

# Report No. SR89-06-01

# Analysis of the 1982 Truck Inventory and Use Survey Data for California

prepared for:

# State of California Air Resources Board

June 1, 1989

prepared by:

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ARB Contract No. A6-065-32

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#### SUMMARY

Recent efforts to improve the California Air Resources Board's understanding of the emissions contributions of heavy-duty vehicles have relied on available surveys of the travel patterns of these vehicles in California. CALTRANS is the principal source of data for truck travel in California. Unfortunately, CALTRANS is primarily interested in the activity of trucks on the state highway system. The lack of detailed truck travel data for the remainder of the state road system has been further compounded by differences between the truck classification systems employed by ARB and CALTRANS. Recognizing these problems, the ARB issued a procurement to use the 1982 Truck Inventory and Use Survey (TIUS) to improve the accuracy of the relations used to translate the weight data available in CALTRANS surveys into ARB's heavy-duty vehicle classifications; and to develop independent estimates of travel for these vehicle categories by county, motive power and use category.

The 1982 TIUS collected data on the physical and operational characteristics of trucks from a statistically balanced sample of vehicle operators across the United States. This report summarizes the results of an effort to access the 1982 TIUS and related California data bases and integrate the information they contain to develop a better understanding of how heavy-duty trucks are operated on California's highways.

Three primary data files were used in this effort: the 1982 TIUS; a 1985 CALTRANS Weigh Station Survey; and a CALTRANS estimate of heavy-duty VMT for the state in 1982. To support the translation of CALTRANS to ARB heavy-duty vehicle classifications a method was developed to relate gross vehicle weight (GVW) classes to the laden and unladen weight of vehicles observed in the CALTRANS survey. The GVW classes were then translated into ARB's heavy-duty weight classes. Figures 1-1 and 1-2 provide a summary of the Weigh Station Survey results for California and non-California vehicles, using ARB's heavy-duty vehicle classification system.

Figure 1-1 shows that almost 90 percent of the California-based vehicles were Diesel-powered and that heavy heavy-duty Diesels were the dominant vehicle observed in the survey. The distribution of non-California vehicles was even more biased towards Diesels, with the heavy category representing virtually all of the vehicles observed. Out-of-state Diesels constitute a significant fraction, over 25 percent just for the heavy category, of the vehicles operating on California's highways.

Figure 1-1

# Gasoline and Diesel Counts From Caltrans' 1985 Weigh Station Survey (California-Based Vehicles)

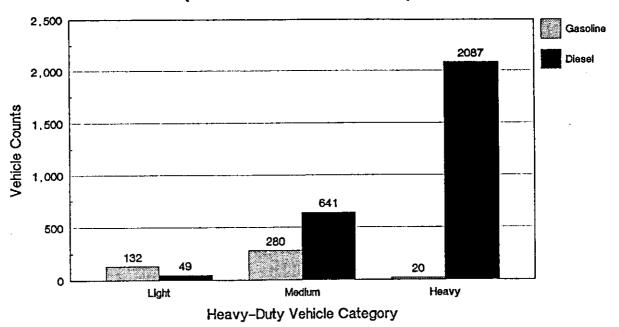
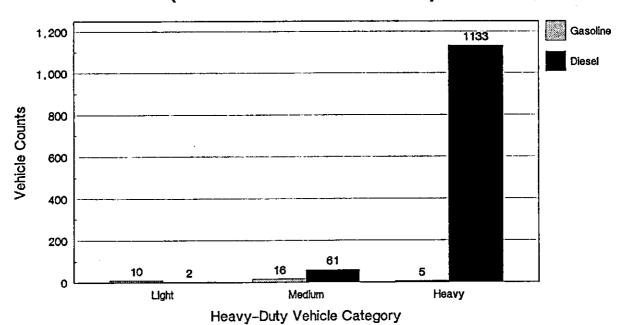


Figure 1-2

# Gasoline and Diesel Counts From Caltrans' 1985 Weigh Station Survey (Non California-Based Vehicles)



The survey results, however, should be considered as the upper bound of Diesel activity because the survey tracks vehicles operating on the major roadways of the state. It is expected that the fraction of gasoline-powered vehicles would increase as lower capacity roads were incorporated into the survey.

Figures 1-3 and 1-4 provide an overview of the distribution of activity reported by TIUS respondents for separate areas of operation: off-road; local (usually within a 50 mile radius of the base); short range (usually within a 50 to 200 mile radius of the base); and long range (beyond a 200 mile radius). The data show a consistent pattern of activity for both California and non-California vehicles: a high fraction of gasoline travel within the local area; a uniform distribution of travel among local, short- and long-range areas for Diesel vehicles; and declining gasoline activity as the trip length increases. The most significant feature of the charts is that, on average, California and non-California vehicles appear to have very similar patterns of travel.

Estimates of travel were developed for the following categories of heavy-duty vehicles operating on California roads:

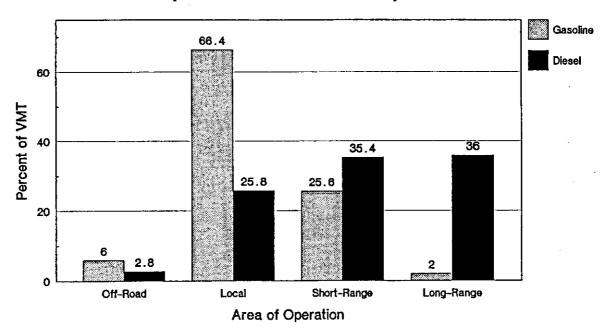
- 1 California-registered and -based vehicles (vehicles registered in California but based outside of the state were excluded from the estimate);
- 2 Non-California-registered vehicles based in California; and
- 3 Non-California-registered vehicles based out of California.

The TIUS data were used to directly estimate travel for the first two categories. Both were adjusted to account for the travel that occurred within California's boundaries. The CALTRANS survey data were used to determine the proportion of non-California-registered vehicles operating in California. The TIUS data were used to determine the proportions of these vehicles that were based in and out of California. Bounds on the range of travel that could be expected for these vehicles were developed from a analysis of the non-California-registered vehicles. This information was used to estimate the travel for the third vehicle category. The distribution of travel that results for the three vehicle categories is displayed in Figure 1-5. It shows that 22 percent of the heavy-duty vehicle travel in California is estimated to come from non-California-registered vehicles.

Using the TIUS and CALTRANS data Sierra estimated total daily heavy-duty truck travel on California roads to be approximately 21 million miles per day. In contrast ARB, through EMFAC/BURDEN, and a recent

Figure 4-3

# Distribution of Travel By Area of Operation For Heavy-Duty Gasoline and Diesel Vehicles (California-Based Vehicles)



Note: Based on an analysis of the 1982 Truck Inventory and Use Survey

Each fuel sums to 100 percent.

Figure 1-4

# Distribution of Travel By Area of Operation For Heavy-Duty Gasoline and Diesel Vehicles (Non California-Based Vehicles)

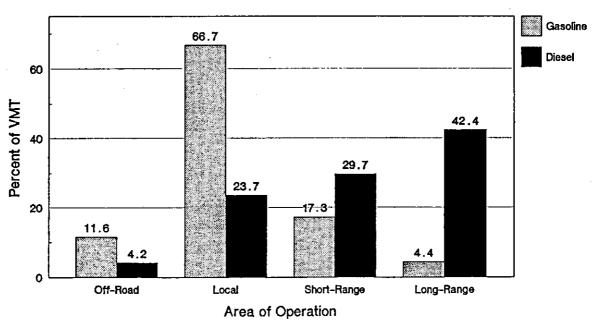
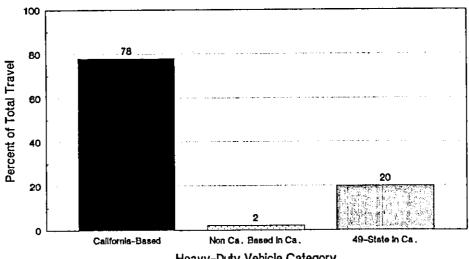


Figure 1-5

### Distribution of Travel Estimated For Categories of Heavy-Duty Vehicles Operating On California Highways



Heavy-Duty Vehicle Category

Note: Based on an analysis of the 1982 Truck Inventory and Use Survey.

contractor study for ARB\*, estimated HDV travel to be approximately 34-36 million miles per day.

The TIUS-based estimate of total HDV travel is roughly 60 percent of the state HDV estimate produced in the PES study and a similar estimate produced by EMFAC/BURDEN. An analysis of the possible causes of this difference indicates that a substantial amount of travel data were lost in the process of cleaning the TIUS data and in developing the translation between the weight classification systems. It should be noted that the TIUS data are largely composed of owner responses to a questionnaire. While the Bureau of Census performed screening checks on that data, a more detailed analysis of the data found considerable inaccuracies in the information reported, particularly in the reported weights. To ensure that accurate translations between weight categories were developed and that the characteristics of individual vehicle classifications could be correctly reported, records with erroneous data were eliminated from the database.

The TIUS employs a system to extrapolate the representativeness of individual vehicles to their share of the total vehicle fleet through individual "expansion factors". It was not possible to reallocate the

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Assessment of Heavy-Duty Gasoline and Diesel Vehicles In California: Population and Use Patterns", Pacific Environmental Services, July 1985.

travel of the discarded vehicles to the vehicles remaining in the cleaned data set. Thus, even when the expansion factors of the cleaned data set were renormalized, to account for the loss of erroneous records, the projected VMT of the vehicle fleet was significantly lower than found with the original dataset.

An analysis of differences in the projected travel levels (before and after the cleaning) showed that the largest loss occurred in the lower weight categories; however, significant differences were noted for several other weight categories. A large loss of travel should occur in the lowest weight class (Class II GVW, 6,001 - 10,000 pounds), because ARB considers only Class IIb (8,501 - 10,000) vehicles to be heavy-duty vehicles. TIUS, and all other surveys, do not distinguish between class IIa and IIb vehicles. Nevertheless, it is necessary to estimate the fraction of Class II vehicles that are IIb vehicles to estimate heavy-duty truck travel in California. The weights reported for the Class II and Class III vehicles in the TIUS survey were found to have a high incidence of erroneous data (outside the bounds of weights contained in manufacturer specifications for these vehicles). The effect of screening out the erroneous data was to increase the accuracy of the estimate of the proportion of Class II vehicles that weighed between 8,501 - 10,000 pounds, and the accuracy of the estimate of Class III vehicles; unfortunately it also significantly reduced the projected travel levels for the light and medium heavyduty vehicle categories.

Given this background, the following conclusions can be drawn about the accuracy and the usefulness of the TIUS data to ARB.

- The large number of observations (over 3,500) for California registered vehicles and the broad distribution of vehicles participating in TIUS ensures that it provides an excellent independent estimate of overall truck travel and activity in California.
- However, because TIUS is based on owner responses to a questionnaire, it is necessary that special care be taken to check the data for errors and inaccuracies.
- Two methods are available to clean the erroneous data: eliminate it from the data base; and substitute reasonable estimates of expected values based on averages computed for like vehicles in the data base. If the first method is chosen to clean the data, it is not possible to produce accurate estimates of travel activity for all of the heavy-duty vehicle classifications. This is because too much explanatory power is lost from the vehicles eliminated from the data base. If the second method is chosen, a more reasonable estimate of travel activity can be estimated; however, the accuracy of the estimate will be unknown.

- An evaluation of the loss in projected travel levels due to the data cleaning procedures employed in the analysis indicates that TIUS provides poor estimates of truck travel for ARB's light- and medium-heavy duty vehicles, and that it provides a relatively accurate estimate of heavy-heavy duty truck travel.
- The CALTRANS truck count survey was not hampered by problems with owner responses; however, the range of data recorded in that survey was substantially more limited. Because that data was recorded at 16 locations focused on highway travel activity, it is likely that the results overrepresent the activity of the larger, heavier over-the-road trucks and underrepresent the activity of smaller, lighter Class IIb and III vehicles.
- For different reasons, both TIUS and the CALTRANS survey are weak in accurately characterizing the travel levels of light- and medium-heavy duty vehicles.

To better understand the travel patterns of light- and medium-heavy duty vehicles it is recommended that ARB consider the following efforts:

- Work with CALTRANS to collect additional information (e.g., vehicle identification numbers, etc.) in truck count surveys that would allow a more accurate determination of the observed vehicle, and increase the representativeness (from the perspective of the entire California road system) of the survey locations.
- Work with EPA to develop a data base that will allow an accurate distinction between Class IIa and Class IIb vehicles.
- Conduct a balanced survey of all truck travel and related activity levels in urban and rural areas across the state.

#### 2. INTRODUCTION

#### <u>Overview</u>

Due to their great numbers, automobiles and light-duty trucks have been responsible for the bulk of motor vehicle emissions produced in California. For this reason, they have received the most attention from the state's motor vehicle emission control program. In recent years, however, as controls on these vehicles have become more effective, heavy-duty vehicles (HDV's) have become responsible for an increasing fraction of mobile source emissions. In contrast to light-duty vehicles (LDV's), HDV's encompass a broad range of weight categories and major use applications. This diversity complicates the task of determining where they operate and their contribution to the emissions inventory. As the Air Resources Board (ARB) has focused more attention on determining the travel patterns of HDV's, the following issues have been identified as limiting the accuracy of the emission estimates for these vehicles:

- The range of operation varies considerably and is not necessarily limited to either the county or the state in which the vehicle is registered.
- The actual weight of a vehicle depends on its business application and the cargo it is carrying. Thus, Department of Motor Vehicle (DMV) registration data which report "unladen weight" are not useful for determining the distribution of emission-sensitive weight classifications which the ARB uses to estimate HDV contributions to the emissions inventory.
- California is the terminus for numerous freight operations; therefore, out-of-state vehicles have disproportionately high levels of travel in-state. Because the out-of-state vehicles are certified to less stringent emission standards, their contribution to the emissions inventory is greater than their travel fraction. The vehicle miles traveled (VMT) by these vehicles, however, is thought to occur primarily on highways outside of urban areas; if true, this would mitigate their emissions impact. If, however, fleets base significant numbers of out-of-state vehicles at sites in California, a greater share of their VMT may be accumulated in urban areas; this would increase their impact on local emission inventories and the affected population.

The ARB is concerned about the combined effects of these issues on the accuracy of the HDV emission estimates that it produces for each of

the 58 counties and 14 air basins in the state. Therefore, it issued a procurement to analyze the 1982 Truck Inventory and Use Survey (TIUS) and related information sources. The purpose of that effort was to gain a better understanding of the travel behavior of all heavy-duty vehicles operating in California.

ARB divided the effort into three task areas and specified the following analyses:

- Task 1 Analyze the data base to provide information by HDV weight category for area of operation, annual miles traveled, fuel economy, type of fuel, and other vehicle characteristics. Screen all data to eliminate spurious information.
- Task 2 Disaggregate the 1982 TIUS data to provide urban/rural and county truck usage data by vehicle category and major business use. Compare this data with national data to note differences between the characteristics of urban-based trucks in California and in the rest of the country.
- Task 3 Using the TIUS and CALTRANS data, estimate HDV truck travel in California by truck weight category for vehicles registered outside of the state.

The information developed in these tasks will be used to confirm and update conversion factors and HDV travel estimates produced in an \* earlier report for the ARB by Pacific Environmental Services (PES).

#### Organization

Section 1 provides a summary of the major findings of the report. Section 2, this section, presents an overview of the work effort, a summary of the task assignments and the organization of the report.

The data bases selected for the analysis and the methodology used to clean and organize the information contained in each data base is presented in Section 3. Also in this section is a summary of the approach used to link the data in these files together.

Section 4 presents the results of the analysis. The presentation is divided into two categories: heavy-duty fleet characteristics; and county-level VMT estimates. The appendices contain detailed listings of the data generated in the analysis of the TIUS and CALTRANS data.

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Assessment of Heavy-Duty Gasoline and Diesel Vehicles in California: Population and Use Patterns", Pacific Environmental Services, July 1985

#### 3. DATA SOURCES AND SCREENING TECHNIQUES

Information was selected from three primary data sources to support the analyses specified in the Scope of Work:

- 1982 TIUS;
- 1985 CALTRANS Truck Weight Study; and
- 1985 PES Report for ARB.

This section provides a brief review of the contents of those data files, and the criteria used to screen the data for errors and outliers.

#### TIUS

The Bureau of Census conducts a Census of Transportation once every five years. TIUS is one of the three surveys that form the Transportation Census. The most recently available data from TIUS are based on a probability sample of private and commercial trucks registered or licensed by states to operate in 1982. Vehicles registered by government agencies (Federal, state and local), ambulances, buses, and motor homes were excluded from the survey.

The 1982 TIUS contains information from 84,334 respondents on a broad range of physical truck characteristics and operating behavior. No information is available on a possible nonresponse bias to the survey. However, the technical documentation for the survey notes that "ninety percent of the questionnaires were returned, with an item nonresponse rate of not more than one percent for most of the major questions. It also notes:

"For some questions, a response was generated to complete a blank on the questionnaire. Engine characteristics and body characteristics were frequently determined through analysis of the vehicle identification number (VIN) and charts based on manufacturer's specifications. All missing annual miles data were imputed based on information available about the truck's

<sup>\*</sup> A 1987 TIUS was conducted; however, that data is not yet available for analysis, as the Bureau of Census is currently compiling the data collected in the survey.

lifetime miles, its age, its vehicle type, its number of axles, its engine type, its area of operation, and its major use. Any biases introduced by the imputation and correction procedures are thought to be small."

The Bureau of Census makes the data available through a public-use computer tape. Sierra chose not to access the tape directly, but instead to use the services of a transportation analyst familiar with the data structure, Mr. Anyant Vyas at Argonne National Laboratory. Mr. Vyas provided Sierra with a tape containing the records of vehicles registered in California. He also provided Sierra with all required 49-state analyses. Sierra was responsible for the analysis of California vehicles.

TIUS contains a wealth of information on trucking activity that can be used to evaluate the relative contribution of California and 49-state trucks to overall VMT levels in the state. Table 3-1 provides a summary of the primary variables selected for use in this analysis. It shows that variables describing numerous truck characteristics (e.g., size, fuel type, number of axles, etc.), operating behavior (e.g., annual VMT, average weight, area of operation, etc.) and registration (state in which it is registered versus state in which it is based) are available.

Two separate forms were employed in the survey, Appendix A contains copies of each form. Report form TC-9501 was mailed to individuals thought to own pickups and vans. Report form TC-9502 was mailed to individuals thought to own heavier vehicles. A review of the data, however, indicates that there was considerable overlap in the targeted audiences for these forms - light-duty owners received the heavy-duty form and vice-versa. This observation was confirmed in conversations with Census personnel responsible for TIUS.

For the purposes of this analysis, the differences between the forms are significant. The 9502 form requested information on the empty, average and maximum weight of the vehicle, whereas the 9501 form requested information on the average weight of the vehicle. The more detailed weight information on the 9502 form provides a basis for matching with the empty and average weight data recorded in CALTRANS survey data. It also provides a basis for distinguishing between gross vehicle weight (GVW) classifications of IIa and IIb vehicles.

The distinction between class IIa or 6,000-8,500 pound (GVW) and class IIb or 8,500-10,000 pound (GVW) vehicles was critical to the analysis, because the RFP specified an analysis of heavy-duty vehicles. In California that means vehicles weighing greater than 8,500 pounds (GVW). Information on GVW subclasses is rarely reported and TIUS only contains information on the primary GVW class of a vehicle. Thus, a method had to be found to determine which class II vehicles were considered heavy-duty vehicles in California.

Variable	Description			
Vehicle Weight	Respondent estimate, either: Empty Average Maximum			
R.L. Polk GVRW	Manufacturer Gross Vehicle Weight Rating for the vehicle			
Area of Operation	The area in which the vehicle operates is usually classified as:  Local - Mostly in the local area, i.e., in or around the city and suburbs, or within a 50-mile radius of the place where the vehicle is stationed.			
	Short-range - Mostly over-the-road (beyond the local area), usually within a 50-200 mile radius of where the vehicle is stationed.			
	Long-range - Mostly over-the-road, usually more than 200 miles to the most distant stop from where the vehicle is operated.			
	Off-the road - Mostly off-the-road operation (usually associated with construction and farming).			
Annual Miles	Estimated by respondent for 1982			
Miles per Gallon	Estimated by respondent for 1982			
Fuel Type	Gasoline or Diesel only			
Model Year	Designated model year of the vehicle; 1973 and earlier, through model year 1983			
State of Registration	State where the vehicle is registered			
Base of Operation	State in which the vehicle is based			
Expansion Factor	Factor used to project vehicle estimates of travel and fuel to overall state totals by sample type			

#### Table 3-1 (continued)

#### Summary of Information Selected from TIUS

<u>Variable</u>	<u>Description</u>			
Sample Type	Strata used by census to develop expansion factors			
Travel Outside of Base State	Respondent estimate of the percent of travel outside of the base state			
Axle Recode	Indicates the vehicle configuration and number of axles for the entire vehicle			

Census is bound by law not to provide any insight into the identity of survey participants. For this reason the VIN's of participating vehicles are not reported. The only basis for determining whether class II vehicles had a GVW rating of greater than 8,500 pounds was from the weights reported by vehicle owners. The average weights reported in the 9501 survey form provided no insight into the maximum load carrying capacity of the vehicle, the basis of the GVW rating. The 9502 survey, however, reported data on the empty, average and maximum reported weights of the vehicles. The maximum reported weights could be used to distinguish which vehicles have a class IIb GVW rating. Therefore, the TIUS analysis focused exclusively on form 9502 survey respondents.

The impact of this assumption on the representativeness of the data is difficult to tell. The 9501 survey was designed for pickups, panels, vans, and utility type vehicles and was sent to owners of these vehicles "if they could be identifed at the time of sampling." The 9502 survey was designed for all other vehicles. Clearly the 9502 form was designed for heavier vehicles and therefore the exclusive use of this data for the analysis of heavy-duty vehicles should not introduce any bias into an analysis of class III-VIII vehicles. the 9502 form was not intended for "pickup truck owners", Census personnel do not believe that there was any bias towards the heavy or commercial end of pickup owners that received the form. Instead they contend that pickup truck owners receiving the form (1) represented random error, or (2) could not be distinguished at the time of the sampling and therefore received the 9502 form. In summary, the results for the class IIb portion of ARB's light-heavy duty vehicle category should be viewed with some discretion; however it is impossible to determine the extent of any bias that might be included in the data for these vehicles.

The ARB employs three weight classifications for HDV's. Table 3-2 provides a summary of the relationship between the industry classifications and those employed by ARB. The TIUS data file

Table 3-2

Relation between GVW Classifications and ARB Heavy-Duty Classes

FHwA Weight Class	Gross Vehicle Weight	ARB HDV <u>Class</u>	Gross Vehicle Weight
Class I	1- 6,000 lbs		
Class II	6,001-10,000 lbs		
Class III	10,001-14,000 lbs	Light HDV	8,501-14,000 lbs
Class IV	14,001-16,000 lbs	_	
Class V	16,001-19,500 lbs		
Class VI	19,501-26,000 lbs	Medium HDV	14,001-33,000 lbs
Class VII	26,001-33,000 lbs		
Class VIII	Over 33,000 1bs	Heavy HDV	over 33,000 lbs

contains two separate GVW classifications. The first or <u>TIUS GVW</u> classification is based on the average weight of the vehicle reported by the respondent. It should be noted that the survey form stated that "an estimate is acceptable." The second is a <u>gross vehicle</u> weight rating (GVWR) developed by the R.L. Polk Company for the Bureau of Census using the vehicle identification number (VIN) reported by respondents. The R.L. Polk GVWR is based on the empty weight of the vehicle plus the recommended load capacity assigned by the manufacturer to the vehicle.

Table 3-3 provides a comparison of the TIUS GVW and Polk GVWR ratings for vehicles registered in California. There is a substantial overlap between the two classification systems. For example, Polk-rated trucks of less than 6,000 pounds are shown to have average loads of greater than 33,000 pounds. Clearly this is not possible and represents either transcription errors (e.g., VIN's used by Polk to determine the GVWR, reported weight ratings, etc.) or problems with owner weight estimates.

The magnitude of the differences presented in Table 3-3 indicated that a method was needed to either eliminate spurious data or reclassify vehicles based on the information contained in the data base. Sierra reviewed the available options and determined that the best method

(Footnote continues on next page)

<sup>\*</sup> In a similar analysis of national trends in truck activity for EPA, Energy and Environmental Analysis (EEA) chose to reclassify trucks by gross vehicle weight category based on an analysis of the consistency among several related record fields using criteria developed from a review of historical literature on the size, weight, and fuel type

Table 3-3

TIUS 1982 -- GROSS VEHICLE HEIGHT RATING CROSS TABULATION OF CALIFORNIA TRUCKS AVERAGE HEIGHT RATING (CENSUS) V/S MANUFACTURER'S RATING TRUCK COUNTS AND PERCENTAGES

	FREQUENCY PERCENT	Polk Rating								
	ROH PCT COL PCT	<6K			14.01-16 K	16.01-19 1.5K	19.51-26  K	26.01-33  K	>33K	   TOTAL
	<6K .	2046105 58.25 68.55 98.80	925496 26.35 31.01 80.28	0.22 0.26	467 0.01 0.02 5.05	1487 0.04 0.05 6.52	2578 0.07 0.09 2.53		428 0.01 0.01 0.42	2984780 84.98
	6.01-10K	16844 0.48 6.25 0.81	217810 6.20 80.81 18.89	7324 0.21 2.72 29.56	4220 0.12 1.57 45.59	7337 0.21 2.72 32.19	15394 0.44 5.71 15.11	285 0.01 0.11 1.04	311 0.01 0.12 0.30	İ
	10.01-14K	312 0.01 0.88 0.02	5766 0.16 16.29 0.50	4052 0.12 11.45 16.35	2506 0.07 7.08 27.07	5505 0.16 15.56 24.15	16114 0.46 45.53 15.81	370 0.01 1.04	765 0.02 2.16	35389 1.01
	14.01-16K	0.00 0.00 0.00	1870 0.05 7.55 0.16	0.06 8.81	960 0.03 3.88 10.37	3597 0.10 14.52 15.78	14367 0.41 58.01 14.10	1083 0.03 4.37 3.95	707 0.02 2.85 0.69	
	16.01-19.5K	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	1247 0.04 5.51 5.03	552 0.02 2.44 5.96	1558 0.04 6.89 6.84	16451 0.47 72.70 16.15	2139 0.06 9.45 7.80	681 0.02 3.01 0.66	22628
	19.51-26K	7225 0.21 14.50 0.35	1331 0.04 2.67 0.12	779 0.02 1.56 3.14	156 0.00 0.31 1.68	1967 0.06 3.95 8.63	0.69	10769 0.31 21.61 39.28	0.10	
	26.01-33K	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	623 0.02 3.45 2.52	396 0.01 2.19 4.28	552 0.02 3.05 2.42	6381 0.18 35.32 6.26	5757 0.16 31.87 21.00	4357 0.12 24.12 4.25	18066 0.51
	>33K .	0.01 0.44 0.02	623 0.02 0.53 0.05	779 0.02 0.73 3.14	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.02	6483 0.18 6.03 6.36	6587 0.19 6.13 24.03	91702 2.61 85.36 89.52	107434 3.06
	TOTAL	2070952 58.96	1152896 32.82	24777 0.71	9258 0.26	22794 0.65	101893 2.90	27418 0.78	102438 2.92	3512426 100.00

specifications of truck bodies and engines marketed by engine and truck manufacturers in the U.S. "Analysis of the 1982 <u>Truck Inventory and Use Survey</u>", Final Report, prepared for U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Energy and Environmental Analysis, December 1986.

<sup>(</sup>Footnote continued from previous page)

for this analysis was to set weight classification limits for each Polk GVWR category. These ranges represent Sierra's best estimate of the empty and maximum loaded weights that vehicles with these ratings are capable of supporting. Table 3-4 lists the ranges that were developed from a review of manufacturer specifications for vehicles marketed in the U.S. All vehicles with either an empty or a maximum weight reported outside of the bounds listed in Table 3-4 were eliminated from the data base. This approach ensures that the scatter in reported weight and GVW classifications observed in Table 3-3 are eliminated and that relations developed between the CALTRANS and TIUS data files are based on weight estimates that conform to manufacturer specifications for the vehicles. It also ensures that the relations are based on survey responses and not on reclassified estimates of vehicle weights.

Table 3-4

Weight Range Used to Screen Outliers
on the Basis of Respondent Weight Estimates

Polk GVW*	Empty Weight	Maximum Weight
2	4,500 lbs	14,000 lbs
3	6,000 lbs	18,000 lbs
4	8,000 lbs	20,000 lbs
5	10,000 lbs	25,000 lbs
6	12,000 lbs	32,000 lbs
7	14,000 lbs	45,000 lbs
8	16,000 lbs	150,000 lbs

<sup>\*</sup> All Polk Class I vehicles were eliminated from the analysis.

Several additional methods were used to screen obvious errors and outlier values from the TIUS data base. Records were eliminated if data were missing for the following variables:

- area of operation;
- fuel type;
- weight classifications (empty, average, maximum);
- Polk Classification;
- fuel economy; or
- number of axles (axle recode value).

A second method used to discriminate among the accuracy of the responses was to eliminate outlying data on annual mileage and fuel economy. Sierra reviewed the criteria that EEA used to screen these

variables and determined that they were reasonable. Table 3-5 lists the mpg screening criteria for each of the weight categories. The annual VMT levels reported were screened to eliminate vehicles that reported travel levels of greater than 360,000 miles per year. EEA determined that no vehicle could "realistically travel more than 18 hours per day, 360 days/year at an average of speed of 55 mph."

