

APPENDIX A

PLOTS OF RESULTS OF CHAMBER EXPERIMENTS AND MODEL SIMULATIONS

In this appendix, the concentration-time plots for the major species monitored in the surrogate- NO_x -air experiments and selected types of control runs carried out in this program are given. Table A-1 gives a list of the specific runs whose data are plotted, together with an indication of the type of run, in the order in which the plots can be found. The runs are ordered according to the type of run and the order in which their results are discussed in Section IV.

Model simulations of all of the control runs, and of most of the surrogate runs listed in Table A-1, have been carried out, and the results of the model simulations are plotted with the experimental results. The only runs for which model simulations were not carried out were the side equivalency tests carried out in the outdoor chamber, and runs OTC-219, 225 and 231, which were considered to have too many experimental problems to be useful for model testing.

For the surrogate- NO_x -air irradiations, the following notation is employed in Table A-1 and in the figure captions to indicate the type of experiment: For runs carried out in the indoor chamber, the notation "n-S", is employed, where "n" is the approximate nominal initial ROG/ NO_x ratio, and "S" refers to the surrogate type, which is either "B" for the base case surrogate, "MF" for the methanol + formaldehyde substitution surrogate, "M" for the methanol-only substitution surrogate, "BL" for the blank substitution surrogate, and "X" for surrogate mixtures which correspond to none of the above. For the outdoor chamber runs, the analogous notation "n-S1-S2" is employed, where "S1" refers to the surrogate type on side 1, and "S2" refers to the surrogate type on side 2.

Table A-1. List of Chamber Experiments for which Concentration-Time Plots are Given in this Appendix

Figure	Run	Type of Run
A-1	OTC-211	n-Butane-NO _x -air runs
A-2	OTC-246	
A-3	OTC-252	
A-4	ITC-860	Propene-NO _x -air runs
A-5	OTC-210	
A-6	OTC-233	
A-7	OTC-236	
A-8	OTC-244	
A-9	OTC-251	
A-10	ITC-864	Tracer-NO _x -air runs , with formaldehyde
A-11	OTC-235	added at t = 2 hours.
A-12	ITC-863	Tracer-NO _x -air runs , with methanol
A-13	ITC-887	added at t = 2 hours.
ITC surrogate-NO _x -air runs:		
A-14	ITC-865	15-B
A-15	ITC-891	15-B
A-16	ITC-867	15-MF
A-17	ITC-888	15-M
A-18	ITC-868	15-BL
A-19	ITC-871	6-B
A-20	ITC-872	6-MF
A-21	ITC-877	6-MF
A-22	ITC-874	6-M
A-23	ITC-873	6-BL
A-24	ITC-880	3-B
A-25	ITC-881	3-MF
A-26	ITC-886	3-M
A-27	ITC-885	3-BL
OTC Surrogate-NO _x -air runs.		
A-28	OTC-241	13-B-MF
A-29	OTC-224	13-M-B

(continued)

Table A-1 (concluded) - 2

Figure	Run	Type of Run
A-30	OTC-215	10-B-MF
A-31	OTC-249	10-B-MF
A-32	OTC-243	10-B-MF
A-33	OTC-217	10-M-B
A-34	OTC-237	10-B-M
A-35	OTC-222	10-M-MF
A-36	OTC-223	10-B-BL
A-37	OTC-238	10-BL-MF
A-38	OTC-214	10-MF-MF (side equivalency test)
A-39	OTC-250	10-MF-MF (side equivalency test)
A-40	OTC-221	7-MF-B
A-41	OTC-248	7-B-MF
A-42	OTC-242	7-M-B
A-43	OTC-219	7-MF-M (not modeled)
A-44	OTC-239	7-MF-M
A-45	OTC-230	7-B-BL
A-46	OTC-229	7-M-BL
A-47	OTC-226	7-B-B (side equivalency test)
A-48	OTC-228	5-B-MF
A-49	OTC-225	5-B-MF (not modeled)
A-50	OTC-240	5-M-B
A-51	OTC-231	5-X-MF (not modeled)

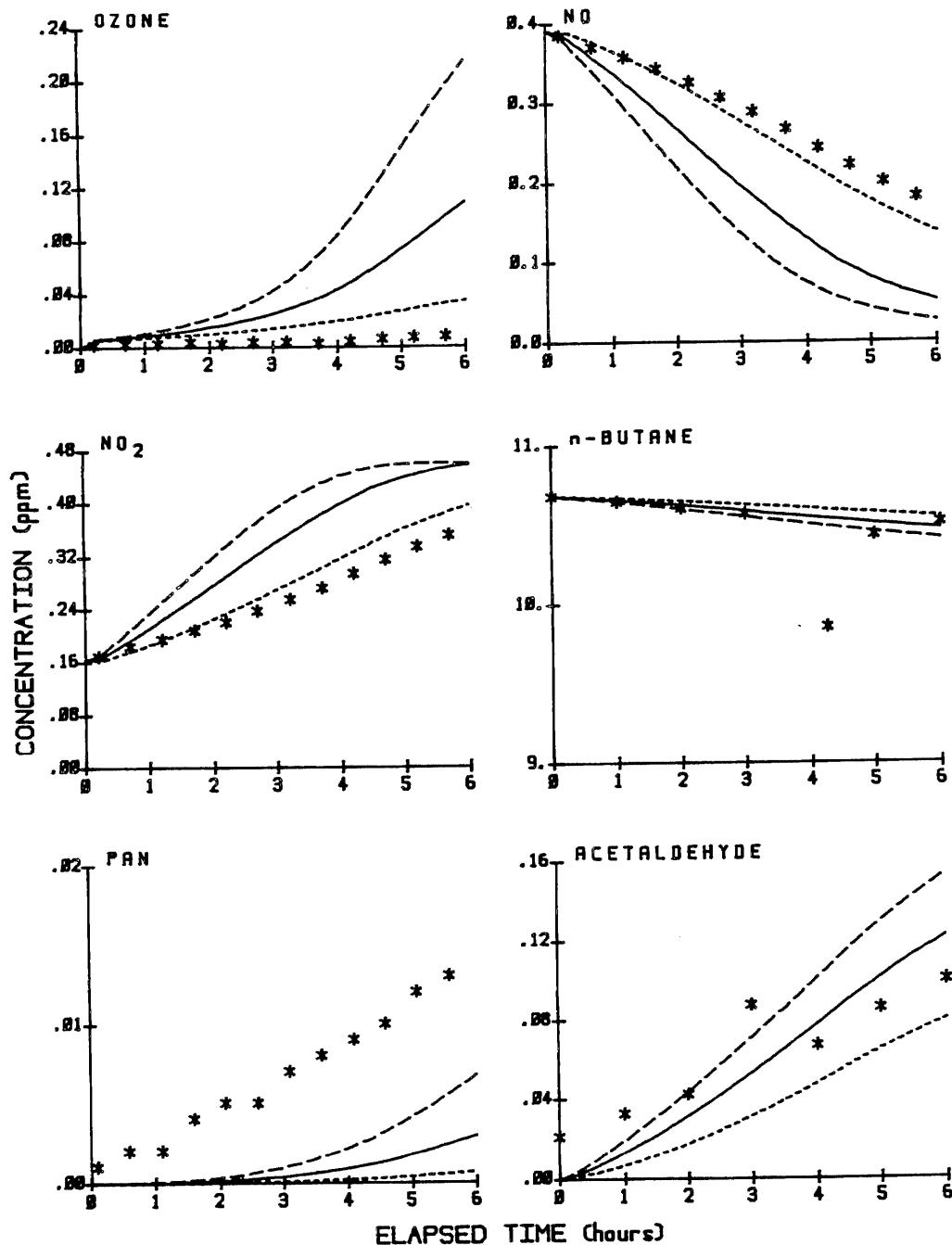


Figure A-1. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the n-butane- NO_x -air run OTC-211.

- * = experimental data
- = model calculation, $k_{RS} = 0.1$ ppb
- = model calculation, $k_{RS} = 0.2$ ppb
- - - = model calculation, $k_{RS} = 0.3$ ppb

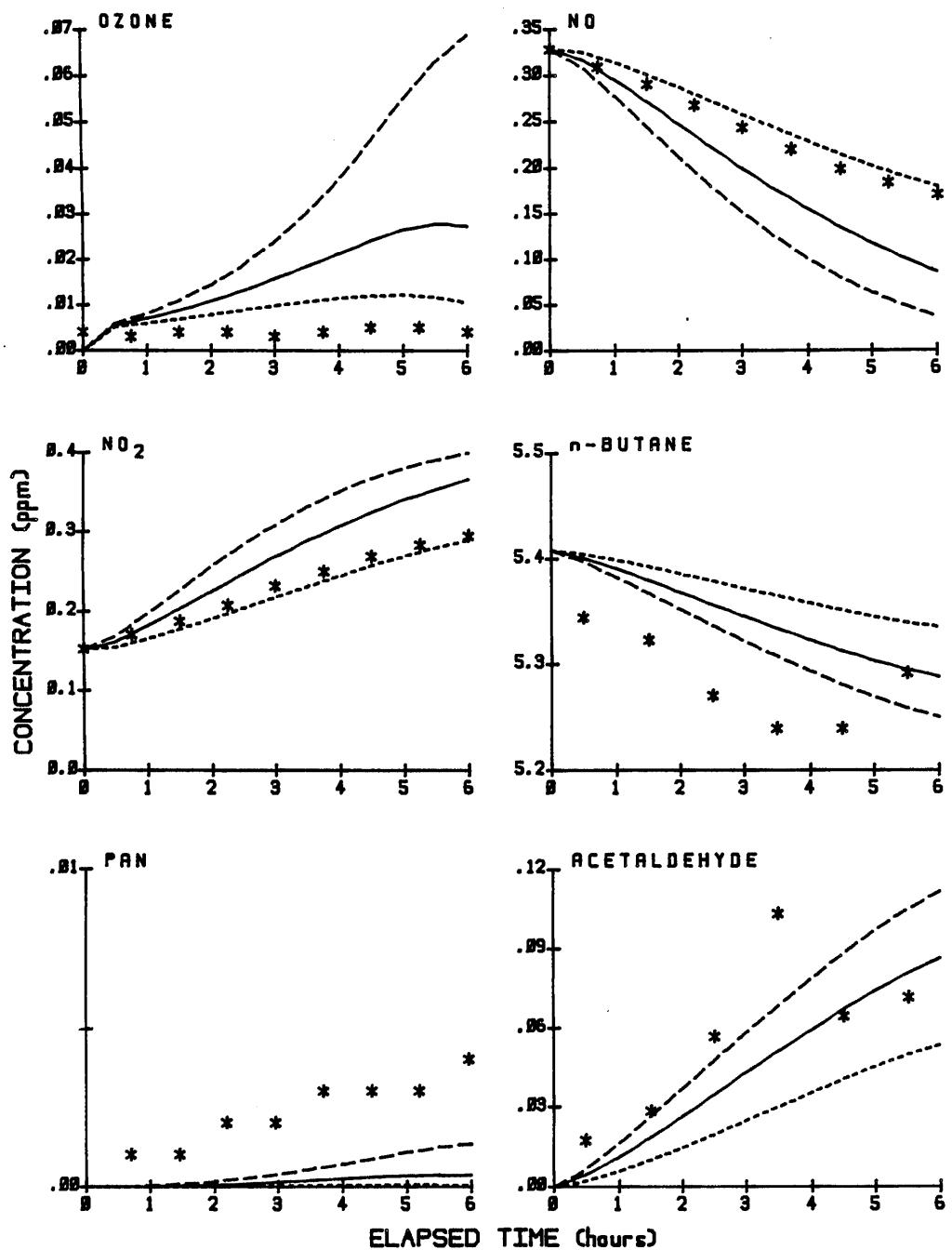


Figure A-2. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the n-butane- NO_x -air run OTC-246.

- * = experimental data, side A
- X = experimental data, side B
- = model calculation, $k_{RS} = 0.1$ ppb
- _____ = model calculation, $k_{RS} = 0.2$ ppb
- - - = model calculation, $k_{RS} = 0.3$ ppb

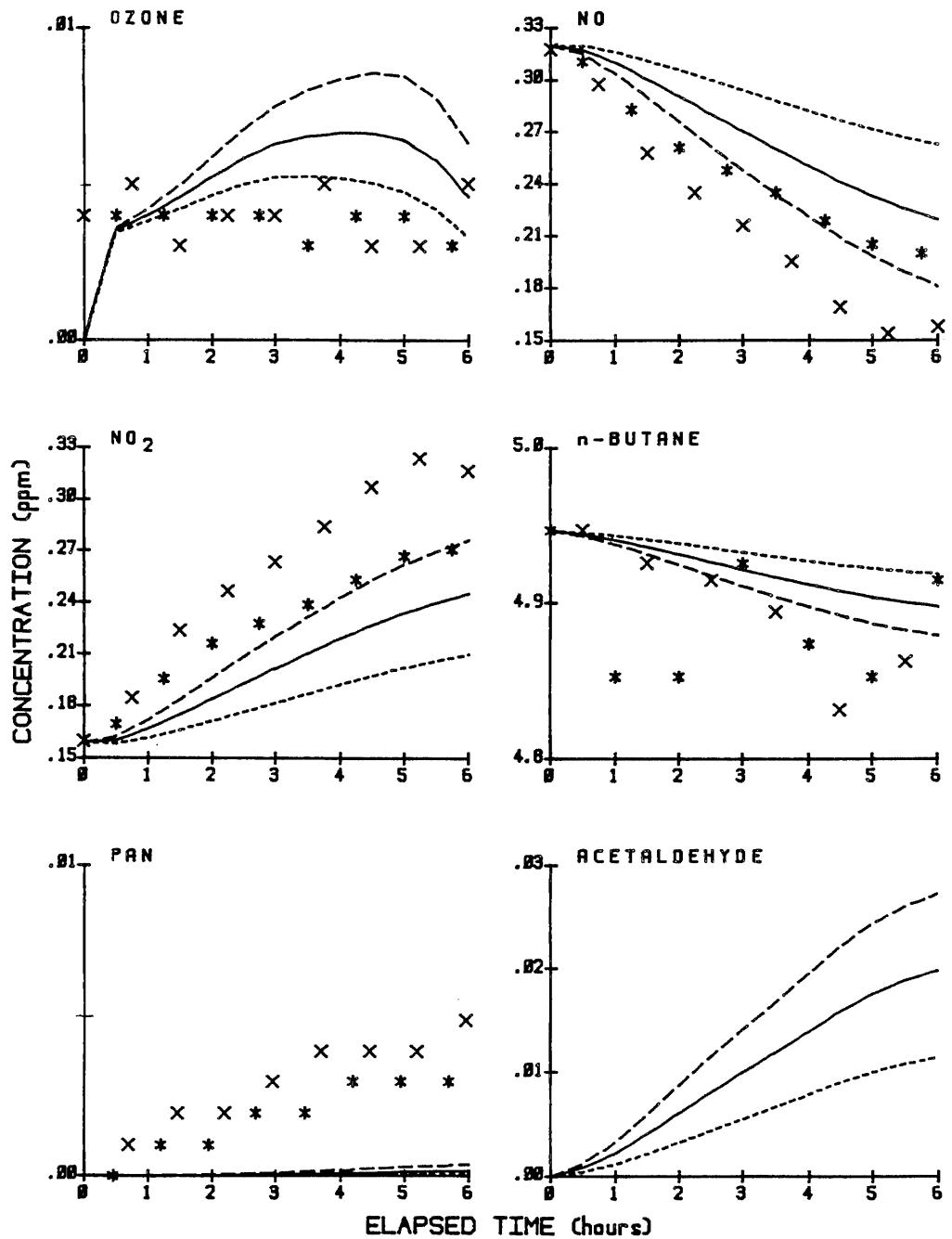


Figure A-3. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the n-butane- NO_x -air run OTC-252.

- * = experimental data, side A
- X = experimental data, side B
- = model calculation, $k_{RS} = 0.1$ ppb
- = model calculation, $k_{RS} = 0.2$ ppb
- - - = model calculation, $k_{RS} = 0.3$ ppb

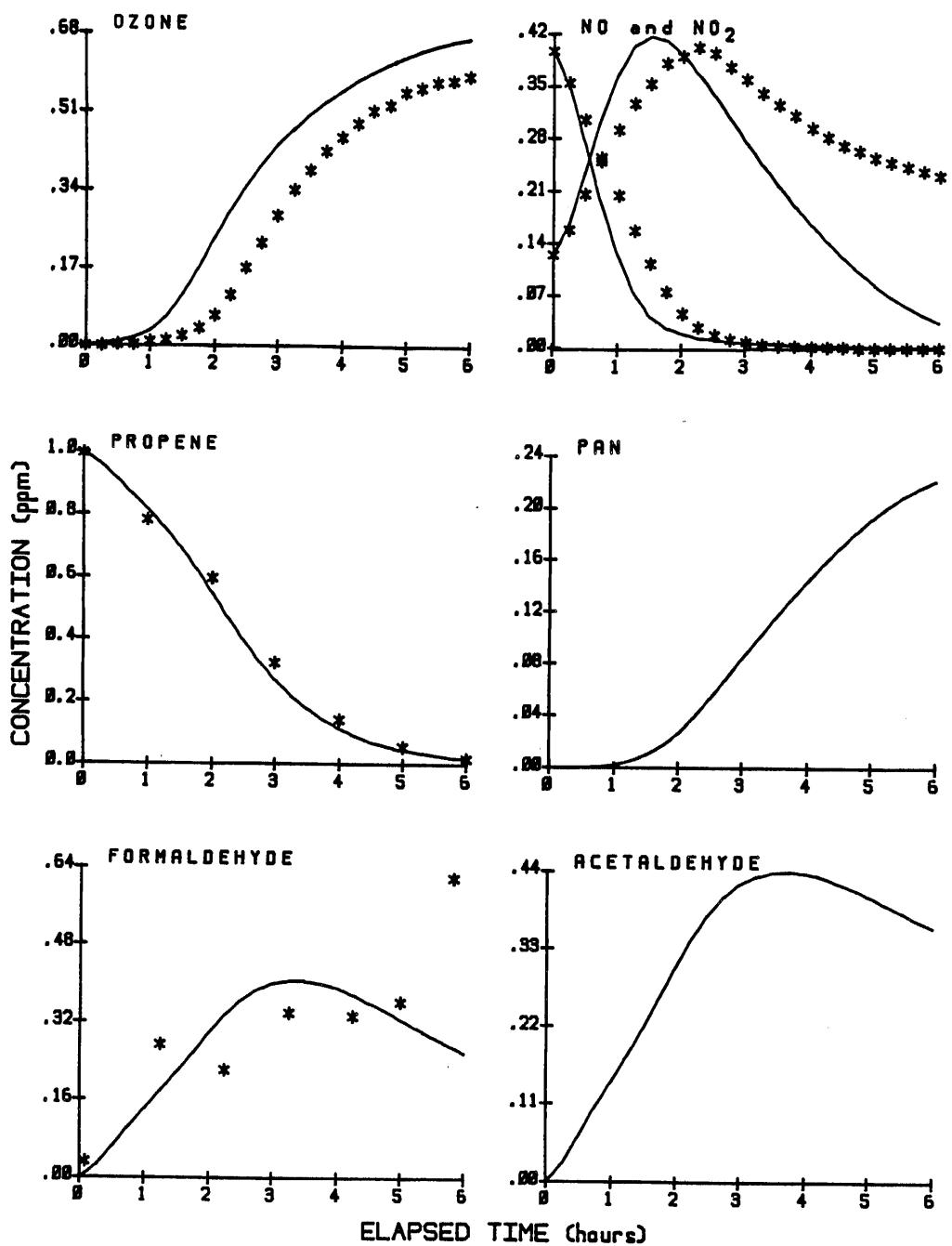


Figure A-4. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the propene- NO_x -air run ITC-860.

* = experimental data
— = model calculation

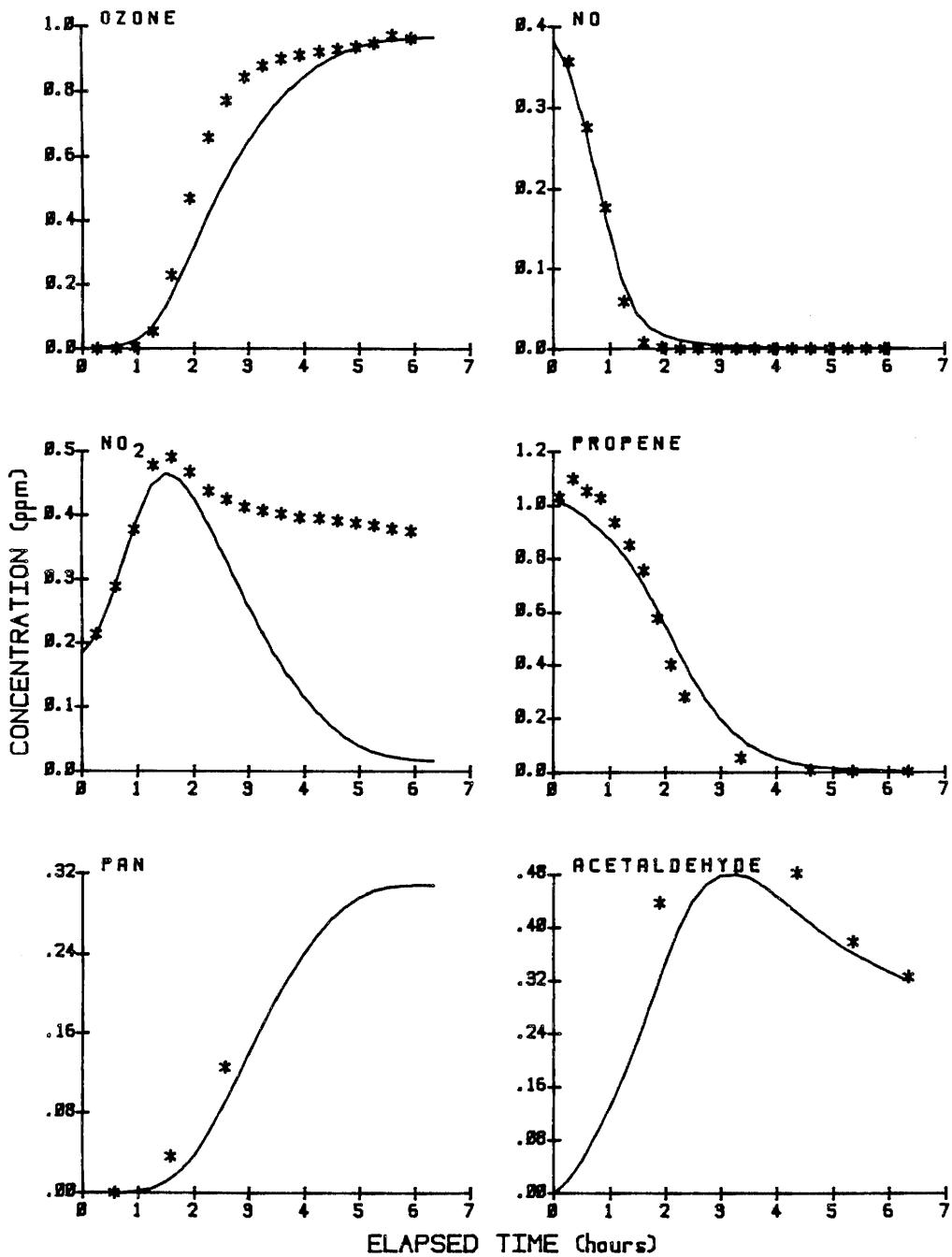


Figure A-5. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the propene- NO_x -air run OTC-210.

* = experimental data
 — = model calculation

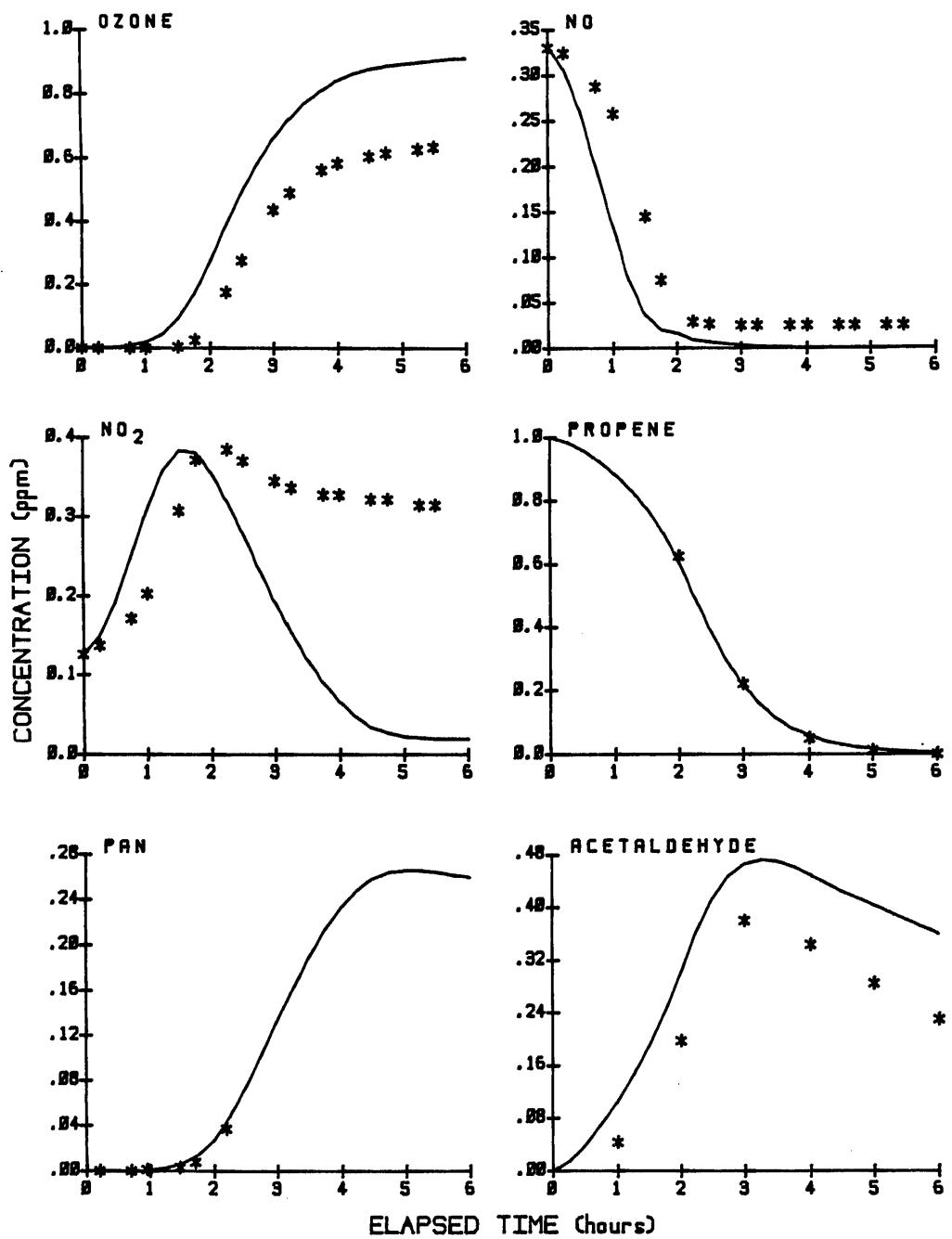


Figure A-6. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the propene- NO_x -air run OTC-233.

* = experimental data
 — = model calculation

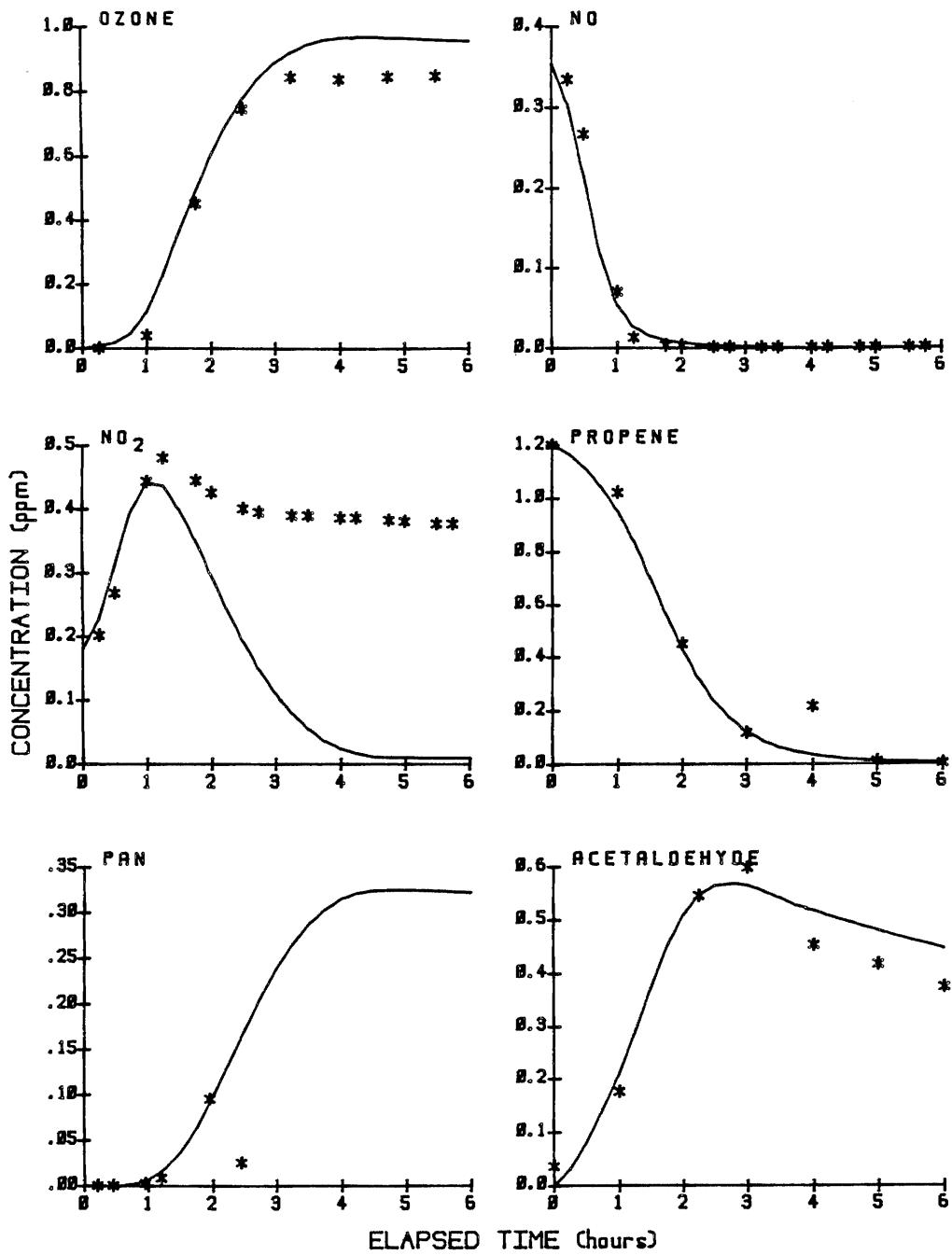


Figure A-7. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the propene- NO_x -air run OTC-236.

