u>86</u>	1128	4.0	2305	3.6
1136	5.4	*****	<b>.</b>	1145	3.7	2324	3.6
1149	4.6	*0027	3.5	1158	4.3	2344	3.5
1202	4.1	0043	3.2	1211	4.4		
1221	4.0	0059	3.1	1229	4.9	<u>8/14/</u>	<u>86</u>
1234	3.7	0114	2.9	1248	3.9		
1250	3.3	0130	3.2	1309	2.8	0004	3.6
1305	4.9	0146	3.2	1331	4.6	0023	3.6
1320	4.1	0201	3.3	1344	4.1	0043	3.3
1339	4.7	0217	3.0	1357	4.3	0102	3.1
1353	3.9	0233	3.7	1410	4.0	0122	3.5
1400	4.5	0249	3.7	1423	3.4	0142	3.4
1419	5.4	0304	3.4	1440	4.1	0201	3.3
1433	4.1	0320	3.4	1453	4.2	0221	3.4
144/	4.0 E Q	0330	3.1	1506	4.1	0241	3.0
1505	5.0	0351	3.5	1522	4.3	0300	2.6
1522	4.9	0407	3.3	1535	4.5	0320	2.9
1552	4.1 JUD	0423	3.0	1540	4.0	0339	2.6
1608	4.2	0439	3.0	1611	4.5	0359	2.8
1622	2.9	0454	2.1	1014	4.0	0419	3.1
1625	2.0	0526	2.9	16/10	3.0	0438	2.0
1651	2.5	0520	2.4	1043	3.9	0458	3.2
1705	1.8	0557	2 1	1000	5.0	0510	2.5
1718	1.8	0557	2 5	1712	4.1 ) =	0537	2.0
1722	17	0628	2.2	1724	2.2	0557	2.3
1745	1 7	0620	2.1	17/17	4.U 2 Q	0010	2.5
1802	1 0	0230	21	1800	3.0	0030	2.0
	7	UU / 1	3		5 13	10050	

(continued)

Table 1 (continued) - 2

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PDT	нсоон	PDT	нсоон	PDT	НСООН	PDT	НСООН
0716	2.9	2328	2.6	1341	6.7	0220	2.7
0735	3.6	2348	2.4	1353	6.8	0240	2.1
0755	3.4			1410	6.6	0259	2.4
0815	3.8	<u>8/15/</u>	<u>86</u>	1425	7.6	0319	2.3
0834	3.5			1440	7.5	0339	2.1
0854	4.0	8000	2.5	1453	6.9	0359	2.1
<b>*</b> 0914	4.4	0027	2.4	1505	6.1	0418	2.3
*1033	5.3	0047	2.5	1518	5.5	. 0438	2.8
<b>*</b> 1059	5.4	0107	2.1	1530	5.9	0458	2.6
*1153	5.6	0126	2.0	1542	5.5	0517	1.6
1208	5.0	0146	2.0	1604	4.7	0537	2.6
1221	4.9	0206	1.9	1616	4.6	0557	2.6
1240	5.1	0225	2.4	1629	3.7	0616	2.6
1253	5.3	0245	2.3	1641	4.1	0636	2.0
1309	5.4	0305	2.3	1653	4.0	0656	2.4
*1322	5.1	0324	2.1	1707	4.4	0715	3.0
*1520	5.3	0344	1.9	1720	4.3	0735	2.7
1531	7.3	0404	1.6	1732	3.5	0755	3.0
1543	7.9	0424	1.9	1744	3.3	0815	3.1
1555	6.8	0443	1.2	1757	3.0	0834	3.1
1606	6.9	0503	1.5	1830	3.4	0854	3.1
1620	6.3	0523	1.6	1842	2.6	0914	3.2
1632	6.0	0543	2.2	1854	3.3	0933	3.3
1643	6.0	0602	2.0	1907	2.7	1015	3.7
1655	5.9	0622	2.3	1919	2.8	1028	4.0
1711	4.5	0641	2.2	1938	3.3	1048	3.9
1723	4.8	0701	2.0	1950	2.5	1100	4.9
1735	6.2	0721	2.4	2003	2.7	1118	5.3
1746	5.4	0741	2.3	2015	2.4	1131	4.8
1801	6.3	0800	2.3	2027	2.5	1143	4.8
1818	5.2	0820	3.0	2106	2.2	1155	4.2
1830	5.8	0840	3.9	2125	2.1	1207	4.8
1842	5.4	0859	3.3	2145	1.9	1219	4.5
1853	5.8	0919	2.5	2205	1.8	1231	4.3
1925	4.9	1016	3.4	2224	1.6	1243	4.0
1938	4.7	1029	4.3	2244	1.9	1255	4.3
1951	5.0	1043	4.4	2304	2.0	1308	3.8
2004	5.0	1100	5.0	2323	2.0	1320	4.4
2017	5.0	1112	4.8	2345	1.8	1332	4.0
2030	5.2	1126	5.4		~ •	1344	4.8
2044	5.3	1138	5.6	8/16/	<u>86</u>	1356	4.4
2057	4.9	1151	5.7			1409	3.9
2110	4.0	1203	5.0	0003	1.9	1421	4.6
2123	4.1	1219	5.8	0022	2.3	1433	5.4
2130	4.2	1231	0.0	0042	2.0	1445	5.5
2210	5.0	1244	5.9	0101	1.9	1457	5.8
2229	3.0	1250	0.0	0121	3.3	1509	6.5
2249	3.7	1309	5.9	0141	3.3	1522	7.5
2309	5.2	1325	0.3	0200	3.2	1534	6.6
(cont	(inued)						