Table 3-5
Fuel Economy Criteria Used for Excluding TIUS Records

TIUS contains two types of registration information, one identifying the state in which the vehicle is registered and the other identifying the state in which the vehicle is based. In most cases, the vehicle is based in the state in which it is registered. When this is not the case, it means that most of the VMT accrued by the vehicle will occur in the state in which it is based and not the state in which it is registered. Therefore, a final screening of the data base excluded vehicles registered in California but based in another state.

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Analysis of the 1982 Truck Inventory and Use Survey", Final Report, prepared for the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Energy and Environmental Analysis, December 1986.

Table 3-6 provides a summary of the effect of cleaning routines on each of the Polk GVWR classifications. It shows that the combined effects of the missing data, the outlier screening criteria and the base state criteria reduced the volume of usable records by almost 60 percent. Each GVW category lost a substantial fraction of the original records. The weight ranges used to screen empty and maximum weights reported by respondents were responsible for almost two-thirds of the eliminated records. Class VI vehicles were particularly sensitive to the weight screening criteria. On the other hand, only 28 California-registered vehicles were reported to be based outside of the state.

Table 3-6
Summary of Results of Data Screening Techniques on TIUS Records for California Vehicles

Polk G	WWR Classification Weight	Number of Original TIUS Records	Revised TIUS Records
I	0- 6,000 lbs	372	43
II	6,001-10,000 lbs	818	349
III	10,001-14,000 lbs	159	40
IV	14,001-16,000 lbs	64	19
v	16,001-19,500 lbs	155	14
VΙ	19,501-26,000 lbs	703	102
VII	26,001-33,000 lbs	218	78
VIII	over 33,001 lbs	1,077	797
	Total	3,566	1,442

The data set summarized in Table 3-6 was further screened to eliminate light- and medium-duty-vehicle records (Class I and Class IIa vehicles). All Polk Class I vehicles were eliminated from the database. All Polk Class II vehicles with a maximum owner-reported weight of less than 8,500 pounds were also eliminated from the database. Applying these criteria eliminated an additional 238 records from the data base. Table 3-7 provides a summary of the resulting California TIUS data used in the analysis. It lists vehicle counts for the GVWR and ARB classifications.

Table 3-7
Summary of California TIUS Records Selected for Analysis

<u>Polk G</u> Class	VWR Classification Weight	Revised No. of TIUS Records	ARB HDV Class	No. of ARB Records
IIb	8,500-10,000 <sup>*</sup> 1bs	154		
III	10,000-14,000 lbs	40	Light HDV	194
IV	14,001-16,000 lbs	19	_	
V	16,001-19,500 lbs	14		
VI	19,501-26,000 lbs	102		
VII *	26,001-33,000 lbs	78	Medium HDV	213
VIIa,	33,001-50,000 lbs	149		
VIIb*	over 50,000 lbs	648	Heavy HDV	797
	Total	1,204		1,204

<sup>\*</sup> Classifications were based on the maximum reported vehicle weights

The sample design of TIUS was based on a stratified probability sample of about 120,000 trucks drawn from an estimated universe of approximately 35 million registrations that were on file with the motor vehicle departments across the country. A stratified random sample based on body type was selected in each state. Each state was divided into five strata:

- pickup;
- van (panel trucks, vans, utilities, jeeps, and station wagons on truck chasis);
- single unit light (all other single unit trucks with a GVW of less than 26,000 pounds);
- single unit heavy (all remaining single unit trucks with a GVW of greater than 26,000 pounds); or
- truck tractor.

Part of the sample (two-thirds) was allocated to meet "minimum standards" of reliability for each stratum in each state. For each pickup stratum, a minimum sample size was determined for each state based on the percentage of pickups in that state (usually this stratum ranges between 40 to 75 percent). A constant minimum sample size was set for each of the remaining strata. The remainder of the sample (the other third) was allocated to the strata proportionately to the number of the trucks in the state to improve the overall U.S. estimates.

The Bureau of Census computed an expansion factor so that each respondent could be expanded to represent his or her share of the

overall vehicle population. The expansion factors are computed separately for the five sample strata by state. A review of the expansion factors from the prescreened database indicated that the values of the factors ranged from less than 100 to more than 7,000. Thus some respondents are projected to be considerably more representative of the vehicle population than others.

The substantial reduction in vehicle records necessitated a revision to the expansion factors. Conversations with Census personnel indicated that the following formula is appropriate for that calculation:

where:

EF<sub>R</sub> - revised expansion factor, which varies by sample category

EF<sub>1</sub> - original expansion factor

STOCK<sub>1</sub> = original number of records within each sample category (before data screening is applied)

STOCK<sub>R</sub> - revised number of records within each sample category after the data screening was applied

The effect of the above revision is dependent on how the distribution of expansion factors changes after the data cleaning process. If the distribution stays the same, the revised factors for the remaining vehicle fleet will be able to project a vehicle population and total VMT level equal to what the raw data would have projected. If the distribution changes - for example, if the percentage of vehicles with large expansion factors drops considerably - then the revised factors for the remaining vehicle fleet will project a smaller vehicle population and total VMT level than the original data set projected.

Sierra computed the expanded vehicle populations for each of the five Census strata before and after the data cleaning process to evaluate the representativeness of the cleaned data set. The results are as follows:

	Percent of Projected Population
<u>Strata</u>	Remaining After Data Cleaning
	-
Pickup	3
Van	8
Single Unit (light)	70
Single Unit (heavy)	97
Truck Tractor	98

While the representativeness of the pickup and van categories appears to have been eliminated, it should be remembered that the original data set included all Class I and II vehicles and that the revised data set only included Class IIb vehicles. Thus, the revised data set for these vehicles should project a substantially smaller share of the original projection. With the exception of the single-unit-light stratum, the representativeness of the remaining vehicle categories was substantially unchanged. No method could be found to normalize the expansion factors to represent the exact original totals that did not violate the representativeness of the individual vehicles or require the use of records with incorrect data. Therefore, a decision was made to use the screened data with the revised expansion factors and recognize the limitations of the projected sample in the analysis of the results.

It is important to note the Census strata do not directly translate into ARB's heavy-duty vehicle categories; the effect of the data cleaning process should be most pronounced on ARB's light and medium-heavy-duty vehicles.

The fuel economy estimates provided by the respondents were harmonically averaged as opposed to arithmetically averaged to produce category-specific mpg estimates. The harmonic averaging procedure weights data on the basis of consumption (i.e. gallons per mile) to provide an accurate estimate of mpg from the perspective of fuel consumption. The annual VMT (in this case the annual miles times the expansion factor) of each vehicle must also be used in this calculation to determine the number of gallons that each vehicle consumes. The calculation employed is as follows:

n number of records in category of interest

AVMT - the reported annual VMT of the vehicle

mpg - the reported fuel economy of the vehicle

#### **CALTRANS**

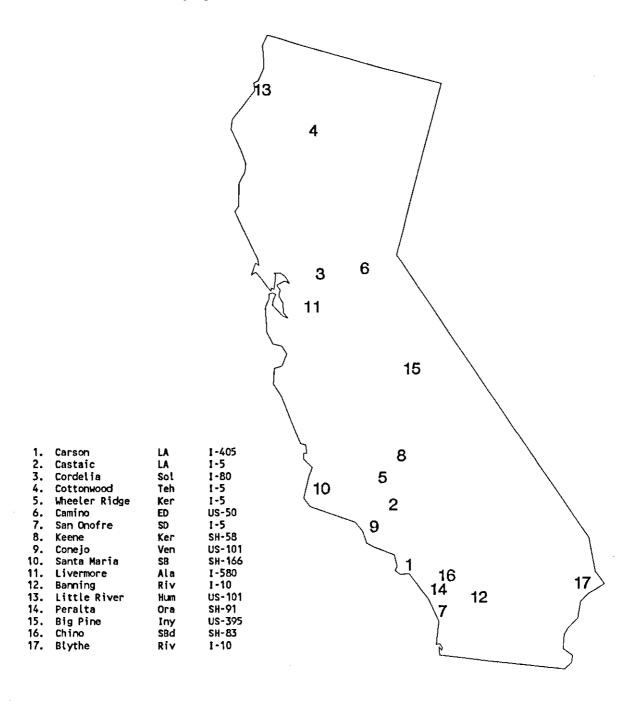
CALTRANS conducts a truck weight survey at selected weigh stations once every two years. The most recent survey was conducted in 1985 for 17 stations; the data from that survey only became available in the latter part of 1988. Figure 3-1 provides a summary of the weigh stations employed in the survey and their approximate locations across the state. During the survey all trucks entering the stations are weighed, the load for each axle is measured and additional information on vehicle characteristics is recorded. (A copy of the survey form may be found in Appendix B.) The following information collected in this survey is of particular value to this analysis:

- Vehicle type provides information that can be used to distinguish between pickup trucks, vans and alternative vehicle classifications (e.g., truck and tractor, etc.);
- Weight indicates the weight of the vehicle including the load;
- Empty or loaded indicates whether the vehicle had a load or was empty;
- Fuel type lists the fuel used by the engine;
- Number of axles lists the load on each axle and the number of axles on the vehicle;
- Base state indicates the vehicle's base state of operation.

A total of 6,057 records was available from the 1985 Truck Weight Study. The only criteria used to screen the data was to exclude vehicles with body types considered by CALTRANS as representative of light-duty vehicles. All 2-axle vehicles that were obviously not HDV's were eliminated from the data base. This had the effect of

Figure 3-1

# Locations of 17 Weigh Stations Employed in 1985 Truck Weight Survey



excluding 1,581 records from the data base. A summary of the available vehicle counts is provided below.

<u>Fuel</u>	<u>California</u>	49-State	Non-U.S.	<u>Total</u>
Gasoline	432	31	-	463
Diesel	2,777	1,172	24	3,973
Propane	38	1	-	39
Total	3,248	1,204	24	4,476

The California total includes one vehicle that was classified as "Turbine" under the fuel type category. For the sake of clarity, it was not listed in the above table.

The value of the CALTRANS data is that it provides insight into the distribution of in- and out-of-state vehicles operating on California's roads. It also provides a basis for determining the fraction of non-U.S. vehicles operating on California highways. All of the non-U.S. vehicles captured in the survey were based in Canada, no vehicles based in Mexico were observed in the survey. Conversations with CALTRANS representatives indicated that the range of non-U.S. vehicles observed in the survey was in line with other estimates of non-U.S. vehicular activity that they have developed.

The CALTRANS data also provides insight into the relationship between the number of axles and either the empty or loaded weight of the vehicle. Unfortunately, the CALTRANS data do not include an indication of the GVW rating (GVWR) of the vehicle. Care must taken in relating the unladen and laden weights reported to the appropriate GVWR categories. A detailed methodology was developed to use the CALTRANS and TIUS data to develop this relationship; it will be discussed in the next section.

#### PES Report to ARB

One of ARB's primary information sources on the recent travel behavior of HDV's is the 1985 PES "Assessment of Heavy-Duty Gasoline and Diesel Vehicles in California: Population and Use Patterns." That study combined numerous CALTRANS surveys and data bases with DMV registration data to produce estimates of vehicle activity in the state. Several critical relationships were developed in the study to link disparate data files to produce those estimates. ARB indicated that the TIUS data should be used, if possible, to update/confirm the following relationships:

- Axle to GVW conversion - This relationship is needed to translate the CALTRANS "Annual Average Daily Truck Traffic" (AADTT) data, which was disaggregated for 50 California

counties by axle class, into appropriate ARB HDV classifications.

- Correlation between unladen weight and GVW Based on a survey of 12 owners or operators of HDV's, PES developed a correlation between unladen weight and GVW. ARB wanted Sierra to develop a better method of correlating unladen and gross vehicle weights.
- Federal HDV population and California VMT PES developed an estimate of the federal HDV population and its contribution to total California VMT. ARB wanted Sierra to develop an independent estimate of the size of the federally certified fleet and its percent contribution to California's total HDV VMT.

The primary PES data source used in this analysis was the 1982 county-specific VMT estimate by axle class. A copy of that table is presented in Appendix C.

#### 4. DATA ANALYSIS

The results of the data analyses are organized to provide an overview of the HDV fleet characteristics and estimates of county travel estimates. Where it is appropriate, the California and 49-state values are contrasted. To facilitate the presentation of the data, many of the comparisons are graphic. A detailed listing of the data is contained in the appendices.

As previously discussed, the relatively small sample of California data combined with the stringency of the screening techniques produced a data set that is inadequate for most GVW analyses. Therefore, almost all data comparisons are presented for either ARB weight class or fuel type.

#### Heavy-Duty Fleet Characteristics

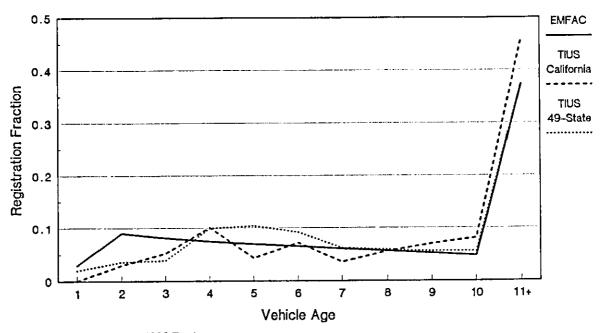
Figure 4-1 summarizes the vehicle age distribution for gasolinepowered HDV's contained in TIUS for California and 49-state vehicles. It also displays the vehicle age distribution employed in EMFAC7D, which was based on an analysis of 1975 R.L. Polk data for General Motors (heavy-duty gasoline) and 1975 R.L. Polk data for Diamond-Reo. Kenworth, Mack, Peterbuilt and White (heavy-duty Diesel). distributions generally track each other. The limited sample of California gasoline vehicles is evident in the irregular pattern of registrations; the larger sample of 49-state vehicles produces a smoother pattern over time. Neither of the TIUS distributions, however, indicate an increase in early year registrations that is employed by EMFAC. The difference in the early year estimates is believed to be due to the relatively low sales of HDV's in the early 1980's, particularly the recession year of 1982. In contrast, the sales during the early 1970's were quite strong. Thus, a comparison between the two data sets shows a relatively low fraction of early year vehicles for the 1982 TIUS in contrast to the 1975 Polk data.

A similar plot of vehicle age distributions for Diesel-powered HDV's is presented in Figure 4-2. The large sample sizes of the Diesel populations would be expected to produce a smoother distribution, but this is not the case. Both TIUS data sets indicate a steady increase in the fraction of vehicles up to age 4 before dropping off as vehicles age. This trend is in contrast to the EMFAC distribution for these vehicles. Again the differences between the two data sets is

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Draft Motor Vehicle Emission Factor Program - EMFAC7D", California Air Resources Board, January 20, 1988

Figure 4-1

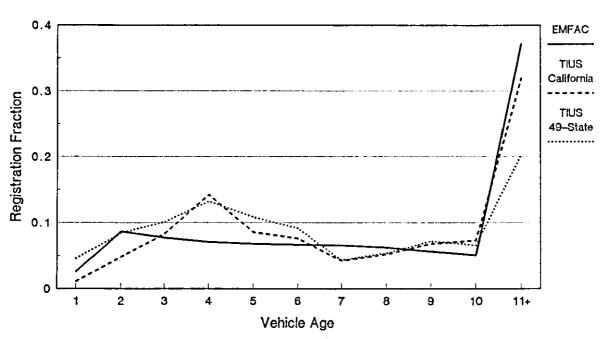
# Comparison of Registration Distributions For Gasoline Powered Heavy-Duty Vehicles



Note: Based on an analysis of the 1982 Truck Inventory and Use Survey.

Figure 4-2

# Comparison of Registration Distributions For Diesel Powered Heavy-Duty Vehicles



Note: Based on an analysis of the 1982 Truck Inventory and Use Survey.

believed to be caused by the economic conditions during the years preceding the surveys. During the late 1970's and early 1980's heavy-duty Diesel sales were rising in response to the rapid increase in fuel prices experienced during the late 70's.

Table 4-1 provides an overall summary of the TIUS fleet characteristics for California vehicles by fuel type, ARB weight class and vehicle age. TIUS provides information on vehicles 1-10 (1981 - 1973 MY) and 11+ (pre 1973 MY) years of age. Several of the model year groups had very small sample sizes. In general, the data show that fuel economy degrades as vehicles get heavier and that Diesel vehicles have higher annual travel levels than gasoline vehicles. The "FRACTION OF STOCK EQUIPPED WITH" columns display the following vehicle characteristics:

- radial tires;
- axles or drive ratio;
- road speed governor; and
- percentage of vehicles equipped with fuel conservation devices (e.g., wind shield, etc.).

Table 4-1
California Fleet Characteristics

#### LIGHT-HEAVY-DUTY GASOLINE

				FR	ACTION OF	STOCK EQL	JIPPED WITH		
MDLYR	-SAMPLE S	IZE-	ODOMETER	ANNMIL	MPG	RADPCT	AXLDRPCT	GOVPCT	ECOENPCT
2	0.042	8	41,881	19,844	8.81	0.125	0.125	0.000	0.000
3	0.068	13	41,886	15,023	8.71	0.231	0.000	0.000	0.077
4	0.099	19	67,210	17,295	8.19	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
5	0.057	11	63,106	14,433	8.62	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
6	0.094	18	77,475	12,189	7.99	0.444	0.056	0.000	0.000
7	0.026	5	116,561	16,628	8.66	0.600	0.000	0.000	0.000
8	0.063	12	108,881	18,415	7.99	0.083	0.167	0.083	0.000
9	0.073	14	100,480	12,114	9.81	0.143	0.214	0.000	0.000
10	0.063	12	109,416	9,732	8.51	0.083	0.083	0.000	0.000
11	0.417	80	116,573	5,740	9.70	0.088	0.138	0.025	0.088

TOTAL VEHICLES = 192 FRACTION OF HEAVY-DUTY FLEET = 0,159

#### LIGHT-HEAVY-DUTY DIESEL

					FRACTION	OF STOCK EQU	IPPED WITH	
MDLYR	-SAMPLE SIZE-	ODOMETER	ANNMIL	MPG	RADPCT	AXLDRPCT	GOVPCT	ECOENPCT
2	0.500 1	55,000	42,000	9.60	0.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
11	0.500 1	300,000	20,000	14.90	1.000	1.000	0.000	1.000
11			-,					

TOTAL VEHICLES = 2 FRACTION OF HEAVY-DUTY FLEET = 0.002

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#### Table 4-1 (continued)

#### California Fleet Characteristics

#### MEDIUM-HEAVY-DUTY GASOLINE

						FRACTION OF	STOCK EQUIPPED WITH		
MOLYR	-SAMPLE	SIZE-	ODOMETER	ANNMIL	MPG	RADPCT	AXLDRPCT	GOVPCT	ECOENPCT
2	0.020	3	21,016	8,054	5.07	0.000	0.000	0.667	0.000
3	0.040	6	31,752	9,725	5.00	0.333	0.167	0.167	0.000
4	0.106	16	50,974	12,240	5,36	0.438	0.125	0.500	0.063
5	0.026	4	68,662	17,599	5,90	0.500	0.500	0.500	0.000
6	0.053	8	76,767	9,580	6.20	0.375	0.125	0.250	0.000
7	0.053	8	93,563	13,302	5.13	0.375	0.250	0.000	0.000
8	0.040	6	117,469	12,189	4,95	0.500	0.500	0.333	0.167
9	0.060	9	97,112	11,537	5.42	0.222	0.000	0.333	0.000
10	0.093	14	103,187	10,262	5.65	0.357	0.429	0.357	0.000
11	0.510	77	154,306	9,405	6.42	0.299	0.182	0.390	0.026

TOTAL VEHICLES = 151
FRACTION OF HEAVY-DUTY FLEET = 0.125

#### MEDIUM-HEAVY-DUTY DIESEL

						FRACTION OF	STOCK EQUI	PPED WITH	
MDLYR	-SAMPLE	SIZE-	ODOMETER	ANNMIL	MPG	RADPCT	AXLDRPCT	GOVPCT	ECOENPCT
1	0.016	1	48,609	23,300	6.40	0.000	1.000	0.000	1.000
2	0.177	11	58,978	26,931	7.69	0.545	0.273	0.455	0.545
3	0.129	8	50,701	18,227	6.58	0.500	0.125	0.500	0.250
: 4	0.194	12	123,494	31,717	7.02	0.583	0.417	0.583	0.333
5	0.081	5	84,442	21,200	7.82	0.000	0.200	0.200	0.400
6	0.097	6	101,133	11,537	6.53	1.000	0.000	0.333	0.000
7	0,032	2	134,500	23,120	9.50	0.500	0.000	0.000	0.500
8	0.048	3	207,726	10,667	6.20	0.333	0.000	0.333	0.000
9	0.032	2	271,000	44,750	5.75	0.500	0.000	0.500	0.000
11	0.194	12	148,391	9,142	7.80	0.167	0.083	0.250	0.083

TOTAL VEHICLES = 62 FRACTION OF HEAVY-DUTY FLEET = 0.051

#### HEAVY-HEAVY-DUTY GASOLINE

					FRACTION OF STOCK EQUIPPED WITH				
MDLYR	-SAMPLE	SIZE-	ODOMETER	ANNMIL	MPG	RADPCT	AXLDRPCT	GOVPCT	ECOENPCT
4	0.030	1	38,000	9,500	3.10	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
5	0.030	1	288,000	60,000	4.90	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
8	0.121	4	151,750	13,315	3.85	0.250	0.000	0.500	0.000
9	0.061	2	151,351	17,500	3.65	0.500	0.000	0.500	0.000
10	0.091	3	113,003	11,667	6.33	0.667	0.000	0.333	0.000
11	0.667	22	256,260	10,621	4.75	0.091	0.136	0.364	0.000

TOTAL VEHICLES = 33
FRACTION OF HEAVY-DUTY FLEET = 0.027

#### HEAVY-HEAVY-DUTY DIESEL

						FRACTION OF	STOCK EQUIPPED WITH		
MDLYR	-SAMPLE	SIZE-	ODOMETER	ANNMIL	MPG	RADPCT	AXLDRPCT	GOVPCT	ECOENPCT
1	0.012	9	116,022	80,057	5.44	0.889	0.333	0.556	0.667
2	0.030	23	123,733	66,285	5.21	0.957	0.478	0.478	0.783
3	0.071	54	189.362	59,016	5.11	0.759	0.463	0.481	0.593
4	0.126	96	334,872	76,026	4.94	0.854	0.354	0.438	0.521
5	0.084	64	362,778	66,159	5.08	0.813	0.344	0.484	0.625
6	0.071	54	388.913	61,519	4.93	0.833	0.259	0.389	0.519
7	0.043	33	438,014	63,031	5.01	0.758	0.394	0.364	0.455
8	0.055	42	478,606	51,111	4.74	0.643	0.262	0.310	0.357
9	0.080	61	459,386	49,282	5.16	0.721	0.295	0.361	0.426
10	0.084	64	477.334	40,637	4.96	0.625	0.203	0.344	0.516
11	0.346	264	556,940	35,885	5.05	0.591	0.155	0.277	0.246

TOTAL VEHICLES = 764
FRACTION OF HEAVY-DUTY FLEET = 0.635

The small sample size of the cleaned data set makes it difficult to have any confidence in the information displayed except for the heavy-duty Diesel category. A similar set of statistics for federal vehicles is presented in Appendix D. The sample size of this data set is sufficient to provide valid trends in vehicle equipment for all vehicle categories.

Figure 4-3 presents a comparison of the average annual mileage accumulation rates for gasoline HDV's. Again, data are displayed for TIUS California and 49-state registrations, along with the values employed by the current version of EMFAC. It shows that the 49-state TIUS values track those of EMFAC, but that the California-only values have a relatively erratic pattern. The variance in the California data is a result of the small sample of the gasoline vehicles. A similar plot of Diesel HDV's is presented in Figure 4-4. It suggests that 49-state vehicles have a lower level of travel than either category of California vehicles.

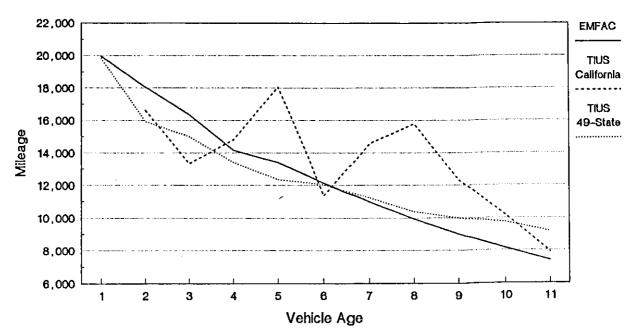
Figure 4-5 displays a summary of the average weights in the empty, average and maximum weight classes reported for each of the gasoline GVW categories. The uniform distribution of weights reported is a result of the screening criteria used to ensure that only vehicles with realistic weight data were used in the analysis. Figure 4-6 provides a similar plot of reported weights for each of the Diesel GVW categories. It also presents a uniform distribution of increasing weight with increasing GVW. The lack of entries in classes 2b through 5 reflects the limited presence of Diesel vehicles in these GVW classes at that time.

An overview of in- and out-of-state travel behavior for primary business activities is presented in Figures 4-7 and 4-8 for gasoline and Diesel vehicles, respectively. The travel fractions for each figure add to 100; tables of the data used to make the figures are contained in Appendix E. The gasoline data indicate that very little travel occurs out-of-state. In contrast, the Diesel chart shows that a very large fraction of travel is associated with "For Hire Transportation," and that a significant fraction of that travel occurs out-of-state.

Table 4-2 provides a listing of the level of travel that occurs by area of operation (i.e., off-road, local, short-range and long-range). A similar listing of federal data is included in Appendix F. To aid a comparison between the data sets, Figures 4-9 and 4-10 present summaries of where travel occurs by HDV fuel type. Figure 4-9 shows that, with the exception of off-road activity, Diesel travel is relatively evenly allocated among local, short- and long-range areas of operation. At first glance it might seem surprising that only one-third of the Diesel activity occurs outside of a 200-mile radius of the vehicle's base of operations. However, conversations with fleet operators (in contrast to owner operators) indicate that most travel is between terminals owned by the parent company and that distances between them usually do not exceed one day's travel time. Therefore, we believe that the estimated travel fraction in the long-range category is reasonable. In contrast, the primary area of

Figure 4-3

### Comparison of Annual Mileage Accumulation Rates For Gasoline Powered Heavy-Duty Vehicles



Note: Based on an analysis of the 1982 Truck inventory and Use Survey.

Figure 4-4

### Comparison of Annual Mileage Accumulation Rates For Diesel Powered Heavy-Duty Vehicles

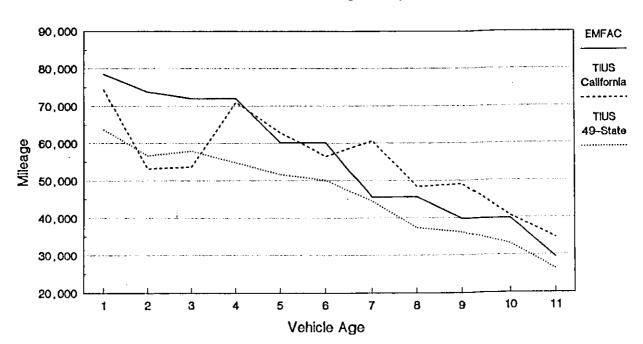
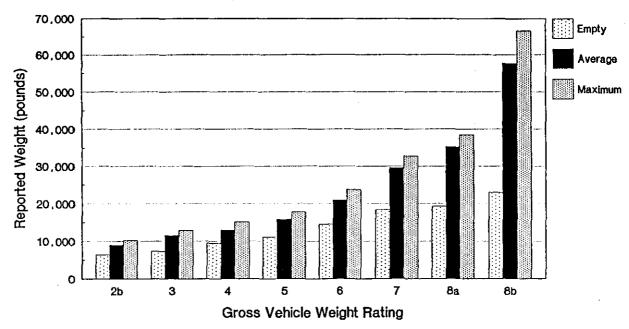


Figure 4-5

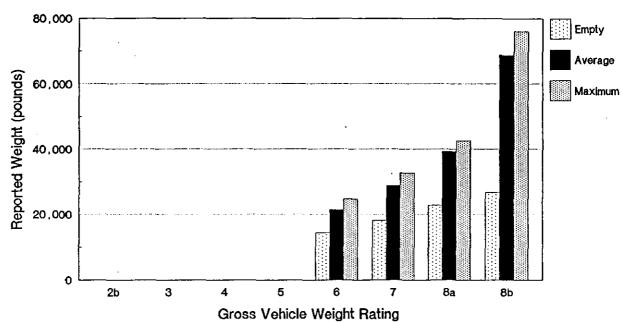
## Comparison of Empty, Average and Maximum Weights Reported by GVWR for Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles Registered and Based in California



Note: Based on analysis of the 1982 Truck
Inventory and Use Survey.

Figure 4-6

### Comparison of Empty, Average and Maximum Weights Reported by GVWR for Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles Registered and Based in California



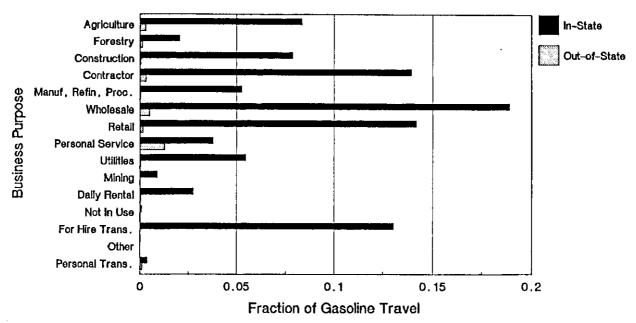
-32-

Note: Based on analysis of the 1982 Truck Inventory and Use Survey.