* = experimental data
— = model calculation

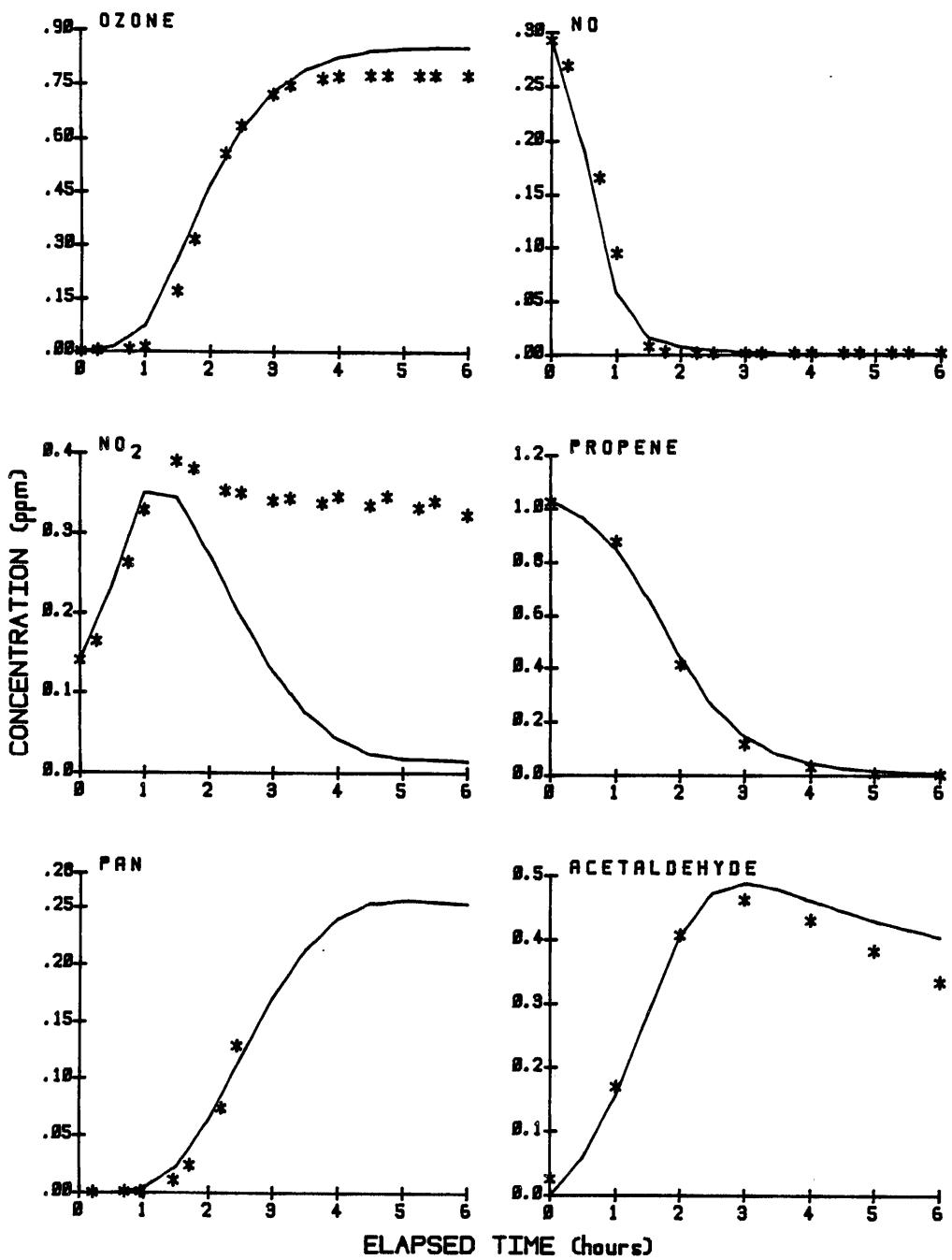


Figure A-8. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the propene- NO_x -air run OTC-244.

* = experimental data
— = model calculation

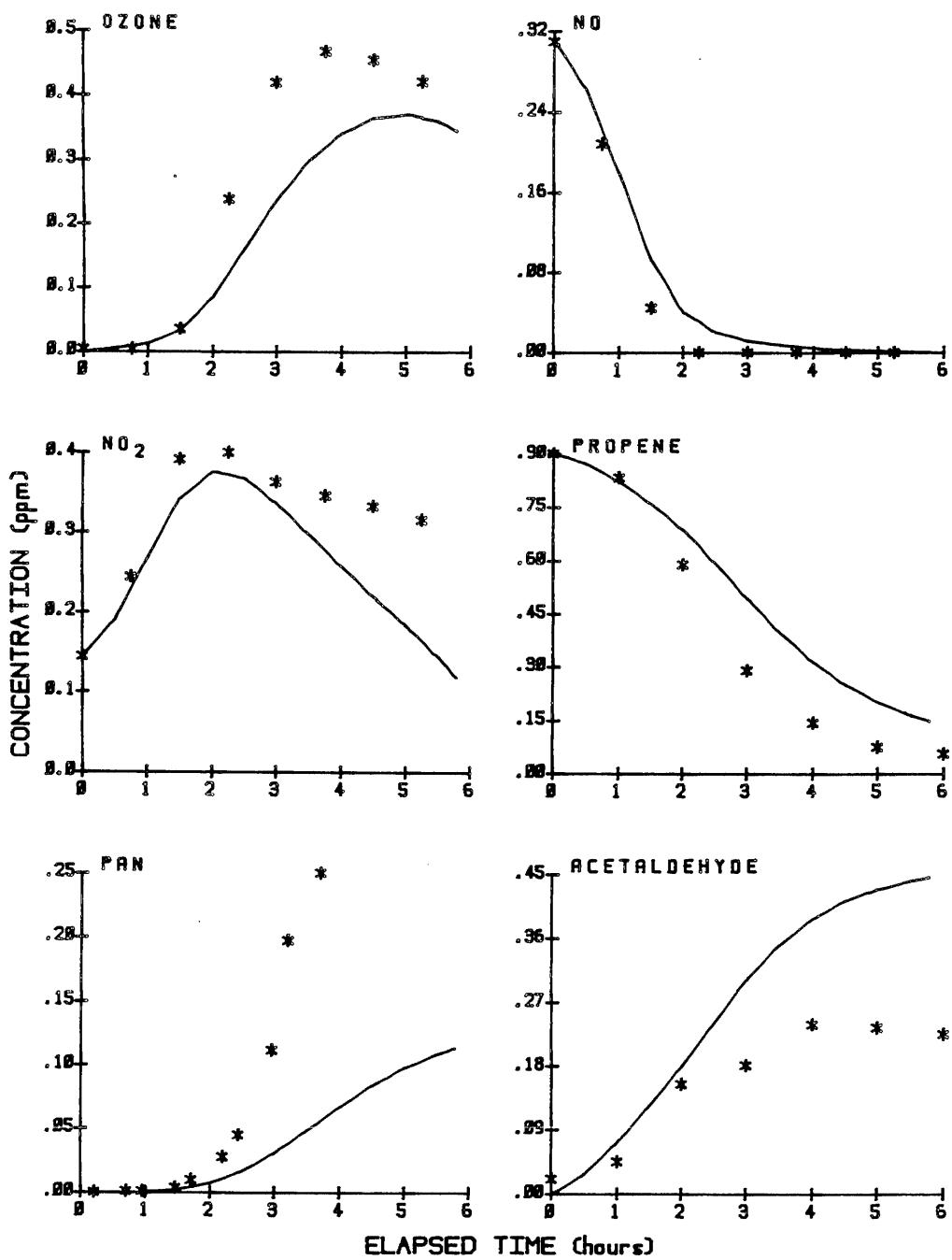


Figure A-9. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the propene- NO_x -air run OTC-251.

* = experimental data
— = model calculation

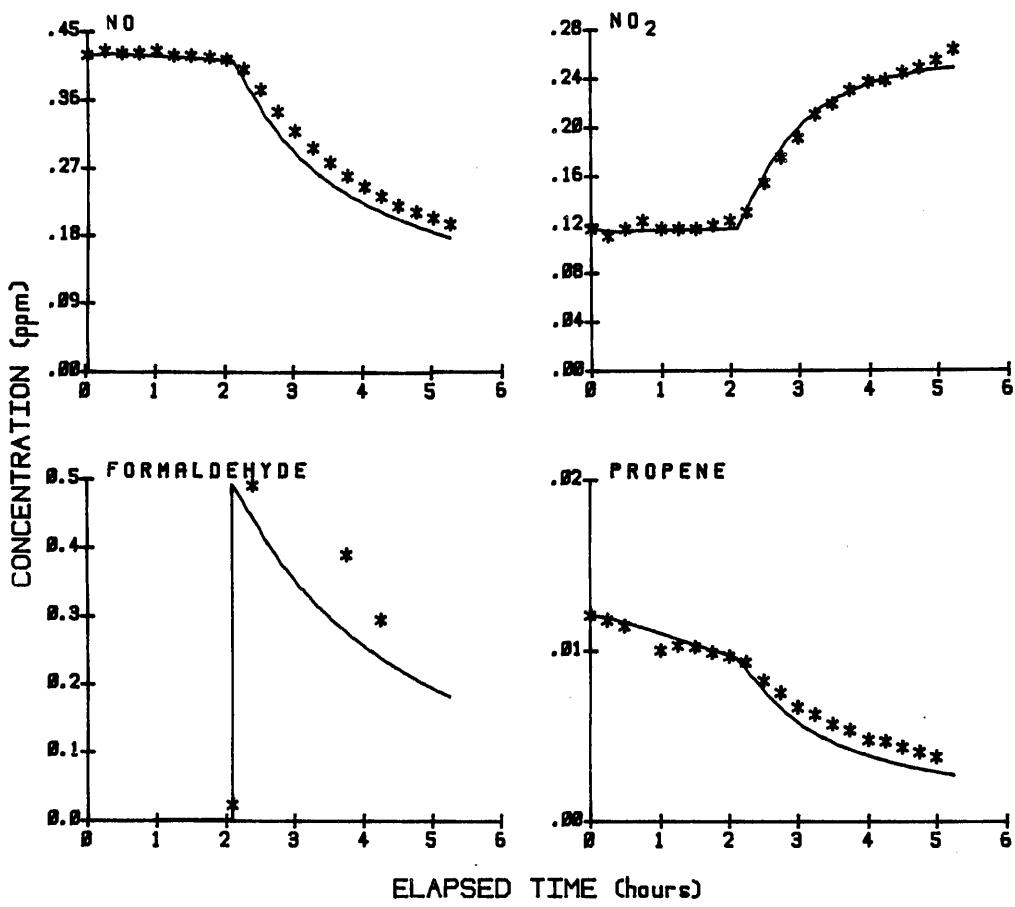


Figure A-10. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the tracer- NO_x -air, with added formaldehyde, run ITC-864.

* = experimental data
 — = model calculation

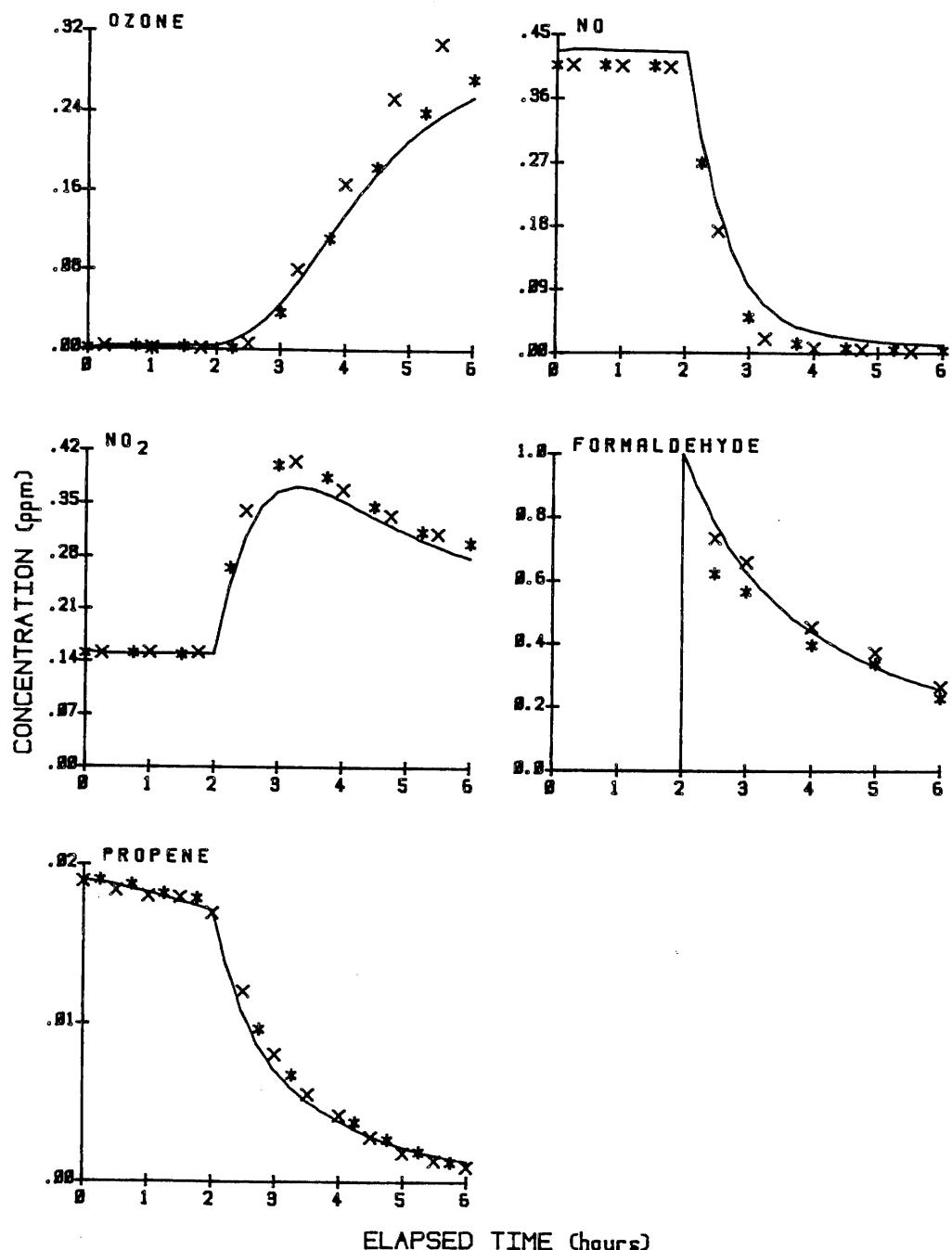


Figure A-11. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the tracer- NO_x -air, with added formaldehyde, run OTC-235.

- * = experimental data, side A
- X = experimental data, side B
- = model calculation

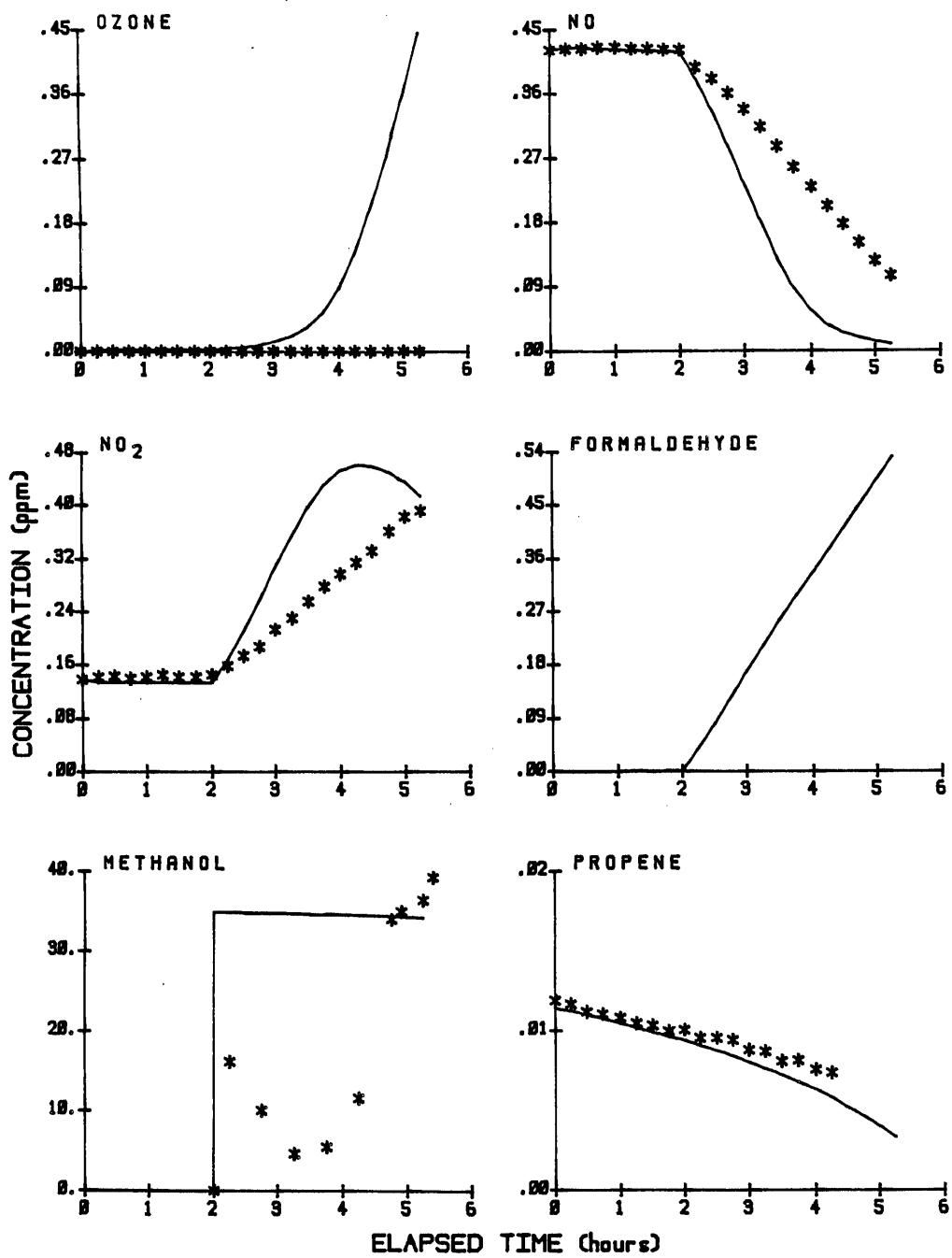


Figure A-12. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the tracer- NO_x -air, with added methanol, run ITC-863.

* = experimental data
 — = model calculation

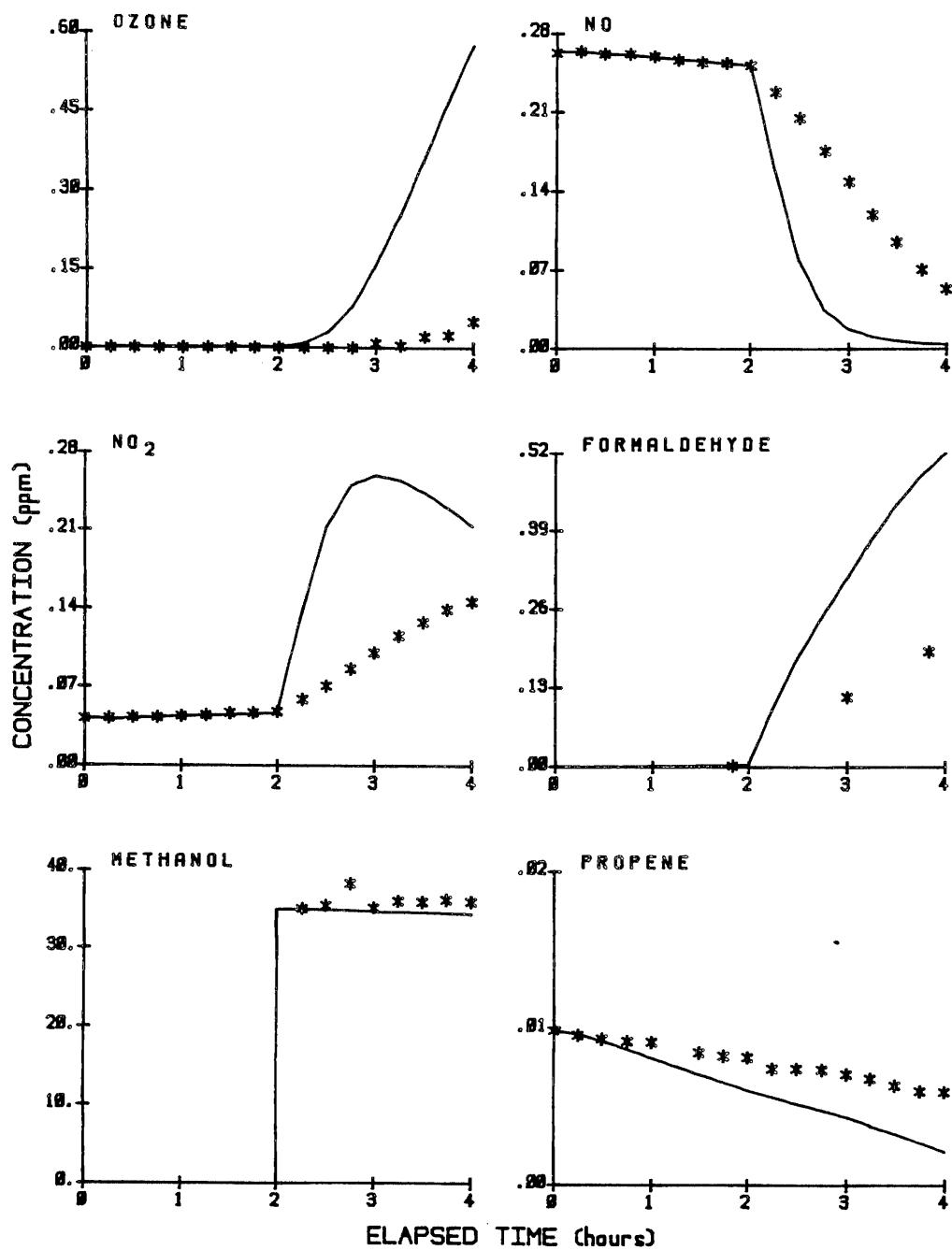


Figure A-13. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the tracer- NO_x -air, with added methanol, run ITC-887.

* = experimental data
— = model calculation

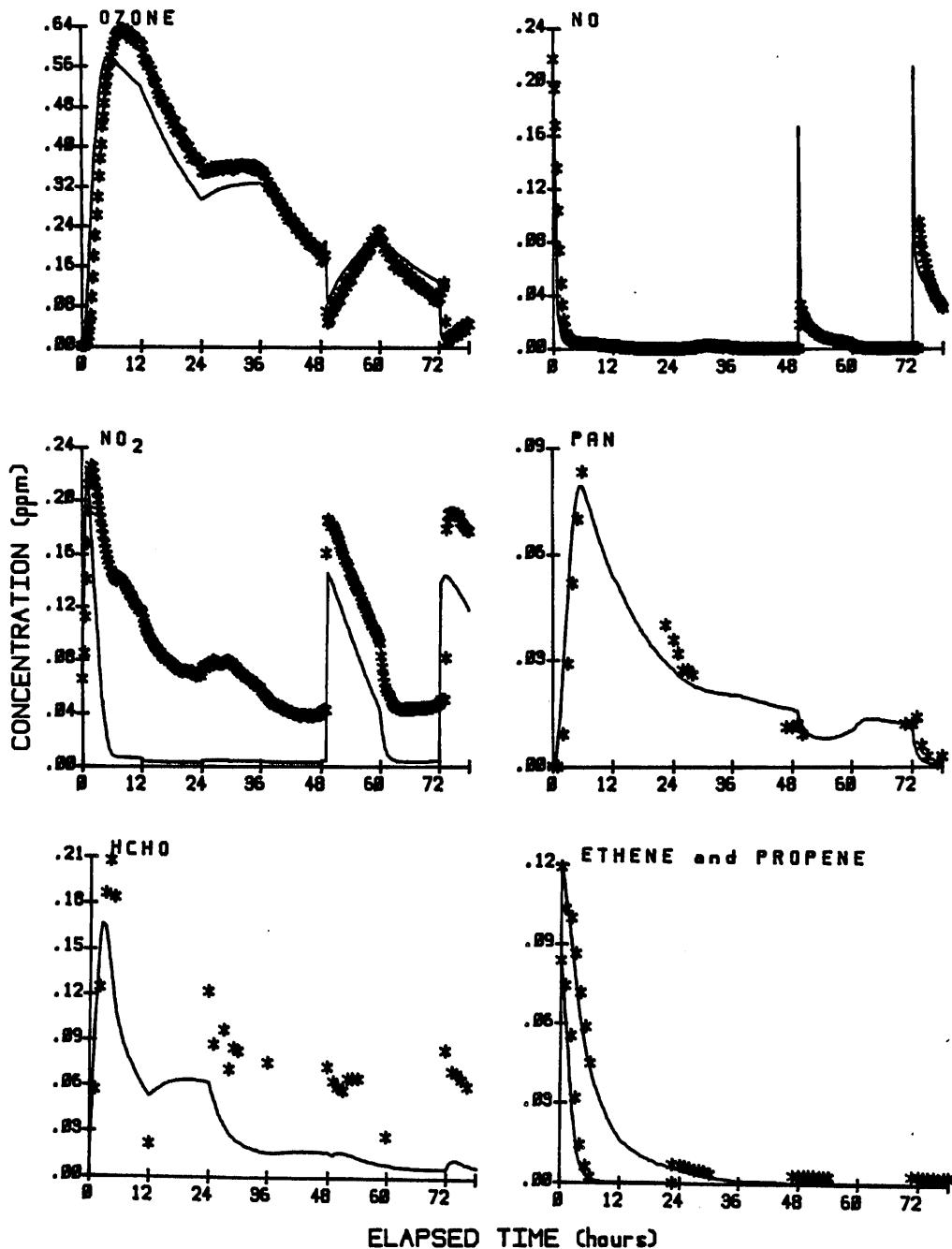


Figure A-14a. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 15-B surrogate- NO_x -air run ITC-865. (Page 1 of 2).

* = experimental data
— = model calculation

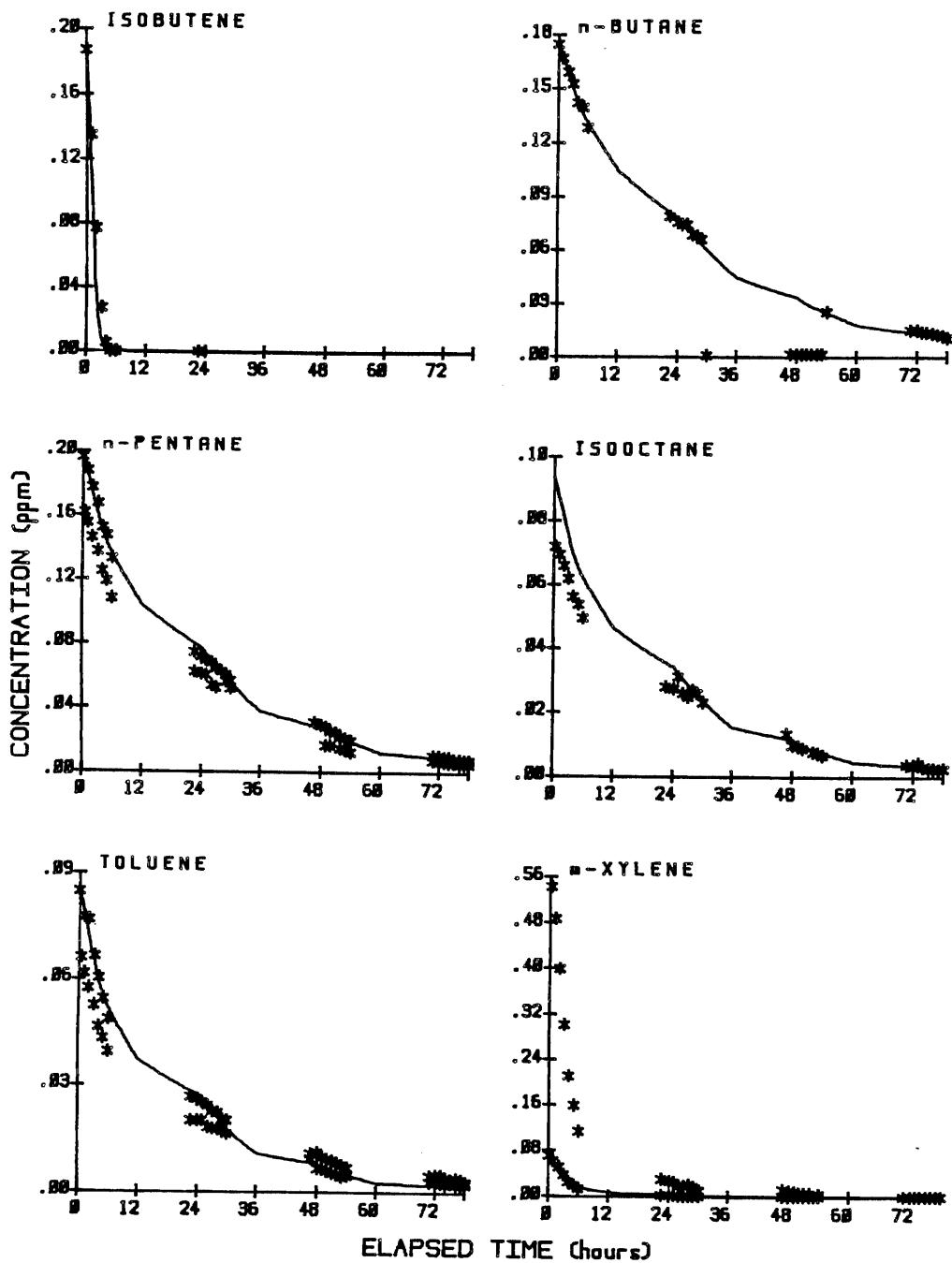


Figure A-14b. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 15-B surrogate- NO_x -air run ITC-865. (Page 2 of 2).