Table 1 (continued) - 3

PDT HCOOH	PDT HCOOH	PDT HCOOH	PDT HCOOH
1546 7.0	0525 5.4	0828 4.5	1956 1.8
1558 7.0	0545 5.5	0847 4.4	2009 1.7
1610 6.4	0605 5.4	0907 4.3	2021 2.3
1623 6.3	0624 5.0	0927 5.2	2035 2.9
1635 6.3	0644 5.6	0946 4.3	2047 2.3
1647 6.1	0704 5.3	1004 4.5	2059 3.1
1659 7.0	0723 5.1	1017 4.3	2111 3.0
1711 6.0	0743 5.2	1029 5.1	2124 3.2
1724 6.0	0803 6.1	1057 5.5	2206 5.7
1736 5.5	0823 5.8	1111 5.6	2226 5.2
1748 5.5	0843 5.7	1123 6.1	2246 6.2
1800 4.9	0902 6.5	1140 5.5	2305 5.9
1812 4.8	0922 6.9	1156 5.2	2325 6.2
1902 4.0	0942 7.8	1207 5.8	2345 6.0
1917 4.5	*1002 7.7	1220 4.9	•••
1929 4.6	*2235 5.1	1233 4.5	8/19/86
1942 4.1	2253 3.9	1245 4.1	
1954 4.6	2306 3.9	1256 4.7	0004 6.2
2006 4.3	2317 4.1	1308 3.8	0024 6.2
2024 4.3	2337 4.2	1320 3.0	0044 6.9
2036 4.8	2356 4.5	1333 2.8	0103 6.8
2049 4.2		1345 2.7	0123 8.1
2144 3.9	<u>8/18/86</u>	1357 3.0	0143 8.1
2152 4.4		1409 2.5	0202 9.0
2212 4.5	0016 4.3	1421 2.2	0222 8.2
2232 4.7	0036 4.4	1433 2.5	0242 8.2
2251 4.0	0056 4.5	1445 3.0	0301 8.8
2311 4.1	0115 4.4	1457 3.5	0321 8.1
2331 3.8	0135 4.8	1509 4.3	0341 7.7
2350 3.4	0155 4.9	1521 4.1	0400 7.9
	0214 5.3	1534 4.7	0420 7.7
<u>8/17/86</u>	0234 5.6	1546 4.8	0439 6.8
	0254 5.8	1558 4.4	0459 7.6
0010 3.7	0313 5.9	1610 4.1	0519 7.7
0030 3.6	0333 6.6	1622 4.6	0538 7.9
0049 4.8	0353 6.0	1635 3.6	0558 7.9
0109 4.3	0412 6.2	1647 4.0	0618 8.4
0129 4.5	0432 7.0	1700 3.1	0637 8.9
0148 4.7	0452 6.9	1712 3.2	0657 8.7
0208 5.1	0511 6.9	1724 2.7	0717 8.2
0228 5.3	0531 6.5	1737 2.6	0737 8.9
0248 5.3	0550 5.5	1750 2.4	0757 8.0
0307 6.2	0610 5.0	1802 2.9	0816 7.1
0327 6.4	0630 5.0	1814 2.3	0836 7.4
0347 5.4	0649 5.4	1826 1.9	0855 7.3
0406 5.8	0709 5.4	1839 1.8	0915 6.3
0426 5.4	0729 5.2	1852 1.5	0935 6.4
0446 5.5	0748 4.9	1932 1.3	1006 6.1
0506 5.3	0808 4.6	1944 1.4	1018 5.9