Due to insufficient sample size no data is reported for Classes 2b-5.

Figure 4-7

### Distribution of Heavy-Duty Gasoline Travel For California Registered Vehicles By Major Use Category



Note: Based on an analysis of the 1982 Truck inventory and Use Survey.

Figure 4-8

### Distribution of Heavy-Duty Diesel Travel For California Registered Vehicles By Major Use Category

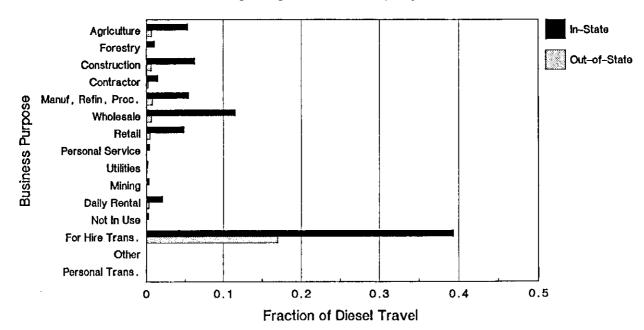


Table 4-2

Distribution of Travel by Area of Operation and ARB HDV Classification

#### LIGHT HEAVY-DUTY

MODEL	VEHICLE	COUNTS	DI	STRIBUTI	ON OF GA	s	DI	STRIBUTI	ON OF DI	ESEL
YEAR	GAS	DIESEL	AREA 1	AREA 2	AREA 3	AREA 4	AREA 1	AREA 2	AREA 3	AREA 4
2	81	22	0.0	89.3	10.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
3	99	-	0.3	92.1	7.5	0.1	•	-	-	-
4	164	-	10.9	55.3	32.7	1.1	-	-	-	
5	80	-	10.2	63.2	24.6	1.9	-	-	-	-
6	109	-	3.2	79.1	17.6	0.2	-	-	-	-
7	42	-	18.1	77.8	3.7	0.4	-	-	-	-
8	113	-	0.8	64.5	29.6	5.0	•	-	_	-
9	86	-	1.0	60.6	38.1	0.2	-	-	-	-
10	74	-	4.9	82.2	12.7	0.2	-	-	-	-
11	242	10	9.9	61.4	25.1	3.6	25.0	75.0	0.0	0.0

#### MEDIUM HEAVY-DUTY

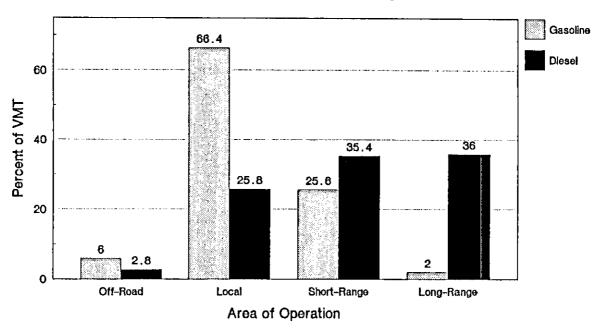
MODEL	VEHICLE	COUNTS	DI	STRIBUTI	ON OF GA	s	DI	STRIBUTI	ON OF DI	ESEL
YEAR	GAS	DIESEL	AREA 1	AREA 2	AREA 3	AREA_4	AREA 1	AREA 2	AREA 3	AREA 4
1	-	6	_	_	_	-	5.0	60.0	25.0	10.0
2	9	68	4.7	79.6	10.2	5.5	2.3	57.6	36.8	3.3
3	16	38	21.1	76.0	2.9	0.0	2.0	39.2	45.0	13.8
4	91	138	4.1	88.9	6.6	0.4	0.4	22.3	72.3	5.0
5	30	44	0.0	47.1	35.6	17.4	2.9	45.1	52.0	0.0
6	27	28	0.0	58.4	41.6	0.0	0.0	33.7	66.3	0.0
7	52	12	0.1	66.6	33.3	0.0	0.0	13.5	86.5	0.0
8	32	5	50.9	34.7	14.4	0.0	0.0	64.4	7.5	28.1
9	51	16	3.6	74.8	21.6	0.0	0.0	77.0	23.0	0.0
10	62	•	0.1	61.5	35.9	2.5	-	-	-	-
11	288	40	5.4	54.7	36.9	2.9	1.9	89.9	8.2	0.0

#### HEAVY HEAVY-DUTY

MODEL	VEHICL	E COUNTS	D1	STRIBUT	ION OF GA	AS.	DI	STRIBUTI	ON OF DI	ESEL
YEAR	GAS	DIESEL	AREA 1	AREA 2	AREA 3	AREA 4	AREA 1	AREA 2	AREA 3	AREA 4
1	-	95	_	-	•	-	5.7	25.9	33.5	34.8
2		201	-	-	_	-	7.2	12.1	43.3	37.3
3	-	456	-	-	-	•	3.0	29.1	33.3	34.7
4	2	981	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	2.3	14.5	23.0	60.1
5	15	573	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.8	17.2	26.6	55.4
6	-	472	•	•	-	-	3.0	24.9	37.6	34.5
7	-	281	-	-	-	-	2.2	26.1	34.6	37.1
8	9	287	0.0	28.3	71.7	0.0	3.0	22.9	34.8	39.2
9	9	398	2.9	85.7	11.4	0.0	3.3	30.9	39.0	26.8
10	6	344	15.5	47.2	37.3	0.0	1.1	23.4	41.3	34.1
11	40	1,276	0.5	79.6	14.5	5.4	3.8	33.8	39.6	22.8

Figure 4-9

### Distribution of Travel By Area of Operation For Heavy-Duty Gasoline and Diesel Vehicles (California-Based Vehicles)

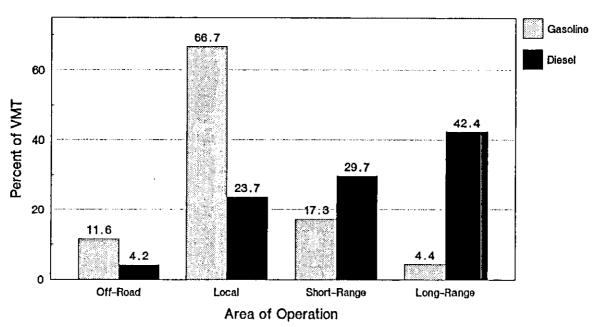


Note: Based on an analysis of the 1982 Truck Inventory and Use Survey

Each fuel sums to 100 percent.

Figure 4-10

### Distribution of Travel By Area of Operation For Heavy-Duty Gasoline and Diesel Vehicles (Non California-Based Vehicles)



operation for gasoline vehicles is the local area. Gasoline vehicles are shown to have minimal long-range travel behavior. Figure 4-10 shows a very similar pattern of activity for 49-state vehicles.

Figure 4-11 displays a summary of the distribution of average daily VMT levels for HDV gasoline vehicles by ARB weight class. It shows that almost all of the gasoline travel occurs in-state and, as seen in the area of operation, essentially no long distance or out-of-state gasoline travel occurs for vehicles registered in California. In addition, it shows that light-HDVs are responsible for the bulk of the in-state heavy-duty travel. In contrast, Figure 4-12 shows that heavy-HDV's are responsible for almost all of Diesel travel, and that a significant fraction of that travel occurs out-of-state.

To provide a perspective on the distribution of California versus non-California-based vehicle activity in California, Figures 4-13 and 4-14 display the vehicle counts recorded in the 1985 CALTRANS' Weigh Station Survey. The data have been converted to the ARB weight classes on the basis of a method discussed in the next section. The figures show that Diesel vehicles dominate ARB's heavy-HDV class and that almost all out-of-state vehicles are heavy-HDV Diesels. The distribution of gasoline vehicles recorded in the survey is extremely small for all of the classes. This shows that Diesels are responsible for the bulk of the HDV VMT that is observed on roads subject to CALTRANS surveillance. However, the activity of gasoline vehicles operating within urban areas, as suggested in Figure 4-9, is not thought to be well represented in this data set.

#### County-Level VMT Estimates

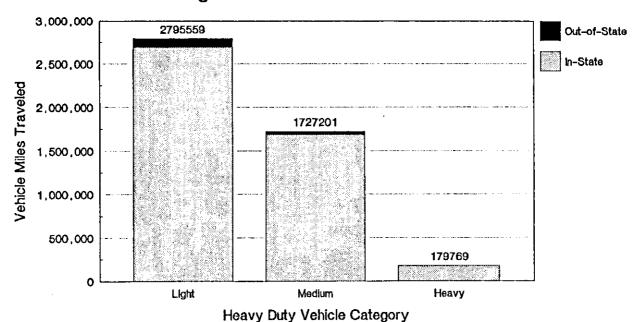
To estimate the level of travel occurring in each of the 58 counties in the state, the TIUS estimate of VMT for California-based vehicles was apportioned to each county. The PES study obtained a CALTRANS estimate of annual average daily VMT that trucks accrued by axle class in 1982, for 50 of the counties which belong to single CALTRANS districts. PES developed VMT estimates for the remaining eight counties that spanned more than one CALTRANS district. The resulting estimate of 1982 truck travel on the state highway system in each of the 58 counties provides an excellent basis of apportioning the TIUS travel estimates.

To use the county-specific estimates, however, a relation between GVW and axles is required to place the TIUS and CALTRANS estimates on a consistent basis. PES developed such a relation through an analysis of the 1981 CALTRANS weigh station survey. ARB requested that Sierra review the method used and update it with more recent information.

The CALTRANS weigh station survey recorded data on the number of axles, the weight, and an indication of load (whether it was loaded or

Figure 4-11

## Comparison of In and Out-of-State Average Daily VMT Levels for Heavy-Duty Gasoline Vehicles Registered and Based In California



Note: Based on analysis of the 1982 Truck Inventory and Use Survey.

Figure 4-12

# Comparison of In and Out-of-State Average Daily VMT Levels for Heavy-Duty Diesel Vehicles Registered and Based In California

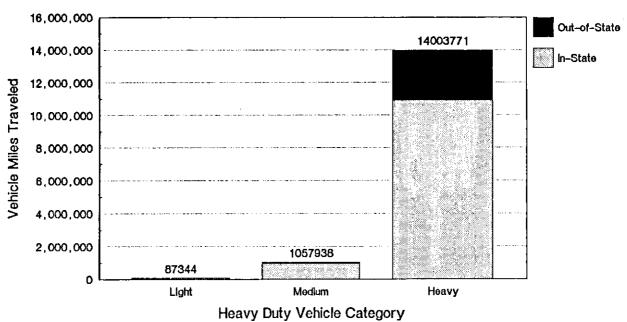


Figure 4-13

# Gasoline and Diesel Counts From Caltrans' 1985 Weigh Station Survey (California-Based Vehicles)

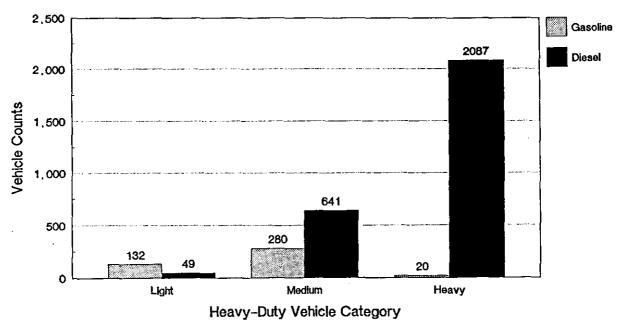
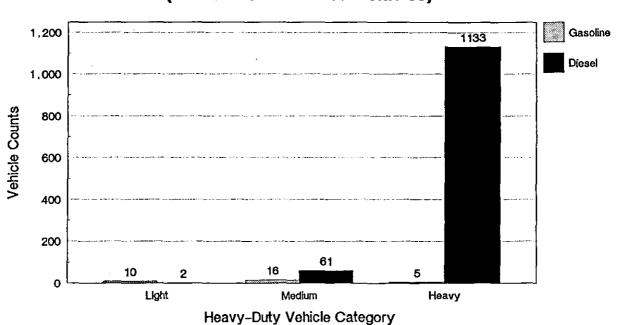


Figure 4-14

# Gasoline and Diesel Counts From Caltrans' 1985 Weigh Station Survey (Non California-Based Vehicles)



empty) for each vehicle. Using the loaded truck data only, PES developed the following axle-to-ARB HDV weight class relation:

PES Factors For Converting Axles to ARB Weight Class

ARB Weight Class	<u>2-Axle</u>	<u>3-Axle</u>	<u>4-Axle</u>	<u>5+Axle</u>
Light-HDV	45%	-	-	-
Medium-HDV	55%	70%	33%	-
Heavy-HDV	-	30%	67%	100%

Sierra explored several options to develop axle-to-weight relations. One approach used the axle count and weight classifications contained in TIUS. Many axle counts are available in the data base; unfortunately, the axle count variable recommended by Bureau of Census personnel contained no indication of 2- or 3-axle vehicles. Therefore, a decision was made to use the data in TIUS to set GVW to laden and unladen weight ranges. As discussed in the data screening section, there is considerable overlap in the loads and weights reported for each of the GVW classes. To simplify the task of assigning vehicles to a particular GVW category, breakpoints between the classes were specified at the midpoints between the mean reported empty weights and between the mean reported average weights in TIUS. A summary of the resulting breakpoints is presented below.

GVW Class	Empty W <u>Minimum</u>	Veight <u>Maximum</u>	Average N <u>Minimum</u>	Veight Maximum
IIb	5,909	6,868	7,834	10,334
III	6,869	8,318	10,335	12,228
IV	8,319	10,213	12,229	14,311
V	10,214	12,785	14,312	18,479
VI	12,786	16,316	18,480	25,128
VII	16,317	20,233	25,129	33,906
VIIIa	20,234	24,995	33,907	53,669
VIIIb	24,996+		53,670+	

Vehicles in the CALTRANS weigh station survey were assigned to GVW classes on the basis of the preceding cutpoints. As discussed in the data preparation section, non-heavy-duty vehicles were eliminated from the CALTRANS survey on the basis of body type and number of axles. The remaining vehicles were then assigned to GVW classes on the basis of an indication of load (empty or loaded) and the cutpoints noted

above. The CALTRANS data were then aggregated into the ARB HDV weight classes on the basis of the indicated GVW. The distribution of axles occurring in each of the ARB classes was then determined and used to develop a new axle-to-ARB class relationship, listed below.

Sierra Factors For Converting Axles to ARB Weight Class

ARB Weight Class	<u>2-Axle</u>	<u>3-Ax1e</u>	<u>4-Axle</u>	<u>5+Axle</u>
Light-HDV	26%	-	-	-
Medium-HDV	74%	67%	40%	-
Heavy-HDV	-	33%	60%	100%

With the exception of the 2-axle category, the new ARB class-to-axle relation is quite similar to the PES relation. Based on a review of the vehicle configurations contained in the TIUS and CALTRANS data files, Sierra believes that the new factors showing an increase in the medium-HDV share of 2-axle vehicles are correct.

The new axle-to-weight-class relationship was next applied to the county-specific estimates of average annual daily VMT by axle class (Appendix C). The resulting estimates of VMT by ARB HDV weight class are presented in Table 4-3. It should be noted that the data contained in the table represents an estimate of HDV travel on the state highway system and that total HDV travel in California is estimated to be considerably higher. The PES report estimated total HDV travel to be roughly 36 million miles per day which is substantially above the 24 million miles per day that CALTRANS estimated for HDV's operating on the state highway system.

Sierra chose to use the CALTRANS data, because it was based on actual counts of activity, to allocate the TIUS estimate of travel (gasoline and Diesel combined), by weight class to each county. Table 4-4 presents a summary of the distribution of travel estimated from TIUS for vehicles registered and based in California (i.e., the values used to produce Figures 4-11 and 4-12).

The annual VMT estimates in TIUS were divided by 365 to produce average daily VMT estimates that are consistent with the units employed in the PES analysis and the CALTRANS survey. The table shows that Diesels are responsible for roughly two-thirds of the travel in the state and that almost 20 percent of the VMT accrued by HDV vehicles registered and based in California occurs outside of the state.

The in-state estimate of travel, produced by multiplying each respondent's annual VMT estimate by the estimate of the fraction of in-state travel, was allocated to each county in proportion to the distribution of travel listed in Table 4-3. Table 4-5 presents a listing of the TIUS travel estimates allocated to each county. It

Caltrans/PES Estimate of Heavy-Duty Truck Travel (miles/day)
By County and ARB HDV Classification
On the California State Highway System in 1982

Table 4-3

County	Light	Medium	Beavy	Total
Alameda	83,351	345,925	699,785	1,129,062
Alpine	484 .	1,585	1,564	3,733
Amador	3,452	13,741	15,080	32,273
Butte	9,441	34,982	39,626	84,050
Caleveras	3,349	12,571	12,137	28,057
Colusa	6,847	26,647	109,483	142,977
Contra Costa	37,563	152,277	303,605	493,446
Del Norte	3,355	14,343	21,752	39,450
Il Dorado	11,734	45,597	35,748	93,079
Fresno	44,945	174,429	527,308	745,679
Glenn	5,664	22,928	92,581	121,154
Humbolt	12,582	64,984	94,852	172,428
Imperial	19,875	70,315	173,924	264,115
Inyo	11,418	40,920	44,582	97,020
Kern	86,237	326,872	1,224,254	1,637,362
King	7,963	30,825	124,700	163,489
Lake	6,345	22,600	11,690	40,635
Lassen	8,327	35,133	35,774	79,234
Los Angeles	715,715	2,565,747	2,129,817	5,412,279
Madera	15,136	56,166	186,381	259,583
Marin	15,122	55,229	52,954	123,305
Mariposa	1,458	4,672	1,379	7,509
Mendocino	14,943	65,458	61,694	152,095
Merced	22,400	90,373	326,370	439,143
Modoc	3,359	14,068	13,413	35,838
Mono	3,593	15,542	22,018	42,253
Monterey	30,351	115,565	176,414	322,330
Napa	6,760	25,349	21,995	54,104
Nevada	7,438	29,047	57,179	93,663 1,300,257
Orange	178,102	641,771	480,384	245,889
Placer	26,376	97,861	122,652 15,927	32,024
Plumes	2,714	12,383 409,222	804,924	1,327,325
Riverside	113,179	•	281,588	532,474
Sacramento	53,349	197,536 26,502	36,184	70,327
San Benito	7,541	478,353	917,843	1,509,170
San Bernardino	112,973	536,056	353,693	1,043,754
San Diego	154,005	73,157	31,706	125,965
San Francisco	21,102	125,123	401,931	558,465
San Joaquin	30,410 26,692	99,534	135,047	261,473
San Luis Obis San Mateo	51,384	192,426	160,845	404,655
Santa Barbara	29,623	112,673	150,486	302,782
Santa Clara	65,716	265,428	446,176	777,320
Santa Cruz	12,874	48,143	45,310	106,328
	22,807	99,792	196,978	319,577
Shasta Sierra	2,119	9,414	10,735	22,259
Siskiyou	14,719	89,408	227,718	331,845
Solano	24,274	103,460	237,525	365,360
Sonoma	21,124	83,915	124,454	229,492
Stanislaus	14,766	60,011	164,234	238,010
Sutter	6,614	22,712	34,198	63,524
Tehema	11,011	45,319	128,711	185,041
Trinity	2,825	13,799	17,145	33,770
Tulare	32,704	122,222	459,059	613,986
Tuolume	4,369	15,886	15,566	35,921
Ventura	60,942	209,519	138,194	408,655
Yolo	15,011	58,489	133,915	207,415
Yuba	5,389	18,572	21,529	45,689
Total	2,324,224	8,745,875	12,945,105	24,016,207
	• •	• •		

Table 4-4

Distribution of Travel for Heavy-Duty Vehicles
Registered and Based in California

Fuel Type	ARB Class	In-State Travel	Out-of-State Travel
Gasoline	Light	2,694,920	100,639
	Medium	1,687,808	39,393
	Heavy	179,742	27
	Total	4,562,470	140,059
Diesel	Light	87,344	0
	Medium	972,243	85,695
	Heavy	10,907,682	3,096,089
	Total	11,967,269	3,181,784
Other	Light	28,447	1,012
	Medium	28,079	1,258
	Heavy	117,036	31,139
	Total	173,562	33,409
	State Total	16,703,301	3,355,252

Table 4-5

TIUS Estimate of California Registered and Based Heavy-Duty Truck Travel (miles/day) By County and ARB HDV Classification on All California Roads in 1982

County	Light	Medium	Beavy	Total
Alameda	100,797	105,324	605,643	812,763
Alpine	585	518	1,354	2,457
Amador	4,175	4,224	13,051	21,449
Butte	11,418	10,752	34,295	56,465
Calaveras	4,050	3,664	10,505	18,418
Colusa	8,260	8,190	94,754	111,225
Contra Costa	45,425	45,804	262,761	354,991
Del Norte	4,057	4,408	18,825	27, 292
El Dorado	14,190	14,015	30,939	59,144
Fresno	54,352	53,612	456,367	564,331
Glenn	5,850	7,047	80,109	94,006
Humbolt	15,216	19,973	82,100	117,289
Imperial	24,036	21,612	150,526	198,174
Inyo	13,807	12,577	38,671	65,056
Kern	104,287	100,487	1,059,554	1,264,308
King	9,630	9,475	107,924	127,029
Lake	7,873	6,946	10,118	24,736
Lassen	10,069	10,799	30,951	51,829
Los Angeles	865,523	788,915	1,843,292	3,497,729
Madera	18,304	17,263	163,038	198,505
Marin	18,287	18,975	45,630	81,093
Mariposa	1,763	1,436	1,193	4,392
Mendacina	18,071	20,119	70,703	108,893
Merced	27,069	27,777	282,463	337,329
Modes	4,063	4,323	11,508	19,994
Mono	4,345	5,115	19,056	28,516
Montersy	36,704	35,520	152,681	224,905
Napa '	8,175	7,791	19,036	35,002
Nevada	8,995	8,928	49,486	67,409
Orange	215,381	197,254	415,758	828,393
Placer	31,897	30,079	106,151	168,127
Plumas	3,262	3,805	14,650	21,738
Riverside	135,868	125,778	696,537	959,284
Secremento	64,516	60,715	243,708	368,937
San Benito	9,240	8,146	31,316	48,702
San Bernardino	136,820	147,027	794,365	1,078,012
San Diego	186,240	164,762	306,110	657,112
San Francisco	25,519	22,485	27,440	75,445
Sen Josquin	36,776	38,765	347,859	423,400
San Luis Ohis	32,521	30,593	116,679	179,993
San Mateo	62,139	59,144	139,208	250,489
Santa Barbara	35,824	34,631	136,696	209,351
Santa Clara	79,471	81,582	386,152	547,205
Senta Cruz	15,569	14,797	39,215	69,581
Sheata	27,581	30,572	170,4 <b>7</b> 8 <b>9</b> ,292	228,732 14,748
Sierra	2,563	2,893 27,480	197,083	242,354
Siskiyou Salama	17,800	31,799	205,658	265,812
Solano	29,355	25,792	107,711	159,048
Sonoma Stanislaus	25,545 17,858	18,445	142,139	178,440
Sutter	7,999	5,981	29,597	44,577
Tehama	13,316	13,929	111,395	138,641
Trinity	3,418	4,241	14,838	22,497
Tulare	39,550	37,566	397,302	474,418
Tulare Tuolumne	39,550 5,284	4,883	13,558	23,725
Ventura	73,697	4,003 64,398	119,603	257,598
Yolo	18,153	17,977	115,800	152,030
Anpa 1010	5,517	5,739	18,719	30,975
Total	2,810,712	2,688,130	11,204,461	16,703,303
	-, -10, · rm	2,000,000	,, 100	2-,,240

should be noted that the TIUS estimate of VMT represents only one of three categories of HDV travel in California:

- Vehicles registered in California and based in California;
- Non-California-registered vehicles based in California; and
- Non-California-registered and -based vehicles operated in California.

Sierra's subcontractor screened the TIUS data base to determine the number of non-California-registered vehicles that are based in California. Appendix F provides a summary of the characteristics of those vehicles. Surprisingly, only 80 respondents indicated that their non-California-registered vehicles were based in California. When the appropriate expansion factors were applied to these respondents, they were projected to operate only 5,630 vehicles in the state. The accuracy of this estimate is dependent on the representativeness of the fleet operators participating in the survey. It is believed that the bulk of non-California-registered vehicles based in California are operated by fleets. There is no reason to believe that respondents purposely misled Census about the state in which the vehicle was registered, because their anonymity is guaranteed. Thus, it is believed that this estimate is representative.

While almost half of non-California-registered vehicles were identified as gasoline-fueled Class IIb, two-thirds of the projected VMT was associated with the higher mileage heavy-HDV category. The estimated annual VMT of these vehicles was as follows:

Estimated Annual Travel of Non-California-Registered Heavy-Duty Vehicles Based in California

Fuel Type	<u>Annual VMT</u>
Gasoline	50,030,086
Diesel	103,373,583
Other	1,610,739
Total	153,403,669

When the above values are divided by 365 to provide average daily estimates and multiplied by the fraction of in-state travel, the level of travel decreased to 360,936 miles per day.

To produce an estimate of total HDV vehicle travel for the entire state, an estimate for one final category was required: non-California-registered and -based HDV's operated on California highways. There is no straightforward analytical method available to produce this estimate. No data source or combination of data sources provides a direct estimate of travel for this category of vehicles. At the beginning of this effort Sierra tried to access data on registration fees collected by the Department of Motor Vehicles (DMV) from out-of-state vehicles operated on California highways. All vehicles participating in the International Registration Plan (IRP) program are required to estimate the share of their travel that occurs in each state. Their registration fees are then distributed to each state in proportion to the percent of travel that occurs there. Unfortunately, contacts with DMV indicated that the desired information was not computerized and that after a brief storage period it had been discarded.

The CALTRANS survey provides an estimate of the distribution of California-based versus non-California-based vehicles traveling on the state's highways. However, there is no direct estimate of the VMT they accrue on the state's highways.

Based on the comparisons of California and 49-state vehicles presented above, it can be assumed that the non-California vehicles have similar levels of annual travel. The problem with this approach is that no estimate is available to determine the fraction of travel that occurs on California highways. Two assumptions are possible:

- 1. Out-of-state vehicles have the same level of travel on California highways as do California vehicles (i.e., the instate fraction of travel would apply to the total estimate).
- 2. Out-of-state vehicles operated on California highways have travel levels that are at most equal to the out-of-state fraction of their total travel levels. A more likely estimate is that some portion (up to half possibly) of the out-of-state travel actually occurs on California highways.

Sierra believes that these assumptions bracket the level of travel that these vehicles experience on California roads and the actual level of travel that occurs is somewhere in between them. To determine the impact of these assumptions on the share of travel that these vehicles would accrue on California highways, the following calculations were performed.

The fraction of non-California-based vehicles noted in the CALTRANS survey was computed for each weight class and fuel type. The out-of-state vehicles were assumed to have the same level of travel as the in-state vehicles in each category. Thus, the travel for each class was proportional to its share of the CALTRANS class count and the VMT estimated for in-state vehicles from TIUS. The two assumptions noted above about the share of travel that might occur on the state's highways were then

imposed. The following travel estimates were produced under the two methods:

	Method 1	Method 2
California-based	16,703,301	16,703,301
49-State based in Ca.	360,936	360,936
49-State Operated in Ca.	4,291,932	556,561
Total	21,356,169	17,620,790

Using the first assumption (Method 1), out-of-state travel is responsible for 20 percent of the travel. Under the second assumption (Method 2), out-of-state travel is responsible for only 3 percent of the travel. Several independent statistics are available to interpret the reasonableness of these assumptions. First, the 1985 PES study estimated that the average daily VMT for all HDV's was 36,023,000 miles; it also estimated that out-of-state HDV's are responsible for roughly 15 percent of the HDV travel on California highways. Second, the recently completed "Highway Cost Allocation Study" developed the following estimates of the percent of California travel due to out-of-state vehicles:

Single Unit 2 Axle	7.16%
Single Unit 3+ Axle	6.73%
Combination 3 Axle	4.38%
Combination 4 Axle	14.70%
Combination 5+ Axle	33.94%

The overall average computed from the estimated VMT levels of these vehicles was 20 percent.

To determine which method was appropriate for estimating the travel of out-of-state registered and based HDVs on California highways, Sierra reviewed the CALTRANS HDV survey. It contains the results of counts from 16 widely spaced locations across the state. The distribution of vehicles that it contains should be representative of not only the number of HDV's operating on the state's highways, but also the travel

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Highway Cost Allocation Study, Technical Report", Prepared for the California Department of Transportation, by Sydec, Inc., July 1987

that they experience on the state highways. Therefore, Sierra determined that the first method should be used to estimate the travel of out-of-state registered and based HDV's in California. Table 4-6 provides a summary of the distribution of travel for out-of-state registered vehicles by county. Table 4-7 presents an estimate of the distribution of total HDV travel by county in 1982. A summary of county level travel by fuel type and registration is presented in Appendix H.