* = experimental data
— = model calculation

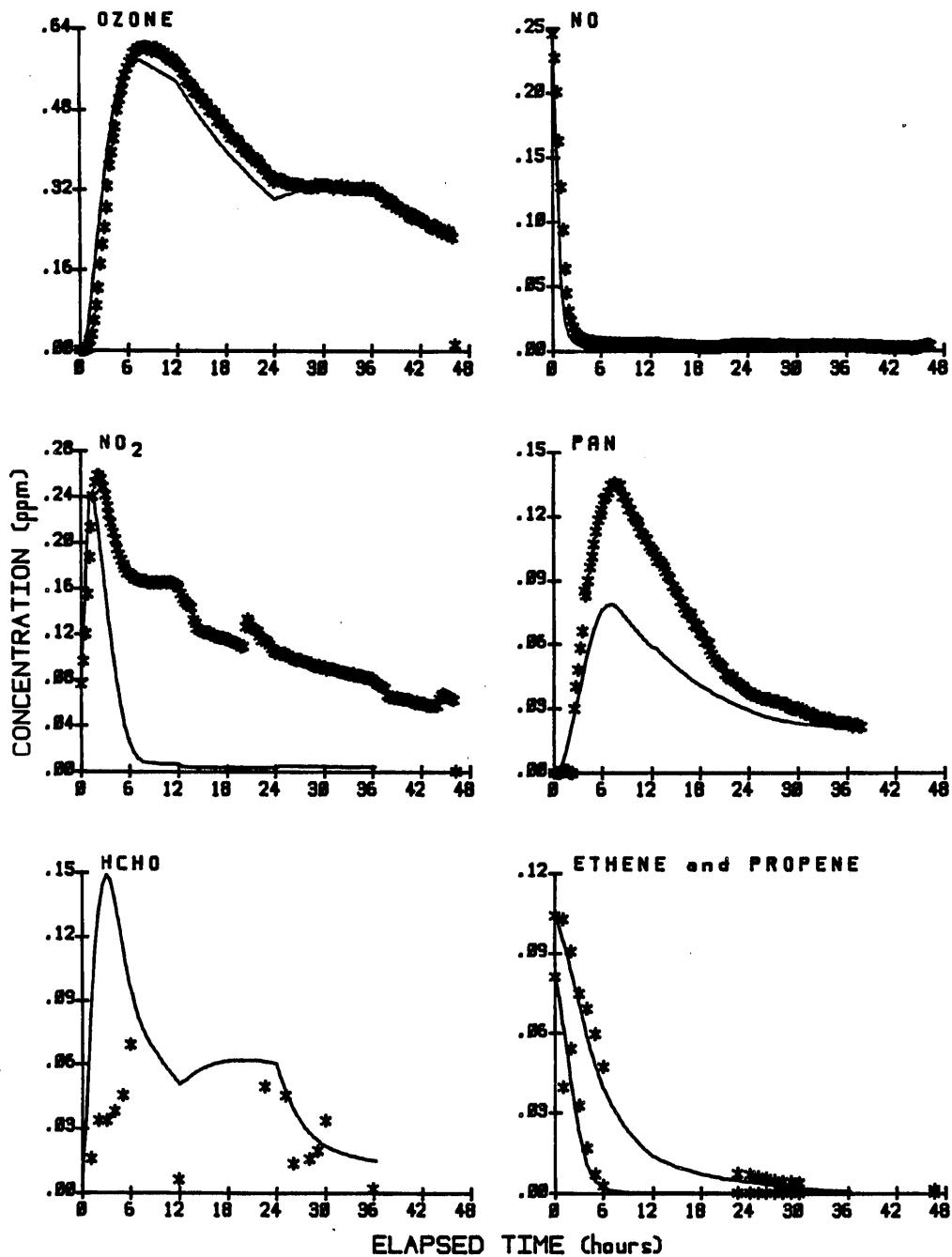


Figure A-15a. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 15-B surrogate- NO_x -air run ITC-891. (Page 1 of 2).

* = experimental data
 — = model calculation

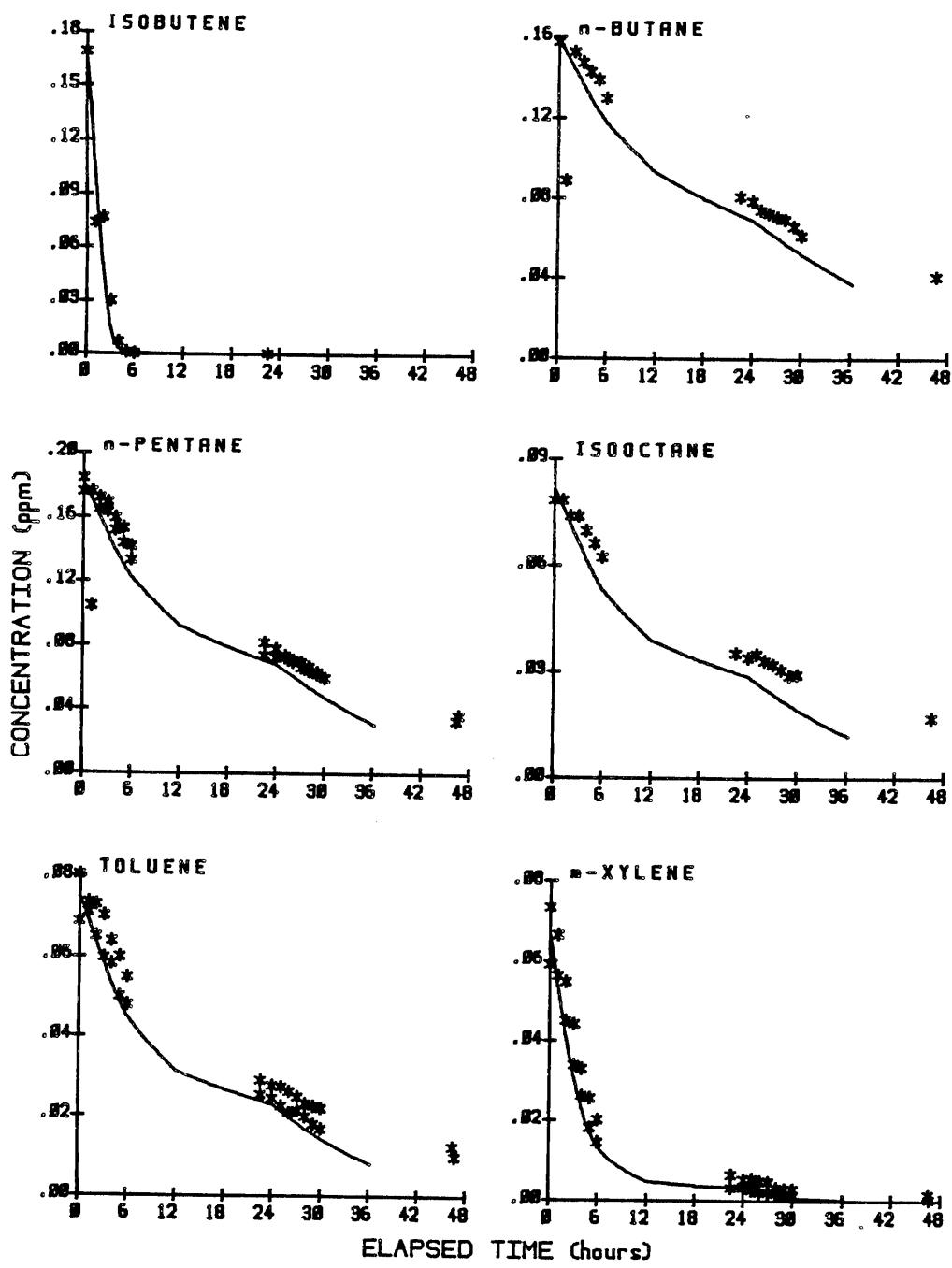


Figure A-15b. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 15-B surrogate- NO_x -air run ITC-891. (Page 2 of 2).

* = experimental data
 — = model calculation

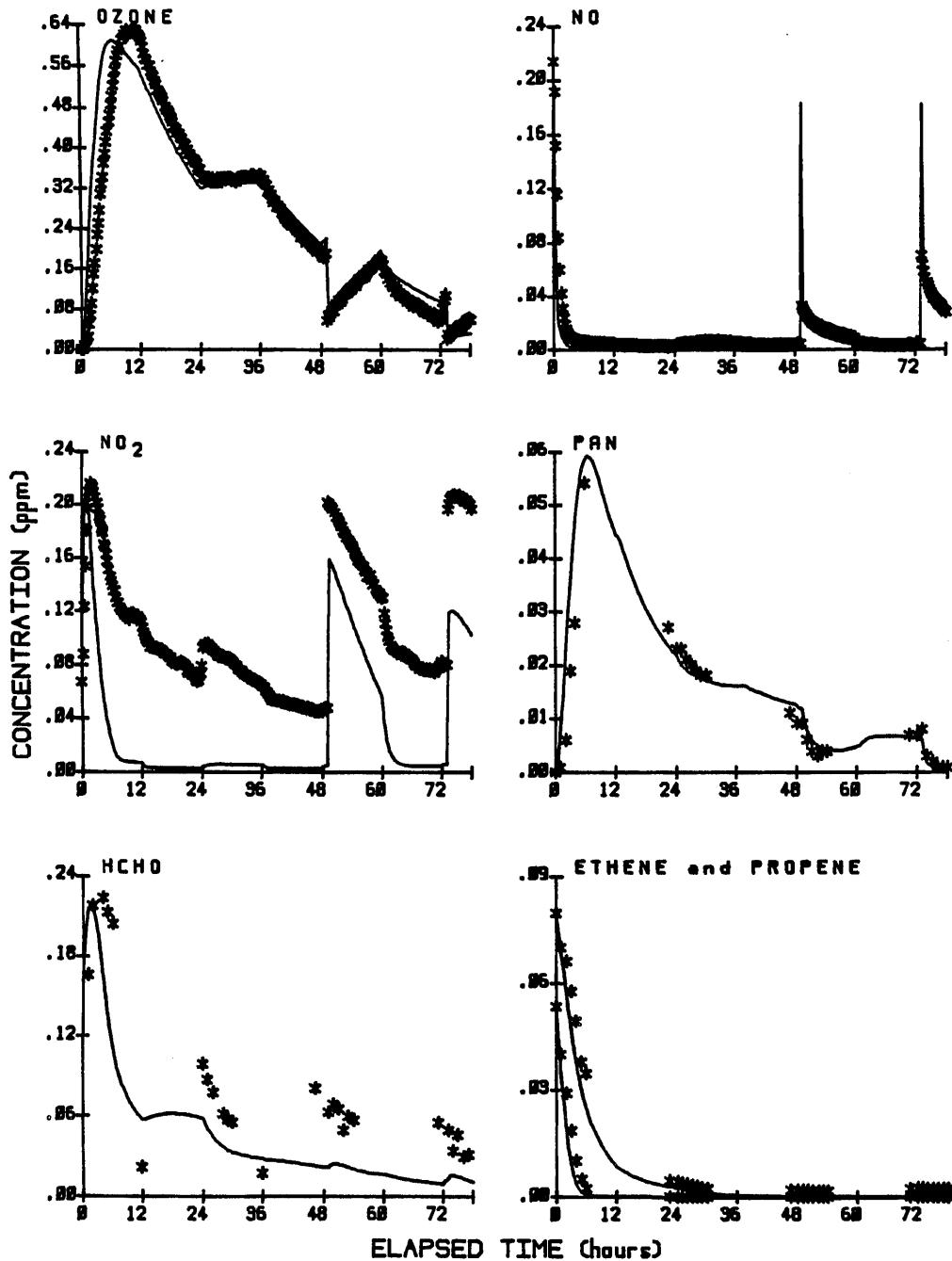


Figure A-16a. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 15-MF surrogate- NO_x -air run ITC-867. (Page 1 of 2).

* = experimental data
— = model calculation

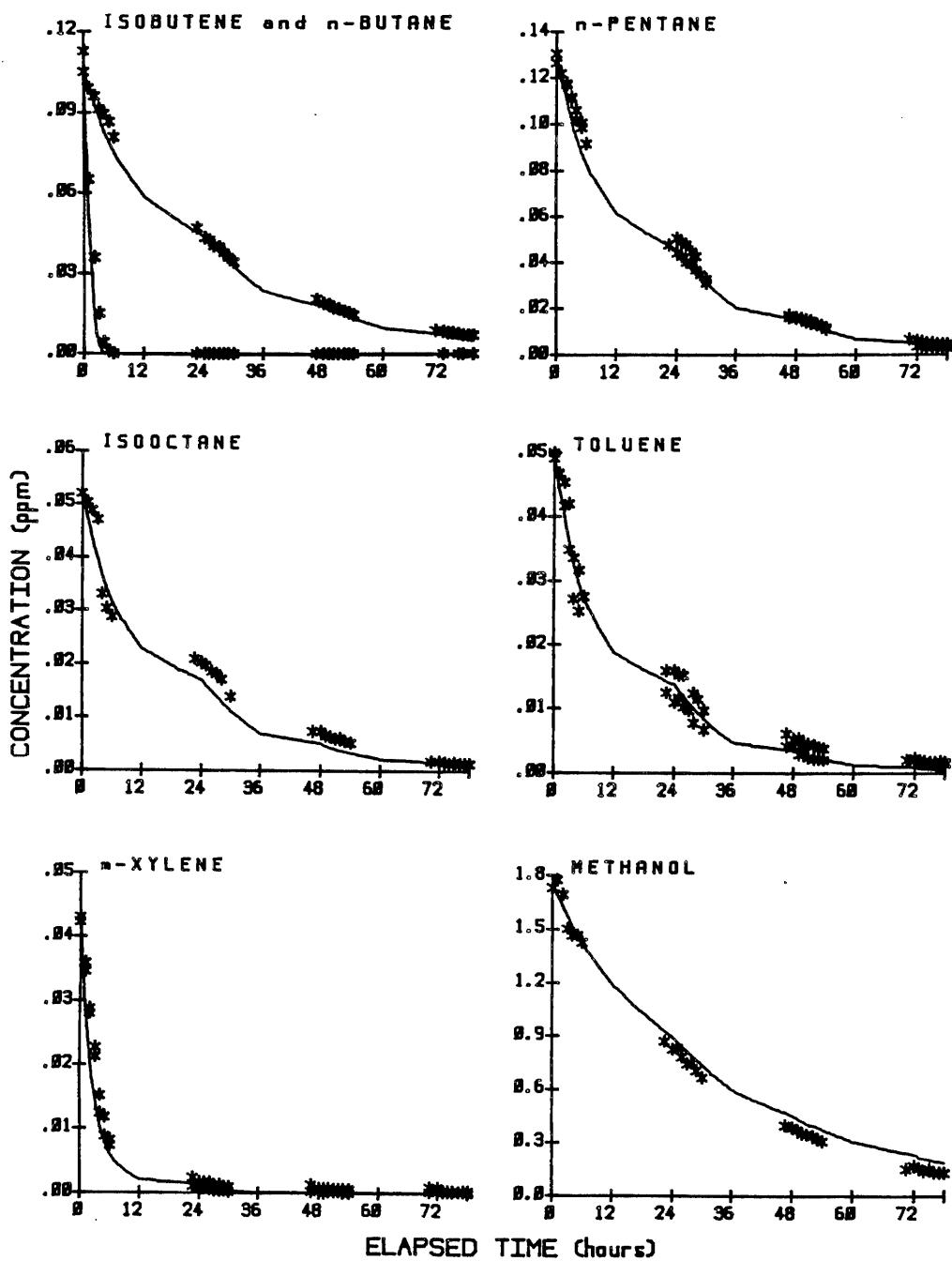


Figure A-16b. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 15-MF surrogate- NO_x -air run ITC-867. (Page 2 of 2).

* = experimental data
— = model calculation

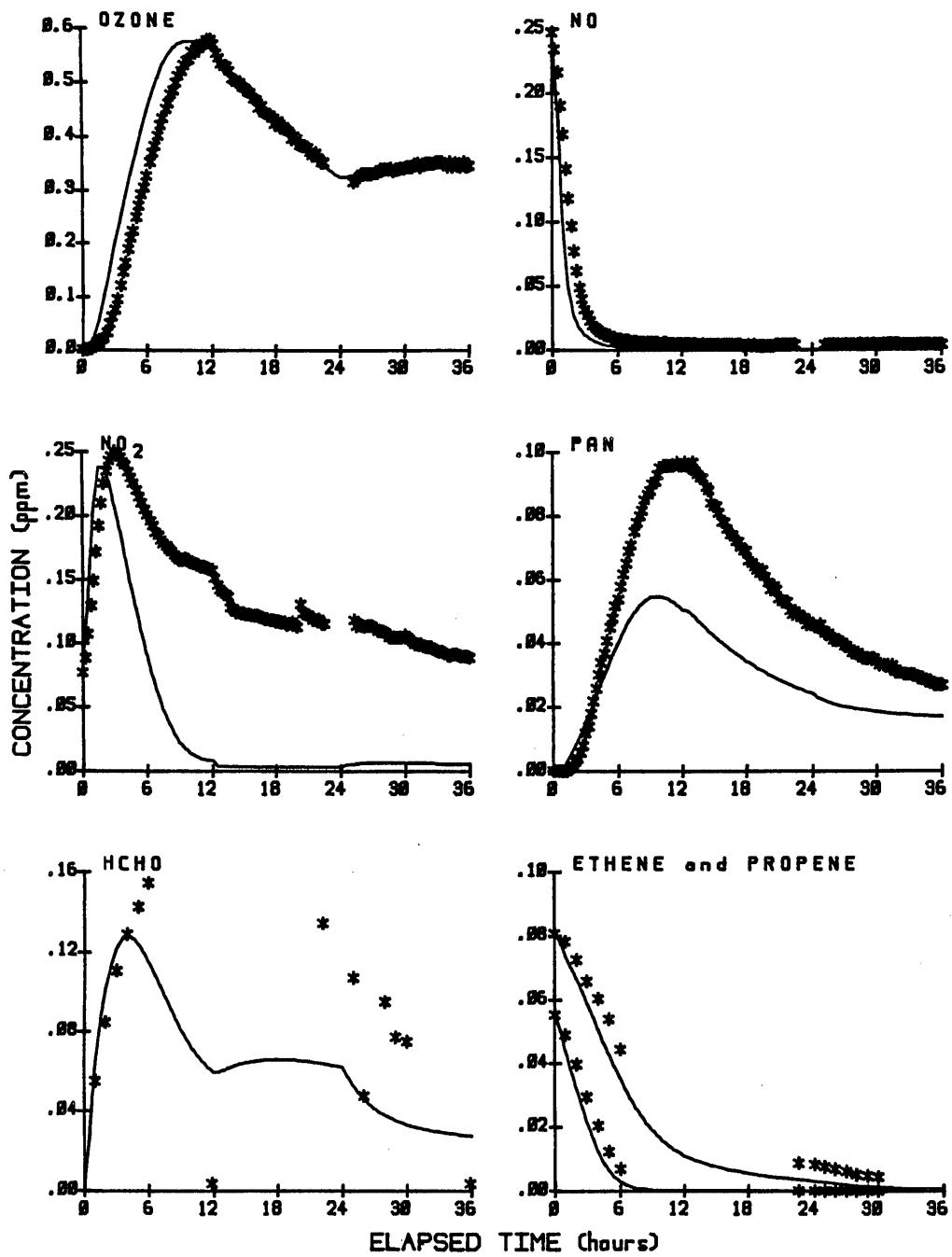


Figure A-17a. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 15-M surrogate- NO_x -air run ITC-888. (Page 1 of 2).

* = experimental data
— = model calculation

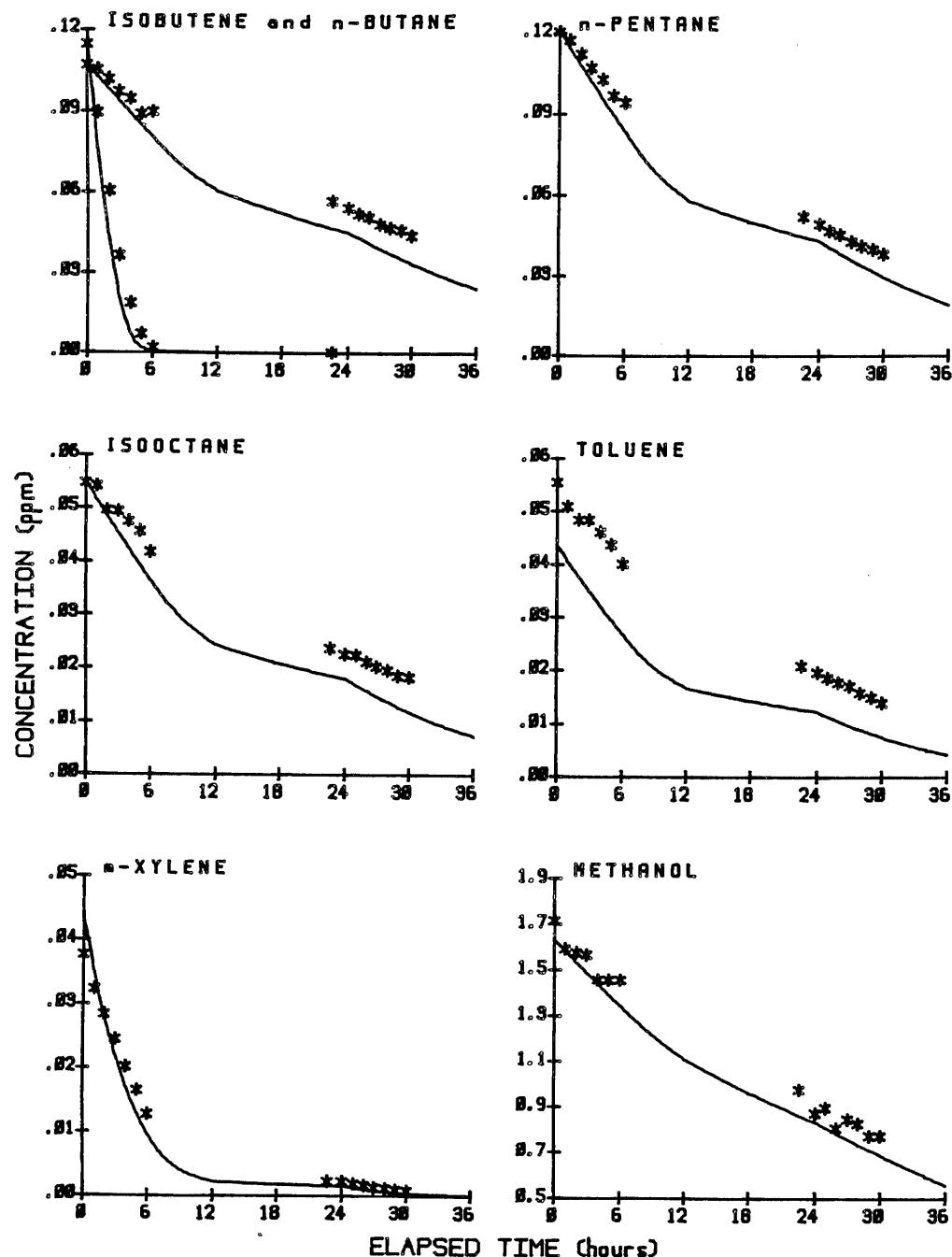


Figure A-17b. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 15-M surrogate- NO_x -air run ITC-888. (Page 2 of 2).

* = experimental data
— = model calculation

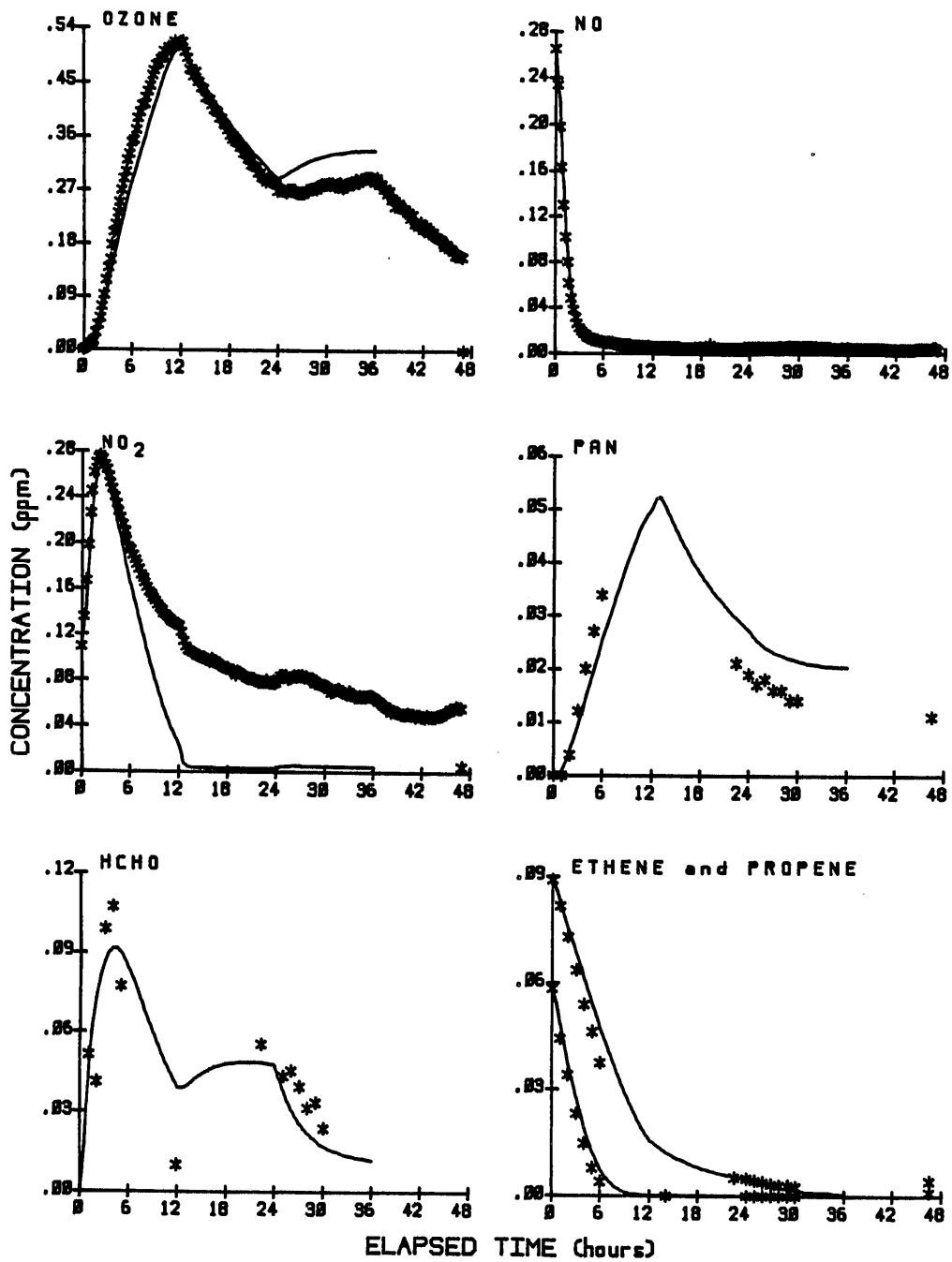


Figure A-18a. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 15-BL surrogate- NO_x -air run ITC-868. (Page 1 of 2).

* = experimental data
— = model calculation

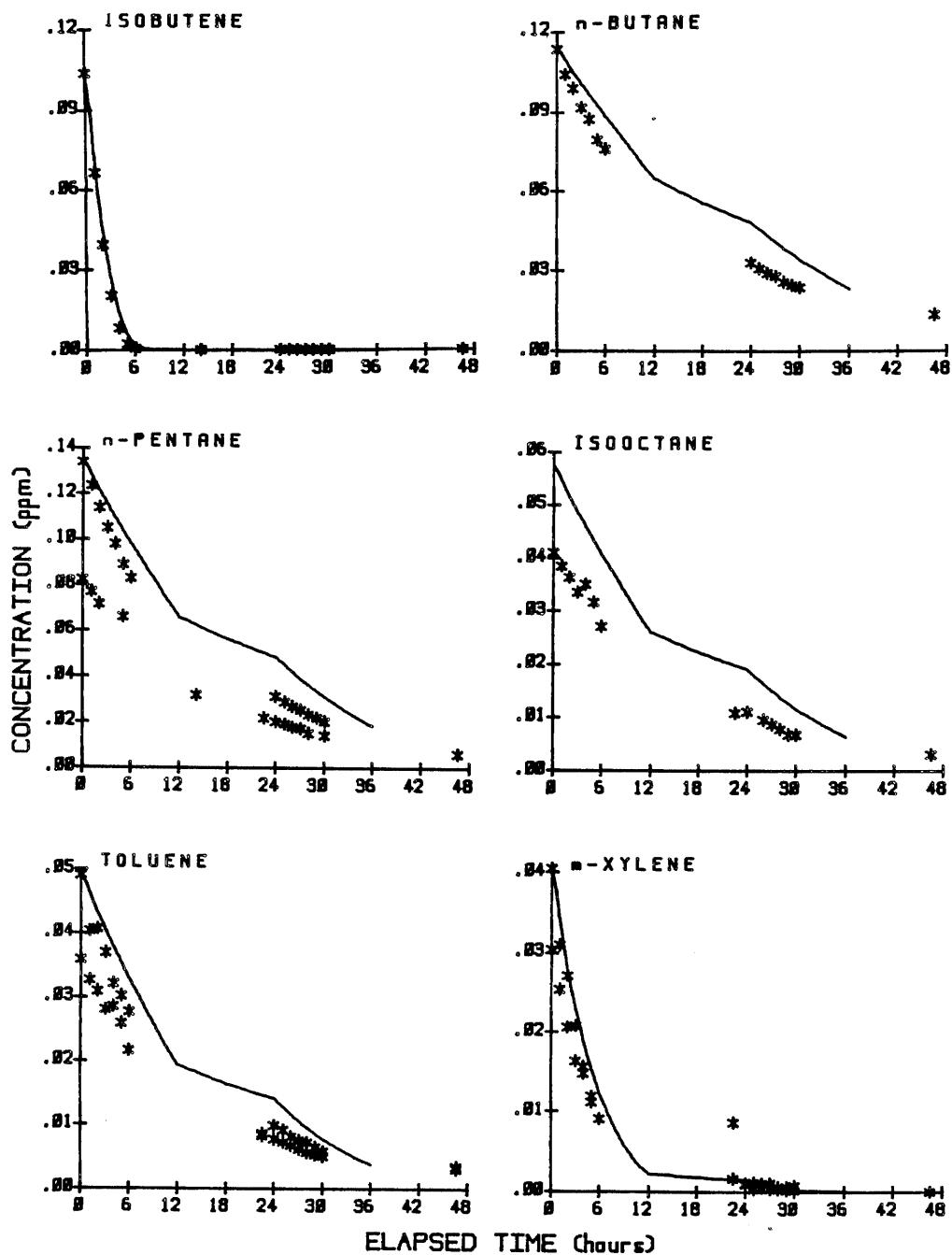


Figure A-18b. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 15-BL surrogate- NO_x -air run ITC-868. (Page 2 of 2).