(continued)

Table 1 (continued) - 4

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PDT	нсоон	PDT	НСООН	PDT	НСООН	PDT	НСООН
1030	5.7	2029	2.9	1013	7.3	1920	4.0
1043	5.9	2042	2.7	1025	6.1	<b>193</b> 0	3.5
1059	6.0	2054	2.5	1038	5.3	1940	3.5
1109	5.8	2106	2.0	1050	5.5	2023	4.1
1121	5.7	2118	2.2	1104	5.2	2035	4.8
1133	4.8	2130	2.2	1217	5.4	2050	4.0
1148	5.6	2142	2.2	1129	6.2	2110	3.8
1200	5.4	2155	2.1	1141	5.8	2129	3.6
1213	5.4	2207	2.8	1153	6.1	2149	≈ 4.1
1215	5.5	2219	6.1	1208	5.7	2209	3.9
1237	5.3	2231	6.5	1220	6.9	2228	3.9
1249	5.1	2243	6.9	1232	6.8	2248	4.5
1305	3.4	2314	8.4	1244	7.5	2307	4.9
1317	4.0	2334	8.3	1300	6.5	2327	5.0
1329	5.0	2353	9.8	1311	5.8	2347	8.0
1346	6.1	0 (0 0	0.0	1321	5.5		
1355	8.2	8/20/	86	1331	5.3	8/21/8	<u>86</u>
1405	1.3			1341	5.1		
1415	0.0	0013	10.1	1352	5.1	0006	7.8
1420	5.4	0032	9.5	1402	5.1	0026	7.9
1430	5.0	0052	9.1	1414	5.4	0046	8.6
1440	5.2	0112	9.4	1424	6.4	0106	9.6
1512	3.0 11 E	0131	10.3	1434	6.0	0125	8.3
1512	4.5	0151	9.8	1444	5.3	0145	7.3
1522	4.3	0210	10.2	1454	4.4	0204	7.7
1532	4.1 2 h	0230	10.7	1507	4.0	0224	6.6
155/	2.8	0250	10.0	1517	3.0	0244	7.6
160L	2.0	0209	10.0	1530	3.3	0303	7.8
1614	2.5	0329	10.0	1550	3.1	0323	8.0
1624	23	0108	0.8	1600	4.3	0343	7.4
1634	2.6	0100	9.0	1610	4.1	0402	0.4
1645	2.5	0420 0117	9.0	1621	3.3	0422	5.4
1655	2.0	0507	10.3	1621	2.1	0442	1.3
1705	1.6	0527	10.1	16/12	2.9	0501	1.0
1720	1.9	0546	10.0	1656	1.8	0521	1.9
1733	2.3	0606	10.0	1706	1.0	0541	0.0
1747	2.2	0625	10.6	1716	1 2	0600	88
1759	2.7	0645	10.1	1727	23	0000	8.6
1811	2.0	0705	10.0	1737	2.4	0700	85
1823	2.3	0724	9.2	1747	2.6	0717	8.5
1835	2.6	0744	9.7	1757	2.5	0730	8.8
1847	2.4	0803	9.1	1807	2.8	~, J¢	~.~
1902	2.4	0823	9.6	1817	3.6		
1914	2.3	0843	10.7	1828	3.5		
1927	2.4	0902	9.8	1839	3.6		
1939	2.6	0923	8.8	1849	3.2		
2007	2.9	0942	7.8	1900	3.0		
2017	2.5	1001	7.3	1910	3.3		

(continued)