The TIUS-based estimate of total HDV travel is roughly 60 percent of the state HDV estimate produced in the PES study and a similar estimate produced by EMFAC/BURDEN. The magnitude of the difference stimulated an analysis of potential sources of error in both the data and the methodology employed. That evaluation focused on the effect of the data screening techniques and the revisions to the expansion factors. The projected VMT levels, before and after the data screening, were then compared. This showed that the raw sample of TIUS data projected total truck VMT (light, medium and heavy-duty) to be approximately 121 million miles per day. Class I and II (GVW) vehicles accounted for approximately 100 million miles per day. While it is not clear what portion of the Class II vehicles are considered heavy-duty (without an analysis such as the one outlined in Section 3), EPA typically assumes that 15 percent of Class II vehicles are Class IIb. On this basis, the prescreened data would be expected to estimate a California-registered HDV daily VMT of approximately 26 million miles.

Assuming that the uncleaned California-registered VMT estimate is correct, the travel levels of the other two categories of vehicles would be expected to add another roughly 4.5 million miles per day (which is relatively close to the PES estimate of 5.3 million miles per day that out-of-state trucks travel in California) and produce a state total HDV daily travel estimate of between 30 and 31 million miles per day. This estimate would be significantly closer to the PES and ARB estimate, off by roughly 15 percent. If, however, the uncleaned California estimate is scaled back to account for inconsistencies in registrations and the amount of travel that California-registered vehicles experience out-of-state, the gap between the TIUS-based estimate and the ARB and PES estimate widens rapidly to roughly 10-12 million miles per day.

Sierra also reviewed the factors used by CALTRANS to extrapolate fleet performance from truck counts to see if they could be used to improve the TIUS travel estimates. That review showed that the CALTRANS factors are used to extraplolate six-hour counts to a 24-hour basis. Those numbers in turn are used to update average daily truck volumes at 2,500 locations around the state. The average daily truck volumes are then combined with highway mile data to estimate annual average daily VMT. It is clear that the methods used by CALTRANS and TIUS to estimate annual average daily travel are fundamentally different and that the CALTRANS expansion factors could not be used with the TIUS data. The CALTRANS approach merges daily counts with road mileage to estimate travel. The TIUS approach projects fleet performance from a representative sample of owner travel estimates.

In summary, the uncleaned TIUS data appears to produce a reasonable estimate of aggregate truck travel in California. There is, however, considerable error in the data detailing the characteristics of the vehicles that participated in the survey. It is necessary to clean that data in order to get an accurate estimate of the vehicle categories of interest to ARB. The process of cleaning the data eliminated a large fraction of lower weight vehicles and significantly diminished the representativeness of the data base. Because of TIUS's unique system of projecting fleet behavior from survey participants via expansion factors, it is not possible to accurately recapture the travel levels of those records eliminated in the course of cleaning the data.

TIUS Estimate of Non-California Registered Heavy-Duty Truck Travel (miles/day) by County and

ARB HDV Classification on All California Roads in 1982

Table 4-6

County Light Medium Beavy Total Alameda 7,646 7.809 244,730 229.184 512 595 Alpine 44 38 Amador 317 314 4,939 5,569 12.978 866 799 14.643 Butte 287 3,975 4,569 Calaveras 307 Colusa 525 608 35,856 37,093 . 3,477 106,356 Contra Costa 3.446 99,433 Del Norte 308 . 328 7,124 7,759 El Dorado 1,076 1,041 11,708 13,825 180,802 4,123 3,983 172,696 Freeno Glenn 520 524 30,314 31,358 Bumbolt 1,154 1,484 31,068 33,706 1,823 1,606 56.961 60.390 Imperial 1.047 934 14,634 16,515 Inyo 7,911 7,464 400,951 415,326 Kern 42,275 King 731 704 40.840 518 3,829 4,927 Lake 582 764 802 11,716 13,282 Lassen 821.800 697.529 Los Angeles 65,659 58.812 1,283 61,696 64,367 Madera 1.389 1,261 17,343 19,991 Marin 1,387 Mariposa 134 107 452 692 1.371 1,495 26,755 29,621 Mendocino 2,064 106,888 111,007 Merced 2,055 5.022 Modoc 308 321 4,393 7.211 7,921 Mono 330 380 57,777 63,200 2,784 2,539 Monterey 8,403 620 579 7,204 Napa 20,072 18.726 663 Nevada 682 16,339 14,655 157,329 188,323 Orange Placer 2,420 2,235 40,169 44,824 6,075 5.544 Plumas 249 283 283,345 10.383 9,345 263,618 Riverside 4,894 4,511 92,222 101.627 Sacramento 13.157 San Benito 701 605 11.850 321,887 10,923 300,600 San Bernarding 10.364 12,241 115,837 142,206 San Diego 14,128 13,990 San Francisco 1,936 1,671 10.384 137,305 2 780 2.880 131,535 San Joaquin 2,273 44,229 48,969 San Luis Obis 2,467 61,786 San Mateo 4,714 4,384 52,678 57,851 52,560 2.573 Santa Barbara 2,718 Senta Clara 5.029 6,081 146,125 158,215 Santa Cruz 1,181 1,099 14,839 17.120 68,883 64,511 Shasta 2,092 2,279 3,926 215 3,516 Sierra 194 2,042 74,579 77,971 Siskiyou 1,350 82,413 Solano 2,227 2,363 77.824 44,813 1,915 40,759 1,938 Sonome 1,370 53,768 56.513 1,355 Stanislaus 12.325 Sutter 607 519 11,200 42.154 44,199 1,035 Tehame 1,010 315 5,615 6,189 259 Trinity 2,791 150,345 156,136 Tulere 3,000 5.894 Tuolumne 401 363 5,131 45,259 55,635 5.591 4.784 Ventura 1,377 1,336 43,858 46,571 Yolo 8.004 Yuba 494 426 7,084 4,652,869 4,239,933 Total 213,222 199.714

TIUS Estimate of All Heavy-Duty Truck Travel (miles/day)
By County and ARB HDV Classification on
All California Roads in 1982

Table 4-7

County	Light	Medium	Heavy	Total
Alameda	108,443	114,223	834,827	1,057,493
Alpine	630	556	1,866	3,052
Amador	4,491	4,537	17,990	27,018
Butte	12,284	11,551	47,273	71,108
Calaveras	4,357	4,151	14,480	22,987
olusa	8,908	8,799	130,511	148,318
ontra Costa	48,871	50,281	362,194	461,347
el Norte	4,365	4,736	25,950	35,051
1 Dorado	15,268	15,056	42,647	72,969
resmo	58,475	57,596	629,063	745,134
lenn	7,370	7,571	110,424	125,364
umbolt	15,370	21,457	113,168	150,996
mperial	25,859	23,218	207,488	256,565
nyo	14,855	13,512	53,304	81,671
ern	112,198	107,931	1,460,505	1,680,635
ing	10,361	10,178	148,764	169,303
aka	8,255	7,462	13,946	29,663
assen	10,833	11,601	42,678	65,112
os Angeles	931,182	847,527	2,540,821	4,319,529
adera	19,693	18,546	224,734	262,972
arin	19,675	18,236	63,173	101.084
iariposa	1,896	1,543	1,545	5,084
endocino	19,442	21,514	97,459	138,514
erced	29,144	29,841	389,352	448,336
iercea iodoc		•	•	25,016
	4,371	4,644	16,001	•
ono .	4,674	5,495	25,267	35,436
onterey	39,488	38,159	210,457	288,105
apa	8,795	6,370	25,240	43,405
evada	9,677	9,591	68,213	87,481
range	231,720	211,909	573,087	1,016,715
lacer	34,317	32,313	146,320	212,950
lumas	3,531	4,089	20,193	27,813
iverside	147,251	135,123	960,255	1,242,629
acramento	69,410	65,226	335,928	470,564
an Benito	9,941	8,751	43,166	61,858
an Bernardino	146,984	157,950	1,094,965	1,399,899
an Diego	200,368	177,003	421,947	799,315
an Francisco	27,455	24,156	37,824	89,435
an Joaquin	39,565	41,645	479,495	560,705
an Luis Obis	34,988	32,866	161,108	228,962
an Meteo	66,853	63,538	191,584	322,275
anta Barbara	38,541	37,204	191,456	267,201
anta Clara	85,500	87,543	532,277	705,420
anta Cruz	16,750	15,897	54,054	86,701
hesta	29,674	32,951	234,990	297,514
derra	2,757	3,108	12,808	18,674
iskiyou		29,522	271,662	320,335
olano	19,151	34,162	283,482	349,226
	31,582		-	
onoma	27,483	27,708	148,470	203,662
tanislaus	19,211	19,815	195,927	234,953
utter	8,606	7,499	40,797	56,902
ehama	14,326	14,954	153,549	182,839
rinity	3,677	4,556	20,453	28,686
ulare	42,550	40,357	547,647	630, 554
uolumne	5,685	5,245	18,689	29,519
entura	79,288	59,182	154,862	313,333
folo	19,531	19,313	159,757	198,600
(uba	7,011	6,165	25,803	38,979

### APPENDIX A

1982 Census of Transportation Survey Forms No. TC-9501 and No. TC-9502

### TC-9501

### 1982 CENSUS OF TRANSPORTATION

TRUCK INVENTORY AND USE SURVEY

1C-9201		S M S. APPROVAL ND GEOTINGS CERTIFICS 12 194							
MOTICE - Response to this inquiry is nemired by law pittle 13, U.S. same law, your report to the Census Burnou is confidential. It may be swent Census ownproyets and may be used only for statistical pour parts provides wat copies retained in your lites are immuse from leg.	a seek only by I	in correspondence durations to like report, places colon to like Concess File Rumber (CFIL)							
Please countries this 120 East Took Street (Fig. 2016) 1201 East Took Stre									
DUE DATE: 15 days after receipt of form									
Important - Please read									
All questions on this form refer to the vehicle described below and the past 12 months for the last 12 months you operated it). If the	RE 816 STIDES IN								
the vehicle registration information, consult the instruction sheet be with the questionnains.	fore continuing								
ESTRIATES ARE ACCEPTABLE.	J								
Calmerta and nover invited	<u> </u>	P 49-0	se cornect orrars in name, eddress, and ZIP code. ENTER atmost and incider if not aboun,						
CEMBRE DIE	<u> </u>								
	REGIST	RATION	INFORMATION Lucenus number Venicle identification number IVINI						
Make of vehicle Year of moont		104	102						
Here I - is this whicle still in year persentien?			tow 7s — What was the average weight of this vehicle as it						
244 1 TYES - Are you the - 202 1 Comer? 2 SICH	P le riem 2 and 54 éublicements	ani mus	mes mest often operated?						
2 (180 - Proces continue with this questrenners, an	e-ming dech item is the isel 12 mon	4	An estimate is acceptable,						
you cannot (or beams) it. Continue with its	mg 12 640 b.		b. How often was this vehicle carrying paylands that filled -						
s. When did you dispose of this vehicle?	Month.	Year	Percent 517						
Enter (rguree enty			Loss than balf its maximum carge state						
206 1 ☐ Sold It for gave if away)			Lass than last its maximum cargo weight						
g [ ] Junked or scrapped it a [ ] Returned to leasing company			tion 8 — During the past year, did you attack any kallers to this vehicle?  304 — 1 [* [YES ~ Continue with rooms 8a, b, and a septem						
Hem 2 - When did you obtain this vehicle?	Morrim	Year	2 NO - SKIP to rism 9						
Ener tigures only	205		s. What percent of the time did this vehicle pull a trailer?						
the 3 - Her did you obtain this which?			b. How many sales were on the trailer unit which yes 307						
2 04 1 Purchased it new			Attached must Requestly to the vehicle?						
3 - Leased or rested it from someone else - Continue	with Home 3s an	**	c. What was the fooded weight of the trailor ment 319 often offschaft to the vehicle?						
a. How was this vehicle leaged or rested?			often etteched to the vehicle? An estimate is acceptable,						
207 1 [] Without a driver 2 [ With & driver			them 9 — What hind of faul does this valicle use?						
3 [] With an ensur-equipment at direct			821 °1 (Casoline 4 (□ Other — Speedy fue)   2 (□ ) Diesel						
b. Was this a leag-horn loose or rental agreement (12 months or or 200 1 [] 1755 — What type was it?	ere)?		) - Liquefied petroleum gas (LPG)						
z [] Financing (no mainterence)			tion 18 - Now many cylinders down this vehicle have?    122   5;   4 cylinders   a   Other - Specify unit						
2 Financing and full maintenance 4 [ ] Other			2 16 cylinders						
1 □ HO			3 ( cytinders						
			Item 11 — What is the size (displacement) of your engine? divisor outlier increa, excise continuents, or liters, whichever is applicable.						
a CONO - Skith to steen 5			Cubic inches (CI) Cubic continuers (CC) Liters (L)						
a, How was it tensed or moted out?			OR 120 OR 120						
250 - 1 (28 Mont 2 driver 2 (28 Mile 2 driver									
3 - With an awar appropries as driver			vehicle's ongreež						
b. Was this a long-form lease or restal agreement (12 months of the 211 1 TYES - What type was it?	urs)?		item 13 - What had of transmission does his vehicle have?						
2 Financing (ne maintenance)			327 1 ()Manust						
1 Financing and full maintenance 4 Other			tion 14 - Dees this vehicle have any of the lottening?						
1 DNO			TION 14 - Dees this work have any of the lockpoung?  Mark (X) as many as acory.						
time 5 — What is the hedy type of this vehicle?			329 98 TRadial tires 12 T 4-wheat drive as T Power storing 13 Trans-whost drive						
oz 🗔 Paret or compact van			10 Art conditioning						
24 Utility (For example: Bronce, Blazer, Jeep, CJ = 28 USSation wagon built on truck chassis (For example:	Suburban, Wagone		Item 15 - Who performed the general meintenance and major everhauts on this vehicle?  Mark (X) as many as apply  Reamy Reamy Reamy						
80 C Other - If the above descriptions do not nesta his vehicle, passes describe the body type in	e hody type of the detect.	**	Mark (X) as many as apply General Najer maintainmen overheids  130 231						
		!	Yourself						
			Depleration's service department						
Hom 6 - What is the sours!! length of this vehicle	Feet		Independent gatage or private mechanic 5 📑 1 📑						
(distance from front burgue to rear of value (a)?	314		Component distributorship						
Albert VV FOR SAN (BE IN PERSON			CONTINUE ON PAGE 2						

## U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE MINERAL CT THE CEMERA.

4 Other

PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO REPORT

s □ NO

#### 1982 CENSUS OF TRANSPORTATION

TRUCK INVENTORY AND USE SURVEY TC-9502 O.M.S. APPROVAL NO. 0507-0390: EXPIRES 12/64 In correspondence pertaining to this report, since refer to this Concus File Number (CFst) MOTICE — Response to this simple is required by lew (title 13, U.S. Cede). By the same law, your report to the Centus Bureau is certificated. It may be seen only by soron Cereus employees and may be used only for statistical purposes. The law also provides that copies retained in your files are leasures from legal precess. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East Tenth Street Jeffersonville, Indiana 47134 Please complete this form and RETGRN TO DUE DATE: 15 days after receipt of form Important - Please read All questions on this form refer to the vehicle described below and its use during the past 12 months (or the tast 12 months you operated it). If there are errors in the vehicle registration information, consult the instruction sheet before continuing with the questionnaire. ESTIMATES ARE ACCEPTABLE. eas, and ZIP code. ENTER street and number if not shown CENSUS USE REGISTRATION INFORMATION Make of vehicle Year of model State License number Vehicle identification number (VIN) then 1 - is this vehicle still in your possession Item 5 - How many axies are on this vehicle and how many of them are driving axies? (Do not include axies on any traiters pulled.) 201 1 YES - Are you the - 202 1 Owner? SKIP to Item 2 and confir 2 Lessee? a. Total number of axles on truck or truck-tractor (power unit): 300 I 🔲 Two axles (4 tires) 3 Two axles (& tires) 2 NO - Please continue with this questionneire, answering each item according to how you used the venicle during the last 12 months you cred for leased it. Continue with them 2 and 5. 3 [ ] Tivee axles 4 Tour or more asing How many, IF ANY, are liftable axies? a. When did you dispose of this vehicle? b. Humber of driving (powered) axies on brack or track-tractor (power unit): 302 1 TO One driving asle Enter liquies only --2 Two driving asles b. How did you dispose of this vehicle? 3 Three ar more driving axles 204 ( Sold it (or gave it away) Itam 6 -- How would you heat describe this vehicle as it was most often operated?

(If the vehicle is a pickup, compact van, or panel truck, enter body type on the "Other" line.) 2 1 Junked or scrapped it 3 | Returned to leasing company 303 1 ( ) Straight bruck 4 Other - Specify Hew 2 - When did you obtain this vehicle? Month Year 2 Straight truck pulling trailer(a) 3 Truck-tractor (power unit) pulling trailer(s) New 7 — If you indicated in item 5 that you operated this vehicle with traiter(s) attached, indicate below the kind of trailer(s) you most often pulled. Enter figures only them 3 - How did you obtain this vehicle? Merk (X) one box only. a. One semi-trailer, used with truck-tractor (power unit). 307 1 One axle on weiler 2 Purchased it used (or otherwise acquired) . . . . 2 Two axies on trailer 3 Tivee or more axles on trailer 2 Thassed or rested it from someone also - Continue with items 3e and b How many, IF ANY, of the trailor's axios are liftshie? a. How was this vehicle leased or rented? b. Two frailers, one semi- and one full "used with truck-tractor (power unit): 300 1 [] Three sales on two trailers 202 1 William a driver Z Tour axles on two trailers 2 [] With a driver 3 Five axles on two trailers 3 With an owner-operator as driver 1704 How many, IF ANY, of the trailer's axies are liftable?b. Was this a long-term lease or cental agreement (12 months or more)? c. Three trailers, one semi- and two full \*used with truck-tractor (power unit): 100 1 Five axies on three trailers 208 1 YES - What type was it? 2 | Financing (no maintenance) 2 . Six axies on three tractors > Financing and full maintenance 3 Seven axles on three trailers 4 📋 Other 4 Eight or more axies on three trailers 306 How many, IF ANY, of the trailer's axies are liftable?d. One full trailer \* used with straight truck: Hom 4 - Did you lease or rent out this vehicle to anyone else? 310 1 [] Two axles on traiter 2 Three axles on trailer 200 1 [ YES - Continue with items 4s and b How many, IF ARY, of the trailer's axies are liftable? 2 NO - SKIP to item 5 Other - Pieces describe in detail the number of trailers and axies on the trailers. Also give number of any liftsble axies on trailer(s). a. How was it leased or rented out? 216 1 Without a driver 2 Thill a driver 3 With an mener-operator as driver \* or Semi-bailer with converter dolly b. Was this a long-term lease or rental agreement (12 months or more)? liew B - What type of cab does this vehicle have? 312 I [ Cab forward of engine 211 1 TYES - What type was It? 2 Cab over engine 2 | Financing (no maintenance) a Short hood/nose conventional (lass than 97 in, bumper to back of cab - BBC) 3 [7] Financing and full maintenance # Medium hand/nose conventional (97-114 in, bumper to back of cab - 88C)

7 [ ] Other

5 Dung hood/nose conventional (more than 114 in, bumper to back of cab - 880

CONTINUE ON PAGE 2

Item 9s - Please indicate the body type which most closely reserved	nbles this vehicle of,	Ites	20 - Who performed the general maintenance and Mark (X) as many as apply.	najor overhauls	on this vehicle?
the traclet most often attached to it, if the power-unit i	s a muck-mactor,		Mair (v) es mais es espes.	General	Major
313	S USE TRUCKS - Con.		ruelf	maintenance 110	Gyerhaule 331
PLATFORM TYPES SPECIALIZES os Low boy (goosensch) – platform 30 [		1	r company's own mainlenance facilities		ز ع د
with depressed center of Livesto	ck truck, including ch drop frame		lership's service department	3 <u>2</u> 3	• (Ç.)
flather state at	tryck – service equip-		sing Company  pendent garage of private mechanic	• .	•□ •□
ps [1] Platform with devices permanently ment or	reanently mounted on	Con	ponent distributorship	• 1	超70
mounted on bed of truck - such as high lift, lift gate, horst, etc.	gging, or pipe truck	011	rt - Specify	7 to 3	7 (C)
VAN TYPES 11 T Service	truck or "craftsman's		21 – How many miles was this vehicle driven duri	ng the past 12 a	nonths?
us   I pas in auchosas and for A cauling wopige	" - body equipped for repair and service		estimale is acceptable, "E ~ If driven less than 12 months, please estimate		312
te ☐ Drop frame van — including furniture van, etc. 60 ☐ 1 Tank tr	uck for dry bulk		mileage for a full year		
	uch for figurds or gases		22 - How many miles has this vehicle been driver E - If it is no longer in your possession, please e		:w?
at Table at a second at a seco	tryck – used in public operations itelephone		lotal (efetime mileage at the time you last ope	rated it.	
11 Open top van, including low-side for major	ck, etc.), body equipped or repair imay have		If the odometer speedometer is broken, please test estimate.		(1)
- ·	ift, deirick, etc.1 r crane truck – lifting	l	If the odometer has turned over (100,000 + mil please exter the total figure.	#1,	
- Garage - G	int including reli on, permanently mounted	lian	23 - How many miles-per-gallon (MPG) did this ve	hicle average d	uring the
13 🛅 Beverage truck on vehi	cle	<b>r</b>	last year? (Use tenths, if available.)		
28 Cargo container chassis is Wrecker To Concrete mixer	— for motor vehicle or lifting			· · · · · · · ·	Tenths
40 Dump truck 23 Tyard tru	ctor - cab and chassis used to spot trailers		Example: 10 5 MPG should be entered as	10	الث
sa ( nv siu popies (uobbers)		l	Miles Tenths		
NOTE - If none of the above descriptions match the bod or the trailer usually attached to it, mark the "Other" bo	y type of this vehicle, is below and describe.	Į.	Enter miles 334		
		<u> </u>	24 - Where was the home base of this vehicle?		·
eo [] Other ~ Specify		<b>7</b> _			
b What is the surrelt leasth of this subject or samples	Feet	,,,	a City		
<ul> <li>b. What is the everall length of this vehicle or combina- tion (distance from front bumper to near of truck</li> </ul>	518	1 L			
or rear of the last trailor attached)?	Pounes	35	i County	as State ass	Z)P code
fine 10 - West is the weight of this vehicle or vehicle/trailer combination when empty?	315	Ш.			
An estimate is acceptable.		Ites	n 25 — What percent of annual mileage was driven C	OUTSIDE the	Percent 354
Item 11 — What was the average weight of the vehicle or vehicle/trailer combination when carrying a	Pounce 316	An	home base state? estimate is acceptable.		•
typical payload during the past year?		Ites	1 26 - What PERCENTAGE of this vehicle's ANNL		
An estimate is acceptable.  Item 12 - What was the maximum gross weight (MGW) at	Pounes	1	by the type of trips listed below? (If al) trip 100%. If more than one range is applicable.		
which this vehicle or vehicle/trailer combination	320	1	up to 100%.)		Percent
was operated? An estimate is acceptable.		To	os eff-the-read, little travel on public roads		186
Item 13 - What kind of fuel does this vehicle use?			og within a 50 mile radius of vehicle's home base.		161
321 1 Gasoline			os within a \$4—200 mile radius of vehicle's home b os beyond a 200 mile radius of vehicle's home base		181 %
g ☐ Diesel  z ☐ Liquefied petroleum gas (LPG)		1	TAL - Should equal 100%		100%
4 Other - Specify fuel	<del> </del>	lle	1 27a — Which of the following best describes the p was operated?	rimary way this	vehicle
Item 14 - How many cylinders does this vehicle have?		1	401		
322 5 4 cylinders		1	NEVER FOR HIRE		
a 6 cylinders a 3 sylinders			I [ BUSINESS USE - Operated by and for a business (including self-employers) or a	COMPANY;	
Other - Specify unit	<del></del>		used in inlated activities of that busine transportation of personnels ,		, , SKIP to riem 28
Item 15 - What is the size (displacement) of your engine? Enter	code contrat codes	1	2 1 PERSONAL TRANSPORTATION — Ope personal-use vehicle in place of an auto	enobele for	
pentimeters, or titers, whichever is applicable.	copic inches, copic		pleasure driving, blavel to work, etc. (N USE)	0 BUS:NESS	SKIP to Hem 30
Cubic inches (CI) Cubic centimeters (CC)	Lilets (Li		y MIXED — A mixture of both business us and personal transportation		
1/5	357		Percent personal transportation ,	•	SKIP to Item 28
OR OR	1		Percent business		J
			ALWAYS FOR HIRE - ICC regulated?		
tiem 16 - What is the horsepower rating of this vehicle's	Hoisepower	1	411 I TES		1
engine?	126	1	# MOTOR CARRIER - Operated by a com- primary business is 10 provide transport	pany whose align services	Complete
		1	carrying freight belonging to others	*********	Complete items 278 and c below.
them 17 — What kind of transmission does this vehicle have?		1	8 ( OWNER 'OPERATOR — Operated by an Irucker who drives vehicle for himself or	independent	1
227 1 Menual 2 Automatic		ł	a Company		J
		Į.	6 MIXED — A mixture of private carriage and common and for contract carriage		
Hem 18 - What type of brakes does the power unit (truck or truck see 1 Hydrautic (standard)	-tractor) have!	ĺ	Percent not for hire (private) 404	•	Complete items
2 Mydraulic with power assist		1	Percent for hire		276 and a below
3 Air		]	7 DAILY RENTAL OR SHORT TERM LEASE - leased out to various operators and for various	as activities.	
Item 19 - Does this vehicle have any of the following equipment		1 .	under daily or short term rental or lease agre-		, , akir to item 28
Mack (X) as many as apply.  329 01 Aerodynamic features		b. '	What was the FOR HIRE jurisdiction in which vehicles  406 1 □ interstate 3 □ Local − (		ipelity, contiguous
ez Axle or drive ratio to maximize fuel efficiency		1	municipal municipal	ities of a munici area; in commerc	pality and its
os Fuel economy engine with low RPM, high forque rise, turbo-charge, atc.		1 .			
oa - Reflective materials (in addition to those required	by law)		In what type of carrier service was the vehicle invo Enter percentage of mileage.	1 486 (	n
os 🔲 Reduit tires			407 1 Contract - offered transportation service	e la certain	Percent 408
be Those speed governor or Tariable fan drives		į.	shippers under specific contracts	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
ea Other fuel conservation features		ĺ	a Common — offered transportation service general public over regular or irregular.	e to the routes	401
op Dewer steering  10 Air conditioning in cab		ĺ	3 Exempt — transported commodifies or pi		410
19 Engine retarder		1	of services that were exempt from Fede operated within exempt commercial zone	rat tegulacion,	
VORU YC (1) CI		1			E ON PAGE 1

huminose in which the vehicle was med? If the vehicle was less indicate business of lesses.	ad,		
414 01 AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES			
oz FORESTRY OR LUMBERING ACTIVITIES  as CONSTRUCTION WORK - buildings, homes, roads, structure	s, etc.		
os CONTRACTOR ACTIVITIES OR SPECIAL TRADES - paint stumbing, electrical work, masonry, carpentry, etc.			
ON TO MANUFACTURING, REFINING, OR PROCESSING ACTIVIT	ES		
00 WHOLESALE TRADE			
OT RETAIL TRADE  ON PERSONAL SERVICES — used to assist in such services as	lodging		
operations, landscaping, repair (except plumbing, electrical etc. — see "Contractor Activities"), laundry, advertising,	work,		
entertainment, etc. be [] LITILITIES — used to assist in operation or service of public	:		
utilities (telephone, gas, electric, etc.)			
to MINING OR QUARRY ACTIVITIES — used to assist in the e of natural resources	EU DE COSM		
ii DAILY RENTAL — rented out, without a driver, to someone a daily or short-term basis	else on		
12 GOVERNMENTAL OPERATIONS			
13 NOT IN USE - vehicle idle, wrecked, awaiting repair, etc., for more man 90 days.			
14 POR HIRE TRANSPORTATION - including small package of	elivery		
ts 🔲 Ottor — Please describe in detail			
<del></del>	<u> </u>		
	传文的是他为	ON CONTROL WATER	HELP WAS CONTRACTED TO THE
	THE STATES	ADTA	No contract the second
Heat 29 - From the following list of products, materials, and equipment, in item or Heats this vehicle carried, Write in the approximate perc		Item 30 — At any time during the past 12 months, used to hoo! hazardous motorials in qua	ntitles large energh to require a
vehicle's annual mileage that was accounted for while carrying in while easyly (backbasis, etc.). Be sure that percentages add up	onds and	special placard placed on the vehicle d title 49. Transportation?	ue to the Code of Federal Regulations,
(See instruction sheet for further explanation and examples,)		438 1 TYES ~ Continue with items a and b	1
	Percentage	ž [ ] NO – Go to ilom 31	
a. PRODUCTS, EQUIPMENT, MAYERIALS, ETC.  (1) Agricultural and Food Products	of annual mileage	a. What type(s) of hazardous materials were carrie	d by this vehicle?
(a) Live animals — cattle, horars, soultry, hogs, etc.,	415	Mark (X) as many as apply.	
(b) Fresh farm products - grain, crops, flowers, nursery	416	439 I Flammables or combustibles 2 Acids, poisons, caustics, etc.	· 5 [_] Hazardous waste 6 [_] Hazardous meterials not
stack, raw milk, raw tobacco, etc	417	3 📉 Exploxives	listed above
(c) Processed feeds — canned goods, prepared meats, frazen feeds, beverages, dairy products, tooocca products, etc	•	4 TRadioactive materials	
(2) Mining Products, Unrofined - crude oil, coal, metal cres	4.0	b. Approximately what percent of this vehicle's as carrying these hazardous materials?	must mileage was accounted by by
(3) Building Motorinis — gravel, sand, concrete, glass, etc.	419	440 1 [] Selow 25%	s ( ) 50–74%
(except cut lumber - see "Lumber")	420	2 □ 25–49%	□ 75—100%
(4) Ferestry, Heed, and Paper Products (a) Logs and forest products — except cut lumber and fabricated		item 31 - Please enter below the number of any i	
wood preducts (see below)	421	trailers you own and/or operate at the s in item 24.	
(b) Lumber and fabricated wood products — except furniture (see (7) below)		•	Number 443
(c) Paper and paper products	422	Pickups, small vėns	464
(5) Chemicale, Petroloum, and Alfied Products	423	Straight tructus	
(a) Chemicals and/or drugs (including fortilizers, posticides, cosmetics, paints, etc.)	•	<u> </u>	448
(b) Petroleum and patroleum products	424	Truck-tracters (power units)	446
(a) Latendari and benances between the contract of the contrac	425	Trailers (semi- and/or full).	447
(c) Plastics and/or rubber products	426	Converter dallies	
(5) Metels and Metal Products (a) Primary metal products — pipes, ingets, biffets, sheets, etc	**	Item 32 - REMARKS - Please use this space for	
(b) Fabricated metal products except machinery or	427	essential in understanding your reporte	o ena
transportation equipment (see below)	420		
(c) Machinery — electrical or nonelectrical	429		
(d) Transportation aggreement (including complete vehicles) and parts	*	,	
(7) Other Manufactured Products	430		
(a) Furniture (wood and nonwood) and/or hardware not involved in household moving			
(b) Textiles and apparels - fibers, leather goods, carpets,	421		
(8) Miscellaneus	435		
(a) Moving of household and affice furniture — from home,	١.		
offices, etc., under contract	***		
<ul> <li>(b) Miscullamens tools and/or perts for specialized use, as in a craftsman's vehicle — traveling workshop for plumbers.</li> </ul>	1 .		
carpenters, road service crews, etc	434	item 33 - Person to centact regarding this report	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
(c) Mixed cargo, general freight	415	Does this person have records on (or inowledge a	
(d) Scrap, garbage, trash	1	driver (stops, weight of individual shipments, des	I marians or SHIPMORIS, QCC.)?
(9) Other (net elsewhere classified) — Presse describe in detail	•	I I TYPE STAN	
I.	-	'	
	•	I  YES 2 NO	
	•		
	434	Name	21P code
	434	None Address (Number and street) City State	
b. NO LOAD CARRIED - Vehicle empty	434	Nome Address (Number and atraet)	
b. NO LOAD CARRIED - Vanicio amply	436 %	Name Address (Number and atreet)  City State  Daytime telephone Area code Number	f Extension, if any