* = experimental data
— = model calculation

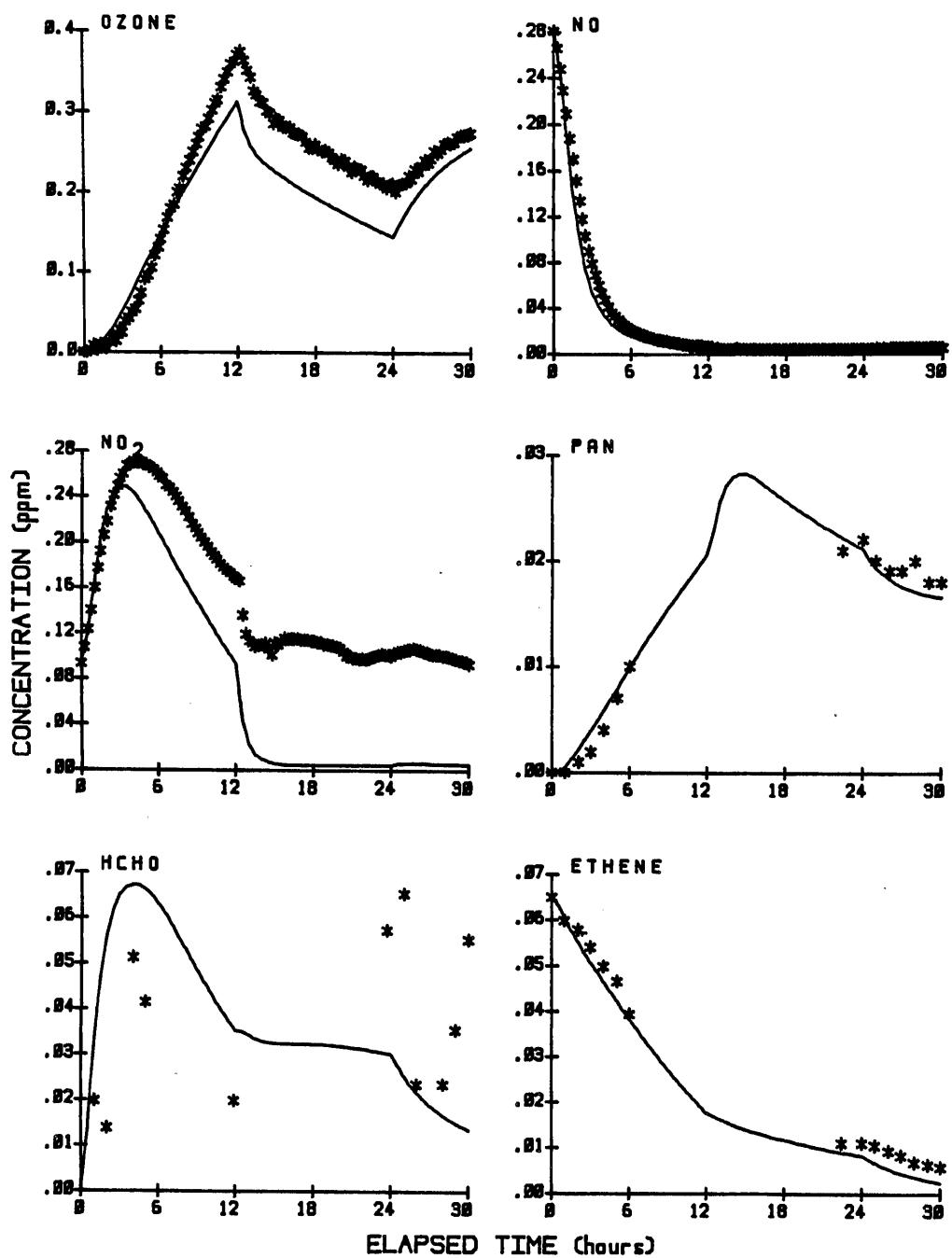


Figure A-19a. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 6-B surrogate- NO_x -air run ITC-871. Page 1 of 2.

* = experimental data
— = model calculation

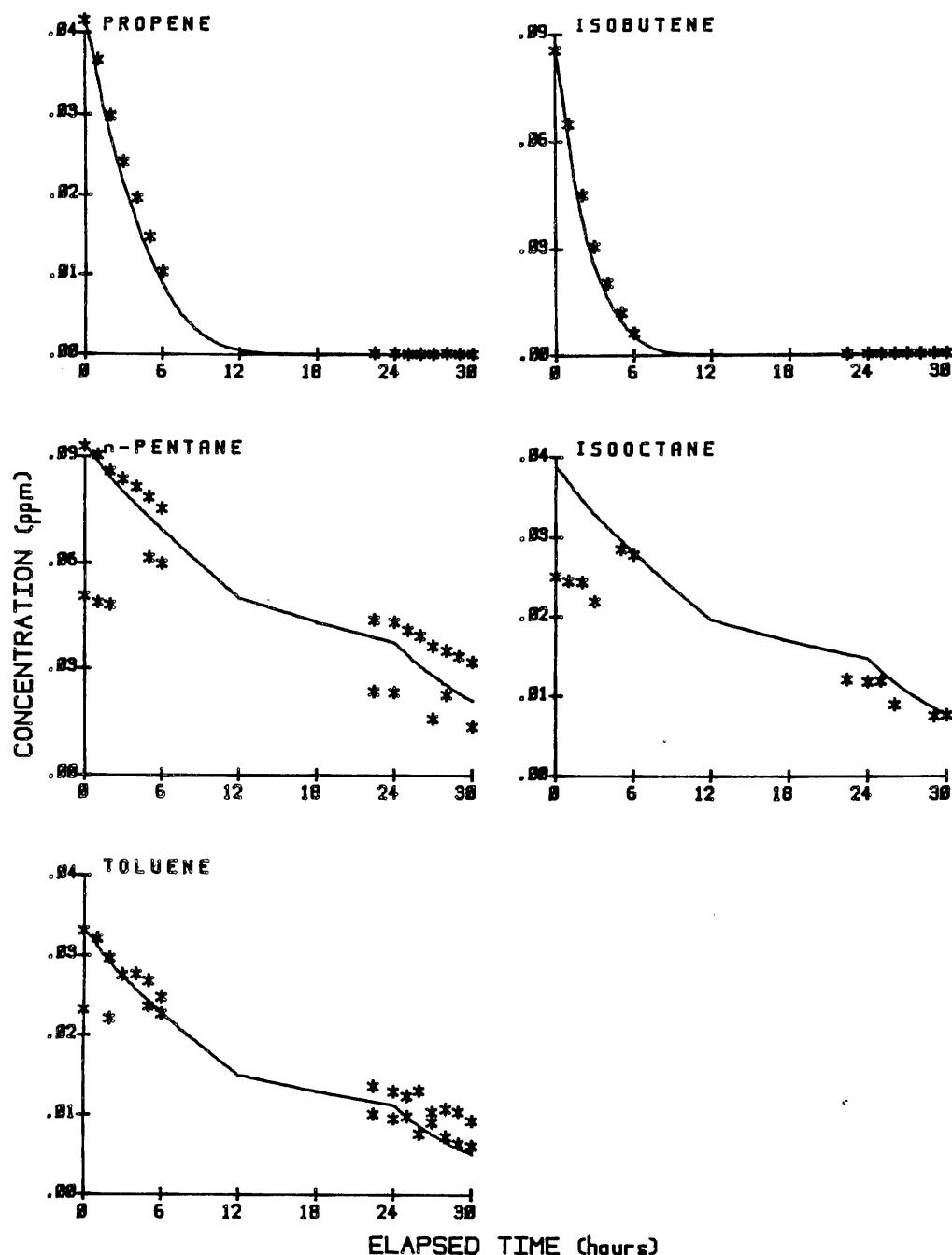


Figure A-19b. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 6-B surrogate- NO_x -air run ITC-871. (Page 2 of 2).

* = experimental data
 — = model calculation

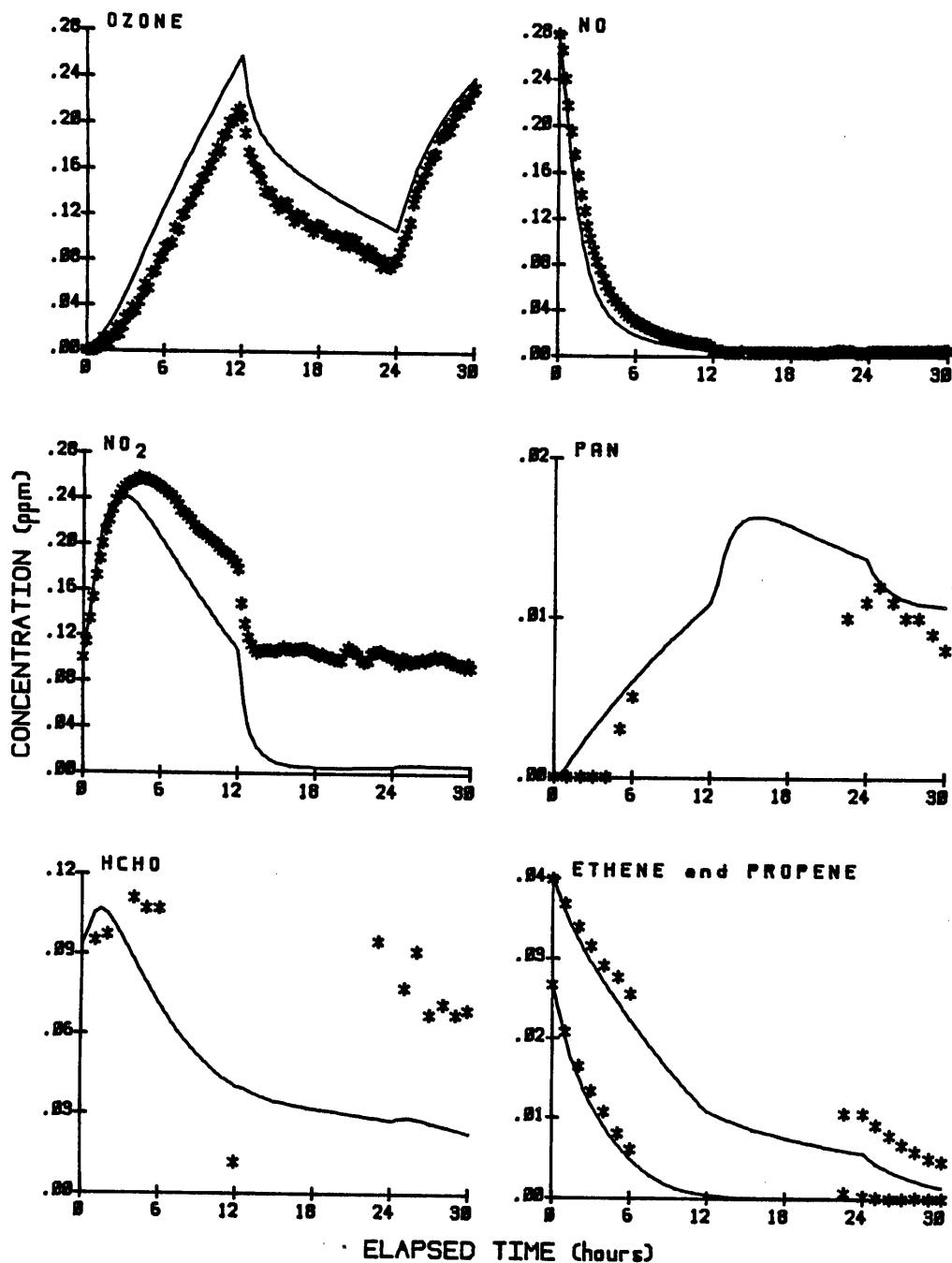


Figure A-20a. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 6-MF surrogate- NO_x -air run ITC-872. (Page 1 of 2).

* = experimental data
 — = model calculation

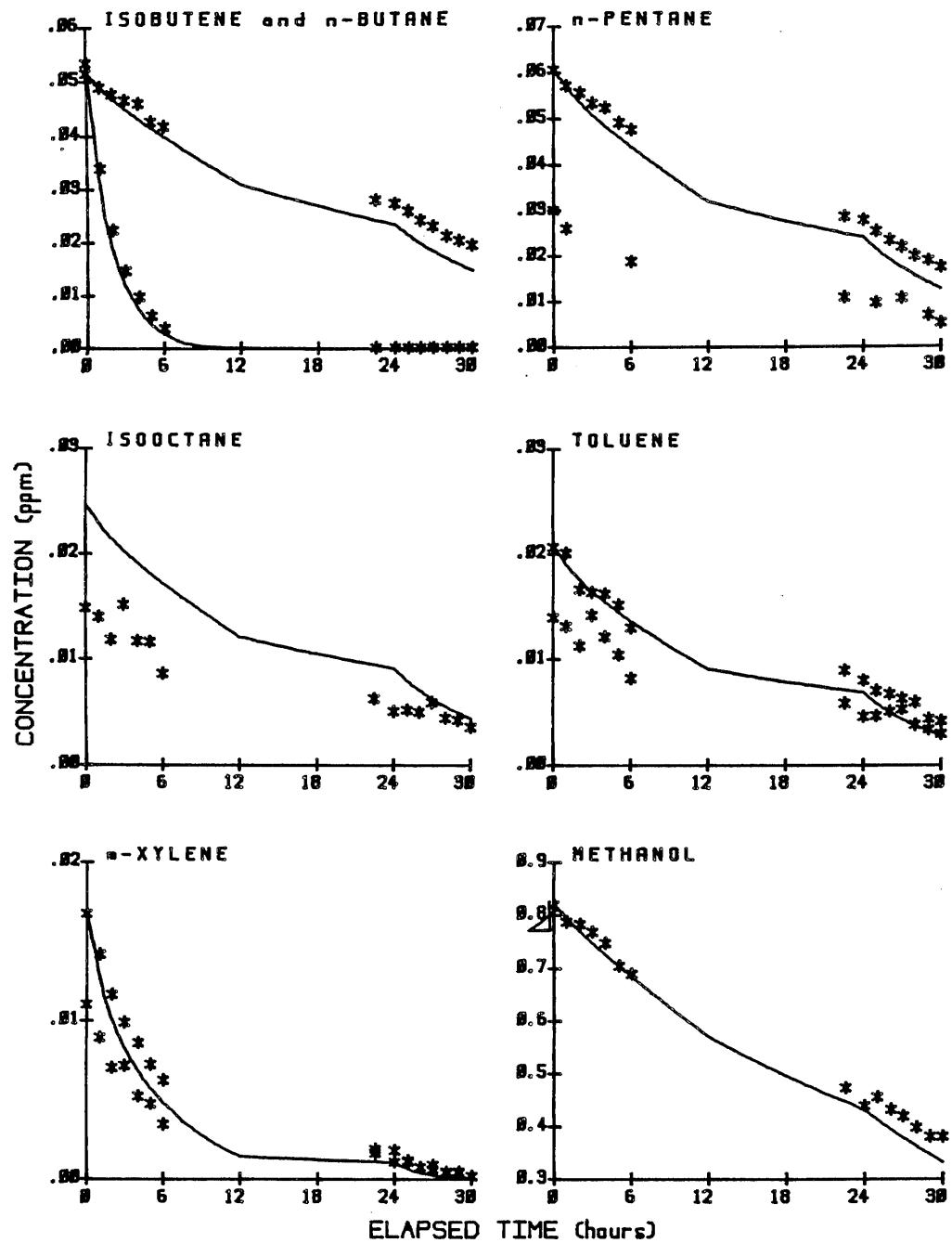


Figure A-20b. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 6-MF surrogate- NO_x -air run ITC-872. (Page 2 of 2).

* = experimental data
 — = model calculation

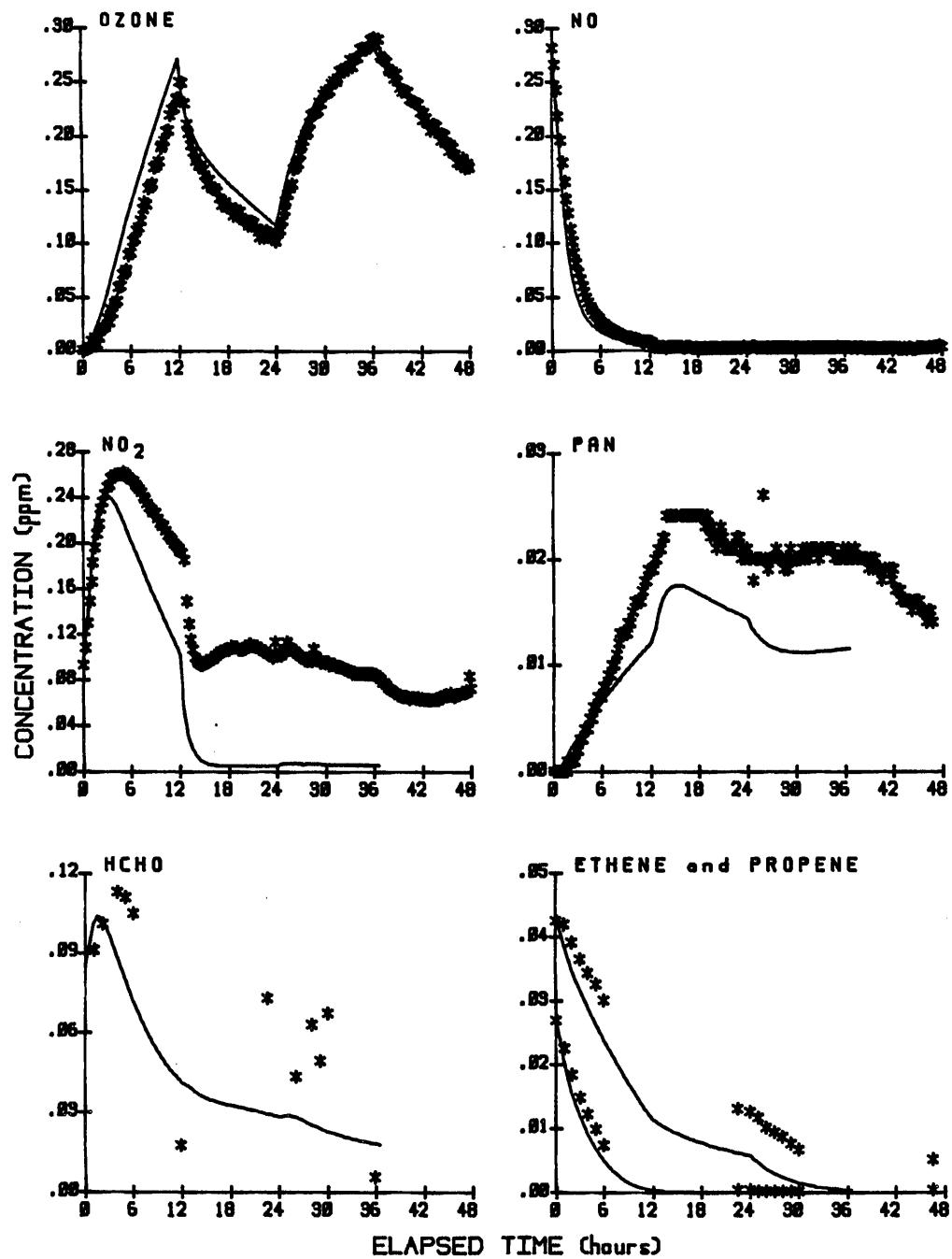


Figure A-21a. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 6-MF surrogate- NO_x -air run ITC-877. (Page 1 of 2).

* = experimental data
 — = model calculation

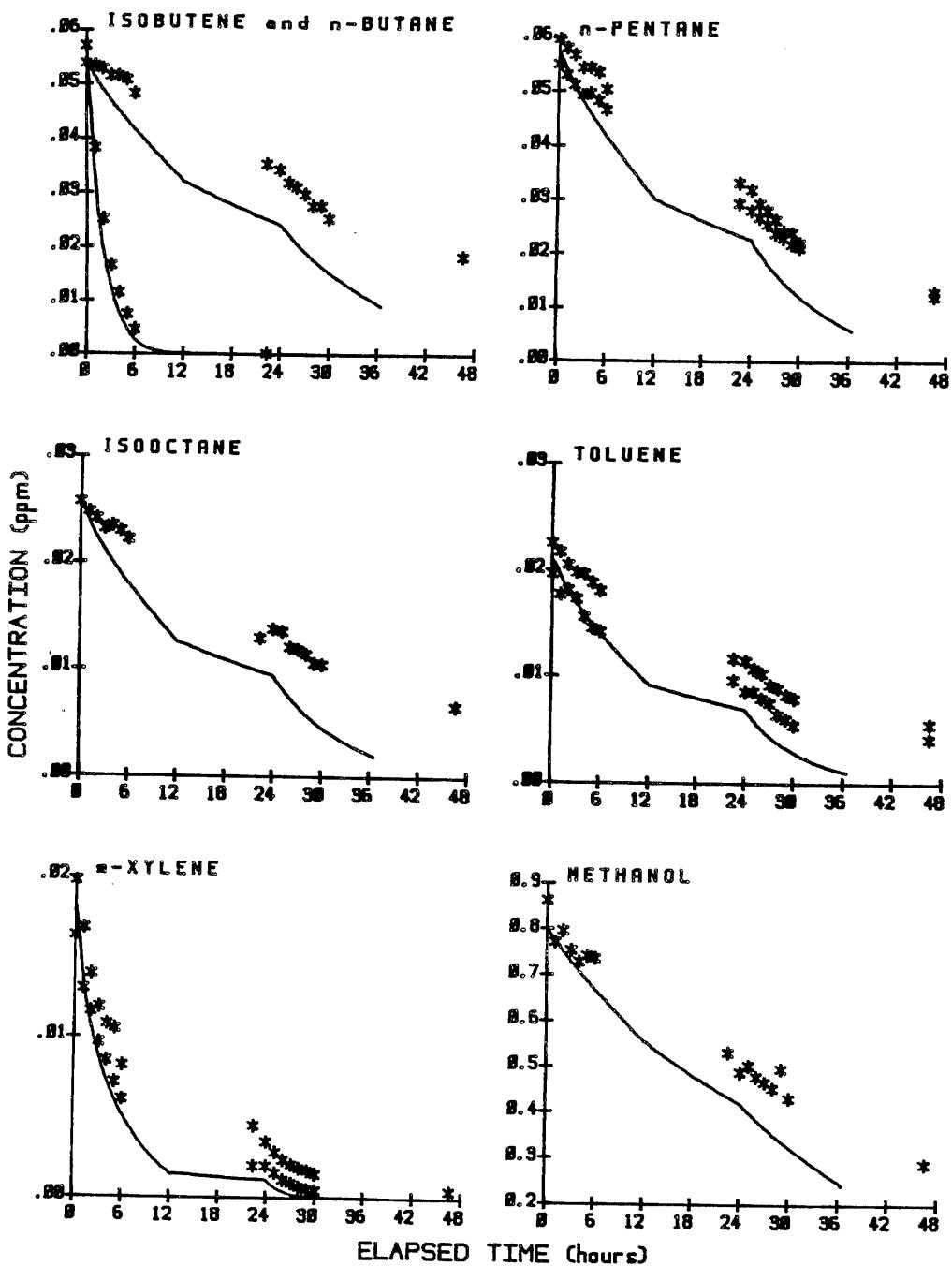


Figure A-21b. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 6-MF surrogate- NO_x -air run ITC-877. (Page 2 of 2).

* = experimental data
— = model calculation

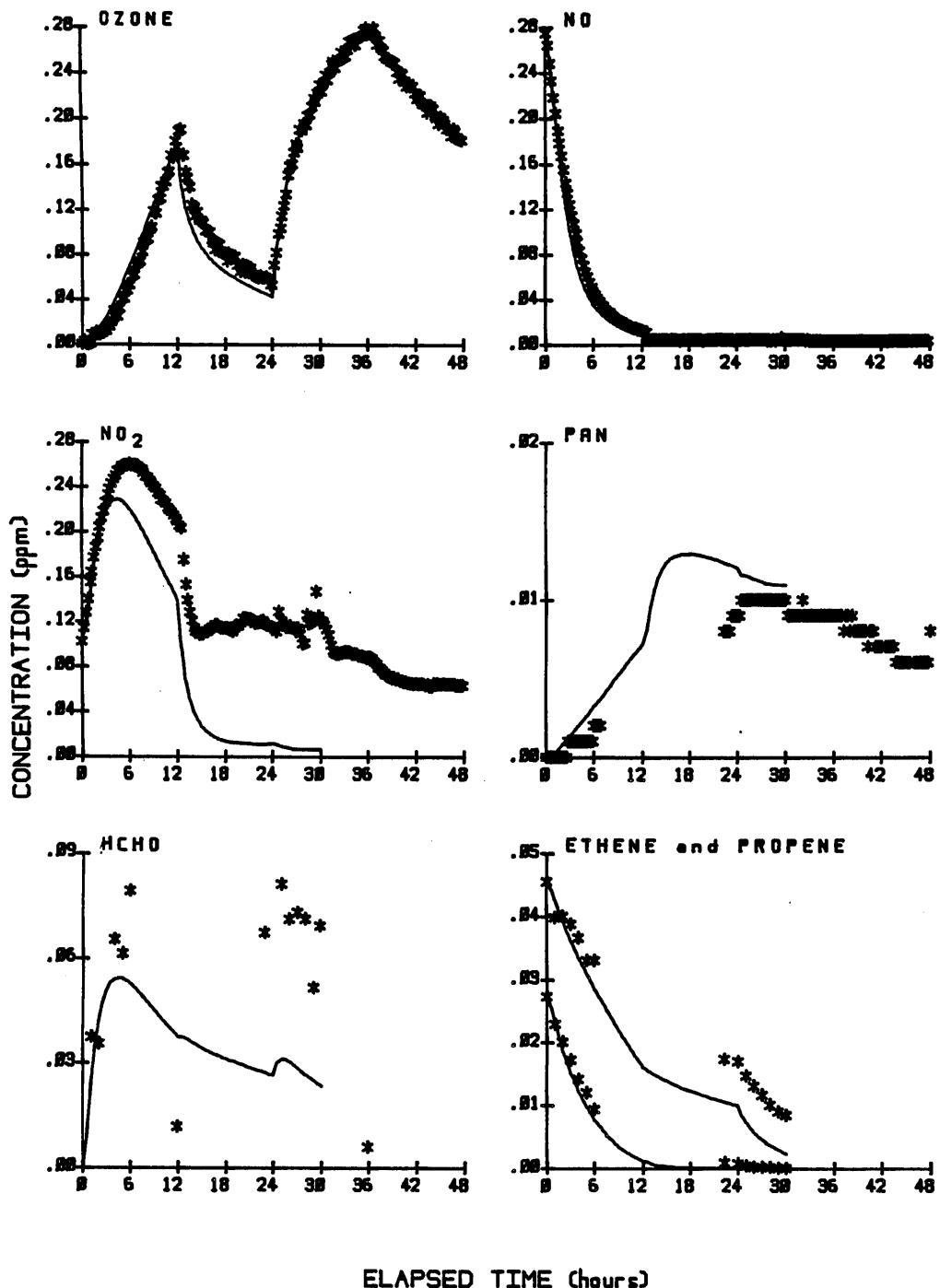


Figure A-22a. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 6-M surrogate- NO_x -air run ITC-874. (Page 1 of 2).

* = experimental data
— = model calculation

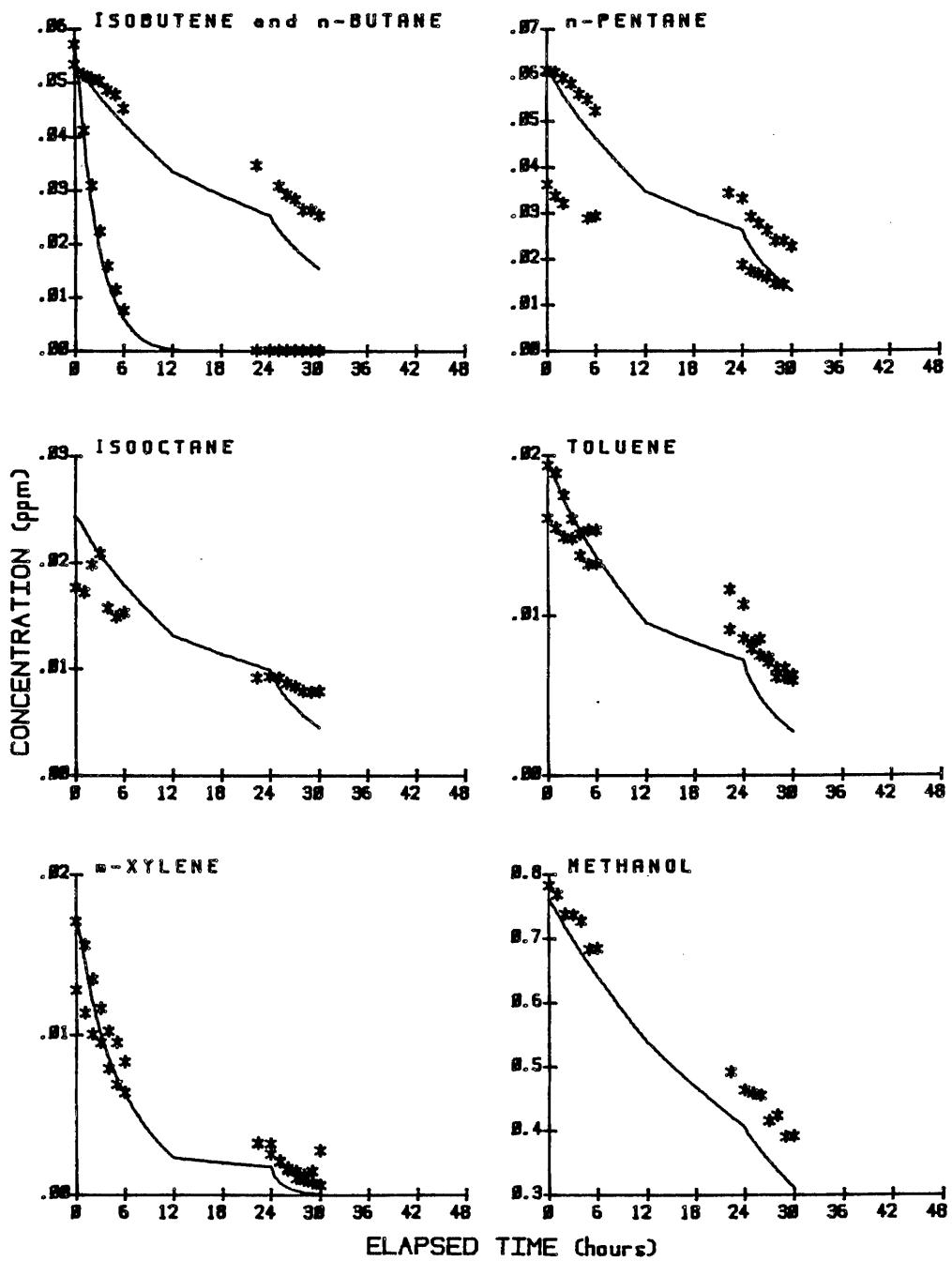


Figure A-22b. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 6-M surrogate- NO_x -air run ITC-874. (Page 2 of 2).

* = experimental data
— = model calculation

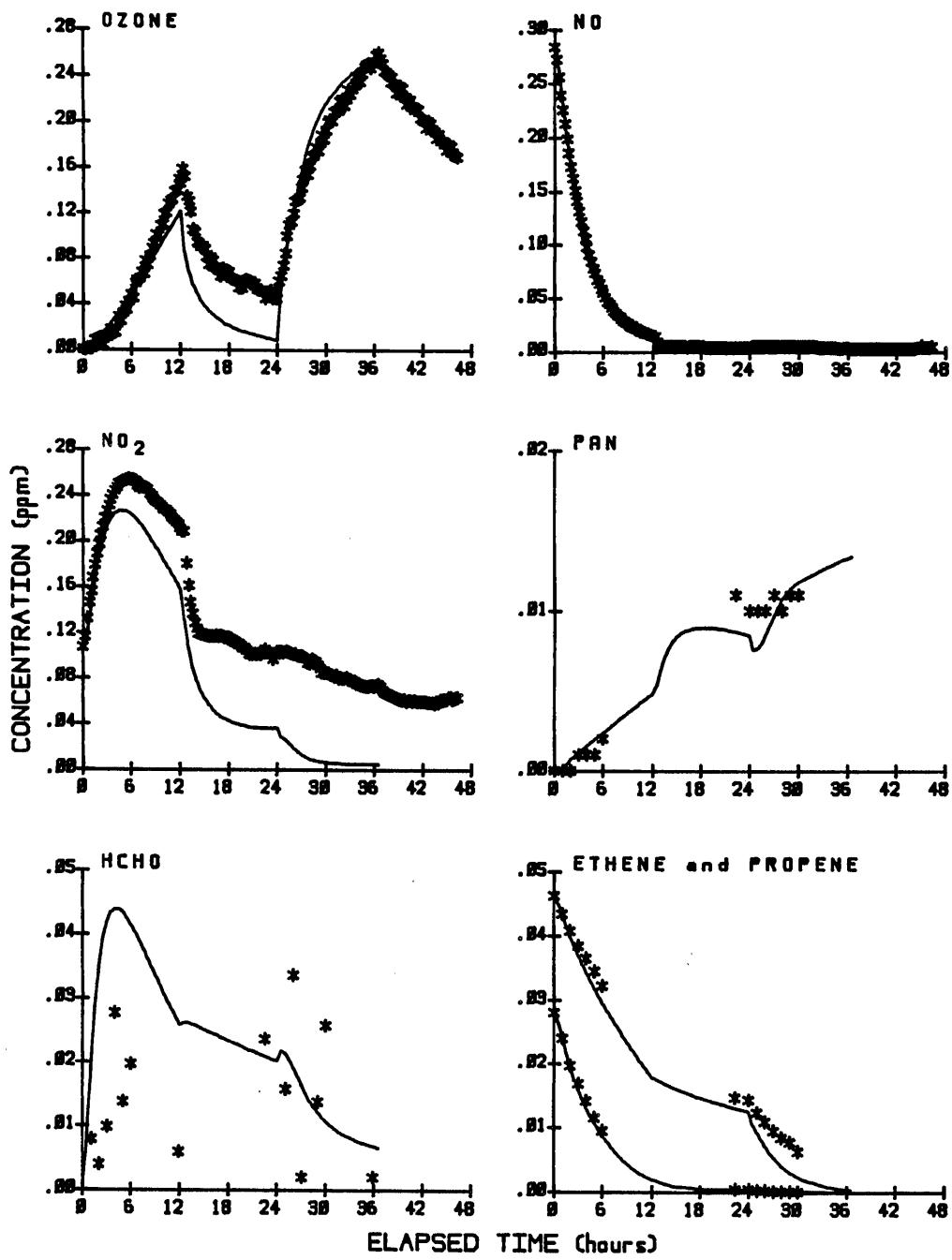


Figure A-23a. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 6-BL surrogate- NO_x -air run ITC-873. (Page 1 of 2).