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PDT	Aug	Aug	Aug	Aug	Aug	Aug	Aug	Aug	Aug	Aug
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
0000-0100 0100-0200 0200-0300 0300-0400 0400-0500 0500-0600 0600-0700 0700-0800 0800-0900 0900-1000 1000-1100 100-1200 1200-1300 1300-1400 1400-1500 1500-1600 1600-1700 1700-1800 1800-1900 1900-2000 2000-2100 2100-2200 2200-2300 2300-2400	4.4 5.6 5.5 4.9 7.6 8 2.7 3 x x	3.16301122720399448440276 3.3.3.3.3.3.4.4.3.9.9448	3.4 3.1 2.9 2.6 3.7 x x 5.1 x x 5.4 5.0 5.2 3.7 2.7	2.02068232813991627194089	232222223334445665444443.	4.0 5.30 5.4 5.392 x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	4475273215696817408044871 2356.	6.594148643495257851457297 8.148643495257851457297	9.6 9.85 10.66 10.25 9.51 10.25 9.51 10.25 9.51 10.25 9.51 10.25 9.51 10.25 9.51 10.54 8.71 10.62 8.5 10.54 8.71 10.62 8.54 8.71 10.62 8.54 8.54 8.54 8.54 8.54 8.54 8.54 8.54	8.2 7.3 7.6 6.5 7.9 8.6

Table 2. Hourly Average HCOOH Concentrations (ppb) at Glendora, CA August 12-21, 1986, Measured by Long Pathlength FT-IR Spectroscopy<sup>a,b,c</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Blank means outside the schedule.

<sup>b</sup>x designates no data due to instrument testing on August 12, power interruptions on August 14 and a fault in archiving on August 17.

<sup>C</sup>Estimates of missing hourly averages for August 12 and 14 may be made from the detailed concentration data of Table 1.



Figure 2. Intensities of the HCOOH 1105-cm<sup>-1</sup> peak during the evening of August 19 and early morning of August 20, 1986 at Glendora, CA. (The discontinuities in the spectra correspond to inexact cancellation of a saturated H<sub>2</sub>O absorption band.)

![](_page_15_Figure_0.jpeg)

Figure 3. Time-concentration profile of HCOOH measured by long pathlength FT-IR spectroscopy on August 12-21, 1986 at Glendora, CA.

pattern of HCOOH behavior that we observed in 1978 in Claremont, CA during the only other extended (38 hours) spectroscopic measurement of HCOOH (Tuazon et al. 1981), when we reported a maximum HCOOH concentration of 19 ppb, corresponding to an  $O_3$  high of 454 ppb.]

The HCOOH profiles (Figure 3) for the remaining days, August 18-21, are distinctly different from those of the prior days, since they are characterized by a build-up of HCOOH in the late evening hours which led to relatively broad maxima during the early morning hours. Carry-over concentrations seem to contribute significantly to the daytime levels, even though weaker peaks appeared around the noon hours, presumably due to photochemical activity.

There are reactions that could conceivably generate HCOOH at night, such as the reaction of olefins with ozone. However, it is highly doubtful that this reaction could produce a significant fraction of the nighttime HCOOH levels observed during August 18-21. The elevated nighttime concentrations may possibly be traced to primary emissions, and supporting evidence may come from the body of data being compiled by the ARB from the 1986 Glendora study.

#### IV. CONCLUSIONS

The HCOOH data reported here, which covered the period August 12-21, 1986 in Glendora, CA represent the most comprehensive spectroscopic measurement of this species in ambient air to date. The yield of data from the FT-IR measurements is high and the accuracy of the data is defined such that a meaningful comparison can be made with the results of The short time resolution of the FT-IR the other HCOOH methods. spectroscopic technique distinguished between two HCOOH time-concentration profiles, one being essentially coincident with daytime photochemical activity, and the other being dominated by HCOOH build-up from late evening to the morning hours. Extended interpretation of these HCOOH data will be sought through discussion with the ARB staff who can make available pertinent CSMCS data on both directly emitted and photochemically generated species, and the findings will be reported in a peer-reviewed journal article.

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rofiles were generally coincident with photochemical activity. ays, HCOOH levels were found to be highest in the very early mor s a result of build-up from as yet undetermined primary sources.	During the remaining rning hours, presumably
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