### APPENDIX B

CalTrans Truck Weight Study Interview Form

### STATE OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

### TRUCK WEIGHT STUDY INTERVIEW FORM

Highway System		4	5						
•	6	7	8						
Station Number									
Direction									
01111	2113	14	15						

INTERVIEWER	Date	TOTT 11211314115
		16,17
		18 19 20 2 122 23
		26
	eane=3, Other=4	35
	ICC=2, OFH=3, Not Determined=9	36137138139140
		<u>                                   </u>
7. Empty or Loaded: Empty=0,	Loaded=1, Non Product=2	
8. Total Weight (Office)		L
9. Axie Weight (100 pounds)_		D E
	(a)	
	(ь)	
	(c) 46 47 48 49 50 51  52 53 5	4 55156157 58159160
10. Axle Space-Cummulative (F	A-B B-C	
(Q#ice) - Intervening Distar	6 1 6 2 6 3 6 4 6 5 6	6 67 68 69 70 7 172
<u>'</u>		73 74 75 76
12. Card Serial Number		77 78 79
		80 81 82
113. Distance From Kingpin to C	enter of Rear Axle (Feet + Tenths) BASE STATE	LICENSE NO.
	83 84	85 86 87 88 89 90 91
14. Power Unit	<del>-</del> 92 <del>9</del> 3	94,95,96,97,98,99,100
15. Trailer No. 1-Dolly		1031041051061071081109
16Trailer		112113114115116117118
17. Trailer No. 2-Dolly	8 19820	121122123124125126127
18Trailer		<u>                                    </u>
19. Axle Weight	(a)	
	(ь)	
	[28][29]30] [31][32]33] [34]35]3	16 137138139 140141142
	(c) 20123133 13413313	
	F G H	<u>,                                    </u>
20. Axle Space	Cummulative F-G G-H	
	Intervening 143144145 146147148 14915015 Distance	H-1 152953954 155956957

### APPENDIX C

Average Daily Truck VMT by Axle Class for the State Highway System (1982 Values)

### Average Daily Truck VMT by Axle Class For The State Highway System (1982 Values)

	;			•
County	2-axles	3-axles	4-axles	5+axles
Alameda	320579	132651	49554	626278
Alpine	1862	433	42	1396
Amador	13277	5690	260	13046
Butte (	36313	10305	3016	34416
Calaveras	12880	4372	276	10529
Colusa	26335	7607	5155	103880
Contra Costa	144473	56777	18317	273879
Del Norte	12904	6462	1160	18924
El Dorado	45130	16648	2616	28685
Fresno	172864	48472	35083	490260
Glenn	21786	7276	4829	87263
Humbolt	48393	39981	5964	78090
Imperial	76445	15213	8882	163575
Inyo	43914	8818	6290	37998
Kern	331679	82361	65619	1157703
King	30628	8634	5940	118287
Lake	24402	5564	2037	8632
Lasssen	32025	13805	5464	27940
Los Angeles	2752750	627742	272811	1758976
Madera	58216	14161	8996	178310
Marin	58162	16269	3222	45652
Mariposa	5606	726	94	1083
Mendicino	57473	29549	7826	67247
Merced	86154	29766	16689	306534
Modoc	12921	5410	2199	10308
	13818	5873	6205	16357
Mono	116735	33572	16720	155303
Monterey	25999	8050	1791	18264
Napa Namada	28607	10023	2905	52128
Nevada	685008	152160	82294	380795
Orange Placer	101447	29194	8076	108172
Plumas	10439	5702	2095	13788
Riverside	435302	93370	61352	737301
Sacramento	205190	55614	21086	250584
San Benito	29388	5495	2684	32760
San Bernardino	434513	167562	111368	795727
San Diego	592326	115530	50825	285073
San Francisco	81163	16396	5277	23129
San Joaquin	116963	46522	21002	373978
San Luis Obis	103432	26182	13630	118229
San Mateo	197630	58026	18257	130742
San naceo Santa Barbara	113935	33154	15369	140324
Santa Clara	252753	97751	32244	394572
Santa Cruz	49516	15837	2227	38748
Shasta	87721	40626	19147	172083
	8150	4445	1011	8663
Sierra		60699	17114	197419
Siskiyou	56613		15890	214293
Solano	93362	41815	5449	110539
Sonoma	81246	32258	8090	152115
Stanislaus	56791 25440	22014 4303	2508	31273
Sutter Tobare	25440 42351	4303 16536	7250	118904
Tehama	42351		7250 977	13916
Trinity	10870	8007	977 16721	437968
Tulare	125786	33511 5004		13868
Tuolumne	16805	44451	244 157 <b>1</b> 9	114094
Ventuyra	234391			122866
Yolo	57736	18663	8150 1289	19467
Yuba	20726	4207	1207	1340/
Total	8939323	2507244	1127307	11442333

### APPENDIX D

Distribution of Travel and Conservation Devices for Non-California Heavy-Duty Vehicles

TIUS 1982 -- TRUCKS, VMT, FUEL USE, AND SHARE OF VMT BY AREA OF OPERATION FOR NON-CALIFORNIA HEAVY-DUTY TRUCKS

SUMMARY BY MANUFACTURER'S GROSS VEHICLE HEIGHT RATING, AREA OF OPERATION, AND ENGINE FUEL TYPE (CLASSES 2B THROUGH 8 ONLY)

(EXTREME VALUES OF VMT AND ZERO MPG ARE ASSIGNED AVERAGES FOR THE SIZE CLASS. TRUCKS IN SIZE CLASS 2B ARE ESTIMATED AS 15% OF CLASS

VMT PERCENTAGE BY AREA OF OPERATION REPRESENT ROH % 13:49 HEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1988

ſ

			VM	T PERCENTA	AGE BY AREA OF (	PERATIO	N REPRESENT ROW	1 %	13:	49 HE	DNESDA	Y, DECE	MBER 2	8, 1988
					SUMMARY I	LEVEL =0								
MANUFACTURER GVW RATING	AREA OF OPERATION	ENGINE FUEL TYPE	RECORD COUNT	TRUCKS	TOTAL VMT	VMT PER TRUCK	FUEL USED GALLONS		MPG	OFF-	LOCAL		LONG	N/R
ALL	ALL	ALL	69,787	4,932,873	96,111,071,745	19,484	16,052,440,697	3,254	6.0	6.6	42.0	24.2	25.9	1.3
					Summary I	LEVEL =1								
MANUFACTURER GVH RATING				TRUCKS	TOTAL VMT	VMT PER TRUCK	FUEL USED GALLONS	GALLHS /TRUCK	AVG X MPG	VMT OFF- ROAD	% VMT LOCAL <50	% VMT SHORT 50-200	% VMT : LONG >200	% VMT N/R 1-HAY
ALL ALL ALL ALL	ALL ALL ALL	N/R GASOLINE DIESEL LPG&OTHER	429 41,911 26,615 832	23,762 3,647,786 1,204,104 57,221	278,528,872 40,714,621,832 54,174,819,971 943,101,069	11,722 11,161 44,992 16,482	47,644,758 5,264,772,431 10,558,267,416 181,756,093	2,005 1,443 8,769 3,176	5.8 7.7 5.1 5.2	6.9 11.4 3.0 9.4	57.5 65.4 23.8 69.3	9.2 16.9 29.9 16.1	4.9 4.3 42.6 3.9	2.0
					SUMMARY	LEVEL =2								
MANUFACTURER GVW RATING	AREA OF OPERATION	ENGINE FUEL TY	RECOR PE COUNT	D TRUCI	KS TOTAL V	MT VMT PER TRUC	GALLUNS	GALLNS /TRUCK	AVG MPG	U+ F-	LUCAL	7 % VMT SHORT 50-200	LUNG	N/K
ALL ALL	50-200 MILES	ESALL- SALL-	- 11,41 - 7,28	7 690,8 6 362,4	64 6,219,396,2 66 42,562,503,0 19 21,223,504,9 29 24,840,550,6 95 1,265,116,8	68 30,72 05 68,53	22 3,730,741,526 39 4,872,234,936	5,400 3 13,443	5.7 5.1	1.4 0.4	7.3 2.5	81.8 8.7	9.5 88.3	0.0
					SUMMARY	LEVEL =3	5		<b>.</b>					
MANUFACTURER GVH RATING	AREA OF OPERATION	ENGINE FUEL TY	RECOR PE COUNT	O TRUCI	KS TOTAL V	MT VMT PER TRUC	FUEL USEI GALLONS :K	SALLNS /TRUCK	AVG MPG	VMT OFF- ROAD	2 VMT LOCAT 50 <50	7 % VMT SHORT 50-200	2 VMT LONG >200	Z VMT NZR 1-WAY
ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL	50-200 MIL 50-200 MIL	GASOLIN DIESEL LPG&OTH ES N/R ES GASOLIN ES DIESEL ES LPG&OTH	1,59 ER 7 30 E 29,76 11,14 ER 63 1 E 4,15 7,15	8 465,61 8 68,71 7 5,8 19 16,8 10 2,669,2 18 525,7 12 43,8 14 367,2 15 317,3	34 4,679,128,8 08 1,449,403,4 30 71,949,2 42 166,880,2 61 28,529,103,3 07 13,161,112,2	93 10,04 29 21,09 91 12,34 47 9,90 85 10,68 32 25,03 85 16,08 95 36,90 426 49,06	661,888,88! 5 290,181,018 62 13,489,679 63 28,110,611 63 3,625,418,643 65 2,490,306,018 65 3,445,30! 67 31,129,351 67 3,445,30! 67 3,445,30! 68 3,445,30! 69 3,985,125,512	5 1,421 3 4,223 4 2,314 7 1,669 3 1,358 8 4,737 7 2,990 6 5,564 5 1,936 2 9,407 4 5,475	7.10 5.39 5.95 5.67 5.67 5.40	76.7 72.8 78.2 2.1 3.1 2.7 4.2 1.0 2.5 1.1	17.9 17.6 18.7 93.5 88.1 84.6 89.6 5.5 9.1 6.7	81.2 87.7	0.3 0.1 2.0 1.9 0.8 5.3 4.9 11.2	0.0

TIUS 1982 -- TRUCKS, VMT, FUEL USE, AND SHARE OF VMT BY AREA OF OPERATION FOR MON-CALIFORNIA HEAVY-DUTY TRUCKS
SUMMARY BY MANUFACTURER'S GROSS VEHICLE HEIGHT RATING, AREA OF OPERATION, AND ENGINE FUEL TYPE (CLASSES 2B THROUGH 8 ONLY)
(EXTREME VALUES OF VMT AND ZERO MPG ARE ASSIGNED AVERAGES FOR THE SIZE CLASS. TRUCKS IN SIZE CLASS 2B ARE ESTIMATED AS 15% OF CLASS
VMT PERCENTAGE BY AREA OF OPERATION REPRESENT ROW % 13:49 WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1988

	VHT PERCENTAGE BY AREA OF OPERATION	ON REPRESENT ROW X	13:49 HEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1988
	SUMMARY LEVEL =	3	
MANUFACTURER AREA OF ENGINE GVW RATING OPERATION FUEL TYP	RECORD TRUCKS TOTAL VMT VMT E COUNT PER TRUCK	FUEL USED GALLNS AVG : GALLONS /TRUCK MPG	VMT X VMT X VMT X VMT X VMT OFF- LOCAL SHORT LONG N/R ROAD <50 50-200 >200 1-HAY
ALL > 200 MILES LPG&OTHEALL N/R OR 1-HAY N/RALL N/R OR 1-HAY GASOLINEALL N/R OR 1-HAY DIESELALL N/R OR 1-HAY LPG&OTHE	R 13 1,010 29,108,068 28,818 62 3,490 59,966,131 17,183 1,086 67,738 815,708,434 12,042 188 9,103 377,491,054 41,469 R 8 864 11,951,222 13,829	4,713,530 4,667 6.2 10,559,595 3,026 5.7 121,093,004 1,788 6.7 73,008,397 8,020 5.2 1,429,179 1,654 8.4	2.0 3.7 9.2 85.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
	SUMMARY LEVEL =4	<b>4</b>	
MANUFACTURER AREA OF ENGINE RECOR GVH RATING OPERATION FUEL TYPE COUNT			
8.5-10K LBSALLALL 16,46 10-14K LBSALLALL 96 14-16K LBSALLALL 1,12 16-19.5K LBSALLALL 15,46 26-33K LBSALLALL 7,06 >33K LBSALLALL 24,57	2 1,724,525 20,477,858,183 11,874 1 76,753 851,763,523 11,097 1 86,814 805,526,453 9,279 5 358,668 2,756,423,779 7,685 0 1,265,300 13,820,573,847 10,923 0 347,790 6,809,746,180 19,580 8 1,073,023 50,589,179,781 47,146	1,861,866,822 1,080 11,108,691,009 1,416 7,107,633,826 1,240 7,394,659,817 1,100 7,2,250,164,611 1,778 6,1,196,936,663 3,442 5,10,132,487,949 9,443 5,5	.0 7:6 66.5 19.2 6.2 0.5 .8 20.9 56.5 15.2 3.5 3.9 .5 14.4 67.4 12.6 1.8 3.8 .0 16.8 63.9 12.6 2.7 4.0 .1 11.0 64.5 18.4 4.0 2.2 .7 6.4 52.6 28.1 10.1 2.7 .0 4.1 22.6 28.3 44.0 1.0
	SUMMARY LEVEL =	5	
MANUFACTURER AREA OF ENGINE RECO GVH RATING OPERATION FUEL TYPE COUN	RD TRUCKS TOTAL VHT VHT T PER TRUCK	FUEL USED GALLNS AN GALLONS /TRUCK MI	/G % VMT % VMT % VMT % VMT % VMT PG OFF~ LOCAL SHORT LONG N/R ROAD <50 50-200 >200 1-WAY
8.5-10K LBSALL N/R 8.5-10K LBSALL GASOLINE 15,9 8.5-10K LBSALL DIESEL 1 8.5-10K LBSALL LPG&OTHER 2 10-14K LBSALL GASOLINE 8 10-14K LBSALL GASOLINE 8 10-14K LBSALL DIESEL 10-14K LBSALL LPG&OTHER 14-16K LBSALL DIESEL 14-16K LBSALL DIESEL 14-16K LBSALL DIESEL 14-16K LBSALL LPG&OTHER 16-19.5K LBSALL DIESEL 16-19.5K LBSALL GASOLINE 4,0 16-19.5K LBSALL DIESEL 16-19.5K LBSALL DIESEL 19.5-26K LBSALL DIESEL 19.5-26K LBSALL DIESEL 19.5-26K LBSALL GASOLINE 14,0 19.5-26K LBSALL GASOLINE 14,0 19.5-26K LBSALL DIESEL 9 19.5-26K LBSALL DIESEL 9 19.5-26K LBSALL DIESEL 9	88 1,697,338 19,975,489,704 11,769 74 10,567 230,231,624 21,788 09 14,321 246,363,635 17,203 13 1,089 9,653,496 8,867 89 70,469 698,479,275 9,912 46 4,195 127,294,412 30,345 13 1,001 16,336,340 16,325 13 1,278 9,760,168 7,637 81 83,354 743,323,163 8,918 22 1,719 46,490,024 27,052 1,719 46,490,024 27,052 5 464 5,953,098 12,843 41 3,517 21,646,018 6,155 17 348,438 2,598,196,377 7,457 52 3,973 98,544,196 24,803 35 2,741 38,037,188 13,878 27 9,985 101,969,161 10,212 20 1,155,792 11,719,020,712 10,139	17,232,666 1,631 13. 28,813,341 2,012 8. 1,234,408 1,134 7. 85,336,072 1,211 8. 19,509,303 4,651 6. 2,611,226 2,609 6. 1,461,278 1,143 6. 95,881,549 1,150 7. 9,326,349 5,427 5. 964,650 2,081 6. 3,066,919 872 7. 370,077,682 1,062 7. 15,336,148 3,860 6. 6,179,068 2,254 6. 16,852,856 1,688 6.	.0       7.6       66.6       19.3       6.0       0.5         .4       4.1       49.7       18.7       25.4       2.1         .6       11.4       70.8       11.6       4.2       2.0         .8       6.4       47.5       29.1       0.0       17.0         .2       24.0       59.9       11.0       0.9       4.2         .5       4.9       37.8       38.6       18.1       0.5         .3       19.6       61.9       3.4       1.5       13.6         .7       2.1       32.0       0.0       0.0       65.9         .8       15.4       69.2       11.2       0.9       3.3         .0       3.0       46.2       34.2       16.5       0.0         .1       16.2       73.8       0.2       0.0       9.8         .0       17.3       65.1       11.5       1.8       4.2         .4       4.8       29.9       39.2       25.8       0.3         .1       10.7       60.4       13.2       0.5       15.3         .1       11.9       66.6       16.6       29       2.4   <

TIUS 1982 -- TRUCKS, VMT, FUEL USE, AND SHARE OF VMT BY AREA OF OPERATION FOR NON-CALIFORNIA HEAVY-DUTY TRUCKS

SUMMARY BY MANUFACTURER'S GROSS VEHICLE WEIGHT RATING, AREA OF OPERATION, AND ENGINE FUEL TYPE (CLASSES 2B THROUGH 8 ONLY)

(EXTREME VALUES OF VMT AND ZERO MPG ARE ASSIGNED AVERAGES FOR THE SIZE CLASS. TRUCKS IN SIZE CLASS 2B ARE ESTIMATED AS 15% OF CLASS

VMT PERCENTAGE BY AREA OF OPERATION REPRESENT ROW % 13:49 WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1988

	VM	T PERCENTAGE BY AREA OF	OPERATION REPRESENT ROW :	k 13:49	WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1988
		SUMMARY	LEVEL =5		
MANUFACTURER AREA OF GVH RATING OPERATION		TRUCKS TOTAL VMT	VMT FUEL USED GALI PER GALLONS /TRI TRUCK	UCK MPG OFF-	% VMT % VMT % VMT % VMT LOCAL SHORT LONG N/R <50 50-200 >200 1-HAY
26-33K LBSALL 26-33K LBSALL >33K LBSALL >33K LBSALL >33K LBSALL	DIESEL 3,398 LPG&OTHER 174 N/R 95 GASOLINE 2,477	950,547 47,955,723,668	25,554 675,494,450 4, 20,595 44,061,856 5,	167 6.1 2.9 465 3.8 3.7 374 4.9 0.9 349 4.9 27.1	46.8 35.4 14.5 0.5 78.1 15.0 2.3 0.9 42.7 9.8 12.1 34.4 56.2 9.1 2.8 4.9 20.8 29.3 46.3 0.7
		SUMMARY	LEVEL =6		
MANUFACTURER AREA OF GVW RATING OPERATION	ENGINE RECORD FUEL TYPE COUNT			truck mpg of	AT 2 VMT 2 VMT 2 VMT 2 VMT FF- LOCAL SHORT LONG N/R DAD <50 50-200 >200 1-WAY
8.5-10K LBS	ALL 395ALL 395ALL 609ALL 78ALL 10ALL 42ALL 85ALL 87ALL 886ALL 2,770ALL 42ALL 10,78ALL 1,635ALL 1,635	53,841 800,850,1 9,267 103,558,2 18,291 189,479,2 48,591 480,270,5 6,344 127,948,2 648 20,452,8 2,879 33,612,6 16,221 120,856,1 61,088 560,478,3 5,773 74,496,3 455 18,937,6 3,278 30,757,3 77,091 500,426,8 237,879 1,765,809,7 24,025 320,481,2 3,246 58,114,8 16,428 111,591,0 185,477 1,580,949,7 128,647 2,247,396,6 128,647 2,247,396,6 128,647 2,247,396,6 128,647 2,247,396,6 128,647 2,247,396,6 128,647 2,247,396,6 128,647 2,247,396,6 128,647 2,247,396,6 128,647 2,247,396,6 128,647 1,792,510,2 13,922 651,942,1 18,197 185,591,9 18,197 185,591,9 180,804 1,987,878,5	89 14,874 68,989,493   27 11,175 10,327,173   46 10,359 23,467,865   51 9,884 60,183,914   26 20,167 16,878,135   73 11,676 4,453,757   88 7,451 15,567,214   22 9,175 75,463,927   53 12,905 9,093,134   09 41,644 3,563,313   81 9,382 3,946,238   22 6,491 71,083,436   252,466,997   26 17,904 8,697,333   88,524 243,769,869   02 10,283 1,517,653,423   61 17,469 372,762,906   72,083,304 666,97,54   33 13,077 78,641,939   22 16,138 664,597,032   95 29,748 305,272,141	1,281 11.6 2.1,114 10.0 0.1,283 8.1 84.1,239 8.0 3.2,660 7.6 2.5,722 5.5 0.1,547 7.5 8.2 1,575 8.2 1,575 8.2 1,575 8.2 1,575 8.2 1,575 8.2 1,204 7.8 0.1,204 7.8 0	.8       14.9       14.5       67.8       0.0         .0       0.2       0.0       0.0       99.8         .0       15.0       0.7       0.4       0.0         .3       92.4       3.7       0.6       0.0         .9       0.5       2.2       96.4       0.0         .0       0.0       0.0       100.0       100.0         .0       0.0       0.0       100.0       100.0         .0       93.2       4.5       0.2       0.0         .0       94.0       92.4       1.8       0.0         .0       94.0       92.4       1.8       0.0         .0       94.0       92.4       1.8       0.0         .0       0.0       0.0       100.0       100.0         .9       4.0       92.4       1.8       0.0         .9       18.1       1.2       0.8       0.0         .0       18.1       1.2       0.8       0.0         .0       19.6       2.7       1.1       0.0         .6       19.6       2.7       1.1       0.0         .6       90.8       5.6       0.7

MANUFACTURER AREA OF ENGINE RECORD TRUCKS TOTAL VMT VMT FUEL USED GALLNS AVG X VMT X

>33K LBS N/R OR 1-HAY --ALL-- 222 10,346 499,590,736 48,288 97,622,152 9,436 5.1 0.0 0.0 0.3 1.7 98.0

					SUMMARY LE	EVEL =7								
MANUFACTURER GVW RATING	AREA OF OPERATION	ENGINE FUEL TYPE	RECORD COUNT	TRUCKS	TOTAL VHT	VMT PER TRUCK		GALLNS /TRUCK		% VMT OFF- ROAD	% VMT LOCAL <50	% VMT SHORT 50-200		H∕R
8.5-10K LBS 8.5-10K LBS	OFF ROAD OFF ROAD OFF ROAD OFF ROAD < 50 MILES < 50 MILES < 50 MILES 50-200 MILES 50-200 MILES 50-200 MILES > 200 MILES N/R OR 1-HAY N/R OR 1-HAY	N/R GASOLINE DIESEL LPGAOTHER N/R GASOLINE DIESEL LPGAOTHER N/R GASOLINE DIESEL LPGAOTHER GASOLINE DIESEL LPGAOTHER LPGAOTHER H/R GASOLINE DIESEL LPGAOTHER H/R GASOLINE DIESEL LPGAOTHER H/R GASOLINE	7 1,554 6 13 72 11,938 107 158 4 1,788 38 34 371 21 3 8 337 2	7,734 10,865 53 197,128 894 923 52,016 1,379 446 99 8,340 409	511,881 1,378,540,487 2,205,500 16,308,809 23,182,507 14,932,042,196 151,793,474 199,485,134 899,856 2,825,996,402 22,375,720 20,107,802 746,366,613 48,995,299 5,488,276 1,178,976 92,544,007 4,861,631	TRUCK 5,277 10,674 14,579 9,779 11,313 11,392 19,626 18,360 16,969 14,336 25,039 21,777 14,349 35,539 12,310 11,884 11,096 11,884	43,998 130,133,219 183,920 1,729,852 2,108,085 1,356,831,595 10,375,763 23,854,523 82,043 253,017,925 1,757,380 2,431,852 64,940,630 3,680,509 368,354 107,180 8,556,140 1,235,094	454 1,008 1,216 1,037 1,035 1,342 2,195 1,547 1,284 1,967 2,670 826 1,026 3,019	11.6 10.6 12.0 9.4 11.0 11.0 11.2 12.7 8.3 11.3 11.3 11.3 11.3 11.3 11.8 11.8	85.4 69.7 57.5 83.0 0.7 3.1 4.6 7.1 3.6 2.9 0.2 4.0 0.0	<50 7.2 17.9 17.8 16.9 98.8 84.7 69.7 69.5 14.8 10.3 14.0 2.9 15.2 10.5 0.2 0.0	50-200 3.7 8.7 14.8 0.0 0.4 81.3 79.2 81.8 14.9 6.8 24.9 0.0 0.0	3.7 3.7 10.0 0.0 0.0 3.3 11.4 2.0 0.0 5.5 6.6 14.7 67.0 80.5 60.4 0.0	1-WAY 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.
8.5-10K LBS 10-14K LBS 11-16K LBS 14-16K LBS 14-16K LBS	N/R OR 1-HAY OFF ROAD OFF ROAD OFF ROAD OFF ROAD < 50 MILES < 50 MILES < 50 MILES 50-200 MILES 50-200 MILES > 200 MILES > 200 MILES > 200 MILES > 200 MILES N/R OR 1-HAY N/R OR 1-HAY N/R OR 1-HAY OFF ROAD OFF ROAD < 50 MILES	N/R GASOLINE DIESEL LPG&OTHER N/R GASOLINE DIESEL LPG&OTHER N/R GASOLINE DIESEL GASOLINE DIESEL N/R GASOLINE DIESEL H/R GASOLINE DIESEL DIESEL H/R GASOLINE	11 212 72 9 568 23 9 1 652 18 22 36 22 1 194 5	419 102 17,351 618 219 75,248 1,970 62 4,907 1,375 476 172 142 2,486 59 191 107 15,908 206 485	4,973,614 1,186,344 179,012,222 6,079,021 3,201,659 3,706,368 413,669,872 51,977,120 10,917,192 3,119,499 72,316,169 52,512,558 4,413,231 16,039,595 1,641,285 29,067,782 29,067,782 686,118 2,217,489 245,242 119,271,656 1,339,290 3,083,941	11,582 10,317 9,831 14,631 4,739 9,142 26,379 18,491 50,000 14,737 38,189 9,268 93,378 11,582 11,691 11,582 2,286 7,497 6,515	21,396,603 1,358,117 594,510 481,002 50,753,188 7,228,673 1,721,050 415,933 8,810,908 7,651,294 505,762 3,201,576 218,838 3,869,612 69,642 295,665 34,061 15,249,498 283,654	1,158 1,233 2,196 2,717 615 1,122 3,669 2,915 6,667 1,796 5,564 1,062 18,639 1,544 1,556 1,174 318 959		0.6 3.8 0.0 0.0 0.0 3.3 1.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 85.5 69.4	0.0 50.0 15.3 6.4 0.0 99.4 84.6 10.0 10.0 0.0 0.0 13.9 30.6 100.0	0.0 0.7 0.7 0.0 0.4 15.0 15.0 15.0 15.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.4 0.0 0.0 0.4 2.4 2.3 0.0 0.1 11.3 88.6 0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0