* = experimental data
 — = model calculation

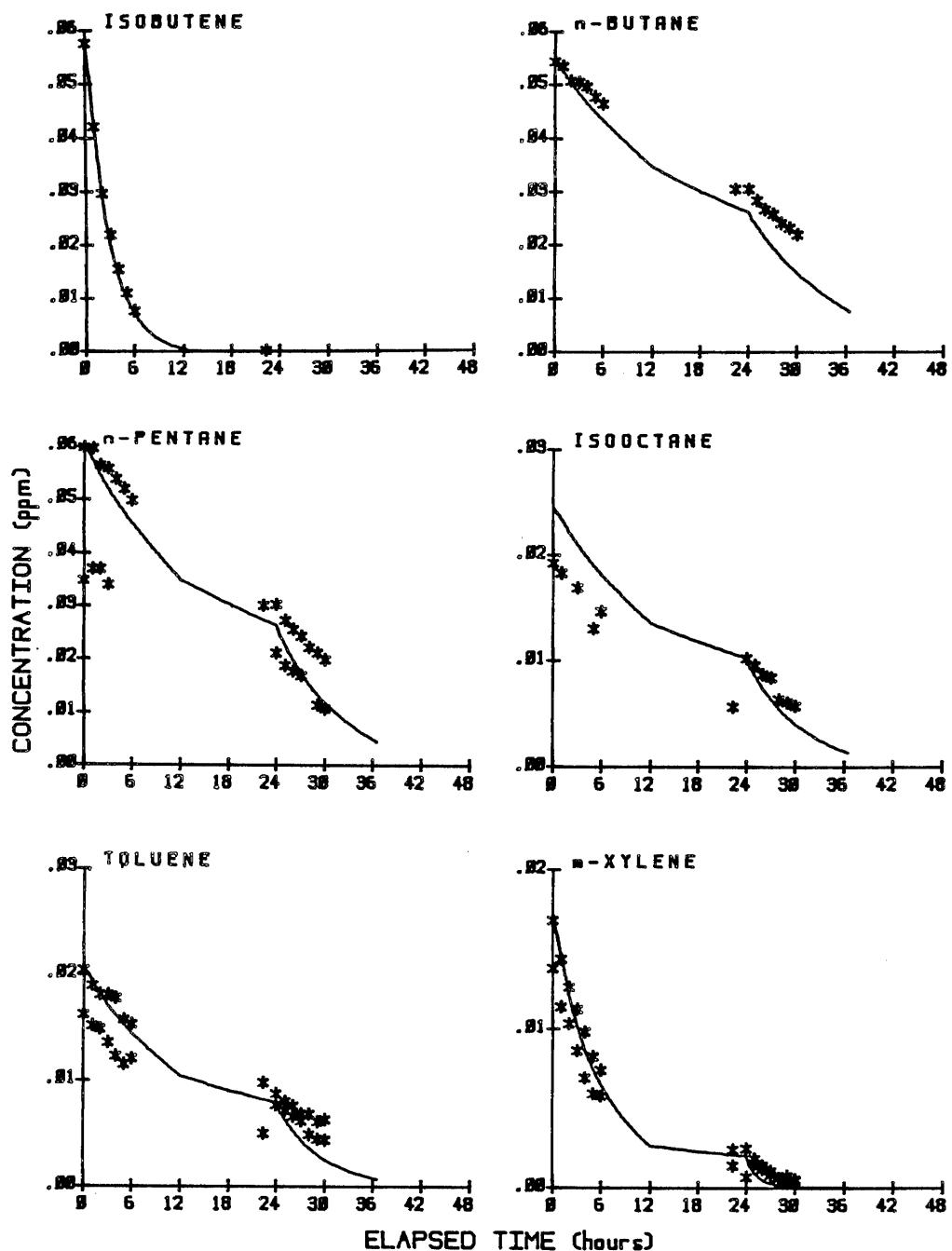


Figure A-23b. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 6-BL surrogate- NO_x -air run ITC-873. (Page 2 of 2).

* = experimental data
— = model calculation

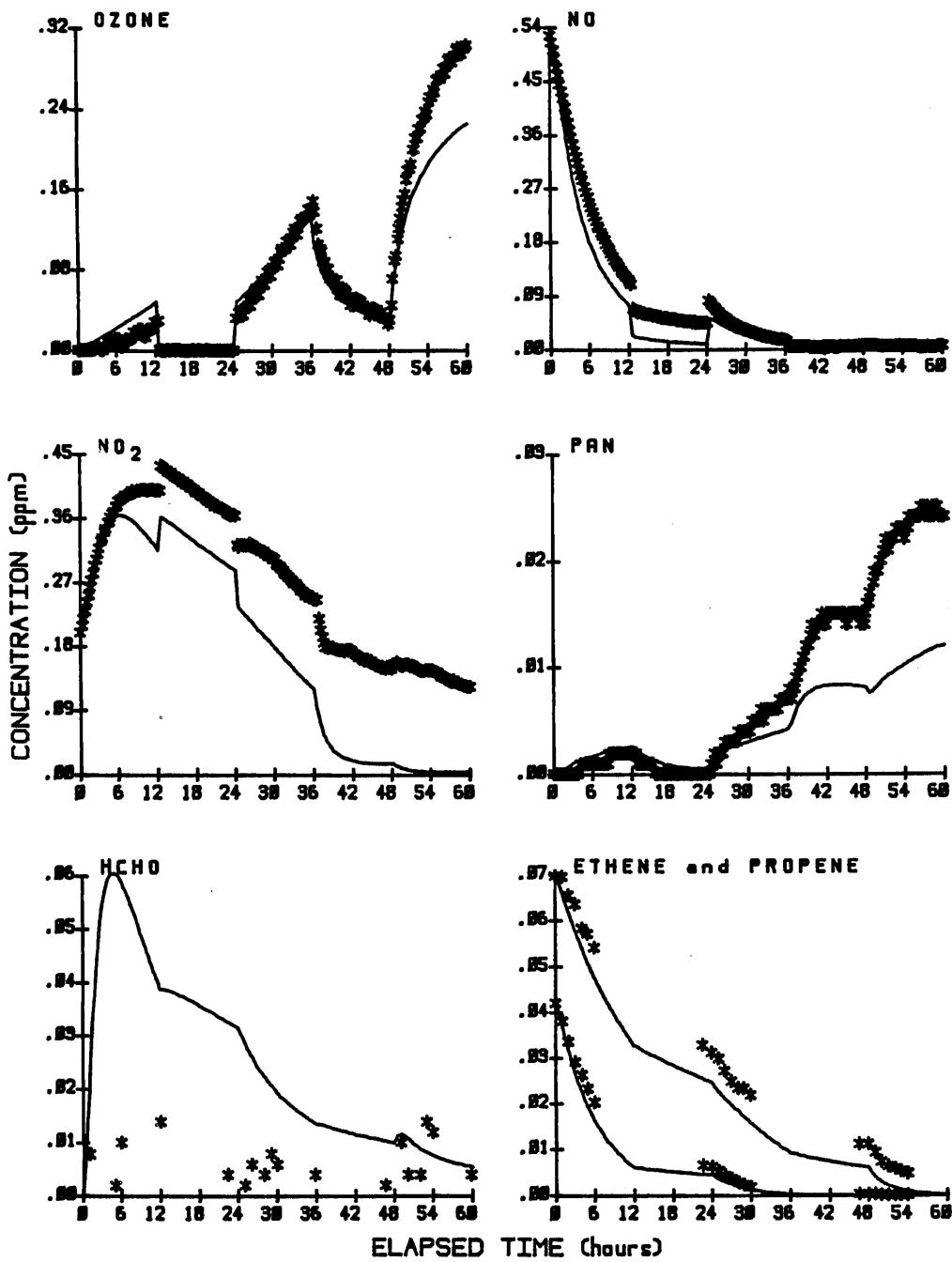


Figure A-24a. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 3-B surrogate- NO_x -air run ITC-880. (Page 1 of 2).

* = experimental data
 — = model calculation

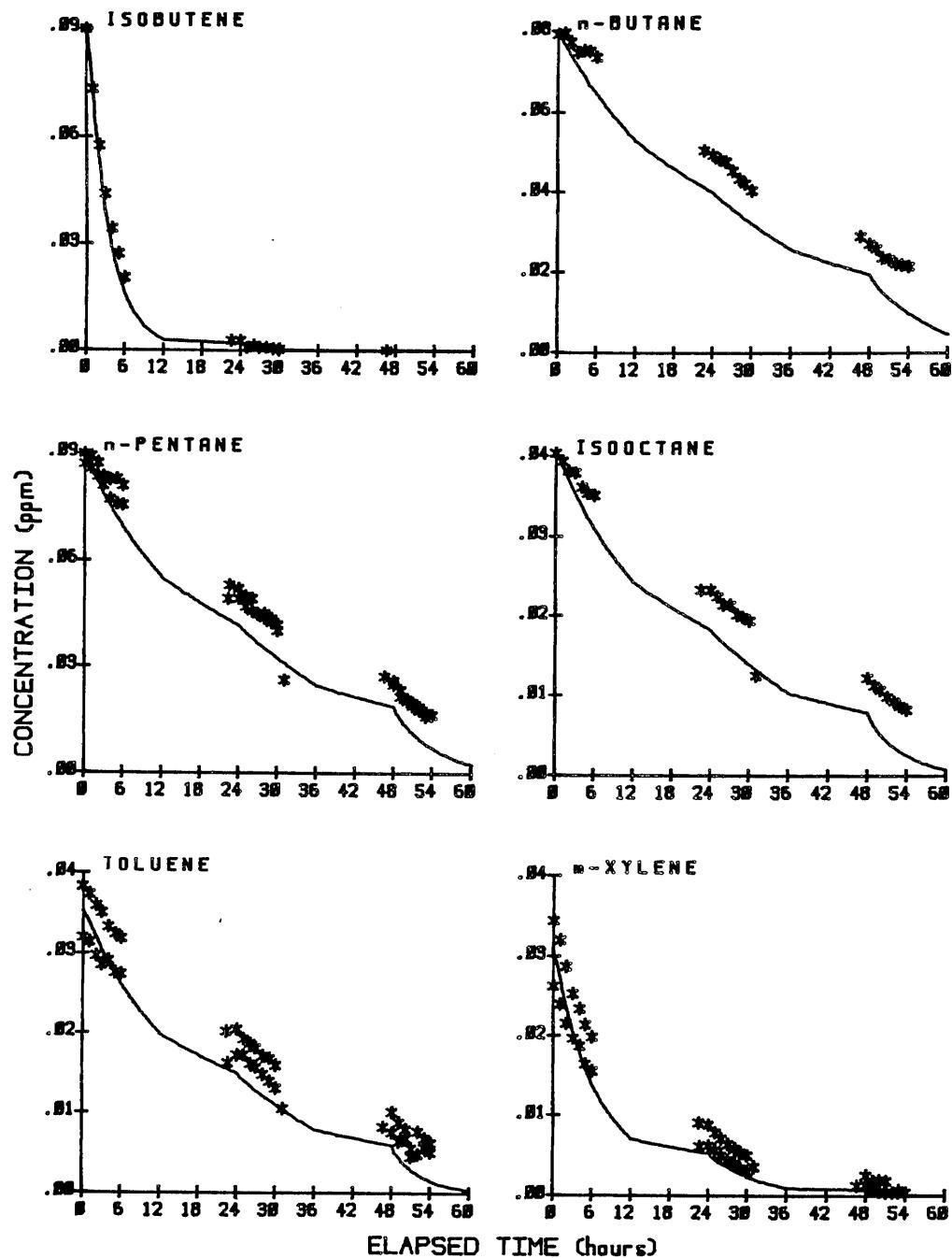


Figure A-24b. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 3-B surrogate- NO_x -air run ITC-880. (Page 2 of 2).

* = experimental data
 — = model calculation

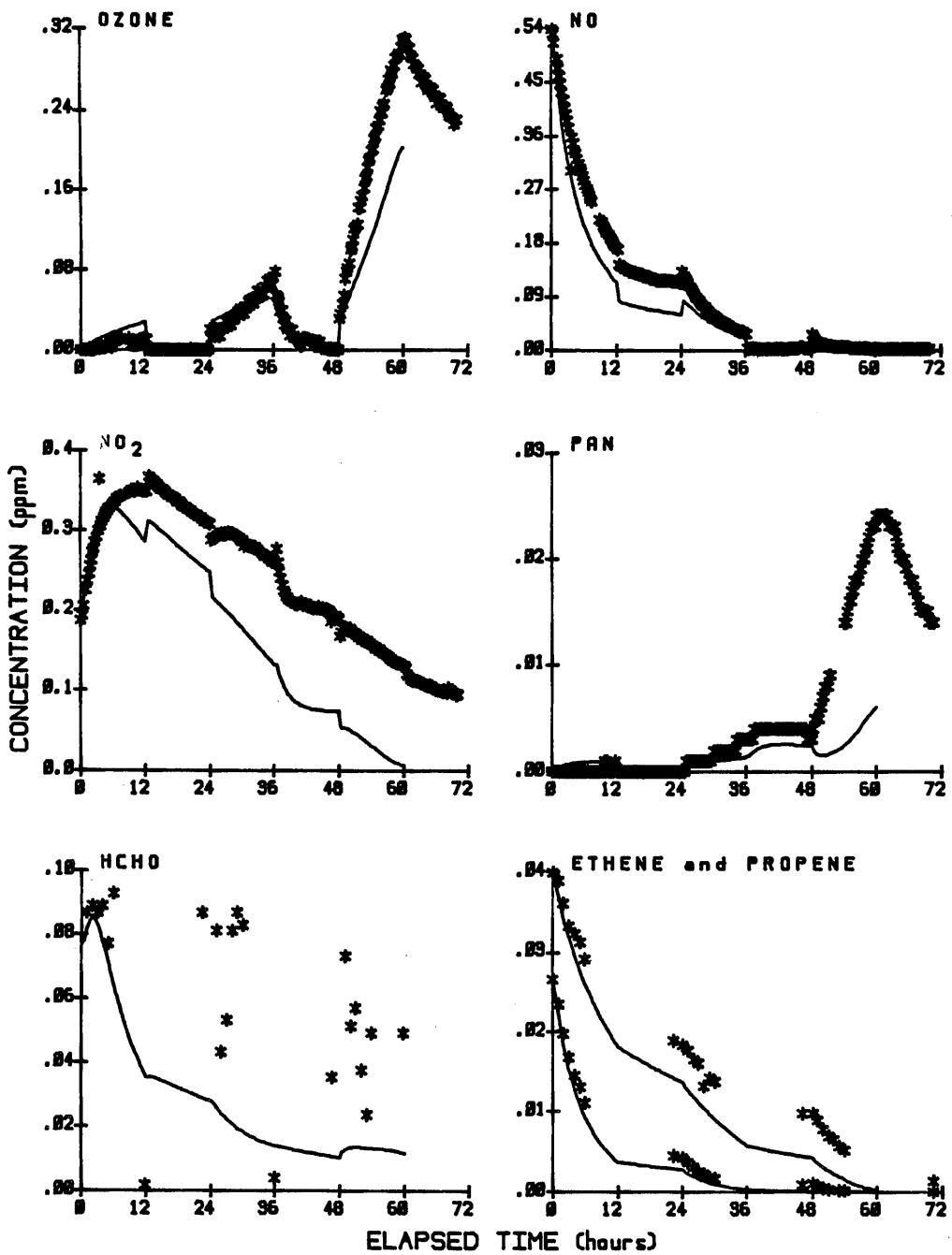


Figure A-25a. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 3-MF surrogate- NO_x -air run ITC-881. (Page 1 of 2).

* = experimental data

— = model calculation

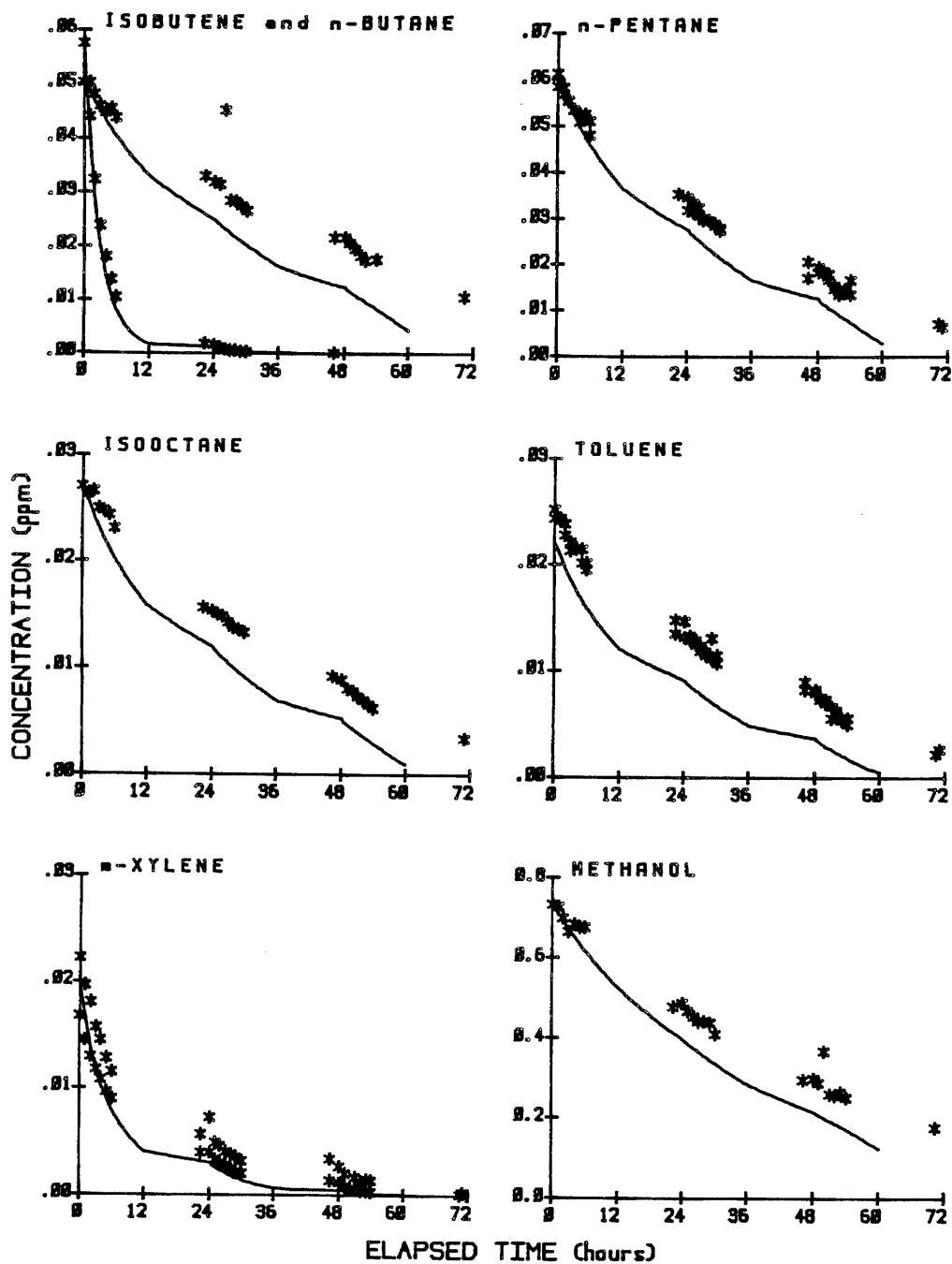


Figure A-25b. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 3-MF surrogate- NO_x -air run ITC-881. (Page 2 of 2).

* = experimental data
— = model calculation

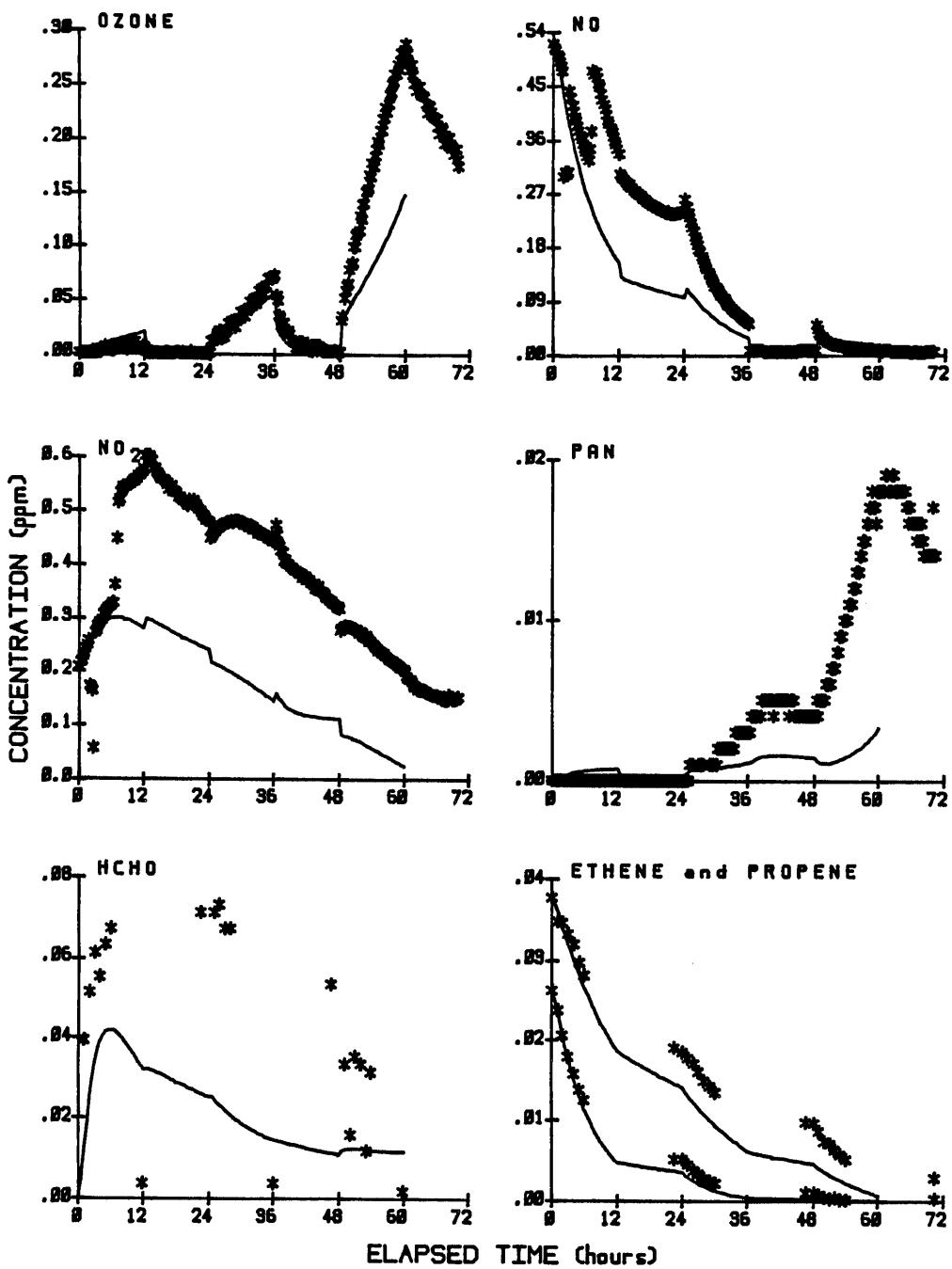


Figure A-26a. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 3-M surrogate- NO_x -air run ITC-886. (Page 1 of 2).

* = experimental data
— = model calculation

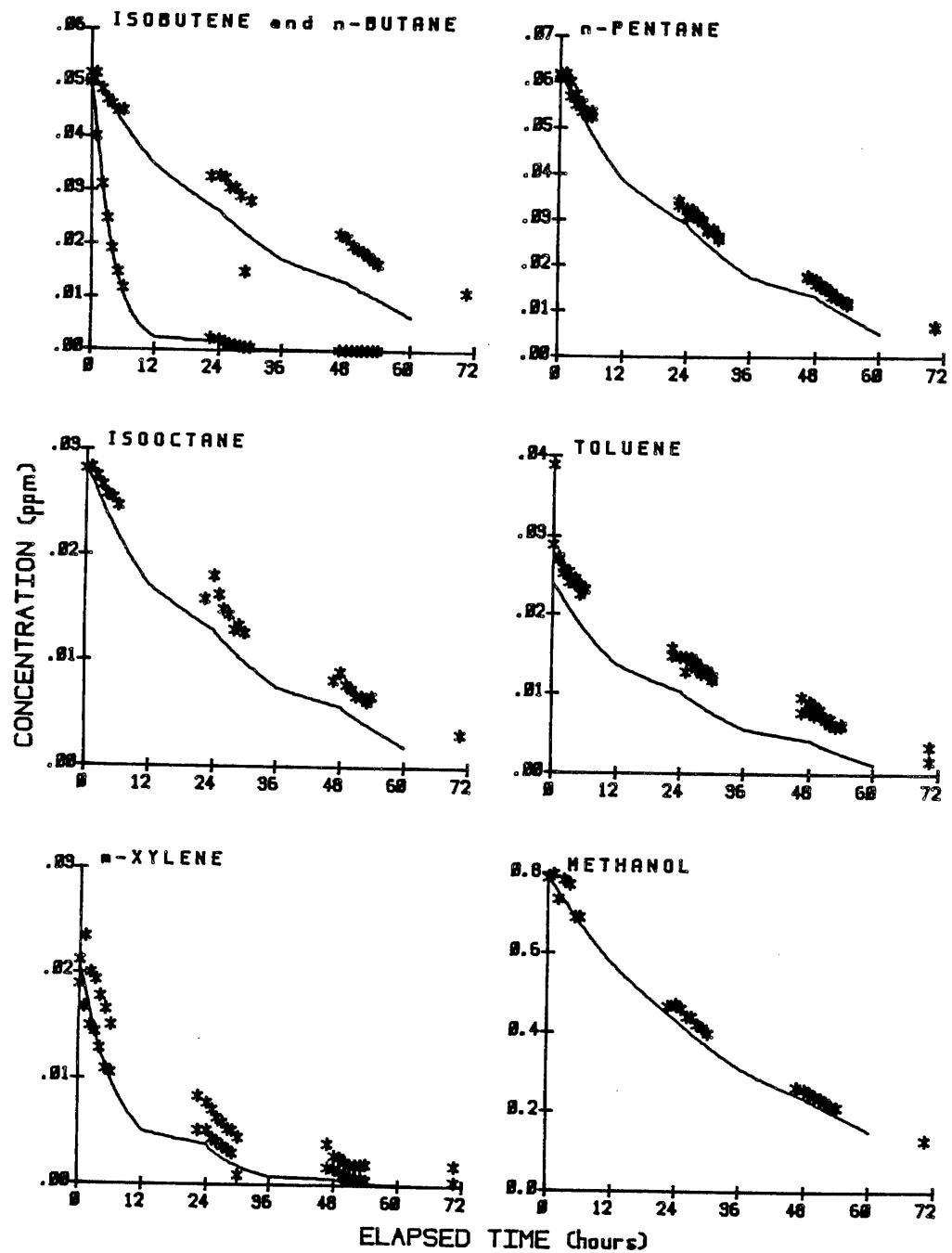


Figure A-26b. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 3-M surrogate- NO_x -air run ITC-886. (Page 2 of 2).

* = experimental data
 — = model calculation

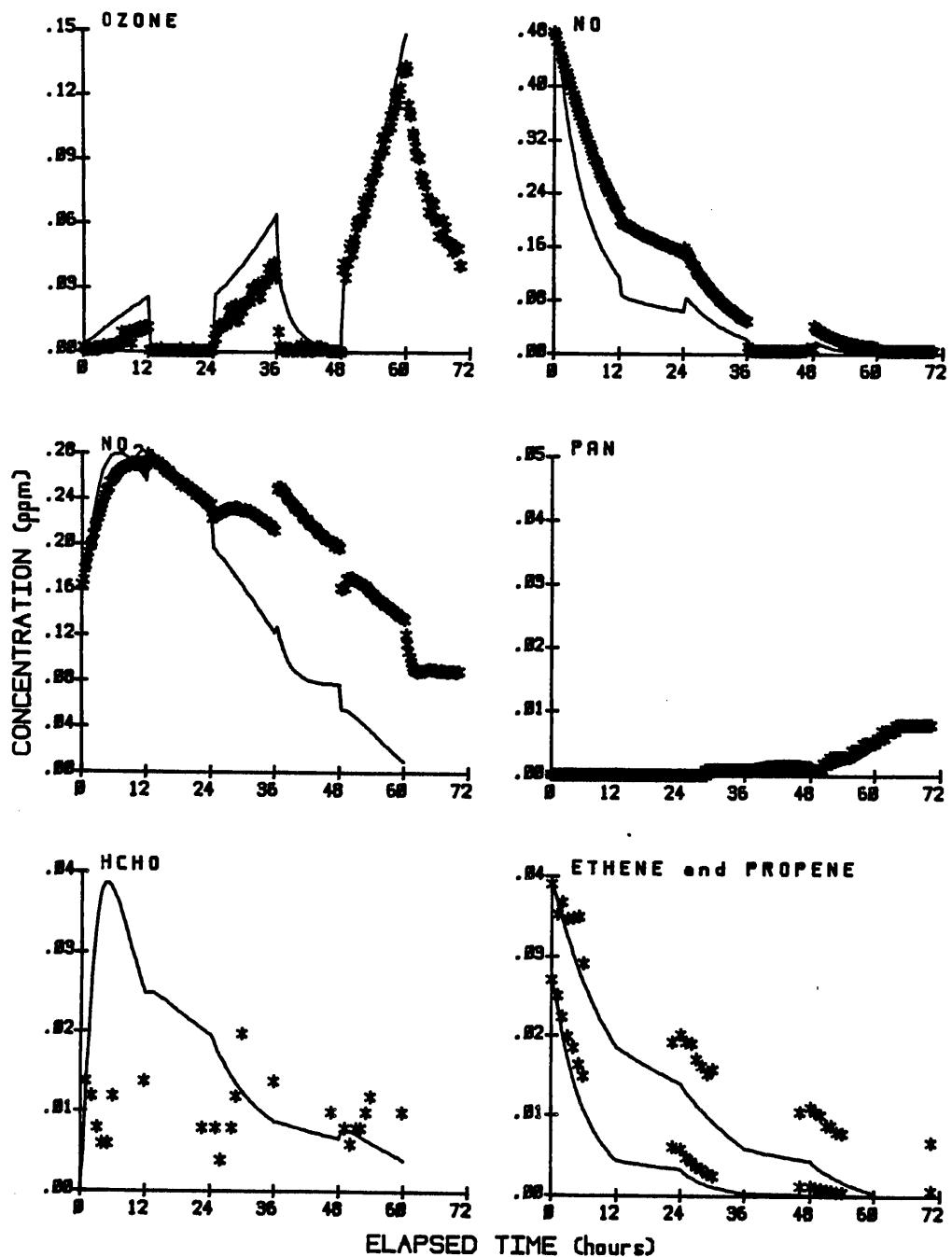


Figure A-27a. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 3-BL surrogate- NO_x -air run ITC-885. (Page 1 of 2).

* = experimental data
— = model calculation

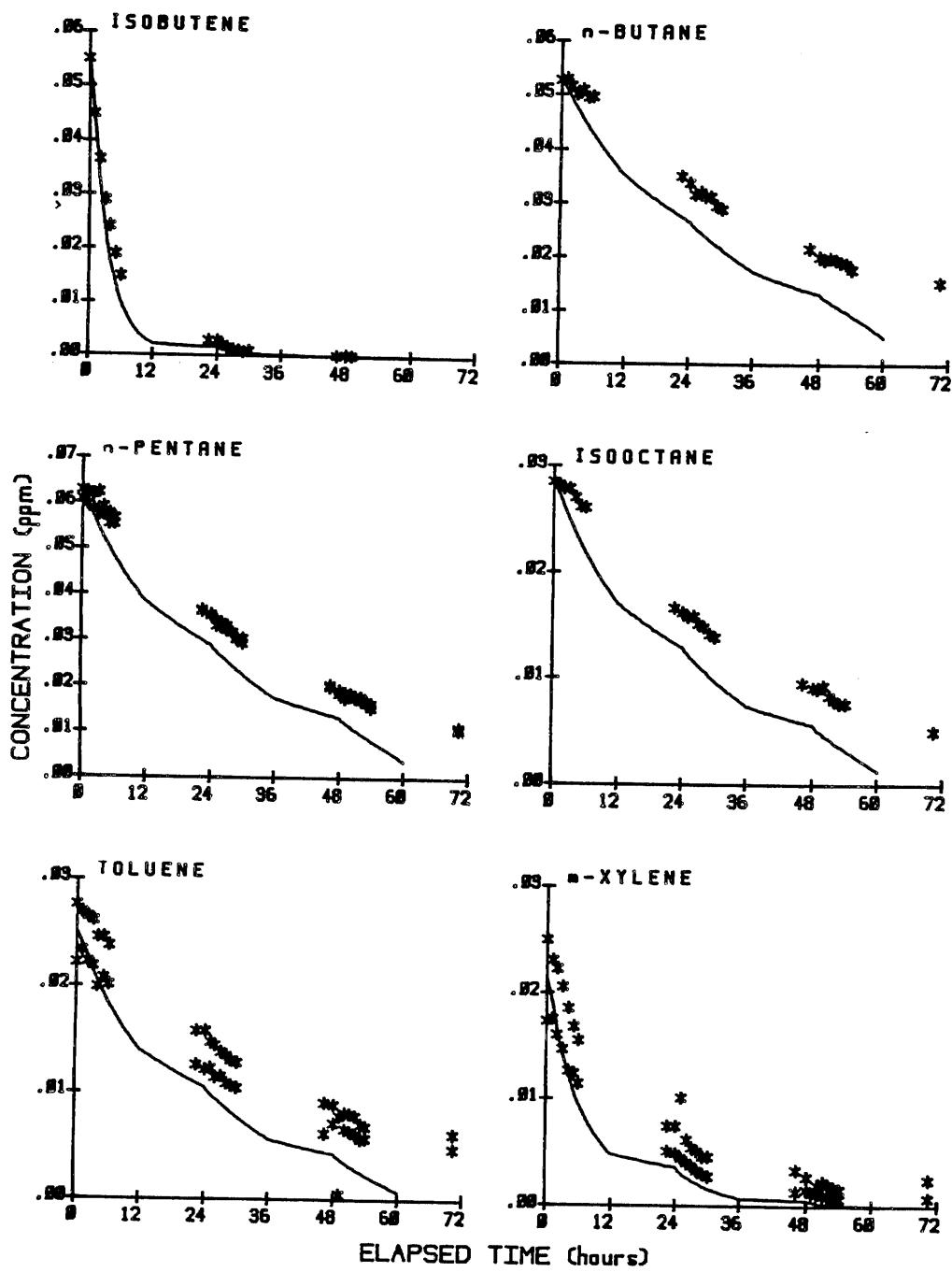


Figure A-27b. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 3-BL surrogate- NO_x -air run ITC-885. (Page 2 of 2).

* = experimental data
— = model calculation

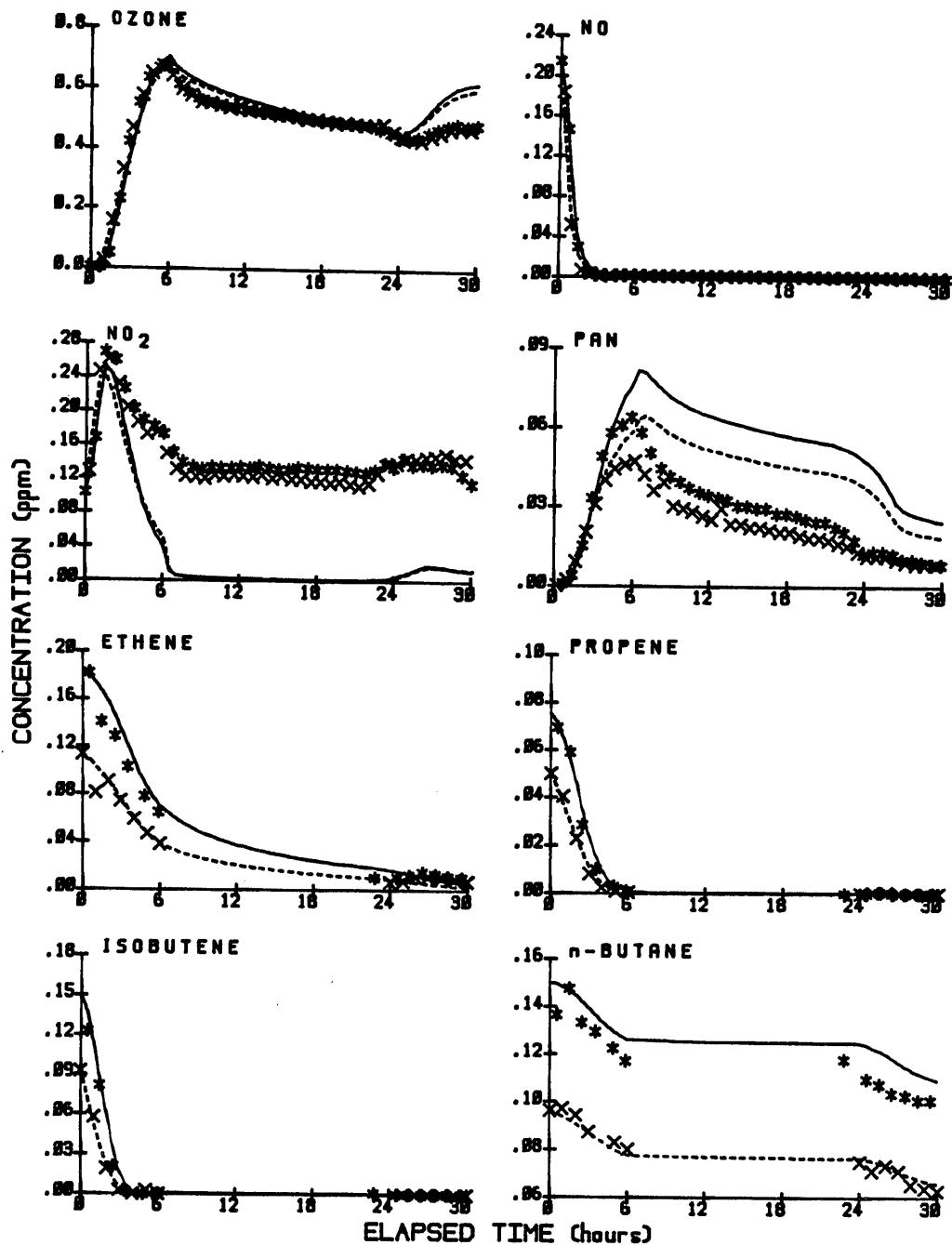


Figure A-28a. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 13-B-MF surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-241. (Page 1 of 2).

* = experimental data, side A
 X = experimental data, side B
 — = model calculation, side A
 - - - = model calculation, side B

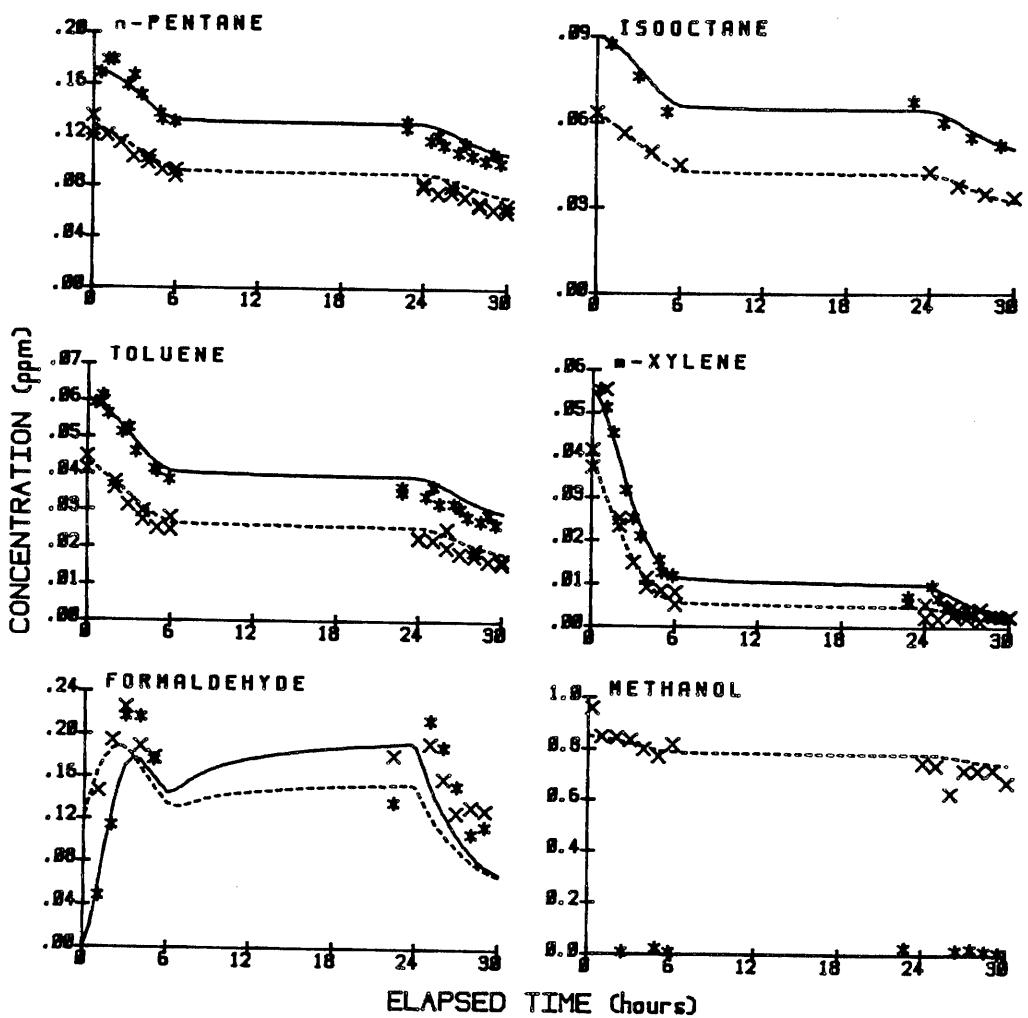


Figure A-28b. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 13-B-MF surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-241. (Page 2 of 2).

* = experimental data, side A
 X = experimental data, side B
 — = model calculation, side A
 - - - = model calculation, side B

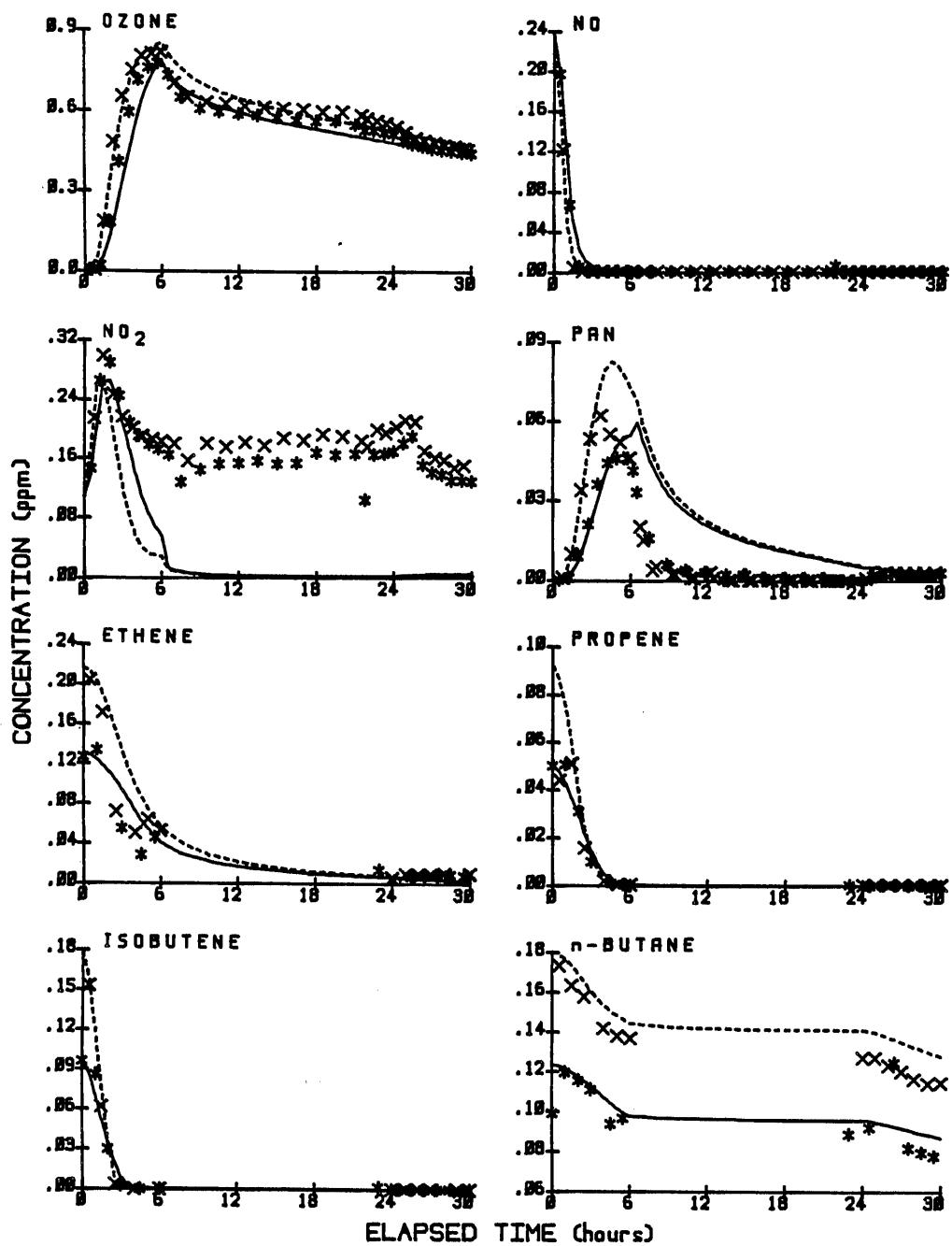


Figure A-29a. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 14-M-B surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-224. (Page 1 of 2).

* = experimental data, side A
 X = experimental data, side B
 — = model calculation, side A
 - - - = model calculation, side B

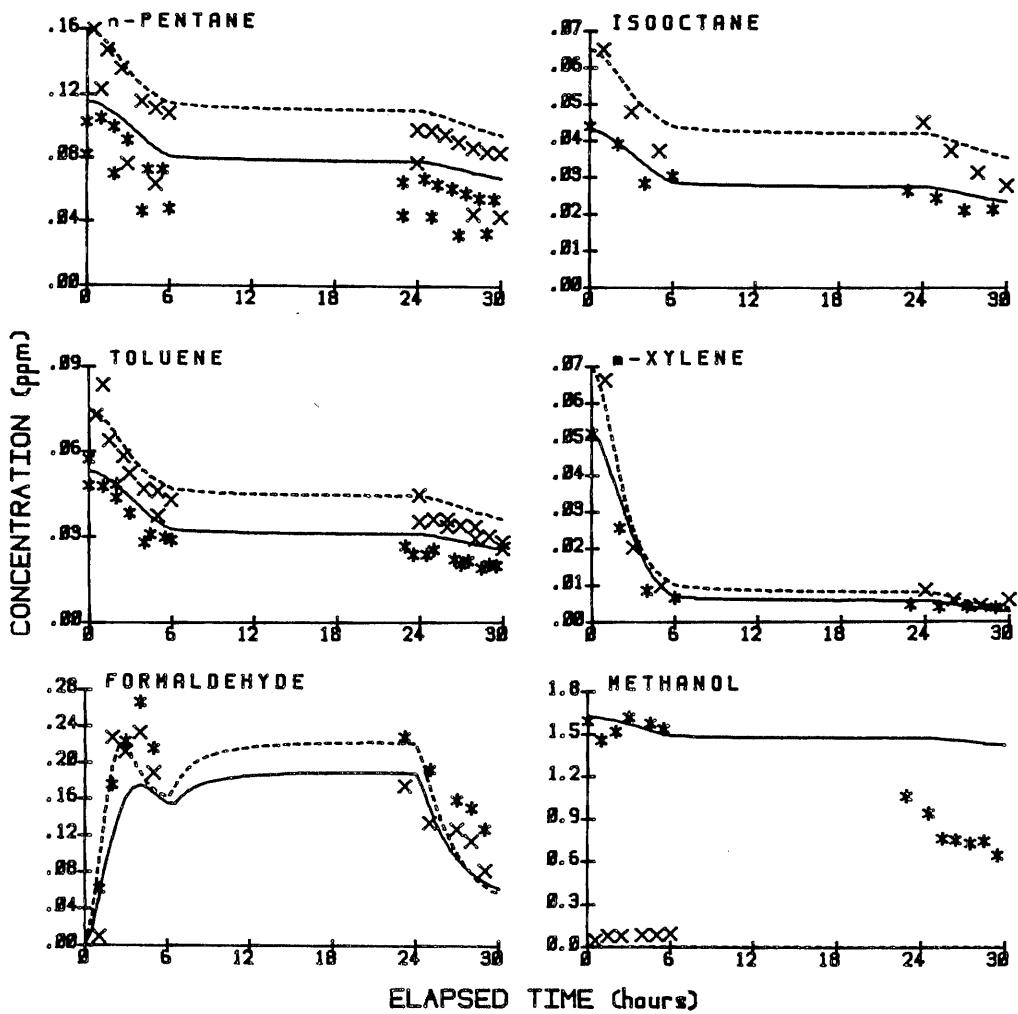


Figure A-29b. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 14-M-B surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-224. (Page 2 of 2).

* = experimental data, side A
 X = experimental data, side B
 — = model calculation, side A
 - - - = model calculation, side B

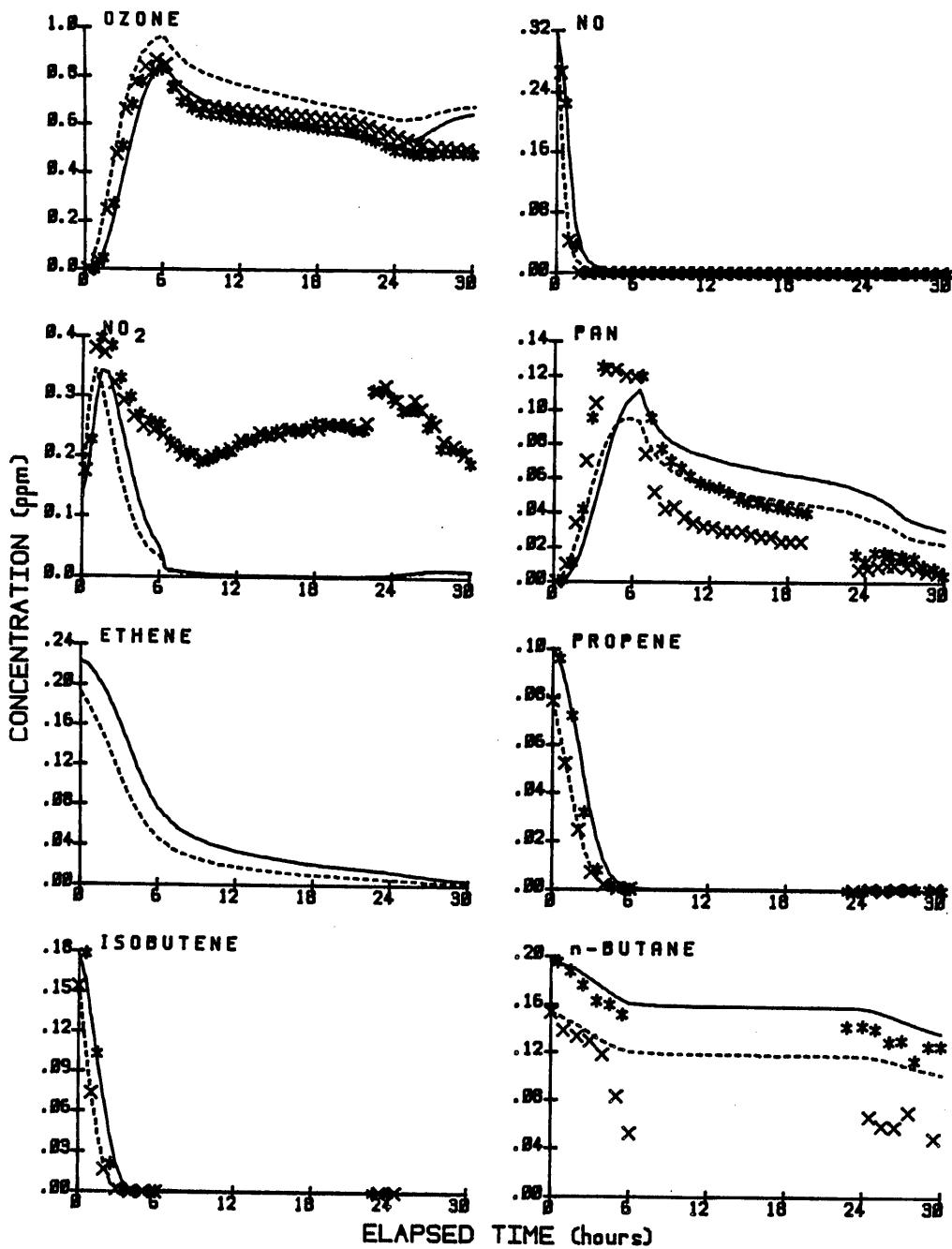


Figure A-30a. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 10-B-MF surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-215. (Page 1 of 2).

* = experimental data, side A
 X = experimental data, side B
 — = model calculation, side A
 - - - = model calculation, side B

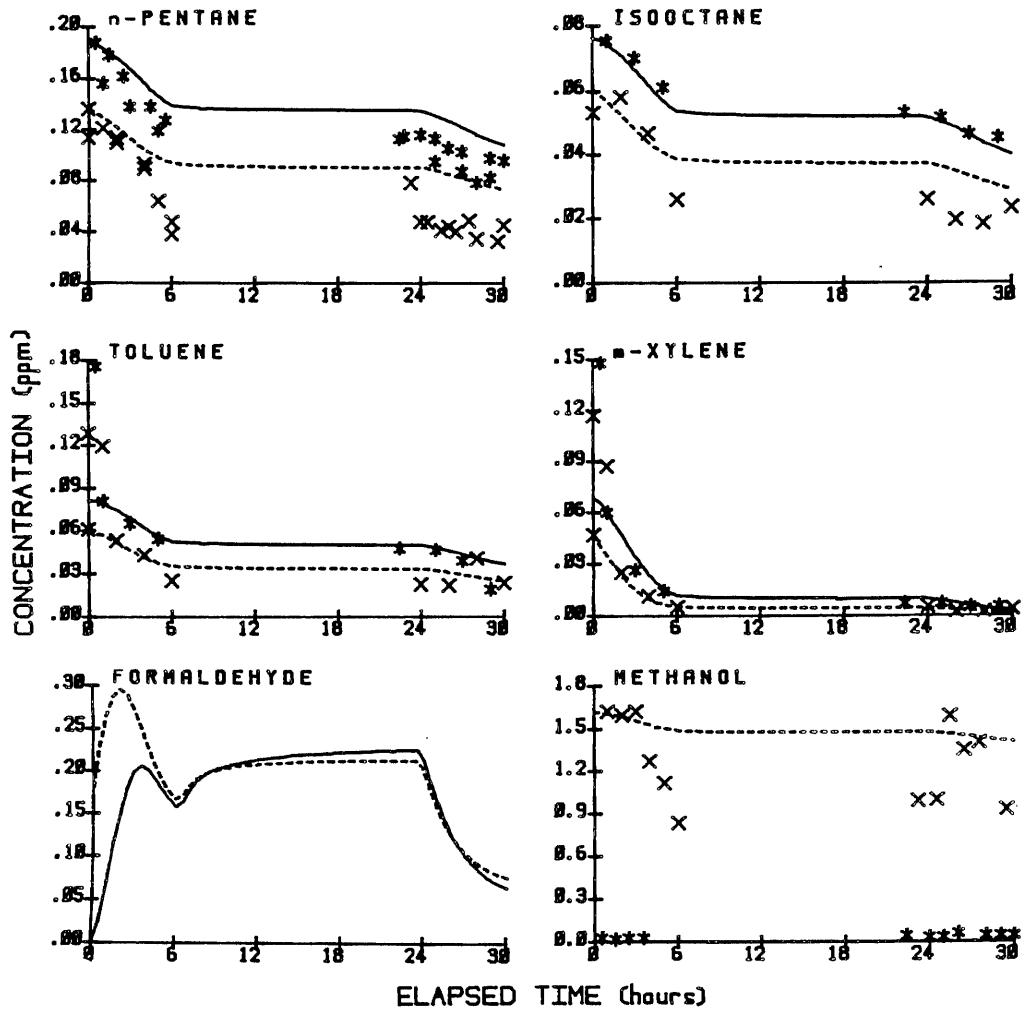


Figure A-30b. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 10-B-MF surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-215. (Page 2 of 2).

- * = experimental data, side A
- X = experimental data, side B
- = model calculation, side A
- - - = model calculation, side B

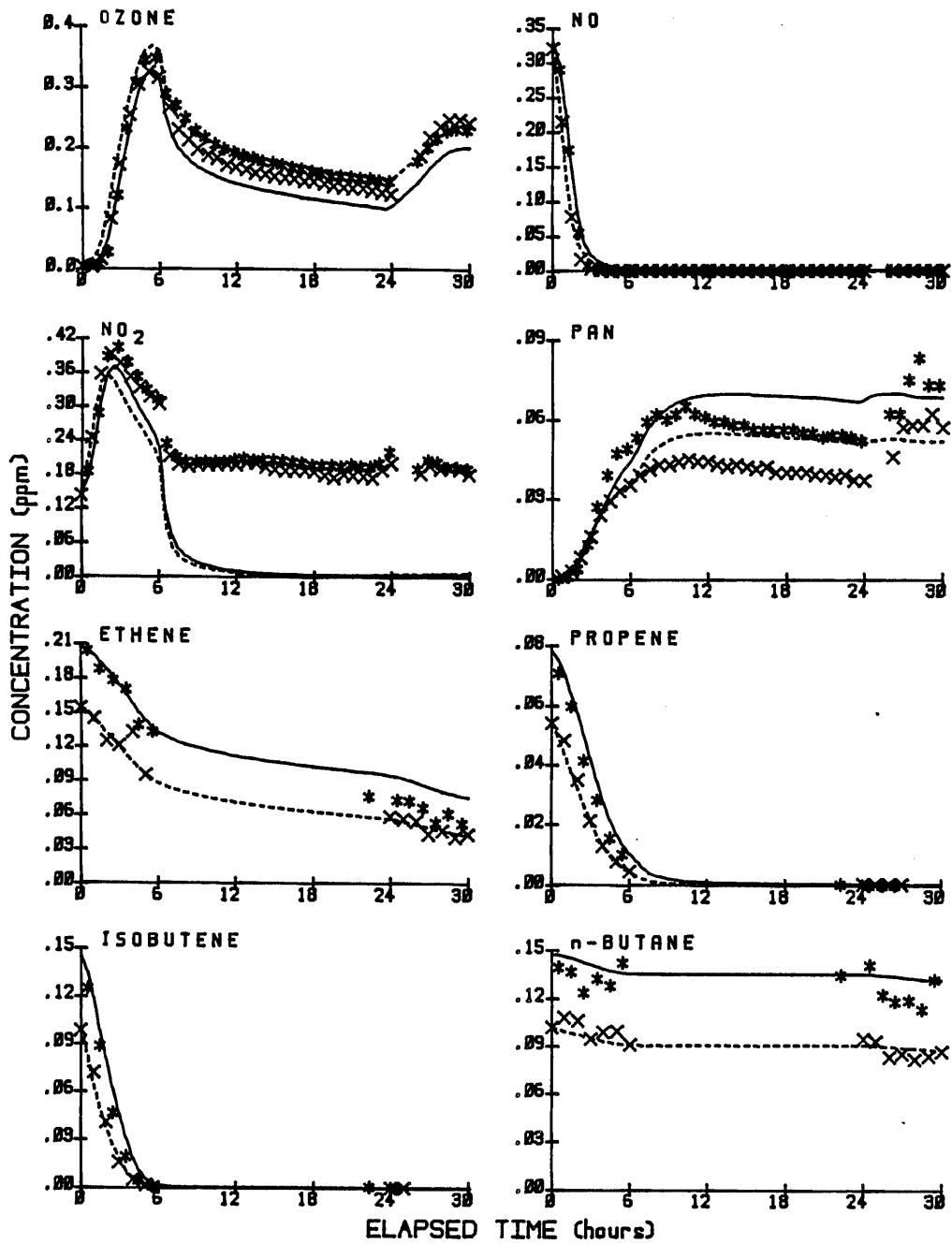


Figure A-31a. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 10-B-MF surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-249. (Page 1 of 2).