TIUS 1982 -- TRUCKS, VMT, FUEL USE, AND SHARE OF VMT BY AREA OF OPERATION FOR NON-CALIFORNIA HEAVY-DUTY TRUCKS 7
SUMMARY BY MANUFACTURER'S GROSS VEHICLE WEIGHT RATING, AREA OF OPERATION, AND ENGINE FUEL TYPE (CLASSES 2B THROUGH 8 ONLY)
(EXTREME VALUES OF VMT AND ZERO MPG ARE ASSIGNED AVERAGES FOR THE SIZE CLASS. TRUCKS IN SIZE CLASS 2B ARE ESTIMATED AS 15% OF CLASS
VMT PERCENTAGE BY AREA OF OPERATION REPRESENT ROW % 13:49 WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1988

					SUMMARY I	EVEL =7	/						
MANUFACTURER 6VH RATING	AREA OF	ENGINE FUEL TYPE	RECORD		TOTAL VHT		FUEL USED GALLONS		THV X 6	% VMT LOCAL	z vht	% VMT LONG	z vmt
14-16K LBS 14-16K LBS	< 50 MILES < 50 MILES	GASOLINE DIESEL	770 12	59,217 1,029	525,878,301 27,694,981		68,695,814 5,643,368			94.1 75.7	3.6 21.5	0.2 1.2	0.0 0.0
14-16K LBS	< 50 MILES	LECACTUES		757	7 604 700		590,720			91.8	8.2	0.0	0.0
14-16K LBS	50-200 MILES 50-200 MILES 50-200 MILES 50-200 MILES > 200 MILES N/R OR 1-HAY N/R OR 1-HAY OFF ROAD	GASOLINE	80	5,326	67,167,900		8,170,738			4.2	91.7	2.0	0.0
14-16K LBS	50-200 MILES	DIESEL	4	340	5,197,054		548,466			2.7	97.3	0.0	0.0
14-16K LBS 14-16K LBS	> 200 MILES	EASOLINE	7	107 311	2,131,399 6,678,911			3,509 5.° 2,294 9.°		0.0 3.9	100.0 24.7	0.0 69.1	0.0 0.0
14-16K LBS	> 200 MILES	DIESEL	í	144	12,258,698			19,767 4.		ő.ó	40.0		0.0
14-16K LBS	N/R OR 1-HAY	N/R	į	685	6,430,985		893,192				0.0		100.0
14-16K LBS	N/R OR 1-HAY	GASOLINE	30	2,593	24,326,396	9,382	3,053,046	1,177 8.	0.0	0.0	0.0		100.0
16-19.5K LBS	OFF ROAD	N∕R		660	3,682,888		487,805				0.0	0.0	0.0
10-13.3K TR2	UFF RUAL	GASULINE	601	/2,343	480,862,309		68,969,961	915 7.	1 79.7	18.4	1.2	8.0	0.0
16-19.5K LBS 16-19.5K LBS		DIESEL LPG&OTHER			6,022,440 3,859,185		1,037,556 588,114		3 75.5	2.5	7.4 0.5		0.0
16-19.5K LBS		N/R	31		15,844,714		2,272,098			98.7	0.2	0.0	
16-19.5K LBS		GASOLINE		231,311	1,694,148,788	7.324			3.3	93.1	3.2		
16-19.5K LBS		DIESEL	29	2,204	31,751,797		4,270,262	1,937 7.		85.8	13.5		0.0
16-19.5K LBS		LPG&OTHER			24,064,459		4,304,123			96.0	3.1		
16-19.5K LBS	50-200 MILES	GASOLINE	255	22,856	277,364,817					8.2	85.9		
16-19.5K LBS	50-200 MILES	DIESEL	8 A	7//	33,603,819		5,519,872				98.6		0.0
16-17.3K LBS	50-200 MILES 50-200 MILES > 200 MILES > 200 MILES > 200 MILES N/R OR 1-HAY	ENGOUTHER	ች ጓደ	2.808	9,512,585 30,632,540		1,153,285 4,096,007			15.4 5.2	79.5 5.3		0.0 0.0
16-19.5K LBS	> 200 MILES	DIFSEL	36	387	26,881,396			11,533 6.		3.0	3.0		0.0
16-19.5K LBS	> 200 MILES	LPG&OTHER	Ĭ	50	600,960				5 0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0
16-19.5K LBS	N/R OR 1-HAY N/R OR 1-HAY N/R OR 1-HAY	N/R	3	272	2,118,416			1,128 6.	9 0.0	0.0	0.0		100.0
16-19.5K LBS	N/R OR 1-HAY	GASOLINE	176	16,119	109,187,923					0.0	0.0		100.0
16-19.5K LBS	N/R OR 1-HAY	DIESEL		37	284,743					0.0	0.0		100.0
19.5-26K LBS		N/R Gasoline	16	1,375	9,891,170 1,465,958,542	7,191	1,564,695	1,138 6.	3 80.8		0.0		
19.5-26K LBS 19.5-26K LBS		DIESEL	2,2/0 83		74,288,416	12 521	224,825,413 10,730,585	1,279 6. 1,809 6.	) /0./ 0 75.6	19.7 16.5	2.6 5.9		0.0 0.0
19.5-26K LBS		LPG&OTHER			30,811,642			2,755 4.	6 68.7	26.0	5.2	0.2	
19.5-26K LBS		N/R	88		67,510,146	9,585	11,235,868			88.3	7.3	0.0	
19.5-26K LBS		GASOLINE	9,793	825,527	8,041,638,255	9,741	1,326,404,106	1,607 6.	1 2.9	91.2	5.3	0.6	0.0
19.5-26K LBS				43,256	810,446,216					87.3	9.1		
19.5-26K LBS		LPG&OTHER	281 2	22,617	319,409,485			3,023 4.	/ 4.2	90.5 0.0	5.1		
	50-200 MILES		1 766	120	9,012,889 1,676,187,566	15 482	1,497,923 286,867,041	2,650 5.		8.3	95.0 85.3		
	50-200 MILES		229	17, 158	497,559,963					8.0	85.2		
	50-200 MILES		38	3,102	64,636,244					3.9	91.5		
	> 200 MILES	GASOLINE	219	17,527	257,682,292	14,702	43,333,893		9 2.3	8.0	12.9	76.8	0.0
	> 200 MILES	DIESEL	53	4,132	185,597,217					5.5	12.4		
19.5-26K LBS	> 200 HILES	LPG&OTHER	3	274	9,529,038					3.4	3.4		
19.3-26K LBS	N/R OR 1-HAY N/R OR 1-HAY	N∕K	21 366	1,447 28,715						0.0	0.0 0.0		100.0 99.9
17.3-20K LB3	TAM T AU AVI	DIEGEI	J04 7	506	277,554,057 5,868,416					0.0	0.0		100.0
19.5-26K IBS	NVR OR 1-HAY	LPG&OTHER	6	132	1,437,337					0.0	0.0	-	100.0
26-33K LBS	N/R OR 1-HAY N/R OR 1-HAY OFF ROAD	N/R	3	125	2,339,124		410,373	3,271 5.	7 99.3	0.7	0.0	0.0	
26-33K LBS	OFF ROAD	GASOLINE	506	25,045	318,270,148	12,708	5/, 163,618	2,282 3.	6 79.9	17.3	1.8		
26-33K LBS	OFF ROAD	DIESEL	187	8,113	115,573,824	14,246	20,012,498	2,467 5.	8 74.4	16.6	7.1	1.9	0.0

					SUMMARY LE	VEL =7								
MANUFACTURER SVH RATING	AREA OF	ENGINE FUEL TYPE	RECORD	TRUCKS	TOTAL VHT		FUEL USED GALLONS	GALLNS	AVG	Z VMT OFF-	X VMT	z vmt	Z VMT LONG	z vht
26-33K LBS	OFF ROAD < 50 MILES < 50 MILES < 50 MILES < 50 MILES 50-200 MILES 50-200 MILES 50-200 MILES 50-200 MILES > 200 MILES > 200 MILES	LPG&OTHER N/R GASOLINE DIESEL LPG&OTHER N/R GASOLINE	15 37 2,382 2,120 137 1 406 833 18 1 483 243 2 7 97 15 23 1,299 67 1,622 8,271 20 67	776 50 2,860 10,956 56 267 6,925 930 75 125 27,085 53,119 474 2,509 76,113 367,066 1,026 253 9,034	6,055,937 18,100,781 1,536,021,924 2,045,666,031 137,673,986 95,134 395,130,966 1,378,537,034 18,747,161 3,281,849 62,547,431 584,016,875 2,095,999 5,264,640 159,871,757 18,982,056 1,473,524 1,058,020 731,213,530 1,243,894,937 11,712,060 35,451,790 1,385,704,050 10,041,782,611 10,035,231 6,243,517 195,550,323	TRUCK 11,316 13,043 12,680 19,968 20,794 2,600 19,983 34,748 24,167 65,000 21,871 53,306 37,455 19,689 23,087 24,696 14,127 24,696 14,127 18,206 27,357 24,696	1,055,451 4,377,277 299,062,400 331,118,296 30,039,059 17,297 74,600,708 218,372,493 12,281,643 656,370 12,272,158 102,769,851 469,040 923,621 27,896,536 3,221,311 216,663 190,288 144,150,573 256,574,687 2,872,572 7,102,263 282,051,027 2,020,034,022 2,024,064 1,432,109 37,557,756	1,972 3,154 2,469 3,237 4,232 4,573 5,583 15,830 15,830 15,830 4,380 2,524 4,463 2,524 4,895 2,522 4,870 5,1830 5,1830 6,837 2,706 5,1830 6,837 2,706 5,1830	54564553350175779886181090545 7112653350175779886181090542	ROAD 66.39 66.99 3.12.60 1.50 0.00 0.00 0.00 50.55 72.55 872.55 872.55 872.55	<50 24.6		2.0 0.3 0.4 1.2 0.0 5.8 6.1 5.9 100.0 78.4 83.7 100.0 0.0	1-HAY 0.00000000000000000000000000000000000
>33K LBS >33K LBS >33K LBS >33K LBS >33K LBS >33K LBS >33K LBS >33K LBS >33K LBS >33K LBS	50-200 MILES > 200 MILES > 200 MILES	LPG&OTHER N/R GASOLINE DIESEL LPG&OTHER N/R GASOLINE DIESEL	7 5 45 6,208 4 14 46	362 262 1,863 266,075 184 577 2,559 7,162	9,550,113 10,115,079 72,645,960 22,743,289,551 11,393,795 27,776,874 123,156,514 346,808,090	26,387 38,575 38,991 85,477 61,946 48,121 48,121	1,765,524 2,023,016 19,334,640 4,575,198,966 2,470,107 5,555,376 24,208,290 67,528,261	4,878 7,715 10,377 17,195 13,430 9,624 9,459 9,429	5.0 5.0 5.0 5.1 5.1	0.0 0.0 2.1 0.3 0.1 0.0 0.0	6.3 0.0 3.4 1.9 1.4 0.0 0.0	88.4 9.2 16.6 8.3 8.9 0.0 0.0	5.4 90.8 77.9 89.4 89.6 0.0 2.4	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 100.0 100.0 97.2

#### APPENDIX E

Distribution of Travel for Non-California Heavy-Duty Vehicles by Area of Operation, Fuel Type and GVW

TIUS 1982 -- TRUCKS, VHT, FUEL USE, AND USE OF SOME CONSERVATION MEASURES (MON-CALIFORNIA TRUCKS OMLY) SUMMARY BY MANUFACTURER'S GROSS VEHICLE HEIGHT RATING, ENGINE FUEL TYPE, AND MODEL YEAR (CLASS 2 THROUGH 8 ONLY) (EXTREME VALUES OF VHT AND ZERO MPG ARE ASSIGNED AVERAGES FOR THE SIZE CLASS)

PERCENTAGE FOR TRUCKS, VHT, LIFE TIME VMT, AND FUEL ARE BASED ON GRAND TOTALS FOR EACH. ALL OTHER PERCENTAGES ARE ROW % SUMMARY LEVEL =0 -----MANUFACTURER ENGINE MODEL RECORD TRUCKS % OF % OF VMT PER % LIFE TIME % OF GALLNS AVG % HITH % HITH % HITH % HITH GVH RATING FUEL TYPE YEAR COUNT TRUCKS VMT TRUCK TIME VMT/TRUCK FUEL /TRUCK MPG RADIAL AXL/DRY SPEED ECON USED TIRES RATIO GOVENER ENGINE --ALL-- --ALL-- 69,787 4,932,873 100.0 100.0 19,484 100.0 132,040 100.0 3,254 6.0 28.2 12.7 18.4 10.9 --At 1.--SUMMARY LEVEL =1 -----MANUFACTURER ENGINE MODEL RECORD TRUCKS % OF % OF VMT PER % LIFE LIFE TIME % OF GALLNS AVG % HITH % GVII RATING FUEL TYPE YEAR COUNT TRUCKS VMT TRUCK TIME VMT/TRUCK FUEL /TRUCK MPG RADIAL AXL/DRV SPEED ECON USED TIRES RATIO GOVRNR ENGINE VMT --ALL-- 82 & 83 1,818 133,504 2.7 5.3 38,305 --ALL--0.9 42,919 5.1 6,090 6.3 62.3 20.0 25.2 --ALL----ALL-- 81 3,566 7.9 5,329 6.2 57.1 237,482 4.8 8.2 33,285 2.4 67,073 20.1 23.0 25.3 4,422 270,594 5.5 --ALL----ALL-- 80 9.7 34,359 4.2 100,943 10.0 5,910 5.8 52.1 6,869 5,714 5,025 --ALL-- 79 --ALL-- 78 531,169 10.8 14.4 25,985 --ALL--8.4 102,693 14.2 4,284 6.1 44.0 17.7 --ALL--5,714 516,244 10.5 12.0 22,293 8.9 112,144 11.5 3,581 6.2 40.3 11.4 15.9 --ALL----ALL-- 77 452,517 9.2 10.1 21,410 9.2 132,668 10.0 3,554 6.0 36.9 10.6 15.4 --ALL--5.5 126,044 5.0 2,823 6.2 29.6 9.8 16.3 8.0 --ALL--5.2 2,940 5.7 24.7 12.7 6.2 140,727 22.9 8.7 --ALL--7.8 171,159 6.0 3,265 5.4 21.4 11.2 21.8 8.5 --ALL--7.9 177,355 5.3 2,947 5.5 18.5 12.4 38.7 153,958 19.8 1,945 6.0 9.2 10.8 --ALL-- PRE 73 25,829 1,637,265 33.2 20.0 11,725 --ALL--MANUFACTURER ENGINE MODEL RECORD TRUCKS % OF % OF VMT PER % LIFE LIFE TIME % OF GALLNS AVG % HITH % HITH % HITH GVH RATING FUEL TYPE YEAR COUNT TRUCKS VMT TRUCK TIME VMT/TRUCK FUEL /TRUCK MPG RADIAL AXL/DRV SPEED ECON VMT USED TIRES RATIO GOVRNR ENGINE N/R --ALL-- 429 23,762 0.5 0.3 11,722 0.5 128,384 0.3 2,005 5.8 2.7 3.4 GASOLINE --ALL-- 41,911 3,647,786 73.9 42.4 11,161 48.4 86,490 32.8 1,443 7.7 20.5 8.1 DIESEL --ALL-- 26,615 1,204,104 24.4 56.4 44,992 50.3 271,956 65.8 8,769 5.1 51.7 26.8 --ALL--3.1 1.5 --ALL--12.0 1.7 --ALL--37.7 39.3 LPG&OTHER --ALL-- 832 57,221 1.2 1.0 16,482 0.8 93,116 1.1 3,176 5.2 30.3 13.8 MANUFACTURER ENGINE MODEL RECORD TRUCKS % OF X OF VMT PER % LIFE LIFE TIME % OF GALLNS AVG % HITH % GVH RATING FUEL TYPE YEAR COUNT TRUCKS VMT TRUCK TIME VMT/TRUCK FUEL /TRUCK MPG RADIAL AXL/DRV SPEED ECON VHT USED TIRES RATIO GOVENE ENGINE 

 81
 4
 131
 0.0
 0.0
 36,558

 80
 12
 481
 0.0
 0.0
 25,647

 79
 25
 1,089
 0.0
 0.0
 27,933

 78
 13
 536
 0.0
 0.0
 23,734

 77
 20
 897
 0.0
 0.0
 24,820

 76
 15
 1,149
 0.0
 0.0
 15,812

 75
 16
 975
 0.0
 0.0
 16,370

 74
 20
 1,202
 0.0
 0.0
 11,662

 73
 27
 1,088
 0.0
 0.0
 10,739

 --ALL--N/R 0.0 70,062 0.0 5,285 6.9 57.8 --ALL--0.0 69,702 0.0 4,625 5.5 0.0 --ALL--NVR 0.0 106,601 0.0 5,413 5.2 10.7 0.0 6.7 --ALL--134,901 0.0 4,342 5.5 0.0 N/R 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 --ALL--N/R 143,301 0.0 4,234 5.9 17.6 0.0 16.4 5.9 --ALL--H/R 110,689 0.0 0.0 2,044 7.7 0.0 141,266 0.0 2,563 6.4 2.6 --ALL--N∕R 0.0 2.6 2.6 0.0 --ALL--N/R 0.0 131,173 0.0 2,020 5.8 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

0.0 121,559

0.0 1,735 6.2 0.0

9.7

11.0

9.7

--ALL--

N/R

PERCENTAGE FOR TRUCKS, VHT, LIFE TIME VMT, AND FUEL ARE BASED ON GRAND TOTALS FOR EACH. ALL OTHER PERCENTAGES ARE ROW X

17:49 FRIDAY, AUGUST 28, 1987

						SUI	MARY LE	VEL =3								
MANUFACTURER GVH RATING			RECORD COUNT	TRUCKS	X OF TRUCKS	% OF VMT	VMT PER TRUCK	% LIFE TIME VMT	LIFE TIME VMT/TRUCK	X OF FUEL USED	<b>∕TRUCK</b>	MPG	% WITH RADIAL TIRES	AXL/DRV	X WITH SPEED GOVRNR	ECON
ALL	GASOLINE DIESEL	81 80 79 78 77 76 75 74 73 PRE 73 82 & 83 81 80 79 78 77 76 77 76 77	675 1,277 1,632 3,190 2,925 2,637 2,795 2,728 19,501 1,109 2,214 2,688 3,541 2,702 2,298 1,122 1,849 1,785	74,595 131,554 143,608 362,401 380,942 335,904 215,443 205,467 205,819 100,835 121,111 159,360 109,987 52,218 65,293 86,199 79,399	1.57 2.77.1 64.4.227.1 22.52.6.211.37 1.6	12254422213367975223260000000000000000000000000000000000	63,727 56,757 57,961 54,796 51,658 50,153 44,570 37,349 36,171 33,054 26,290 25,012 16,374 20,318 21,174 17,125 17,816 13,716	00010970889226813116286000111111 00001234222340135552344100000000000000000000000000000000000	21,319 32,310 44,764 52,968 63,580 76,759 81,078 86,129 91,769 102,166 115,115 72,718 114,215 169,177 216,616 255,680 323,524 304,889 373,258 26,074 30,631 67,355 86,328 87,328 87,328	0.936.52.90.00.94.05.25.20.91.03.1.1.22.11.46.80.87.234.38.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00	1,452 2,636 1,761 1,546 1,546 1,546 1,529 1,486 1,588 1,516 1,588 10,877 10,551 10,182 10,859 7,464 6,799 7,464 6,793 3,311 3,193	5999.88987666655555554444555646556.3	1.61 57.67 53.69 334.93 237.66 62.93 62.93 62.93 63.37	4.5.5 5.7 5.7 6.7 11.5 11.5 41.5 41.5 22.2 16.3 17.8 18.3 19.3 19.3 19.3 19.3 19.3 19.3 19.3 19	2.7 4.7 5.6.7 10.5 119.3 16.2 119.3	0.7 1.8 1.1 0.8 1.7 1.6 1.7 1.7 1.9 1.7 1.8 1.7 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.9
ALL	LPG&OTHER LPG&OTHER	74 73	42 50	3,022 3,044	0.1 0.1 0.1	0.0	13,522 11,813 12,566	0.0	95,681 125,806	0.0	2,125	5.3 5.9	14.7 20.3	8.3 6.7 9.9	20.5 29.4 20.7	0.0 0.0 0.0
ALL		- 4						. 0.2	. 142,989	0.2	2,980	4.0	9.7	13.7	20.8	2.6
MANUFACTURER GVN RATING	ENGINE	MODEL	RECORD	TRUCKS	% OF	% OF	VMT PER	% LIFE	LIFE TIME	% OF	GALLNS /TRUCK	AVG	TIN X	ł % RITH . AXL/DR\	% WITH SPEED	HITH X I
8.5-10K LBS 10-14K LBS 14-16K LBS 16-19.5K LBS 19.5-26K LBS 26-33K LBS >33K LBS	ALL ALL ALL ALL	ALL ALL ALL ALL	961 1,121 4,145 15,460 7,060	1,724,525 76,753 86,814 358,668 1,265,300 347,790 1,073,023	1.6 1.8 7.3 25.7 7.1	0.9 0.8 2.9 14.4 7.1	11,097 9,279 7,685 10,923 19,580	1.4 1.7 5.6 18.3 6.8	72,596 116,196 128,238 101,814 93,993 128,145 285,250	0.7 0.7 2.5 14.0 7.5	1,416 1,240 1,100 1,778 3,442	7.8 7.5 7.0 6.1 5.7	9.7 10.0 5.9 9.2 24.6	11.0 9.5 16.1 16.0 17.2	0.5 8.9 9.9 15.6 24.8 34.0 36.7	0.3 4.6 1.7 5.1 3.9 13.6 38.3

TIUS 1982 -- TRUCKS, VMT, FUEL USE, AND USE OF SOME CONSERVATION MEASURES (NON-CALIFORNIA TRUCKS ONLY)
SUMMARY BY MANUFACTURER'S GROSS VEHICLE HEIGHT RATING, ENGINE FUEL TYPE, AND MODEL YEAR (CLASS 2 THROUGH 8 ONLY)
(EXTREME VALUES OF VMT AND ZERO MPG ARE ASSIGNED AVERAGES FOR THE SIZE CLASS)

PERCENTAGE FOR TRUCKS, VMT, LIFE TIME VMT, AND FUEL ARE BASED ON GRAND TOTALS FOR EACH. ALL OTHER PERCENTAGES ARE ROW X

17:49 FRIDAY, AUGUST 28, 1987

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MANUFACTURER GVW RATING	FUEL TYPE		COUNT		TRUCKS	X OF VMT	VMT PER TRUCK	% LIFE TIME VMT	LIFE TIME VMT/TRUCK	ス OF FUEL USED	GALLNS /TRUCK	MPG	Z WITH RADIAL TIRES	AXL/DRV	% WITH SPEED GOVRNR	ECON
19.5-26K LBS 19.5-26K LBS 19.5-26K LBS 19.5-26K LBS 19.5-26K LBS 26-33K LBS 233K LBS >33K LBS	ALL ALL ALL	PRE 73 82 & 83 81 80 79 78 77 76 75 74 73 82 & 83 80 79 78 77 76 77 77 78 77 77 77 77 77 77	1,362 6,979 3242 875 715 502 441 217 286 332 2,184 2,136 3,068 2,367 2,036 1,044 1,471 1,872	112,679 547,600 17,598 37,029 41,596 33,458 26,748 21,897 9,884 14,423 16,700 21,382	21.14.887.54233428487299375	1.11.85.99.87.523.34.6204.33.224.26	12,058 10,855 10,187 9,403 8,487 27,123 23,474 21,833 21,904 23,380 23,359 17,512 17,816 18,413 13,991 80,805 70,344 68,522 60,649 56,397 53,169 45,869 36,181 32,976 27,474	1.457415553357055886741627 0.457415553357055886741627	83,824 91,647 97,792 111,748 31,101 45,047 62,938 80,997 111,953 138,514 180,095 150,662 187,216 209,341 181,565 91,983 143,093 200,964 239,755 279,591 325,448 327,345 309,947	6.5 2.7 3.1 4.0 3.2	2,077 1,853 1,7565 1,326 4,437 3,615 3,681 4,4581 4,4581 3,409 3,497 2,606 15,353 11,338 10,987 7,483 11,338 17,483 5,542	5566666665555555555555544444	9.8 9.7 5.4 28.3 31.4 8.9 6.8 2.3 3.1 1.6 2.2 2.3 1.6 6.6 6.6 6.6 6.7 9.9 1.6 6.6 6.7 9.9 1.6 6.7 9.9 1.6 6.7 9.9 1.6 9.0 1.6 9.0 1.6 9.0 1.6 9.0 1.6 9.0 1.6 9.0 1.6 9.0 1.6 9.0 1.6 9.0 1.6 9.0 1.6 9.0 1.6 9.0 1.6 9.0 1.6 9.0 1.6 9.0 1.6 9.0 1.6 9.0 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6	16.5 20.1 14.2 13.9 22.4 23.9 22.7 23.2 15.5 10.6 13.7 46.5 37.6 30.6 24.1 15.7 17.0 13.7	30.15.4 31.5.4 1.5.4 1.5.4 1.6.6 1.6 1	3.1 6.7 3.1 5.9 22.9 25.4 21.7 22.8 22.0 13.3 7 5.8 5.7 72.3 67.0 65.1 85.0 45.3 25.3 20.3 14.1
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~					~	St	JMMARY LE	VEL =6						*********		
MANUFACTURER GVW RATING I	ENGINE	MODEL I	RECORD		% OF	% OF	VMT PER	X LIFE	LIFE TIME VMT/TRUCH	: % OF	GALLNS	S AV	G % WIT	H % WITH L AXL/DR	% WIT V SPEED	ниники
8.5-10K LBS (8.5-10K LBS 18.5-10K LBS 10-14K LBS 10-14K LBS 10-14K LBS 114-16K LBS 14-16K LBS 114-16K	GASOLINE DIESEL PG&OTHER GASOLINE DIESEL PG&OTHER GASOLINE FOR THE FOR	ALLALLALLALLALLALLALLALLALL	174 209 13 889 46 13 13 1,081 22 5	10,567 14,321 1,089 70,469 4,195 1,001 1,278 83,354 1,719 464 3,517	34.4 0.2 0.3 0.0 1.4 0.1 0.0 1.7 0.0 0.0	20.8 0.2 0.7 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0	11,214 3 11,769 2 21,788 3 17,203 0 8,867 7 9,912 1 30,345 0 16,325 1 7,637 8,918 0 27,052 1 12,843 1 6,155 7 7,457	0.0 18.9 0.1 0.2 0.0 1.2 0.1 0.0 0.6 0.1 5.4	123,271 72,540 65,418 76,394 128,422 113,597 161,902 94,299 134,284 124,121 315,016 159,491 131,374	0.0 11.3 0.1 0.2 0.5 0.5 0.6 0.6 0.0 0.0	1,068 1,631 2,012 1,134 1,134 1,211 4,651 2,609 1,143 1,150 5,427 2,081	11. 13. 8. 7. 8. 6. 7. 5. 7.	0 34.8 65.7 65.9 8 15.4 8.0 8.0 9.7 9.7 9.7 0.0	0.6 2.2 1.4 0.0 10.9 13.7 14.8 0.0 9.2 36.7 6.0	0.7 0.5 4.8 1.7 0.0 6.7 42.9 28.0 9.0 62.3 0.0 15.5	0.3 3.3 0.1 0.0 3.3 27.3 0.0 0.0 1.3 22.9 0.0

TIUS 1982 -- TRUCKS, VHT, FUEL USE, AND USE OF SOME CONSERVATION MEASURES (MON-CALIFORNIA TRUCKS ONLY)
SUMMARY BY MANUFACTURER'S GROSS VEHICLE WEIGHT RATING, ENGINE FUEL TYPE, AND MODEL YEAR (CLASS 2 THROUGH 8 ONLY)
(EXTREME VALUES OF VHT AND ZERO MPG ARE ASSIGNED AVERAGES FOR THE SIZE CLASS)

PERCENTAGE FOR TRUCKS, VMT, LIFE TIME VMT, AND FUEL ARE BASED ON GRAND TOTALS FOR EACH. ALL OTHER PERCENTAGES ARE ROH % 17:49 FRIDAY, AUGUST 28, 1987