* = experimental data, side A
 X = experimental data, side B
 — = model calculation, side A
 - - - = model calculation, side B

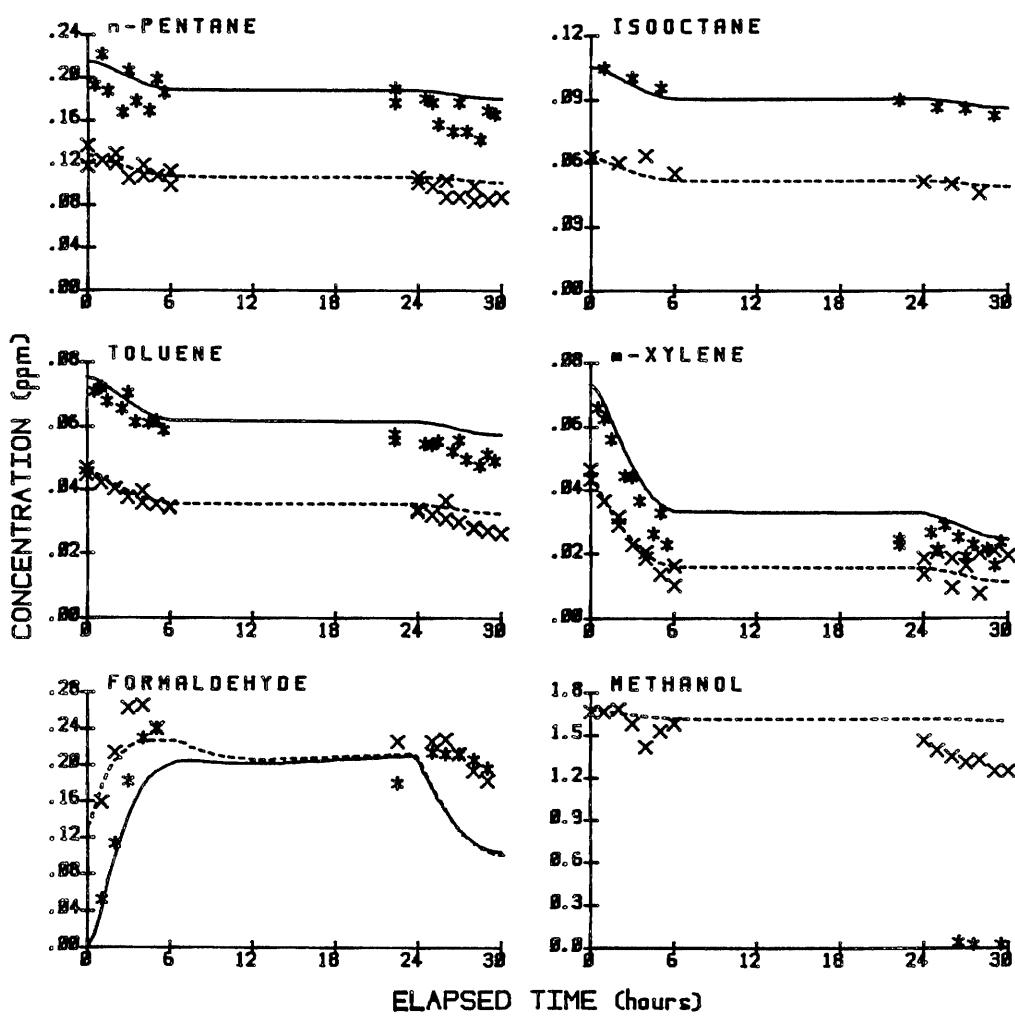


Figure A-31b. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 10-B-MF surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-249. (Page 2 of 2).

* = experimental data, side A
 X = experimental data, side B
 — = model calculation, side A
 - - - = model calculation, side B

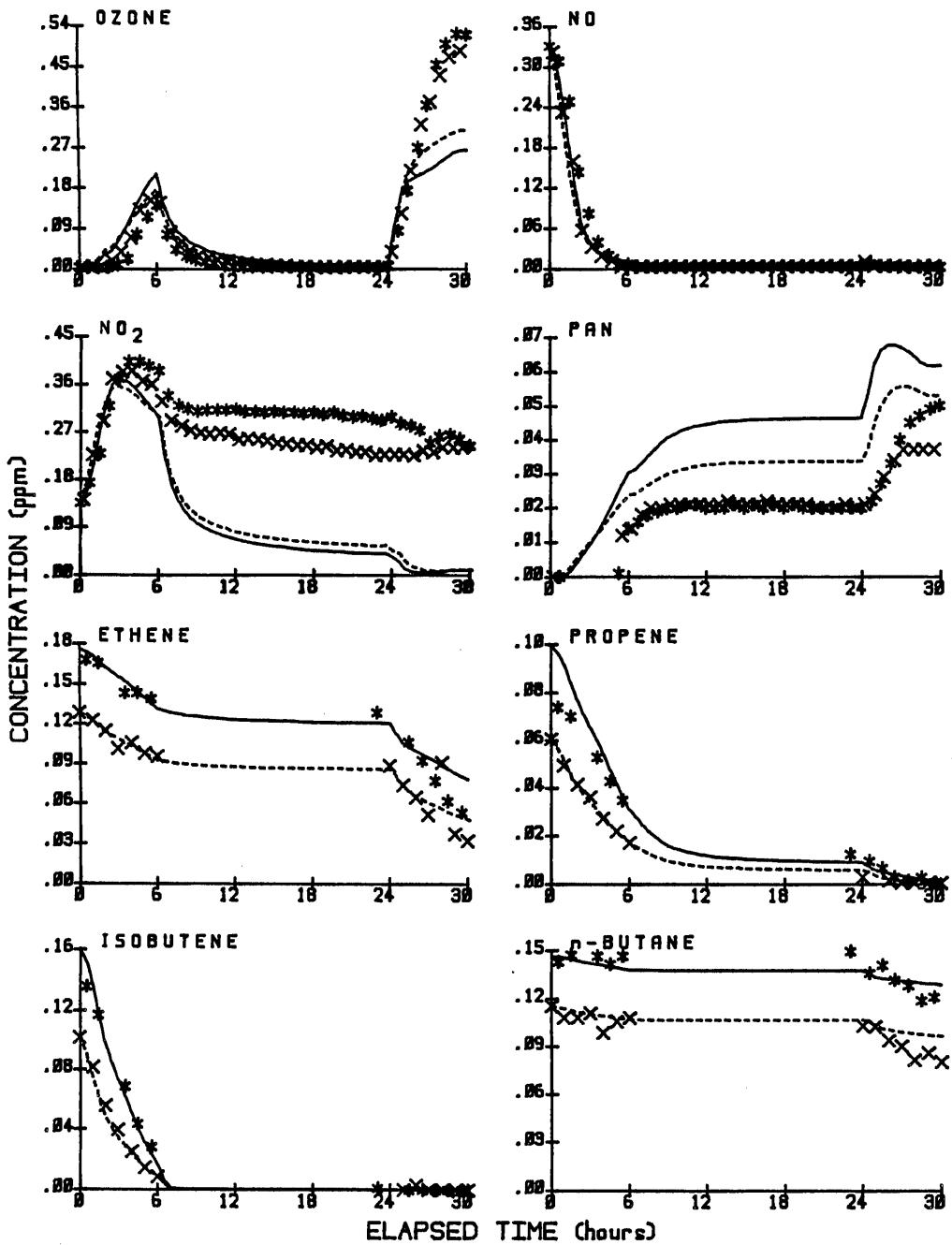


Figure A-32a. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 10-B-MF surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-243. (Page 1 of 2).

- * = experimental data, side A
- X = experimental data, side B
- = model calculation, side A
- - - = model calculation, side B

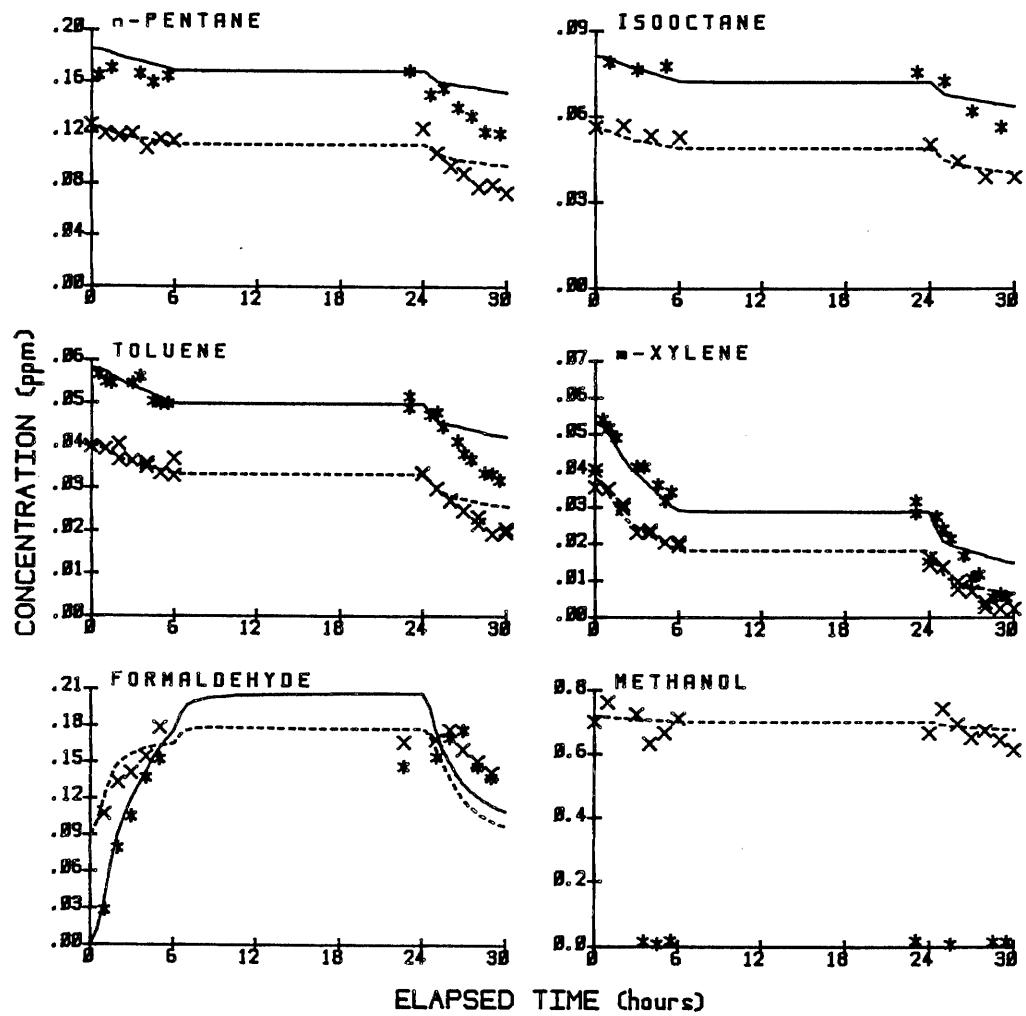


Figure A-32b. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 10-B-MF surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-243. (Page 2 of 2).

- * = experimental data, side A
- X = experimental data, side B
- = model calculation, side A
- = model calculation, side B

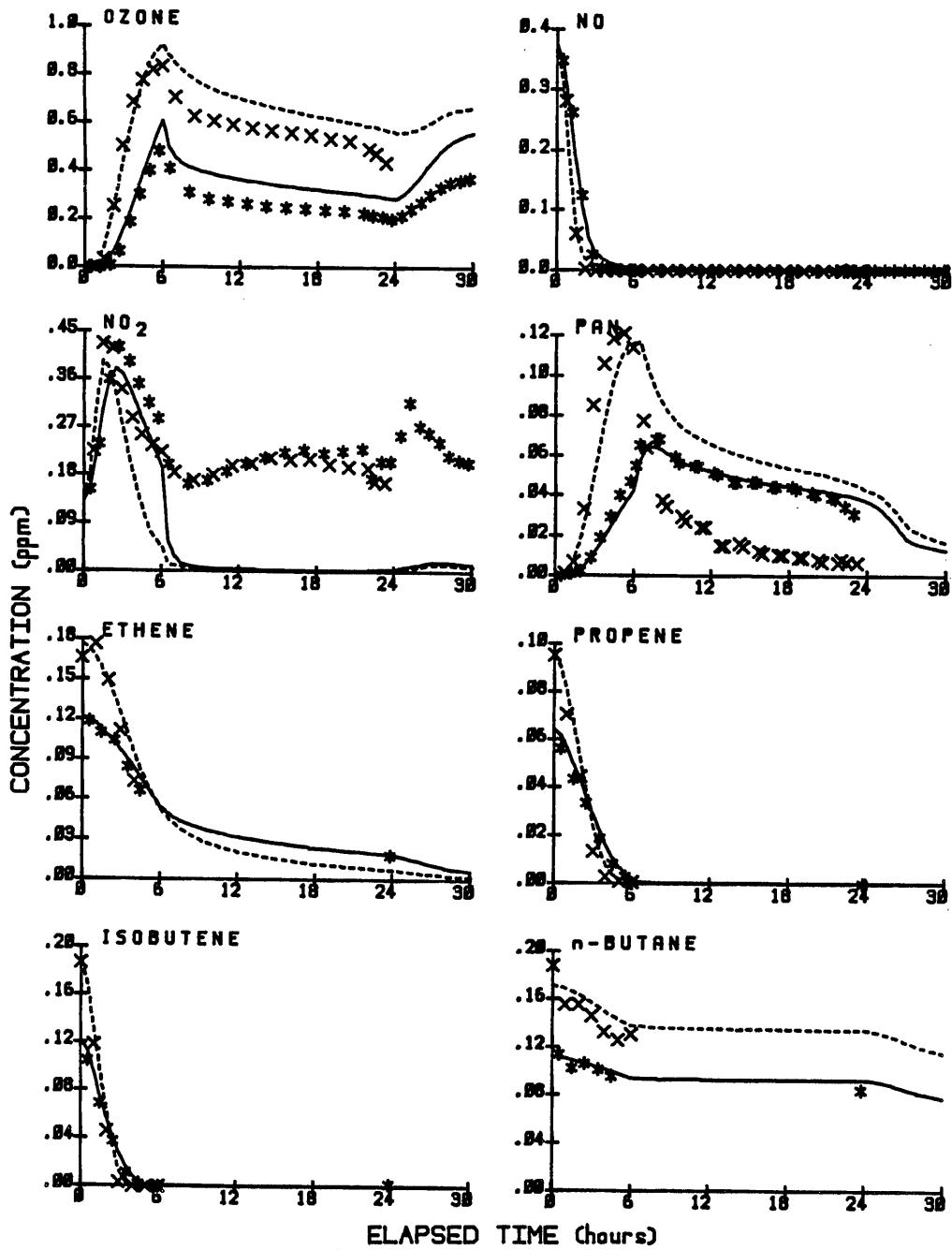


Figure A-33a. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 10-M-B surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-217. (Page 1 of 2).

* = experimental data, side A
 X = experimental data, side B
 — = model calculation, side A
 - - - = model calculation, side B

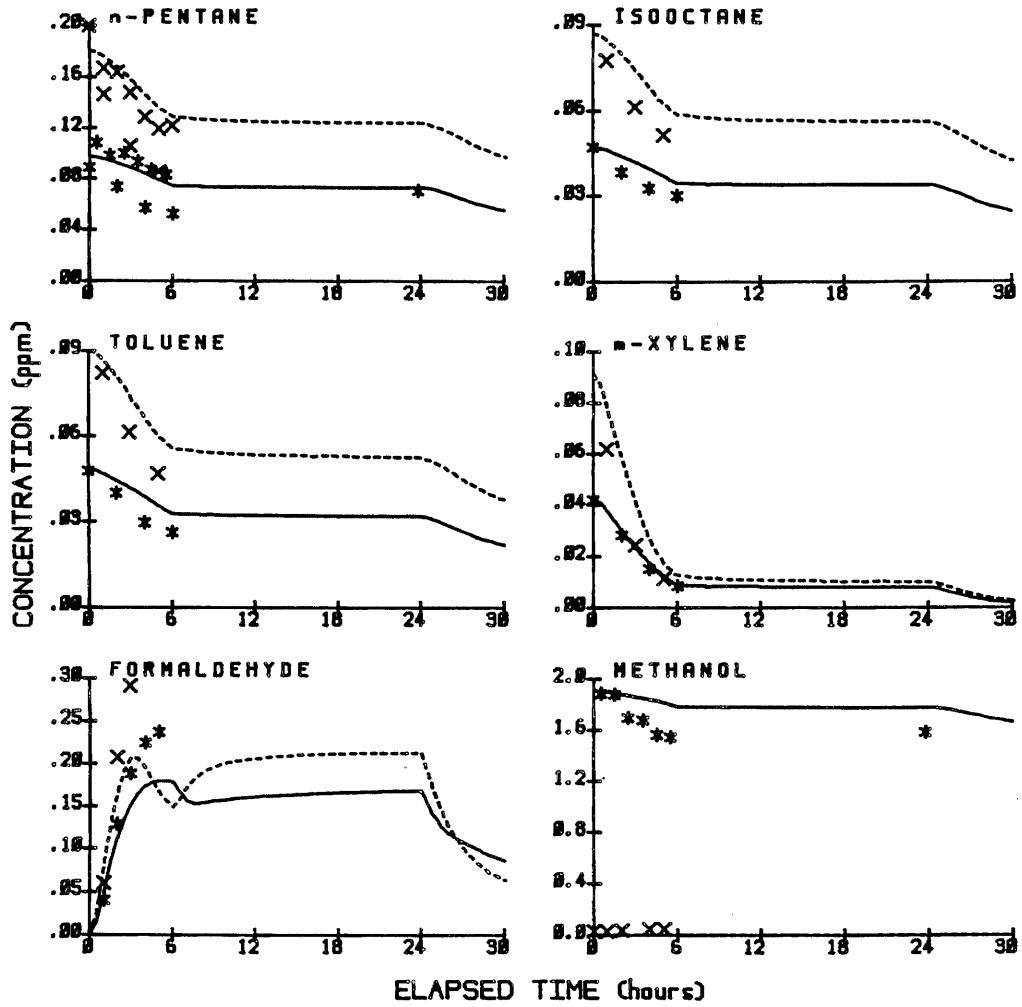


Figure A-33b. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 10-M-B surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-217. (Page 2 of 2).

* = experimental data, side A
 X = experimental data, side B
 — = model calculation, side A
 - - - = model calculation, side B

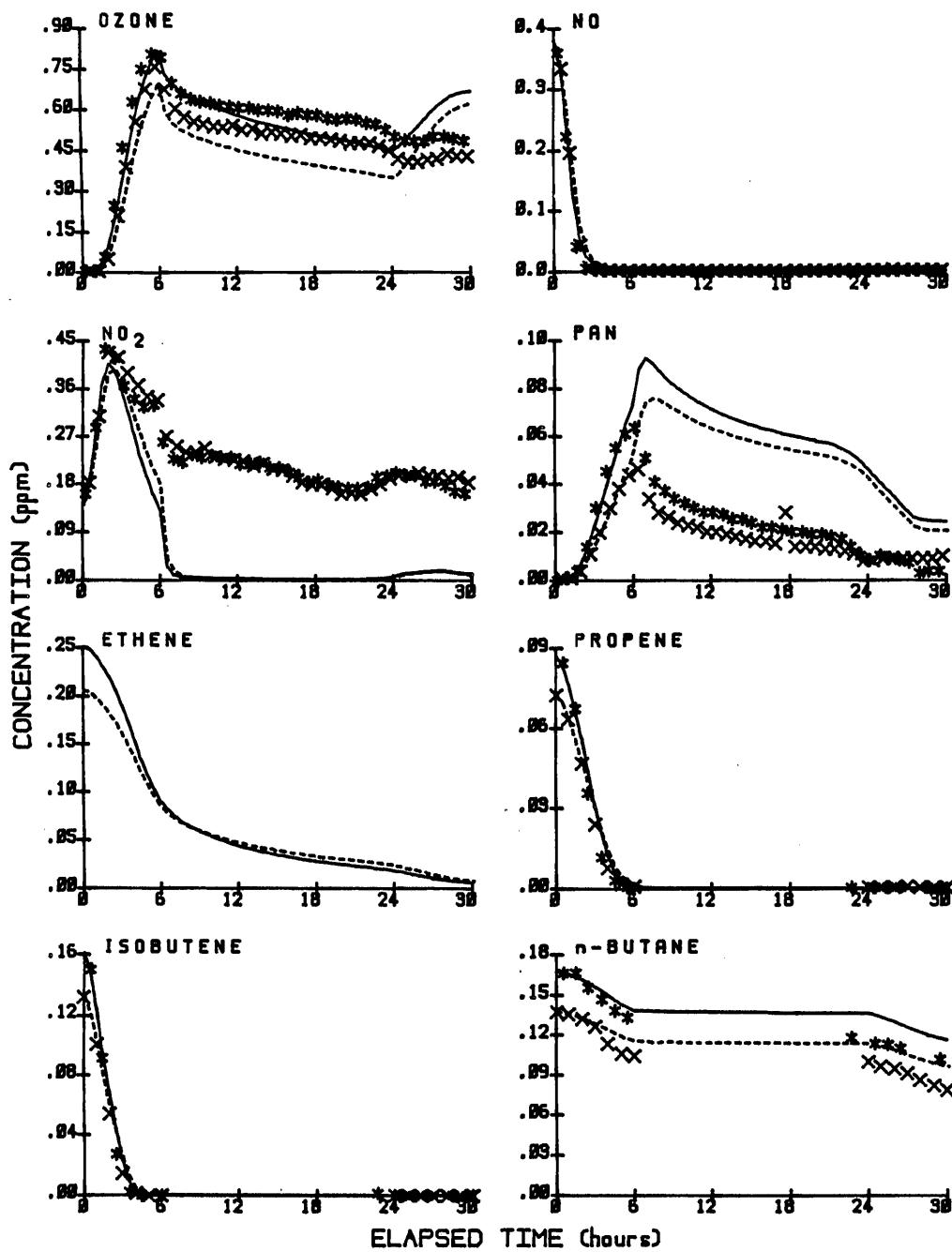


Figure A-34a. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 10-B-M surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-237. (Page 1 of 2).

- * = experimental data, side A
- X = experimental data, side B
- = model calculation, side A
- - - = model calculation, side B

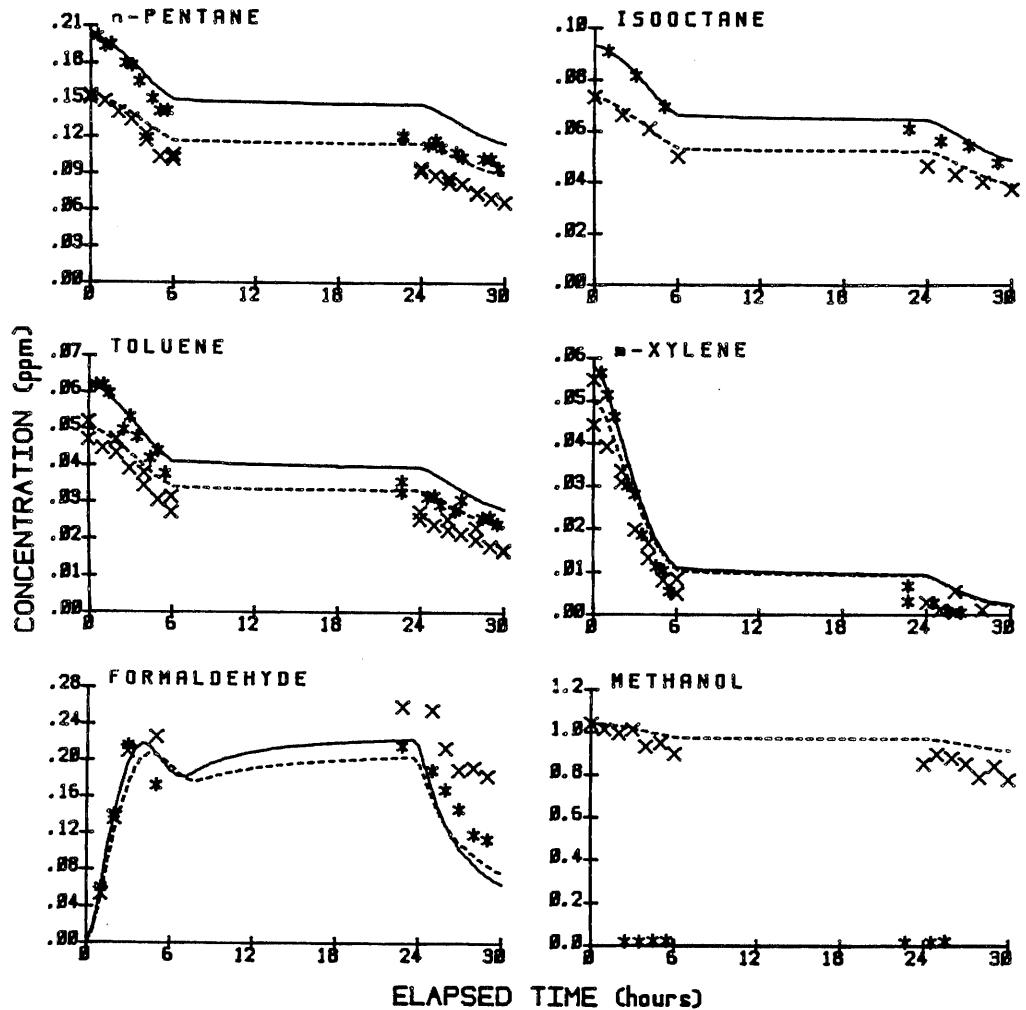


Figure A-34b. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 10-B-M surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-237. (Page 2 of 2).

* = experimental data, side A
 X = experimental data, side B
 — = model calculation, side A
 - - - = model calculation, side B

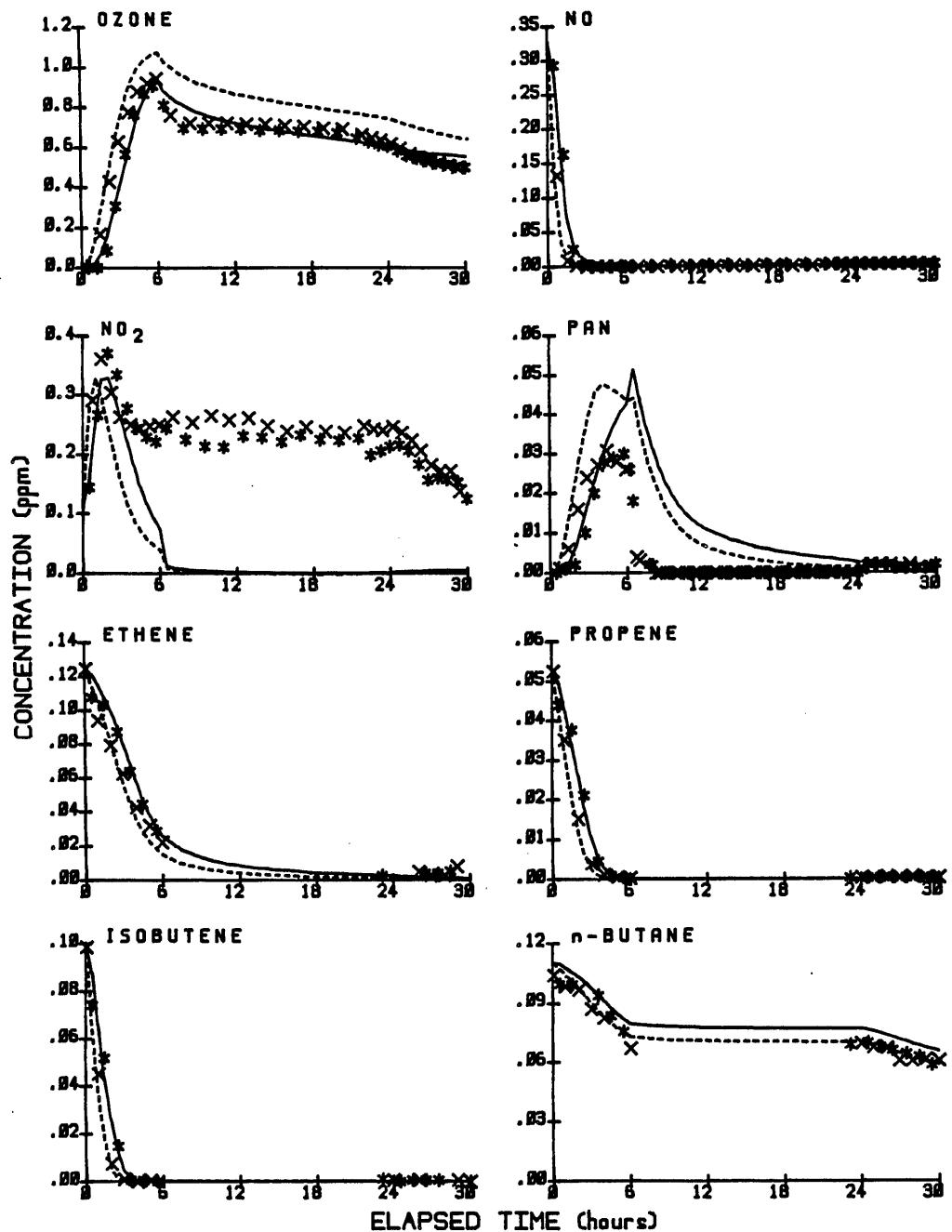


Figure A-35a. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 10-M-MF surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-222. (Page 1 of 2).