						SU	MMARY IF	VFI ≃6					17:49	FRIDAY,	AUGUST	28, 1987
MANUFACTURER GVH RATING											GALLNS /TRUCK			% WITH AXL/DRV RATIO	Z HITH SPEED GOVRNR	% WITH ECON ENGINE
	GASOLINE DIESEL LPG&OTHER N/R GASOLINE DIESEL LPG&OTHER N/R GASOLINE DIESEL LPG&OTHER LPG&OTHER	ALLALLALLALLALLALLALLALLALL	14,020 958 355 49 3,439 3,398 174 95 2,477 21,965	1,155,792 70,985 28,539 1,868 175,741 162,119 8,062 3,727 116,655 950,547 2,094	0.1 0.2 23.4 1.4 0.6 0.0 3.6 3.3 0.2 0.1 2.4 19.3	0.0 0.1 12.2 1.6 0.4 0.0 2.6 4.3 0.1 2.9 9.0	13,878 10,212 10,139 22,170 14,921 15,571 14,065 25,554 20,595 21,639 21,502 50,451 21,270	0.1 0.2 16.4 1.3 0.0 2.7 4.0 0.1 2.3 44.6	137,003 100,173 160,733 80,550 155,108 126,677 305,513 152,539	0.0 0.1 12.0 1.4 0.6 0.0 2.9 4.2 0.3 0.1 3.2 59.8	2,254 1,688 1,663 3,134 3,419 2,680 4,167 5,465 4,374 4,349 10,099 4,623	6.2 6.1 6.1 7.4 6.2 6.3 6.9 6.6 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.6	5.9 2.5 7.8 28.5 20.7 11.6 38.6 30.1 4.5 13.3 55.7	9.2 4.9 15.9 18.9 18.7 3.4 12.4 22.3 21.9 0.5 8.2 28.5 8.7		25.1 1.7 2.2 2.8 23.3 1.4 0.0 1.7 27.3 2.2 3.5 1.1 43.0 4.5
MANUFACTURER GVW RATING	ENGINE FUEL TYPE	MODEL YEAR	RECORD COUNT	TRUCKS 7	OF TRUCKS	K OF Y	VMT PER TRUCK	Z LIFE	LIFE TIME VMT/TRUCK	% OF FUEL	GALLNS	AVG MPG	% WITH RADIAL	% WITH AXL∕DRV	ע אודא	% HITH ECON
8.5-10K LBS 8.5-10K LBS	N/R	81 80 79 78 77 76 75 74 73 PRE 73 82 & 83 79 78 77 75 77 78 77 78 77 82 & 83 81 80 79 78 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77	1 2 6 3 3 7 3 6 5 7 4 3 6 8 7 0 9 4 0 1 , 8 5 7 1 , 5 4 5 9 5 9 8 0 2 3 8 5 2 2 6 9 1 9 5 1 3 8 7	13 24 62 45 31 619 229 48 72 1,155 57,762 105,373 99,808 267,205 296,474 243,944 138,627 87,308 261,922 5,838 1,091 206 1,318 1,127 79	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.0	24,310 23,180 21,525 22,069 14,492 16,043 16,015 10,642 10,642 10,642 11,710 11,710 11,710 11,710 11,710 11,710 11,710 11,710 11,710 11,710 11,710 11,710 11,710 11,710 11,710 11,710 11,710 11,710 11,710 11,710 11,710 11,710	80.000.0000.0000.0000.0000.0000.0000.0	42,785 72,321 91,303 121,820 103,054 132,040 152,341 117,985 127,483 117,027 20,177 32,662 43,641 51,732 62,234 75,131 79,855 88,431 87,912 107,283 119,620 20,100 72,616 63,304 164,888 73,719 171,087	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	2,107 1,957 2,006 1,317 1,460 1,465 1,065 570 1,587 1,587 1,379 1,379 1,379 1,036 1,036 1,056 9813 910 868	11.0 11.0 11.0 11.0 11.0 11.0 11.0 11.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 1.4 8.8 35.6 40.5 40.5 327.3 327.3 39.	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.5 0.8 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5	0.000050001.36454342569448304 0.0000000000000000000000000000000000	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

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TIUS 1982 -- TRUCKS, VMT, FUEL USE, AND USE OF SOME CONSERVATION MEASURES (NON-CALIFORNIA TRUCKS ONLY) SUMMARY BY MANUFACTURER'S GROSS VEHICLE WEIGHT RATING, ENGINE FUEL TYPE, AND MODEL YEAR (CLASS 2 THROUGH 8 ONLY) (EXTREME VALUES OF VMT AND ZERO MPG ARE ASSIGNED AVERAGES FOR THE SIZE CLASS)

PERCENTAGE FOR TRUCKS, VMT, LIFE TIME VMT, AND FUEL ARE BASED ON GRAND TOTALS FOR EACH. ALL OTHER PERCENTAGES ARE ROW % 17:49 FRIDAY, AUGUST 28, 1987

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MANUFACTURER ENGINE MODEL RECORD TRUCKS % OF % OF VMT PER % LIFE LIFE TIME % OF GALLNS AVG % WITH % WITH % WITH % WITH GVW RATING FUEL TYPE YEAR TRUCKS VMT TRUCK TIME VMT/TRUCK FUEL /TRUCK MPG RADIAL AXL/DRV SPEED ECON COUNT VMT USED TIRES RATIO GOVRNR ENGINE 8.5-10K LBS DIESEL 76 199 0.0 0.0 7,984 0.0 117,474 0.0 658 12.1 86.2 0.0 1.6 0.0 75 8.5-10K LBS DIESEL 53 0.0 0.0 2,245 5.3 11,992 0.0 160,792 0.0 0.0 17.5 0.0 17.5 8.5-10K LBS DIESEL 98 0.0 74 0.0 15,448 0.0 216,324 0.0 2,110 7.3 41.6 0.0 16.4 16.4 8.5-10K LBS DIESEL 73 109 0.0 0.0 8,660 0.0 298,872 0.0 1,317 6.6 32.3 20.3 8.5-10K LBS DIESEL 32 13,862 0.0 182,740 0.0 PRE 73 449 0.0 0.0 1,809 7.7 6.0 13.8 41.9 12.0 8.5-10K LBS LPG&OTHER 82 & 83 12 1,558 0.0 0.0 22,474 0.0 24,110 0.0 3,312 6.8 0.2 8.5-10K LBS LPG&OTHER 81 24 1,747 0.0 17,231 0.0 12,395 0.0 0.0 1,243 10.0 85.9 3.3 0.0 0.0 21 38 20 20 18 9 7 8.5-10K LBS LPG&OTHER 80 1,595 0.0 0.0 13,294 0.0 55,260 1,245 10.7 0.0 49.0 2.1 0.7 0.7 8.5-10K LBS LPG&OTHER 79 3,025 0.1 103,155 3,524 8.2 0.1 28,842 0.0 0.1 60.3 1.3 0.5 0.0 1,119 0.0 8.5-10K LBS LPG&OTHER 78 0.0 13,270 0.0 84,612 0.0 1,019 13.0 90.2 0.0 0.0 8.5-10K LBS LPG&OTHER 77 1,896 0.0 0.0 12,730 0.0 89,651 0.0 1,690 7.5 46.7 0.0 2.5 0.0 8.5-10K LBS LPG&OTHER 76 1,338 0.0 0.0 13,270 0.0 101,879 1,225 10.8 0.0 14.7 0.0 0.0 850 0.0 488 0.0 362 0.0 8.5-10K LBS LPG&OTHER 75 10,714 0.0 101,994 0.0 0.0 1,435 7.5 28.4 0.0 0.0 0.0 8.5-10K LBS LPG&OTHER 74 0.0 11,504 0.0 76,692 0.0 1,042 11.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 8.5-10K LBS LPG&OTHER 73 0.0 12,802 0.0 133,394 0.0 1,286 10.0 46.5 4.5 9.0 0.0 8.5-10K LBS LPG&OTHER PRE 73 25 343 0.0 0.0 15,007 0.0 153,939 0.0 1,913 7.8 17.5 13.6 33.5 1 10-14K LBS N/R 81 6,667 7.5 62 0.0 0.0 50,000 100,000 0.0 0.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 10-14K LBS N/R PRE 73 12 1,026 0.0 0.0 6,367 0.0 130,150 0.0 798 8.0 10.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 10-14K LBS GASOLINE 82 & 83 11 1,175 8.0 0.0 21,416 0.0 15,018 0.0 2,012 10.6 18.8 16.4 1.3 12.6 10-14K LBS GASOLINE 81 17 1,339 0.0 13,596 0.0 34,856 0.0 0.0 1,728 7.9 18.5 26.6 11.0 GASOLINE 80 80 21 79 43 78 17 77 28 76 4 75 9 10-14K LBS 1,501 7.2 2,034 7.3 1,511 0.0 0.0 10,778 0.0 30,008 0.0 11.7 5.0 2.0 54,529 10-14K LBS GASOLINE 3,390 0.1 14,765 0.0 0.1 0.0 10.6 16.0 13.4 6.9 10-14K LBS GASOLINE 1,360 0.0 0.0 13,950 0.0 80,604 0.0 1,782 7.8 17.0 26.5 8.4 1.8 10-14K LBS GASOLINE 2,014 0.0 0.0 12,594 0.0 73,637 1,689 7.5 0.0 69.1 41.0 23.5 25.5 10-14K LBS GASOLINE 295 0.0 0.0 70,960 1,103 8.0 8,846 0.0 0.0 17.0 0.0 17.0 0.0 10-14K LBS GASOLINE 741 0.0 0.0 11,583 96,625 0.0 0.0 1,724 6.7 51.2 35.0 41.1 0.0 10-14K LBS GASOLINE 74 1,129 8.9 10 743 0.0 0.0 10,095 0.0 81,665 0.0 0.0 3.4 0.0 10-14K LBS GASOLINE 73 10 740 0.0 0.0 7,046 0.0 90,230 0.0 996 7.1 40.7 36.7 20.8 10-14K LBS GASOLINE PRE 73 719 57,162 1.2 9,106 1.1 0.5 126,530 0.4 1,093 8.3 3.9 5.2 2.2 10-14K LBS 37,424 DIESEL 82 & 83 389 0.0 25,375 0.0 0.0 0.0 1,452 17.5 8.0 0.0 0.0 10-14K LBS DIESEL 81 643 0.0 0.0 27,432 0.0 43,364 3,033 9.0 0.0 56.1 40.5 83.4 67.9 80 8 79 5 78 3 77 1 75 2 10-14K LBS DIESEL 769 0.0 0.0 34,295 0.0 126,839 0.0 5,731 6.0 23.8 0.0 43.8 37.5 10-14K LBS DIESEL 662 0.0 0.0 5.8 46,031 0.0 151,606 0.0 7,915 0.0 0.0 31.3 46.4 10-14K LBS DIESEL 1,952 12.2 358 0.0 0.0 23,729 98,427 0.0 0.0 30.3 30.3 69.7 0.0 10-14K LBS DIESEL 50 0.0 0.0 100,000 0.0 600,000 0.0 15,385 6.5 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 90 0.0 10-14K LBS DIESEL 0.0 38,796 0.0 220,943 0.0 6,499 6.0 0.0 0.0 30.6 0.0 2 247 0.0 15 988 0.0 10-14K LBS DIESEL 74 0.0 7,647 0.0 128,360 0.0 2,048 3.7 37.8 37.8 100.0 0.0 10-14K LBS DIESEL PRE 73 15 0.0 24,380 0.0 326,077 4,851 5.0 0.0 34.1 6.3 14.6 6.3 23,000 10-14K LBS LPG&OTHER 82 & 83 1 88 0.0 46,000 0.0 0.0 0.0 7,302 6.3 100.0 0.0 100.0 0.0 10-14K LBS LPG&OTHER 81 302 0.0 0.0 17,013 0.0 39,119 0.0 3,021 5.6 51.0 0.0 0.0 10-14K LBS LPG&OTHER 79 79 0.0 0.0 30,000 0.0 110,000 0.0 4,688 6,4 100.0 0.0 100.0 0.0 10-14K LBS LPG&OTHER 76 43 0.0 0.0 3,500 0.0 154,117 0.0 438 8.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 10-14K LBS LPG&OTHER PRE 73 9,422 0.0 9,382 0.0 133,615 488 0.0 0.0 0.0 1,357 6.9 0.0 30.3 23.0 0.0 14-16K LBS N/R 1 100 0.0 78 0.0 121,820 0.0 1,303 7.2 0.0 0.0 0.0 14-16K LBS N/R PRE 73 12 1,178 0.0 0.0 7,488 0.0 135,346 0.0 1,130 6.6 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 14-16K LBS GASOLINE 82 & 83 2 164 0.0 0.0 15,202 0.0 10,870 0.0 1,423 10.7 65.0 0.0 GASOLINE 81 9
GASOLINE 80 1
GASOLINE 78 1 14-16K LBS 931 0.0 14,321 0.0 32,687 0.0 1,674 8.6 0.0 35.4 0.0 6.2 0.0 14-16K LBS 107 0.0 0.0 12,000 0.0 36,000 0.0 800 15.0 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 14-16K LBS 154 0.0

0.0

20,000 0.0

100,000 0.0

4,000 5.0

0.0

0.0

TIUS 1982 -- TRUCKS, VMT, FUEL USE, AND USE OF SOME CONSERVATION MEASURES (NON-CALIFORNIA TRUCKS ONLY)
SUMMARY BY MANUFACTURER'S GROSS VEHICLE WEIGHT RATING, ENGINE FUEL TYPE, AND MODEL YEAR (CLASS 2 THROUGH 8 ONLY) (EXTREME VALUES OF VHT AND ZERO MPG ARE ASSIGNED AVERAGES FOR THE SIZE CLASS)
PERCENTAGE FOR TRUCKS, VHT, LIFE TIME VHT, AND FUEL ARE BASED ON GRAND TOTALS FOR EACH. ALL OTHER PERCENTAGES ARE ROW X

17:49 FRIDAY, AUGUST 28, 1987

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	MANUFACTURER GVH RATING		MODEL YEAR		TRUCKS		% OF		% LIFE	LIFE TIME VMT/TRUCK	% OF FUEL	<b>GALLNS</b>		RADIAL	AXL/DRV	SPEED	ECON
	14-16K LBS	GASOLINE	76	3	108	0.0	0.0	12,275	0.0	75,004	USED	1,590	7.7	TIRES 22.9	RATIO 0.0	GOVRNR 22.9	0.0 ENGINE
	14-16K LBS	GASOLINE	75	24	1,462	0.0	0.0	12,440	0.0	84,435	0.0	1,582	7.9		11.8	16.8	0.0
	14-16K LBS	GASOLINE	74	26	1,251	0.0	0.0	15,237	0.0	74,397	0.0	1,625	9.4		3.4	14.9	0.0
	14-16K LBS	GASOLINE	73	32	1,780	0.0	0.0	8,570	0.0	87,275	0.0		7.3		3.1	8.2	0.0
	14-16K LBS	GASOLINE	PRE 73	983	77,398	1.6	0.7	8,648	1.5	128,099	0.5	1,121	7.7	9.0	9.5	8.8	1.4
	14-16K LBS 14-16K LBS	DIESEL	81 79	1	144	0.0	0.0	38,558	0.0	45,855	0.0	3,780			100.0	100.0	0.0
	14-16K LBS	DIESEL	78	1	144 144	0.0 0.0	0.0	50,000 85,000	0.0 0.0	250,000 376,000	0.0	9,615	5.2		100.0	100.0	100.0
	14-16K LBS	DIESEL	75 75	i	15	0.0	0.0	9,382	0.0	1000000	0.0	19,767 2,681	4.3 3.5		100.0 0.0	100.0 100.0	100.0 100.0
	14-16K LBS	DIESEL	73	ż	78	0.0	0.0	4,253	0.0	56,160	0.0		6.0		0.0	100.0	19.6
	14-16K LBS	DIESEL	PRE 73	16	1, 193	0.0	0.0	17,588	0.1	356,377	0.0		4.7	9.0	16.7	45.8	6.4
	14-16K LBS	LPG&OTHER		1	112	0.0	0.0	9,382	0.0	50,000	0.0		10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	14-16K LBS	LPG&OTHER	PRE 73	4	351	0.0	0.0	13,948	0.0	194,434	0.0		5.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	16-19.5K LBS		75	1	62	0.0	0.0	16,228	0.0	154,166	0.0	2,352	6.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	16-19.5K LBS		74	1	106	0.0	0.0	10,215	0.0	114,203	0.0	1,480	6.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	16-19.5K LBS		73	_2	131	0.0	0.0	10,215	0.0	127,483	0.0	1,480	6.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	16-19.5K LBS		PRE 73	37	3,218	0.1	0.0	5,662	0.1	131,654	0.0	799	7.1	0.0	6.6	0.0	0.0
	16-19.5K LBS		81	10 10	1,021 996	0.0 0.0	0.0	19,549 15,777	0.0	24,787	0.0	3,848	5.1	65.0	49.0	20.3	0.0
	16-19.5K LBS		80	20	1,191	0.0	0.0	11,044	0.0 0.0	34,100 35,439	0.0	2,366 1,796	6.7	52.1	35.5	4.3	0.0
	16-19.5K LBS		79	41	2,097	0.0	0.0	13,974	0.0	51,594	0.0	1,889	7.4	0.0 21.6	0.0 12.5	12.4 20.8	0.0 3.4
	16-19.5K LBS		78 ·	30	3,037	0.1	0.1	16,157	0.0	70,725	0.0		7.5		6.6	11.9	4.9
	16-19.5K LBS		77	40	3,204	0.1	0.0	13,986	0.0	83,252	ŏ.ŏ	2,314	6.0	34.0	14.8	8.0	12.5
	16-19.5K LBS	GASOLINE	76	68	6,040	0.1	0.1	11,868	0.1	85,761	0.1	1,766	6.7	26.3	22.0	17.7	10.9
	16-19.5K LBS		75	86	6,862	0.1	0.1	11,236	0.1	97,736	0.1	1,735	6.5	27.4	22.3	21.2	6.1
	16-19.5K LBS		74	110	8,992	0.2	0.1	9,749	0.1	95,686	0.1	1,346	7.2	21.8	12.0	17.3	3.0
	16-19.5K LBS		73	143	11,873	0.2	0.1	9,861	0.2	101,020	0.1	1,520	6.5	31.7	20.1	11.3	7.6
	16-19.5K LBS				303, 124	6.1	2.2	6,838	4.8	102,279	1.8		7.1	2.5	15.9	15.5	4.8
	16-19.5K LBS 16-19.5K LBS		81 80	4	368	0.0	0.0	43,484	0.0	69,556	0.0	3,969		72.9	72.9	100.0	72.9
	16-19.5K LBS		79	4 2	393 237	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	43,514 44,516	0.0 0.0	117,229 133,732	0.0	8,515 8,206	5.1 5.4	93.6	73.4	56.9	93.6
	16-19.5K LBS		77	1	144	0.0	0.0	73,320	0.0	310,000	0.0		5.0	60.8 0.0	60.8 100.0	0.0 100.0	60.8 0.0
	16-19.5K LBS		76	ė	568	0.0	0.0	22,168	0.0	155,182	0.0	2,116		0.0	8.8	17.6	0.0
	16-19.5K LBS		75	Ž	166	0.0	0.0	27,882	0.0	228,927	0.0	4,882	5.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	16-19.5K LBS	DIESEL	74	2 2	40	0.0	0.0	47,036	0.0	538,656	0.0	10,238	4.6	100.0	0.0	63.1	0.0
	16-19.5K LBS		73	2	232	0.0	0.0	27,136	0.0	301,236	0.0	3,103	8.7	50.4	0.0	50.4	0.0
	16-19.5K LBS		PRE 73		1,825	0.0	0.0	10,385	0.1	199,443	0.0	1,822	5.7	11.3	6.9	35.5	12.0
	16-19.5K LBS		80	2	108	0.0	0.0	18,739	0.0	45,164	0.0	4,370	4.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	16-19.5K LBS		79	]	107	0.0	0.0	14,000	0.0	42,000	0.0	2,545	5.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	16-19.5K LBS		78	1	57	0.0	0.0	2,083	0.0	12,000	0.0	260	8.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
	16-19.5K LBS 16-19.5K LBS		76	1	76 167	0.0	0.0	38,200	0.0	240,000	0.0	5,877	6.5	0.0	100.0	100.0	0.0
	16-19.5K LBS		75	1 1 1 2 2 3	79	0.0	0.0	20,938 19,449	0.0 0.0	187,565 102,475	0.0	3,500 3,258	6.0	0.0	0.0	31.2	0.0
	16-19.5K LBS		74	3	190	0.0	0.0	19,795	0.0	146,245	0.0	2,940	6.7	0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 42.9	8.0 0.0
	16-19.5K LBS		73	2	217	0.0	0.0	29,125	0.0	267,500	0.0	2,929	9.9	0.0	0.0	50.0	0.0
	16-19.5K LBS			21	1,740	0.0	0.0	9,421	0.0	131,892	0.0	1,689	5.6	9.2	6.8	10.7	2.7
	19.5-26K LBS		80	2	129	0.0	0.0	15,669	0.0	72,321	0.0	2,612	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	19.5-26K LBS		79	4	411	0.0	0.0	16,183	0.0	70,951	0.0	2,717	6.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0
	19.5-26K LBS	N∕R	78	1	79	0.0	0.0	22,069	0.0	121,820	0.0	3,678	6.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

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TIUS 1982 -- TRUCKS, VMT, FUEL USE, AND USE OF SOME CONSERVATION MEASURES (NON-CALIFORNIA TRUCKS ONLY) SUMMARY BY MANUFACTURER'S GROSS VEHICLE WEIGHT RATING, ENGINE FUEL TYPE, AND MODEL YEAR (CLASS 2 THROUGH 8 ONLY) (EXTREME VALUES OF VMT AND ZERO MPG ARE ASSIGNED AVERAGES FOR THE SIZE CLASS)

PERCENTAGE FOR TRUCKS, VHT, LIFE TIME VMT, AND FUEL ARE BASED ON GRAND TOTALS FOR EACH. ALL OTHER PERCENTAGES ARE ROW % 17:49 FRIDAY, AUGUST 28, 1987

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MANUFACTURER ENGINE MODEL RECORD TRUCKS % OF % OF VMT PER % LIFE LIFE TIME % OF GALLNS AVG % WITH % WITH % WITH % WITH GVW RATING FUEL TYPE YEAR COUNT TRUCKS VMT TRUCK TIME VMT/TRUCK FUEL /TRUCK MPG RADIAL AXL/DRV SPEED VMT USED TIRES RATIO GOVRNR ENGINE 19.5-26K LBS N/R 77 5 397 0.0 0.0 34,377
19.5-26K LBS N/R 76 5 374 0.0 0.0 11,214
19.5-26K LBS N/R 75 5 436 0.0 0.0 13,414
19.5-26K LBS N/R 74 9 734 0.0 0.0 10,471
19.5-26K LBS N/R 73 6 413 0.0 0.0 9,133
19.5-26K LBS N/R PRE 73 90 7,012 0.1 0.1 8,043 0.0 182,772 0.0 5,606 6.1 26.5 0.0 20.0 65,629 0.0 1,744 6.4 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 128,395 0.0 2,236 6.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 112,161 0.0 1,745 6.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 102,060 0.0 1,312 7.0 0.0 25.4 25.4 118,973 0.1 1,345 0.1 6.0 2.1 5.4 19.5-26K LBS GASOLINE 82 & 83 70 6,352 0.1 0.1 20,181 0.0 30,384 0.1 2,784 7.2 13.5 28.8 19.5-26K LBS GASOLINE 81 112 9,645
19.5-26K LBS GASOLINE 81 112 9,645
19.5-26K LBS GASOLINE 80 236 21,542
19.5-26K LBS GASOLINE 79 837 70,744
19.5-26K LBS GASOLINE 78 752 66,885
19.5-26K LBS GASOLINE 77 798 75,632
19.5-26K LBS GASOLINE 76 833 72,132
19.5-26K LBS GASOLINE 75 1,235 102,628
19.5-26K LBS GASOLINE 74 1,246 100,258
19.5-26K LBS GASOLINE 74 1,246 100,258 28,970 0.1 2,265 0.2 0.1 14,499 6.4 17.6 0.0 20.8 33.9 4.9 0.4 0.3 14,754 0.2 47,786 0.3 2,433 6.1 10.4 16.0 33.8 56,310 1.1 1.4 1.0 14,033 0.6 2,421 5.8 12.2 29.7 18.1 1.4 1.0 14,061 0.7 68,604 1.0 2,389 5.9 11.5 18.3 33.8 3.1 1.5 1.0 12,621 79,465 1.0 0.9 2,146 5.9 10.6 15.7 27.6 1.5 0.9 11,421 80,419 0.9 5.8 11.3 1,985 0.9 16.6 29.9 2.1 1.1 10,482 1.3 81,120 1.1 1,786 5.9 9.0 20.5 2.0 1.0 9,802 1.4 89,057 1.0 1,666 5.9 9.0 14.6 25.2 19.5-26K LBS GASOLINE 73 1,300 108,132 19.5-26K LBS GASOLINE PRE 73 6,601 521,842 2.2 1.0 10.6 4.5 9,279 1.6 96,128 1.0 1,538 6.0 6.8 17.2 27.2 5.7 19.5-26K LBS GASOLINE PRE 73 6,601 521,842 10.6 4.5 8,355 8.8 19.5-26K LBS DIESEL 82 & 83 38 3,066 0.1 0.1 24,374 0.0 19.5-26K LBS DIESEL 80 128 9,560 0.2 0.2 25,069 0.1 19.5-26K LBS DIESEL 80 128 9,560 0.2 0.3 26,582 0.1 19.5-26K LBS DIESEL 79 191 12,786 0.3 0.3 25,315 0.2 19.5-26K LBS DIESEL 79 191 12,786 0.3 0.3 25,315 0.2 19.5-26K LBS DIESEL 77 65 5,511 0.1 0.1 24,495 0.1 19.5-26K LBS DIESEL 76 50 3,787 0.1 0.1 24,495 0.1 19.5-26K LBS DIESEL 76 50 3,787 0.1 0.1 23,132 0.1 19.5-26K LBS DIESEL 74 30 2,569 0.1 0.1 21,081 0.1 19.5-26K LBS DIESEL 74 30 2,569 0.1 0.1 21,081 0.1 19.5-26K LBS DIESEL 73 29 1,968 0.0 0.0 15,308 0.1 19.5-26K LBS DIESEL 73 29 1,968 0.0 0.0 15,308 0.1 19.5-26K LBS LPG&OTHER 82 & 83 4 363 0.0 0.0 24,387 0.0 19.5-26K LBS LPG&OTHER 81 11 1,112 0.0 0.0 148,307 0.0 19.5-26K LBS LPG&OTHER 80 21 1,729 0.0 0.0 18,366 0.0 19.5-26K LBS LPG&OTHER 79 46 4,163 0.1 0.1 17,504 0.0 19.5-26K LBS LPG&OTHER 78 39 3,294 0.1 0.1 18,303 0.0 19.5-26K LBS LPG&OTHER 78 39 3,294 0.1 0.1 18,303 0.0 19.5-26K LBS LPG&OTHER 76 33 2,661 0.1 0.0 13,697 0.0 19.5-26K LBS LPG&OTHER 75 41 3,053 0.1 0.0 14,625 0.0 19.5-26K LBS LPG&OTHER 75 41 3,053 0.1 0.0 14,625 0.0 19.5-26K LBS LPG&OTHER 75 41 3,053 0.1 0.0 11,295 0.0 19.5-26K LBS LPG&OTHER 77 34 2,935 0.1 0.1 18,308 0.0 19.5-26K LBS LPG&OTHER 75 41 3,053 0.1 0.0 14,625 0.0 19.5-26K LBS LPG&OTHER 75 41 3,053 0.1 0.0 11,295 0.0 19.5-26K LBS LPG&OTHER 77 34 2,935 0.1 0.1 18,306 0.0 26-33K LBS N/R 80 4 157 0.0 0.0 24,310 0.0 26-33K LBS N/R 79 4 125 0.0 0.0 12,285 0.0 26-33K LBS N/R 79 4 125 0.0 0.0 18,056 0.0 26-33K LBS N/R 79 4 125 0.0 0.0 18,056 0.0 26-33K LBS N/R 78 79 4 125 0.0 0.0 18,056 0.0 26-33K LBS N/R 78 79 4 125 0.0 0.0 18,056 0.0 26-33K LBS N/R 78 79 4 125 0.0 0.0 18,056 0.0 26-33K LBS N/R 79 4 125 0.0 0.0 18,056 0.0 26-33K LBS N/R 78 79 4 125 0.0 0.0 18,056 0.0 26-33K LBS N/R 79 4 125 0.0 0.0 14,835 0.0 26-33K LBS N/R 78 79 4 125 0.0 0.0 14,835 0.0 26-33K LBS N/R 78 75 2 70 0.0 0.0 14,835 0.0 26-33K LBS N/R 78 73 6 225 0.0 0.0 15,005 0.0 26-33K LBS N/R 78 73 6 109,541 4.2 1,297 8,355 8.8 6.4 5.1 14.0 17.6 1.7 19.5-26K LBS DIESEL 82 & 83 38 3,066 29,699 0.1 47,373 0.2 3,163 7.7 38.9 3,318 7.6 25.6 0.1 0.1 24,374 0.0 35.0 28.4 44.1 35.7 72,397 0.2 3,251 8.2 34.8 95,516 0.3 3,393 7.5 35.7 14.2 44.8 28.5 19.8 35.1 30.8 112,556 0.2 3,277 7.1 24.3 19.5 39.8 25.0 140,458 0.1 3,563 6.9 31.3 20.5 24.6 40.8 155,609 0.1 3,534 6.5 32.8 15.6 38.6 24.0 168,384 0.0 180,769 0.1 2,968 7.1 37.1 19.3 23.9 12.2 3,878 6.3 35.6 34.9 12.2 0.8 183,832 0.0 2,579 5.9 30.0 23.8 34.9 16.0 184,936 0.2 2,264 5.7 13.6 12.5 31.1 26,367 0.0 5,135 4.7 58.3 87.7 28.4 5.0 24.8 26,454 0.0 2,842 30.7 27.9 6,720 2.7 66,328 0.1 30.8 39.1 41.7 71,104 0.1 3,489 5.0 33.3 28.9 47.4 93,125 0.1 4,029 4.5 24.7 18.8 40.9 0.0 5.3 13.7 102,215 0.1 3,437 6.3 37.2 92,760 0.0 2,544 5.4 14.6 26.0 15.7 99,112 0.1 3,104 4.7 18.9 10.7 26.4 0.0 100,628 0.0 2,463 4.6 19.5 35.6 10.5 2,065 101,862 0.0 5.0 12.0 16.3 9.5 0.0 133,934 0.1 1,862 6.0 13.5 16.4 24.3 4.0 4,265 42,785 0.0 5.7 0.0 0.0 0.0 5.7 72,321 0.0 4,067 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 76,599 3,168 0.0 5.7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 139,974 0.0 4,655 5.8 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 113,596 0.0 2,847 5.7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 133,881 0.0 2,847 5.7 0.0 0.0 0.0 140,936 0.0 2,373 6.3 36.7 36.7 36.7 148,861 0.0 2,632 5.7 0.0 0.0 6.4 0.0 155,343 0.0 3,588 3.8 0.0 24,077 0.2 4,513 5.4 11.2 3.5 10.2 0.0

GASOLINE 82 & 83 134 7,426 0.2 0.2 24,518 0.0

26-33K LBS

TIUS 1982 -- TRUCKS, VMT, FUEL USE, AND USE OF SOME CONSERVATION MEASURES (NON-CALIFORNIA TRUCKS ONLY) SUMMARY BY MANUFACTURER'S GROSS VEHICLE HEIGHT RATING, ENGINE FUEL TYPE, AND MODEL YEAR (CLASS 2 THROUGH 8 ONLY) (EXTREME VALUES OF VHT AND ZERO MPG ARE ASSIGNED AVERAGES FOR THE SIZE CLASS)

PERCENTAGE FOR TRUCKS, VMT, LIFE TIME VMT, AND FUEL ARE BASED ON GRAND TOTALS FOR EACH. ALL OTHER PERCENTAGES ARE ROW %

TERCENTAGE FOR											17:49	9 FRIDAY	<ul> <li>AUGUST</li> </ul>	r 28. 1987
MANUFACTURER ENGI GVH RATING FUEL	TYPE YEAR	RECORD TRUCKS	TRUCKS	VMT	TRUCK	% LIFE TIME VMT	LIFE TIME VMT/TRUCK	% OF FUEL USED	GALLNS /TRUCK	MPG	% WITH RADIAL TIRES	AXL/DRV	% WITH SPEED GOVRNR	ECON
26-33K LBS GASOL 26-33K LBS DIESE 26-33K LBS LPG&O 26-33K	INE 81 INE 79 INE 778 INE 778 INE 778 INE 778 INE 778 INE 81 INE 81 INE 81 INE 81 INE 81 INE 81 INE 82 INE 81 INE 82 INE 81 INE 82 INE 83 INE 84 INE 84 INE 84 INE 85 INE 86 INE 87 INE 81 INE 87 INE 81 INE 81 INE 87 INE	226 11,449 361 17,091 282 13,256 155 8,669 150 7,401 96 4,444 146 7,5183 214 10,691 1,508 78,583 175 9,245 484 22,595 404 13,806 117 5,285 131 6,480 159 7,307 217 10,174 632 26,728 15 1,801 17 5,285 12 12 545 13 1,753 25 12 545 11 490 7 271 11 490 7 271 11 490 7 271 11 490 7 370 247 42 1,542 15 33 1,826 17 678 1801 7 271 17 632 25,728 1801 1801 1801 1801 1801 1801 1801 18	2332212226255443111250000000000000000000000011	3765542223500100000000000000000000000000000000	29,452 27,164 25,658 26,173 28,830 28,675 30,855 25,158 23,455 24,761 21,403 28,264 13,544 18,616 24,761 21,403 28,264 13,544 16,866 16,285 17,346 16,866 16,081 24,310 35,787 41,131 29,324 17,730 29,021 29,021 29,021 21,251 16,868 16,858	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	30,000 48,997 54,543 63,530 85,087 109,397 107,381 127,491 134,510 37,522 52,323 71,999 99,844 137,107 169,482 240,134 202,671 272,967 297,306 320,965 23,368 44,787 88,295 168,258 123,394 99,917 181,892 42,785 64,960 146,123 144,982 112,262 133,881 124,436 182,811 144,985 66,545	233121112126555542223680180000000000000000000000000000000000	5,729 4,679 4,245 4,245 6,645 3,638 6,665 3,810 3,875 1,392 1,392 1,396 1,996 1,996 1,996 1,996 1,996 1,996 1,996 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504 1,504	55544444445777655555555555444445555155445555555555	19.64.8.1.3.8.9.9.7.3.4.7.0.0.7.7.8.0.8.7.2.5.1.7.5.5.0.1.2.6.0.0.0.8.0.3.0.0.0.0.8.0.1.0.1.2.1.2.1.2.1.2.1.2.1.2.1.2.1.2.1	13.6.5.5.6.4.4.3.9.2.1.0.3.8.8.1.6.1.2.4.2.9.1.1.1.6.2.0.3.4.4.0.0.0.0.9.0.0.0.4.9.4.9.4.9.6.1.2.8.1.6.2.0.3.4.4.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0	33722.237.81095083.469999423371404840000200008224613333222244440333333335423.571404840000020000822461	0.763.2.264.5.007.307.6.841.19.5.97.00.000.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.0
>33K LBS GASOL	INE 76	95 4,257	0.1	0.1	19,113	0.1	66,545 107,446 96,710	0.1	4,890	3.9	21.3	8.1	34.4 35.8	0.0 1.5

-E9-

18.0

TIUS 1982 -- TRUCKS, VMT, FUEL USE, AND USE OF SOME CONSERVATION MEASURES (NON-CALIFORNIA TRUCKS ONLY) SUMMARY BY MANUFACTURER'S GROSS VEHICLE WEIGHT RATING, ENGINE FUEL TYPE, AND MODEL YEAR (CLASS 2 THROUGH 8 ONLY) (EXTREME VALUES OF VMT AND ZERO MPG ARE ASSIGNED AVERAGES FOR THE SIZE CLASS)

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PERCENTAGE FOR TRUCKS, VMT, LIFE TIME VMT, AND FUEL ARE BASED ON GRAND TOTALS FOR EACH. ALL OTHER PERCENTAGES ARE ROW % 17:49 FRIDAY, AUGUST 28, 1987

MANUFACTURER ENGINE MODEL RECORD TRUCKS % OF % OF VMT PER % LIFE LIFE TIME % OF GALLNS AVG % WITH % WITH % WITH % WITH GVW RATING FUEL TYPE YEAR COUNT TRUCKS VMT TRUCK TIME VMT/TRUCK FUEL /TRUCK MPG RADIAL AXL/DRV SPEED VMT USED TIRES RATIO GOVRNR ENGINE >33K LBS 187 8,843 0.2 0.1 14,033 GASOLINE 75 93,674 0.2 3,113 4,5 16.8 0.1 9.8 >33K LBS GASOLINE 74 213 9,445 0.2 0.2 17,922 122,448 0.2 4,176 4.3 0.2 15.1 5.4 36.3 1.1 >33K LBS GASOLINE 176 8,499 0.2 0.2 17,461 114,784 0.2 23.6 8.1 73 0.1 3,806 4.6 0.0 GASOLINE PRE 73 1,409 66,867 1.4 >33K LBS 1.7 24,959 151,588 2.0 4,809 5.2 8.5 7.3 25.0 1.6 1.1 15.819 5.2 >33K LBS DIESEL 82 & 83 823 37,280 8.0 3.2 82,231 93,592 3.7 77.5 56.4 0.5 >33K LBS DIESEL 1,610 66,874 13,620 5.3 81 1.4 5.0 71,700 1.5 145,911 5.7 73.9 47.6 44.4 68.8 >33K LBS DIESEL 2,074 87,588 13,649 5.1 80 1.8 70,085 205,663 7.4 72.9 47.6 6.4 2.8 43.1 66.9 2,925 124,939 2.5 >33K LBS DIESEL 79 8.2 62,701 248,014 9.6 12,389 5.1 4.8 66.1 38.5 39.9 58.5 >33K LBS DIESEL 78 2,265 102,704 2.1 6.2 58,208 4.6 289,173 7.5 11,695 5.0 62.3 34.6 39.3 52.8 1,948 90,396 1.8 >33K LBS DIESEL 77 5.2 54,955 335,443 6.4 11,354 4.8 4.7 62.8 31.3 47.4 946 42,378 >33K LBS DIESEL 76 0.9 2.1 48,670 2.3 351,403 2.6 9,854 4.9 60.5 25.8 36.7 42.7 >33K LBS 1.1 344,865 2.9 379,344 3.7 DIESEL 75 1,247 55,987 2.3 39,742 8,278 4.8 50.6 16.7 28.9 3.0 1,649 75,939 >33K LBS DIESEL 74 1.5 3.0 37,743 4.4 7,870 4.8 46.6 18.5 35.3 26.2 >33K LBS DIESEL 73 1,529 66,838 1.4 392,291 3.0 7,305 4.8 2.4 35,036 41.2 14.5 4.0 >33K LBS DIESEL PRE 73 4,949 199,623 5.9 28,461 12.1 395,288 7.2 5,815 4.9 4.0 33.4 10.2 18.7 63,585 0.0 >33K LBS LPG&OTHER 82 & 83 2 5 153 0.0 0.0 41,684 7,220 5.8 47.6 47.6 0.0 63,271 0.0 LPG&OTHER 80 210 0.0 >33K LBS 0.0 24,212 0.0 5,583 4.3 17.9 17.9 0.0 9.9 2 1 2 3 1 1 2 3 2 LPG&OTHER 79 LPG&OTHER 78 10,072 >33K LBS 141 0.0 0.0 0.0 308,015 0.0 1,890 5.3 0.0 0.0 0.0 >33K LBS 23,677 4,458 5.3 89 0.0 0.0 78,663 0.0 0.0 69.3 0.0 69.3 0.0 >33K LBS LPG&OTHER 77 146 0.0 0.0 64,078 0.0 345,440 0.0 13,348 4.8 100.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 >33K LBS 75 0.0 2,500 3.2 LPG&OTHER 76 8.000 128,000 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 >33K LBS LPG&OTHER 75 54 0.0 0.0 8,602 38,942 0.0 1,885 4.6 0.0 0.0 0.0 89.0 >33K LBS LPG&OTHER 74 219 0.0 0.0 10.012 72,893 0.0 2,764 3.6 21.9 0.0 0.0 75.8 165,085 0.0 >33K LBS LPG&OTHER 73 1 0.0 13.228 2,646 5.0 6 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 >33K LBS LPG&OTHER PRE 73 20 1,000 0.0 166,768 0.0 3,876 4.3 0.0

0.0 16,830

#### APPENDIX F

Distribution of Travel for Non-California Vehicles Based in California, by Fuel Type and GVW TIUS 1982 -- TRUCKS, VMT, AND FUEL USE FOR NON-CALIFORNIA HEAVY-DUTY TRUCKS SUMMARY BY MANUFACTURER'S GROSS VEHICLE WEIGHT RATING AND ENGINE FUEL TYPE (CLASSES 2 THROUGH 8 ONLY)

TREME VALUES O PERCENTAGE	F VMT AND FOR TRUCK	ZERO MPO S, VMT,	G ARE ASSI AND FUEL	GNED AVI ARE BASI	ERAGES FOR TH ED ON GRAND TO	E SIZE	CLASS. TI PERCENT	RUCKS IN SIZE C	LASS 2	2B ARE E ALIFORNI	STIM A RE	ATED AS 15% PRESENT ROW	ł %
MANNIEACTIIDED	ENGTHE	מברחפה	TRUCKS	7 OE	TOTAL UMY	7 OF	WE DED	FUEL USED GALLONS	y oc	CALLANC		TRUCKO	DOI: 12
								16,052,440,697					
 					SUMMAR	Y LEVEL	. =1						
								FUEL USED GALLONS	OSED			CALIFORNIA	1442
ALL ALL ALL	N/R GASOLINE DIESEL LPG&OTHER	429 41,911 26,615 832	23,762 3,647,786 1,204,104 57,221	0.5 73.9 24.4 1.2	278,528,8 40,714,621,8 54,174,819,9 943,101,0	72 0.3 32 42.4 71 56.4 69 1.0	11,722 11,161 44,992 16,482	47,644,758 5,264,772,431 10,558,267,416 181,756,093	0.3 32.8 65.8 1.1	2,005 1,443 8,769 3,176	5.8 7.7 5.1 5.2	47 3,648 1,897 38	0.20 0.10 0.16 0.07
 					SUMMAR	Y LEVEL	. =2						
MANUFACTURER GVW RATING	ENGINE FUEL TYPE	RECORD COUNT	TRUCKS	% OF TRUCKS	TOTAL VM	T % OF VMT	VMT PER TRUCK	FUEL USED GALLONS	% OF ( FUEL , USED	SALLNS /TRUCK	AVG MPG	TRUCKS BASED IN CALIFORNIA	ROH % CAL TRKS
8.5-10K LBS 10-14K LBS 14-16K LBS 16-19.5K LBS 19.5-26K LBS 26-33K LBS >33K LBS	ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL	16,462 961 1,121 4,145 15,460 7,060 24,578	1,724,525 76,753 86,814 358,668 1,265,300 347,790 1,073,023	35.0 1.6 1.8 7.3 25.7 7.1 21.8	20,477,858,18 851,763,52 805,526,45 2,756,423,77 13,820,573,84 6,809,746,18 50,589,179,78	3 21.3 3 0.9 3 0.8 9 2.9 7 14.4 0 7.1 1 52.6	11,874 11,097 9,279 7,685 10,923 19,580 47,146	1,861,866,822 108,691,009 107,633,826 394,659,817 2,250,164,611 1,196,936,663 10,132,487,949	11.6 0.7 0.7 2.5 14.0 7.5 63.1	1,080 1,416 1,240 1,100 1,778 3,442 9,443	7.8 7.5 7.0 6.1 5.7	2,545 128 219 21 602 481 1,634	0.15 0.17 0.25 0.01 0.05 0.14
 			<b></b>		SUMMAR	Y LEVEL	=3						
								FUEL USED GALLONS			AVG MPG		ROW %
8.5-10K LBS 8.5-10K LBS 8.5-10K LBS 10-14K LBS 10-14K LBS 10-14K LBS 10-14K LBS 14-16K LBS 14-16K LBS 14-16K LBS 14-16K LBS 14-16K LBS 14-16K LBS	DIESEL LPG&OTHEF N/R GASOLINE DIESEL LPG&OTHEF N/R GASOLINE DIESEL LPG&OTHEF	174 209 13 889 46 1 13 1,081 22	10,567 14,321 1,089 70,469 4,195 1,001 1,278 83,354 1,719 464	0.2 0.3 0.0 1.4 0.1 0.0 1.7 0.0	25,773,2 19,975,489,7 230,231,6 246,363,6 9,653,4 698,479,2 127,294,4 16,336,3 9,760,1 743,323,1 46,490,0 5,953,0 21,646,0	24 0.2 35 0.3 96 0.0 75 0.7 12 0.1 40 0.0 68 0.0 63 0.8 24 0.0	11,214 3 11,769 2 21,788 3 17,203 0 8,867 7 9,912 1 30,345 1 16,325 1 7,637 8 8,918 0 27,052 0 12,843 0 6,155	2,341,306 1,813,479,508 17,232,666 28,813,341 1,234,408 85,336,072 19,509,303 2,611,226 1,461,278 95,881,549 9,326,349 964,650 3,066,919	0.0 11.3 0.1 0.2 0.0 0.5 0.1 0.0 0.6 0.1	1,631 1 2,012 1,134 1,211 4,651 2,609 1,143 1,150 5,427 2,081	11.0 11.0 13.4 8.6 7.8 6.5 6.3 7.8 5.0 6.2	2,545 0 0 128 0 0 219	0.00 0.15 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.18 0.00 0.00 0.26 0.00 0.00

TIUS 1982 -- TRUCKS, VMT, AND FUEL USE FOR NON-CALIFORNIA HEAVY-DUTY TRUCKS SUMMARY BY MANUFACTURER'S GROSS VEHICLE HEIGHT RATING AND ENGINE FUEL TYPE (CLASSES 2 THROUGH 8 ONLY) (EXTREME VALUES OF VMT AND ZERO MPG ARE ASSIGNED AVERAGES FOR THE SIZE CLASS. TRUCKS IN SIZE CLASS 2B ARE ESTIMATED AS 15% OF CLASS PERCENTAGE FOR TRUCKS, VMT, AND FUEL ARE BASED ON GRAND TOTALS. PERCENT OF TRUCKS BASED IN CALIFORNIA REPRESENT ROW % 13:49 HEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1988

					SUMMARY I	LEVEL	=3					DUAT, DECEN	DER 20, 170
MANUFACTURER GVH RATING	ENGINE FUEL TYPE	RECORD COUNT	TRUCKS	Z OF TRUCKS	TOTAL VHT	и of VMT	VMT PER TRUCK	FUEL USED GALLONS		/TRUCK	MPG		ROH % CAL TRKS
16-19.5K LBS 16-19.5K LBS 16-19.5K LBS 19.5-26K LBS 19.5-26K LBS 19.5-26K LBS 26-33K LBS 26-33K LBS 26-33K LBS 26-33K LBS 26-33K LBS 233K LBS >33K LBS	DIESEL LPG&OTHER N/R GASOLINE DIESEL LPG&OTHER N/R GASOLINE DIESEL LPG&OTHER N/R	127 14,020 958 355 49 3,439 3,398 174 95	348,438 3,973 2,741 9,985 1,155,792 70,985 28,539 1,868 175,741 162,119 8,062 3,727	0.1 0.1 0.2 23.4 1.4 0.6 0.0 3.6 3.3 0.2	2,598,196,377 98,544,196 38,037,188 101,969,161 11,719,020,712 1,573,760,228 425,823,745 29,081,528 2,471,842,225 4,142,775,820 166,046,607 80,645,280	0.1 0.0 0.1 12.2 1.6 0.4 0.0 2.6 4.3 0.1	24,803 13,878 10,212 10,139 22,170 14,921 15,571 14,065 25,554 20,595 21,639	15,336,148 6,179,068 16,852,856 1,921,699,913 222,166,380 89,445,462 6,384,937 470,995,420 675,494,450 44,061,856 16,303,052	0.1 0.0 0.1 12.0 1.4 0.6 0.0 2.9 4.2 0.3	3,860 2,254 1,688 1,663 3,130 3,134 3,419 2,680 4,167 5,465 4,374	6.4 6.1 6.1 7.1 4.6 5.1 3.9	21 0 0 0 559 21 21 0 176 288 17	0.01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.05 0.03 0.07 0.00 0.10 0.18 0.21
>33K LBS >33K LBS	GASOLINE DIESEL LPG&OTHER	2,477 21,965 41	116,655 950,547 2,094	19.3	2,508,270,376 47,955,723,668 44,540,457	49.9	50,451	9,599,202,120	59.8	4,349 10,099 4,623	5.0	0 1,587 0	0.00 0.17 0.00

#### APPENDIX G

Distribution of Heavy-Duty Travel For California Registered Vehicles

### Distribution of Heavy-Duty Diesel Travel For California Registered Vehicles By Major Use Category

Business Purpose	% In-State	<pre>% Out-of-State</pre>
Agriculture	5.37%	0.70%
Forestry	1.11%	0.00%
Construction	6,28%	0.66%
Contractor	1.51%	0.25%
Manuf, Refin, Proc.	5.48%	0.79%
Wholesale	11.55%	0.66%
Retail	4.88%	0.50%
Personal Service	0.47%	0.02%
Utilities	0.19%	0.04%
Mining	0.36%	\$00.0
Daily Rental	2.11%	0.37%
Not in Use	0.30%	\$00.0
For Hire Trans.	39.37%	17.00%
Other	0.00%	\$00.0
Personal Trans.	0.00%	0.00%
Total	79.00%	21.00%

# Distribution of Heavy-Duty Gasoline Travel For California Registered Vehicles By Major Use Category

Business Purpose	In-State	Out-of-State
Agriculture	8.37%	0.30%
Forestry	2.06%	0.14%
Construction	7.90%	0.04%
Contractor	13.96%	0.03%
Manuf, Refin, Proc.	5.29%	0.05%
Wholesale	18.98%	0.50%
Retail	14.22%	0.17%
Personal Service	3.83%	1.27%
Utilities	5.49%	0.03%
Mining	0.90%	0.00%
Daily Rental	2.77%	0.06%
Not in Use	0.09%	0.00%
For Hire Trans.	13.07%	0.01%
Other	0.00%	0.00%
Personal Trans.	0.38%	0.11%
Total	97.31%	2.69%

## APPENDIX H

Distribution of Travel by Fuel Type

Table H-1

TIUS Estimate of California Registered and Based Heavy-Duty Truck Travel (miles/day) by County and Fuel Type On All California Roads in 1982

County	Gasoline	Diesel	Other	Total
Alameda	167,571	500,973	8,764	675,308
Alpine	676	1,621	2.5	2,321
Amador	5,840	13,129	214	19,183
Butte	30,375	69,036	1,107	100,518
Calaveras	5,163	12,611	194	17,968
Colusa	10,196	70,929	605	81,730
Contra Costa	88,634	230,138	3,370	322,142
el Norte	5,337	17,789	231	23,356
El Dorado	20,597	44,220	729	65,546
Fresno	109,421	409,850	4,733	524,004
Glenn	8,472	62,800	522	71,793
Eumbolt	25,115	83,110	1,155	110,381
Imperial	30,638	124,480	1,360	156,478
Inyo	12,471	35,916	489	48,875
Kern	139,713	795,587	7,399	942,699
Cing	19,453	100,807	983	121,242
Lake	8,398	15,365	285	24,049
assen	15,633	40,216	619	56,468
os Angeles	1,361,864	2,532,447	46,186	3,940,497
iadera	18,849	113,658	1,019	133,525
darin	31,765	62,680	1,101	95,546
Mariposa	2,184	3,197	67	5,448
Mendocino		71,582	1,030	97,548
	24,836		2,002	256,192
Merced Modoc	35,955	218,224	2,002	
	5,321	13,506	199	19,035
fono	4,648	14,098		18,944
fonterey -	61,896	174,952	2,426	239,274
lapa .	14,031	29,052	497	43,580
Nevada -	15, 902	52, 153	654	58,709
)range	373,976	666,331	12,541	1,052,847
Placez	35,931	122,231	1,535	159,698
Plumas	6,433	17,646	257	24,336
liverside	205,965	670,252	8,424	885,641
Sacramento	137,434	335,961	5,106	478,501
San Benito	9,842	29,474	385	39,701
San Bernardino	208,575	732,992	9,064	950,632
Sen Diego	317,041	535,012	10,431	862,464
San Francisco	53,214	80,596	1,720	135,531
San Joaquin	72,382	310,912	3,382	386,675
San Luis Obiz	41,652	117,671	1,625	160,948
San Mateo	86,091	166,851	2,995	255,938
Santa Barbara	51,878	140,822	2,007	194,707
Santa Clara	205,530	492,461	7,558	705,649
Santa Cruz	27,621	56,052	971	84,544
Shasta	39,717	148,200	1,791	189,709
Sierra	2,483	10,555	125	13,163
Siskiyou	28,310	154,452	1,628	184,400
Solano	44,023	171, 584	1,984	217,701
Sonoma	47,829	127,179	1,850	176,858
Stanislaus	43,774	142,001	1,807	187,582
Sutter	11,078	34,002	442	45,522
[ehama	17,916	88,075	900	106,890
Crinity	4,102	13,065	184	17,350
Culare	61,188	321,571	3,085	385,845
Tuolume	8,109	19,002	300	27,410
ruolume Ventura		207,800	3,514	313,922
	102,507			143,233
Yala	26,010	115,997	1,226	
Yube	6,897	24,185	343	33,425
Iotal	4,562,470	11,957,269	173,562	16,703,301

TIUS Estimate of Non-California Registered Heavy-Duty Truck Travel (miles/day) by County and Fuel Type

On All California Roads in 1982

Table H-2

County Gasoline Other Total Alameda 13.148 185,108 2,013 200,269 Alpine 49 562 7 617 Amador 425 4,370 54 4.849 Butte 2.208 23,218 282 25,707 Calaveras 383 4.352 51 4,786 Colusa 1,109 30,764 277 32,150 Contra Costa 6.563 81,546 931 89,140 Del Norte 437 6.706 72 7,214 El Dorado 1,471 14,593 180 15.245 Fresno 9,159 151,590 1,625 172,385 Glenn 951 27,423 245 28,619 Humbolt 2,136 30,450 336 32,922 Imperial 2,634 50,062 492 53,189 Invo 963 13,204 145 14,311 Kern 13,620 337,043 3.114 353,977 King 1,848 42,121 396 44,365 Lake 580 4,655 54 5,298 Lassen 1,188 13,925 164 15,278 Los Angeles 94,224 777,419 10,450 882,094 Madeza 1,907 48,624 444 50,974 Marin 2,229 19.808 258 22,295 Mariposa 143 860 13 1,015 Mendocino 1.953 25,779 291 28,023 Merced 3,581 92.577 97,412 854 Modoc 402 4,665 55 5, 122 Mono 373 5.119 57 5,549 Monterey 4.765 63.761 704 69,230 998 9,358 Napa 119 10,476 Nevada 1,277 19,889 208 21,383 199.488 Crange 25,650 2.759 227,897 Placer 2,941 45,581 488 50,110 Plumas 495 6,293 72 6,860 Riverside 16,524 255,322 2,675 274,521 Sacramento 10,160 116,576 128,101 1.363 San Benito 765 11,031 118 11,914 San Bernardino 17,276 281.861 2.927 302,084 San Diego 21,481 155,328 2.223 179,032 San Francisco 3,544 21,492 339 25,374 San Joaquin 5,405 125.446 1.229 133,082 San Luis Obis 3,201 42.952 474 46 627 San Mateo 6,035 51,947 688 58,670 Santa Barbara 3,950 50,631 568 55,148 Santa Clara 15,161 168.801 2.003 185,965 Santa Cruz 1,954 17,898 231 20,083 Sheate 3,370 57,585 591 61,547 4,422 4,155 Sierra 224 42 Siskiyou 2,848 63,343 612 56,802 Solano 3,776 67,681 682 72,140 515 49,405 Sonome 3,629 45.262 Stanislaus 3,511 53,865 568 57.845 Sutter 670 12,759 136 13,765 Teheme 1,576 35,313 347 38,336 Trinity 337 4,767 5,157 53 Tulare 134,932 5,832 1,261 142,024 Tuolume 595 6,455 77 7,127 74,322 66,210 Venture 7.258 854 Yolo 2,329 47,240 458 50,027 Yuba 677 8,710 98 9,485

4,250,908

48.347

4,852,868

343,613

Total

Table H-3

# TIUS Estimate of All Heavy-Duty Truck Travel (miles/day) By County and Fuel Type On All California Roads in 1982

<u>.</u> .				
County Alameda	Gesoline	Diesel	Other	Total
Alpine	180,720 725	686,080 2,183	8,777	875,577
Amador	6,265	17,499	268	2,939 24,032
Butte	32,583	92,254	1,388	126,225
Calaveres	5,545	16,963	245	22,754
Colusa	11,305	101,693	882	113,879
Contra Costa	95,297	311,684	4,300	411,282
Del Norte	5,774	24,494	303	30,571
El Dorado	22,069	58,813	909	81,791
Fresno	118,590	571,440	6,360	695,389
Glenn	9,423	90,224	766	100,413
Humbolt	28,250	113,561	1,493	143,304
Imperial	33,273	174,543	1,852	209,667
Inyo	13,434	- 49,119	633	53,188
Kern	153,533	1,132,630	10,513	1,296,575
King	21,301	142,928	1,378	165,607
Lake	8,978	20,020	349	29,347
Lassen	15,622	54,142	782	71,746
Los Angeles	1,456,088	3,309,855	56,636	4,822,591
Madera	20,755	162,282	1,462	184,499
Marin	33,994	82,488	1,358	117,841
Mariposa	2,325	4,057	80	6,463
Mendocino	25,789	97,461	1,320	125,571
Merced	39,646	311,101	2,856	353,604
Modoc	5,724	18,171	263	24,158
Mono	5,020	19,217	256	24,493
Monterey	66,661	238,713	3,130	308,504
Napa	15,029	38,411	616	54,056
Nevada	17,179	72,052	862	90,092
Orange	399,626	865,819	15,300	1,280,745
Placer	38,873	168,912	2,024	209,808
Plumas	5,928	23,939	328	31,196
Riverside	223,489	925,573	11,099	1,160,162
Sacremento	147,595	452,539	5,469	605,602
San Benito	10,507	40,505	503	51,615
San Bernardino	225,852	1,014,873	11,991	1,252,716
San Diego San Francisco	338,522	590,341	12,653	1,041,516
San Joaquin	56,758 78,788	102,088	2,059 4,611	160,905
San Luis Obis	44,854	436,358 160,623	2,099	519,757 207,575
San Mateo	92,126	218,798	3,584	314,608
Santa Barbara	55,827	191,453	2,574	249,855
Santa Clara	220,691	661,263	9,660	891,514
Santa Cruz	29,575	73,950	1,202	104,727
Shasta	43,087	205,786	2,382	251,255
Sierra	2,708	14,710	167	17,584
Siskiyou	31,158	217,805	2,239	251,202
Solano	47,799	239,365	2,677	289,841
Sonoma	51,458	172,440	2,365	226,263
Stanisleus	47,286	195,866	2,375	245,526
Sutter	11,948	46,762	578	59,287
Tehama	19,592	124,388	1,245	145,226
Trinity	4,438	17,832	237	22,507
Tulere	67,019	456,503	4,347	527,869
Tuolume	8,704	25,456	377	34,537
Ventura	109,765	274,011	4,468	388,244
Yolo	28,339	163,237	1,654	193,260
Yuba	9,574	32,895	441	42,910
Total	4,906,083	16,228,177	221,910	21,356,170

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