- * = experimental data, side A
- X = experimental data, side B
- = model calculation, side A
- - - = model calculation, side B

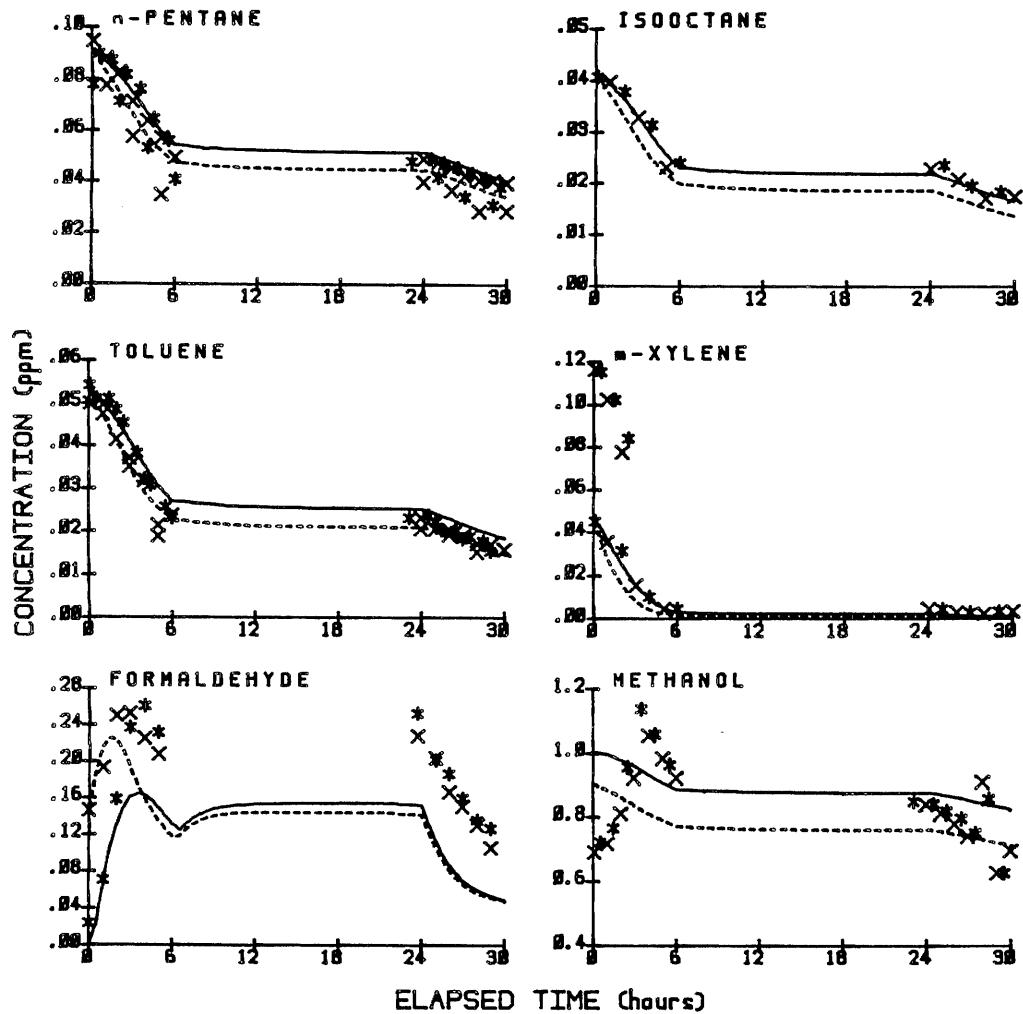


Figure A-35b. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 10-M-MF surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-222. (Page 2 of 2).

* = experimental data, side A
 X = experimental data, side B
 — = model calculation, side A
 - - - = model calculation, side B

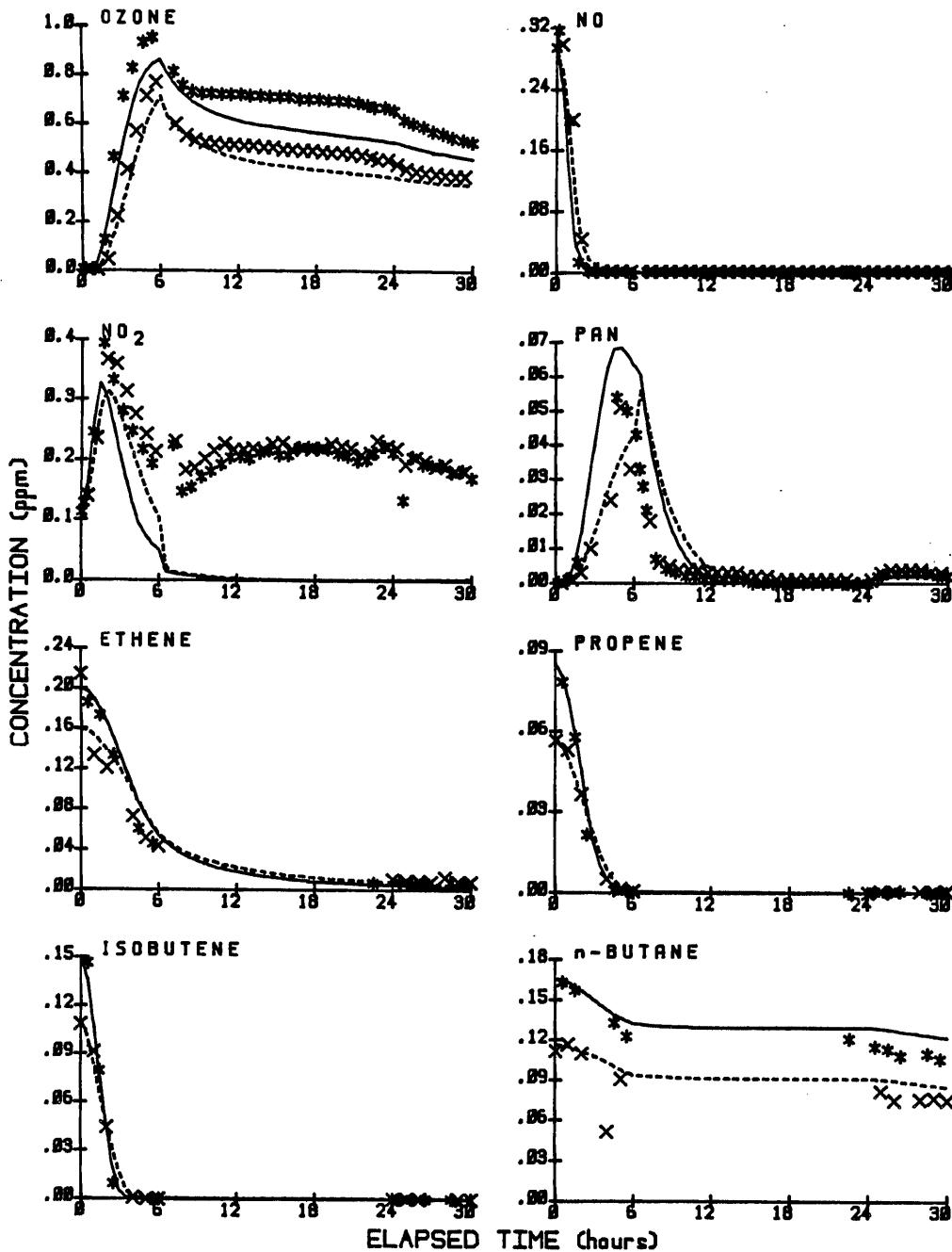


Figure A-36a. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 10-B-BL surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-223. (Page 1 of 2).

* = experimental data, side A
 X = experimental data, side B
 — = model calculation, side A
 - - - = model calculation, side B

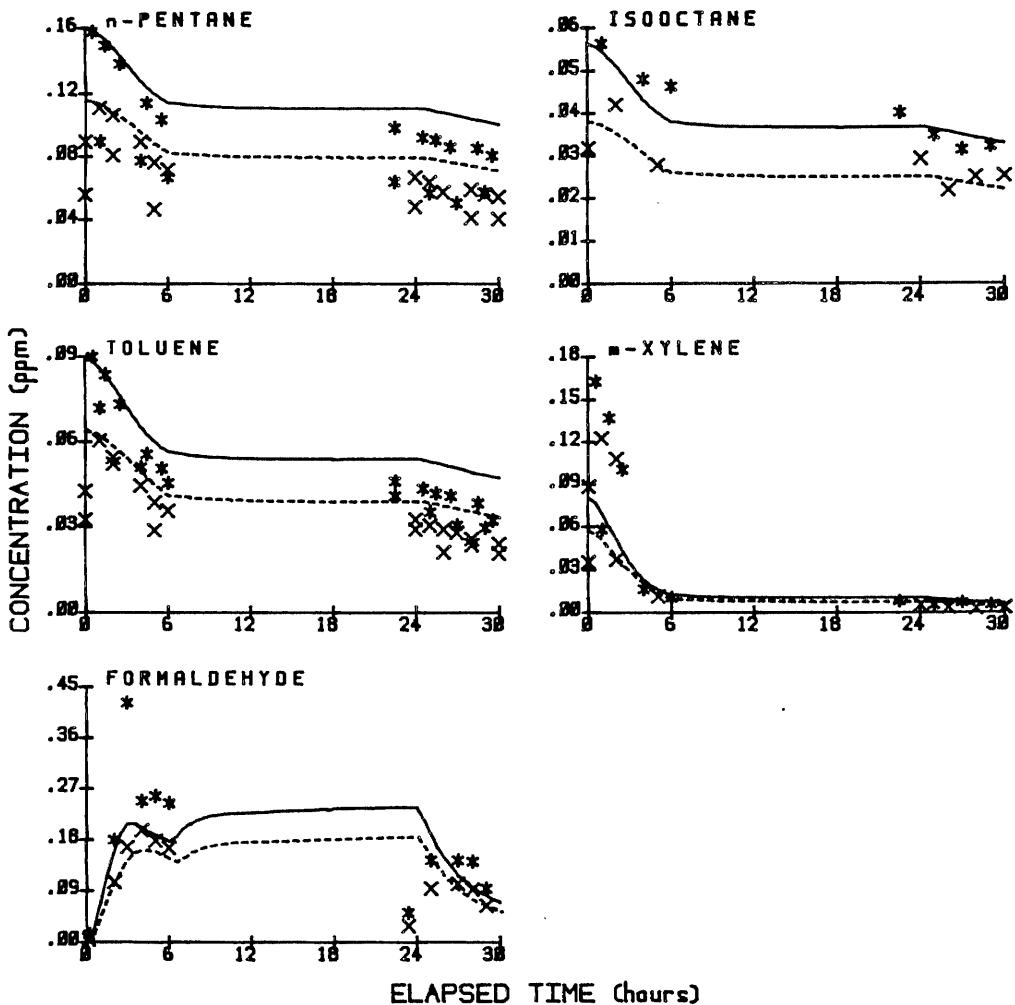


Figure A-36b. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 10-B-BL surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-223. (Page 2 of 2).

- * = experimental data, side A
- X = experimental data, side B
- = model calculation, side A
- - - = model calculation, side B

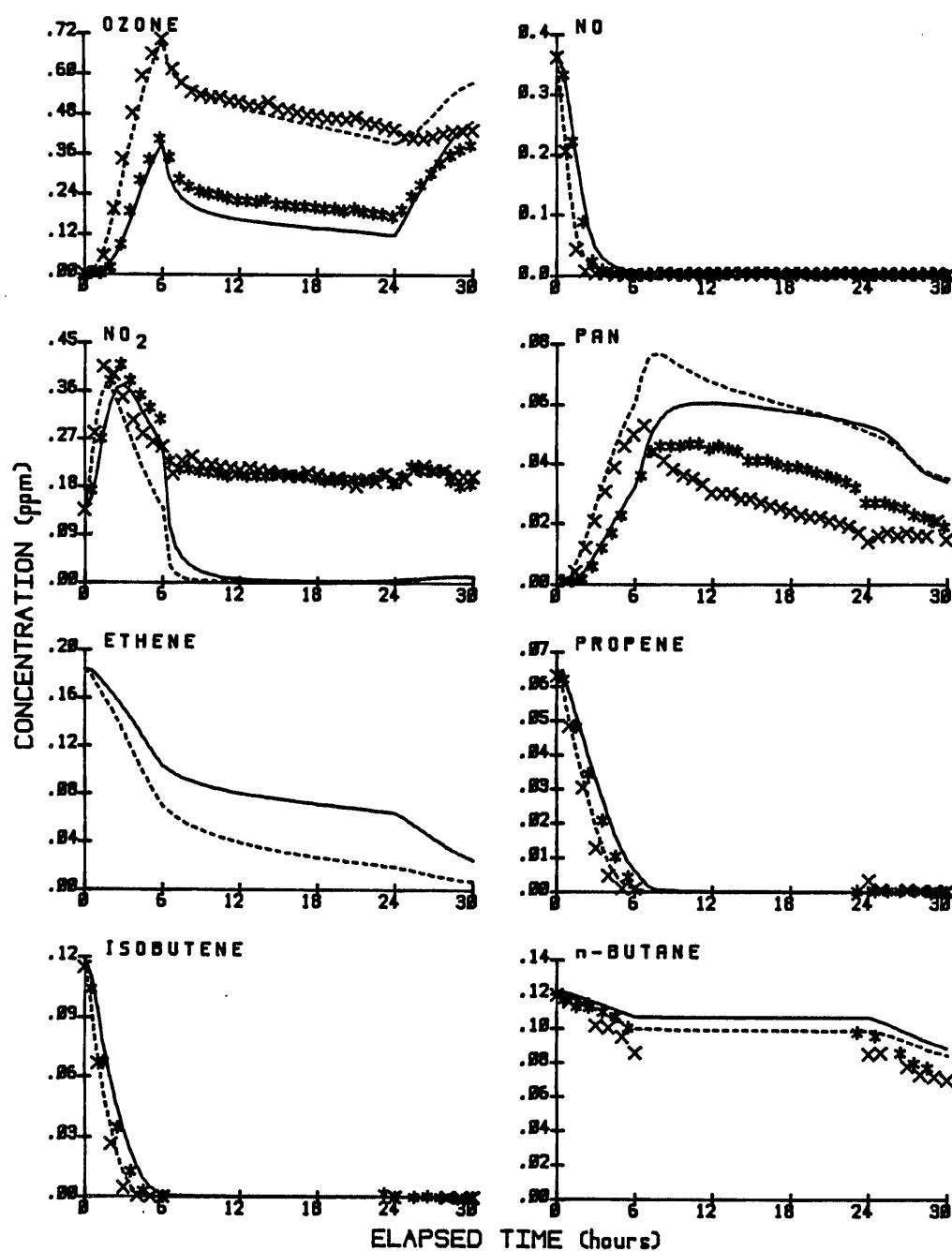


Figure A-37a. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 10-BL-MF surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-238. (Page 1 of 2).

- * = experimental data, side A
- X = experimental data, side B
- = model calculation, side A
- - - = model calculation, side B

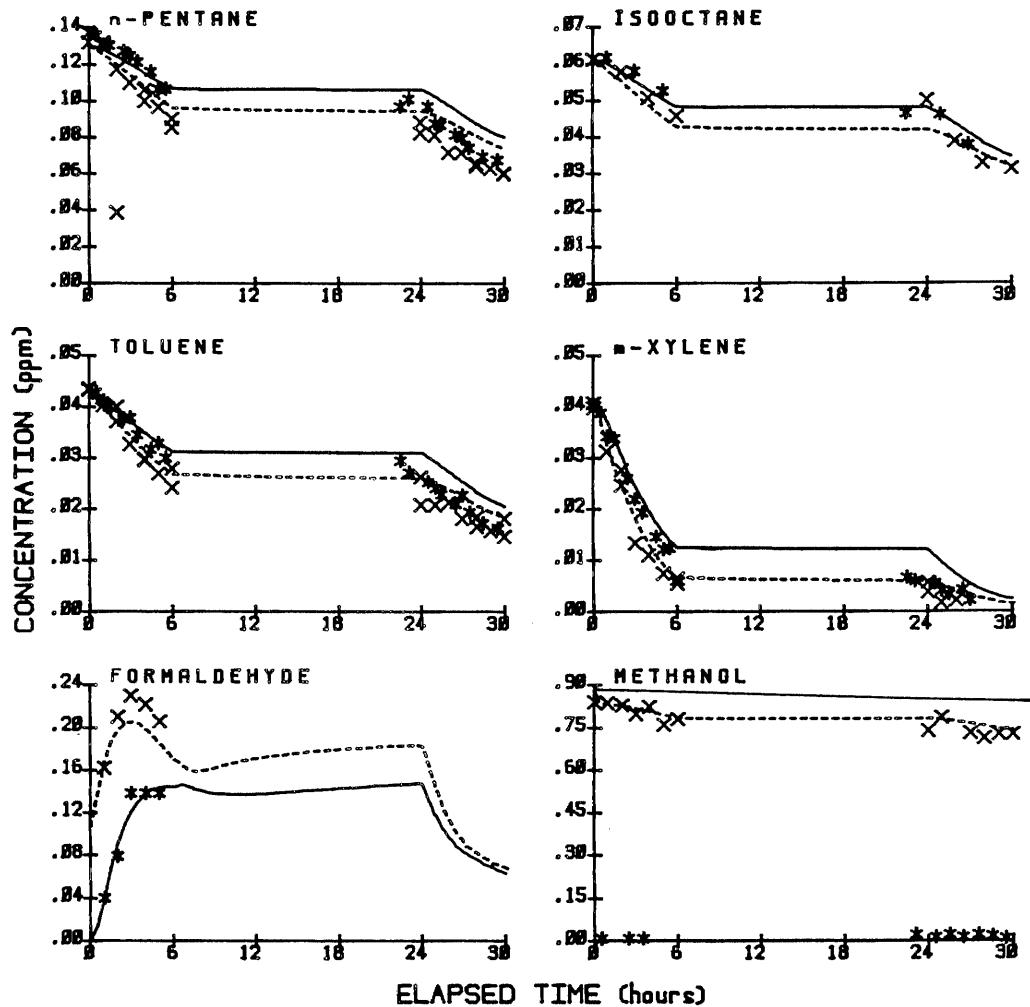


Figure A-37b. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 10-BL-MF surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-238. (Page 2 of 2).

- * = experimental data, side A
- X = experimental data, side B
- = model calculation, side A
- - - = model calculation, side B

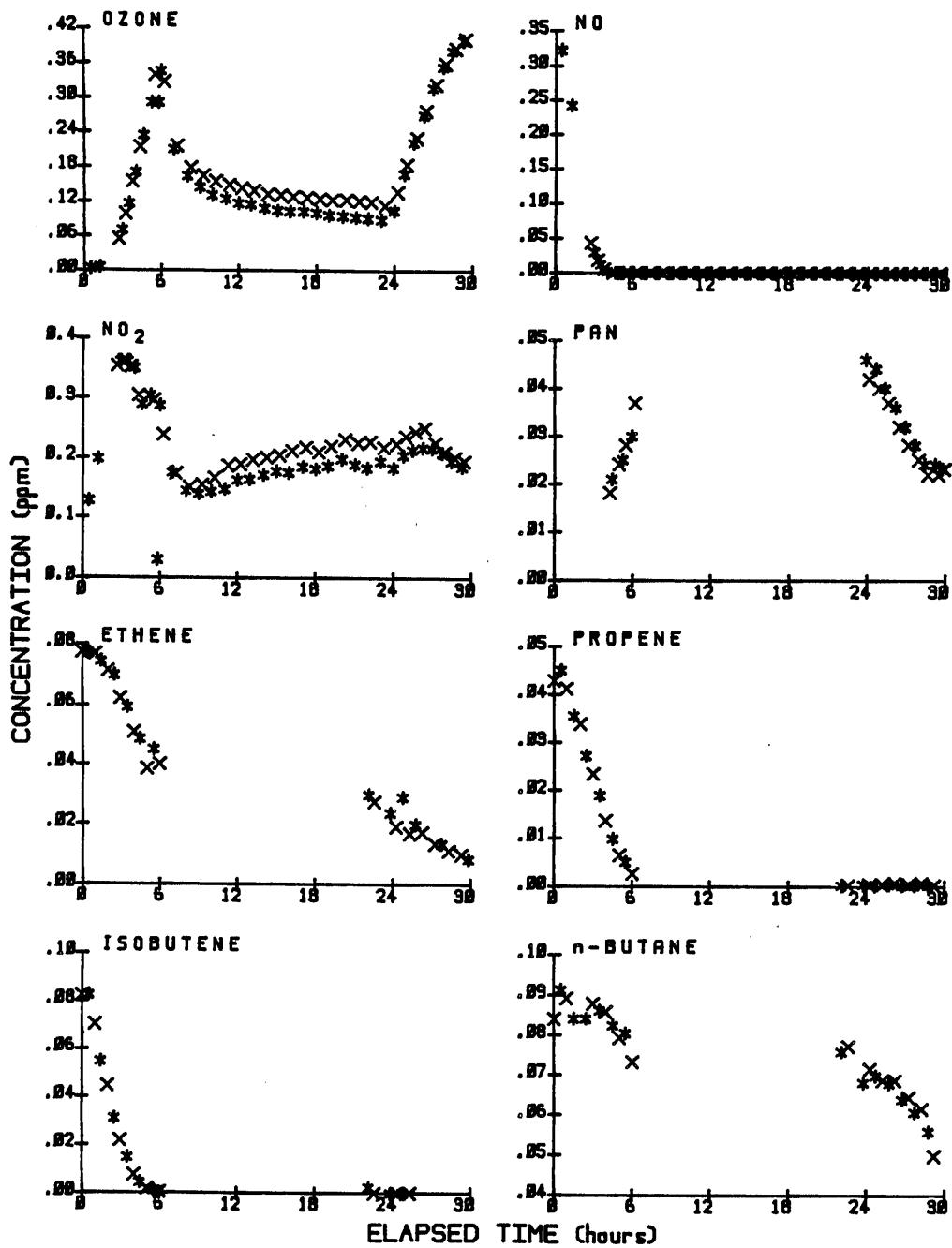


Figure A-38a. Experimental concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 10-MF-MF surrogate- NO_x -air side equivalency test run OTC-214. (Page 1 of 2).

* = experimental data, side A
 X = experimental data, side B

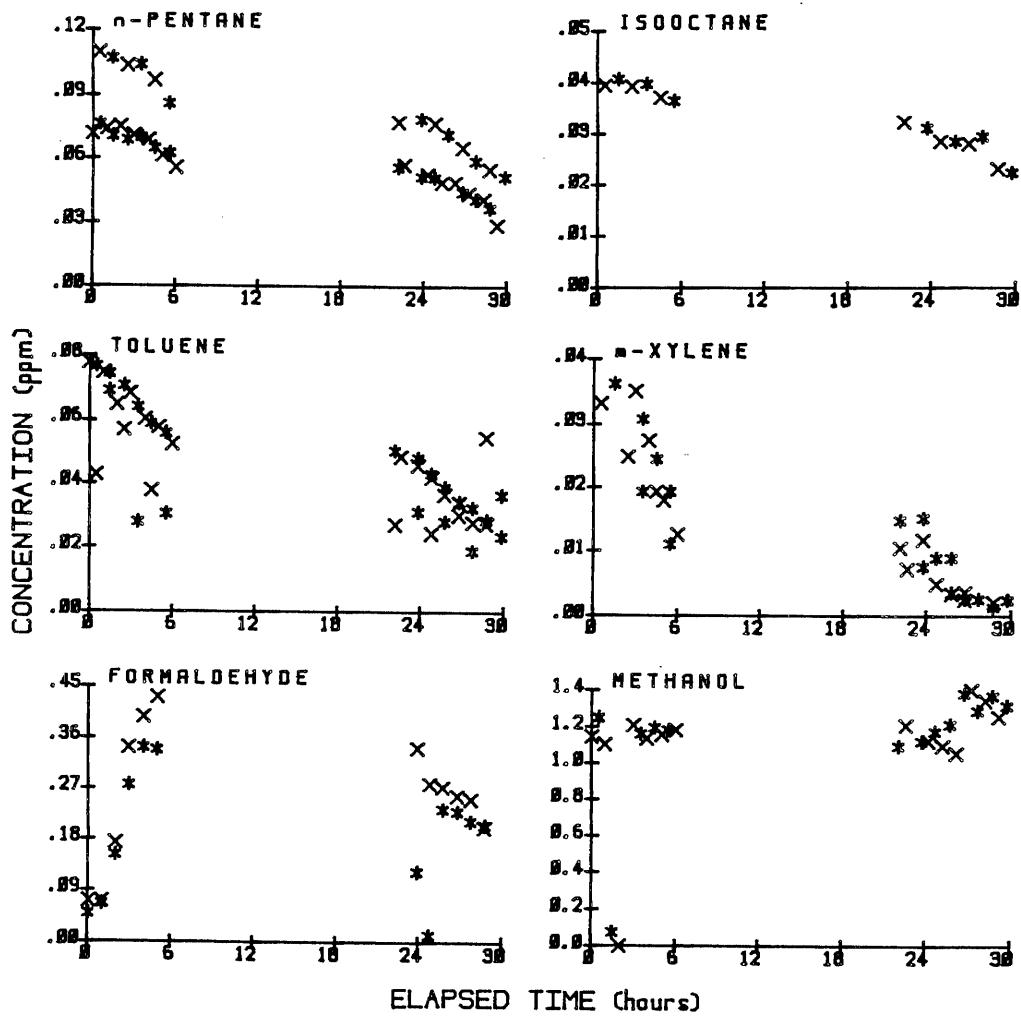


Figure A-38b. Experimental concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 10-MF-MF surrogate- NO_x -air side equivalency test run OTC-214. (Page 2 of 2).

* = experimental data, side A
 X = experimental data, side B

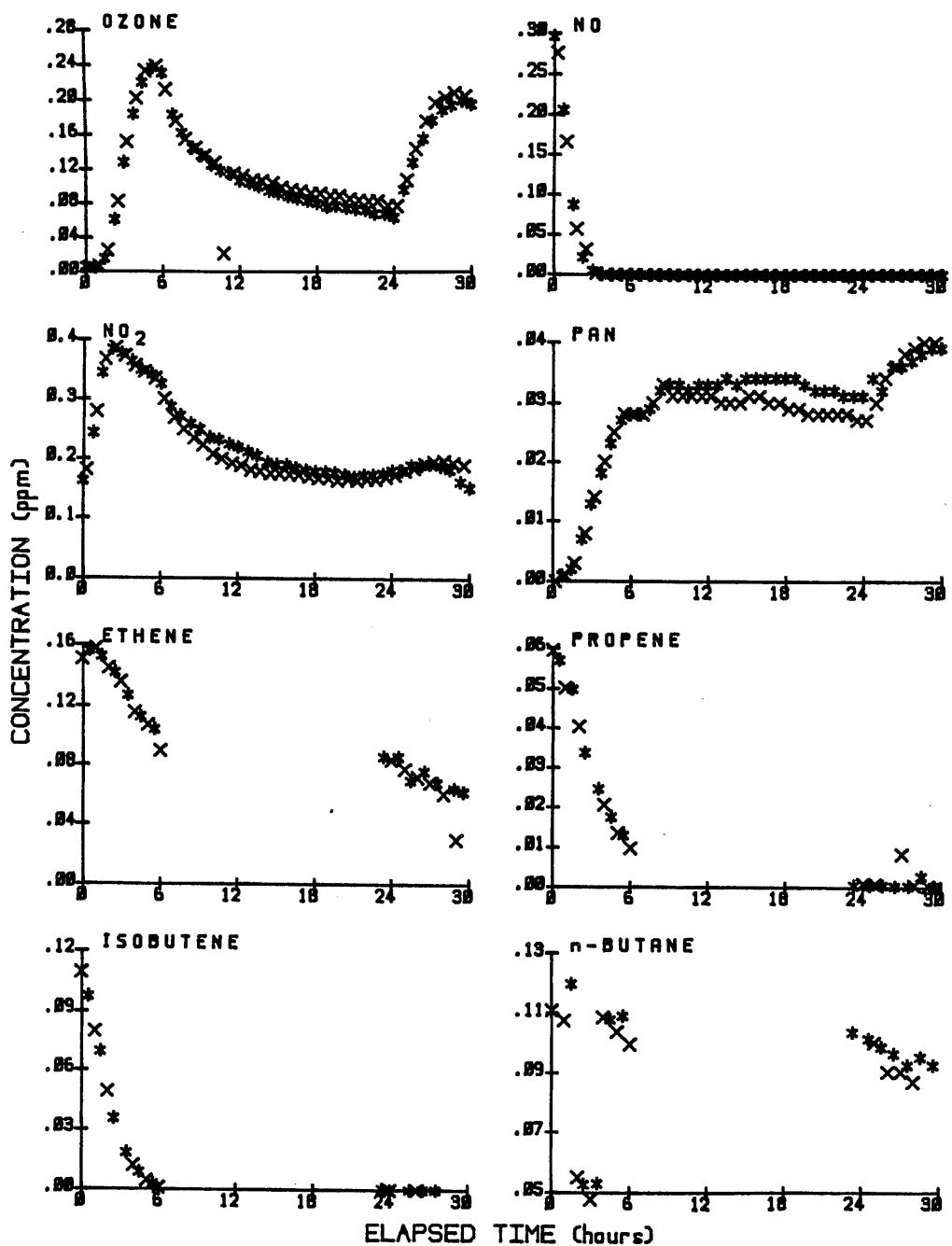


Figure A-39a. Experimental concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 10-MF-MF surrogate- NO_x -air side equivalency test run OTC-250. (Page 1 of 2).

* = experimental data, side A
 X = experimental data, side B

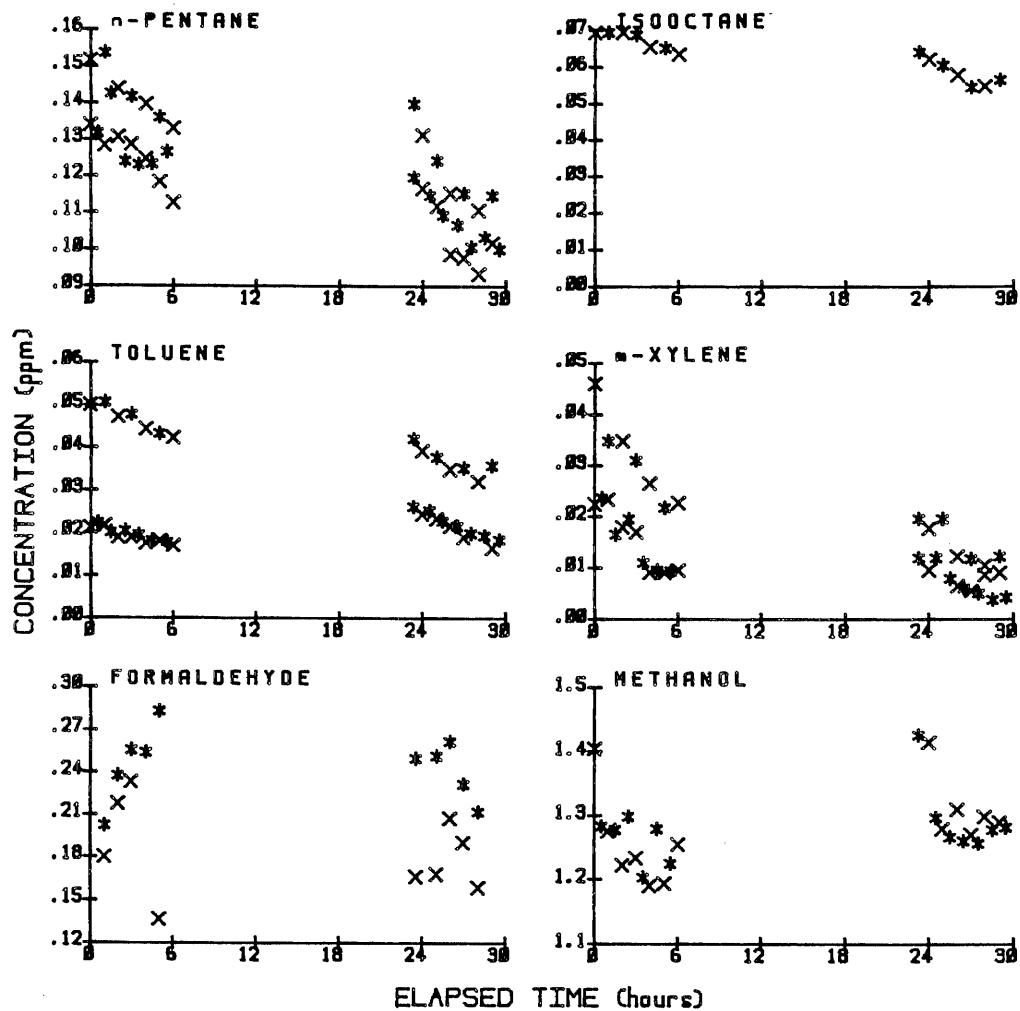


Figure A-39b. Experimental concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 10-MF-MF surrogate- NO_x -air side equivalency test run OTC-250. (Page 2 of 2).

* = experimental data, side A
 X = experimental data, side B

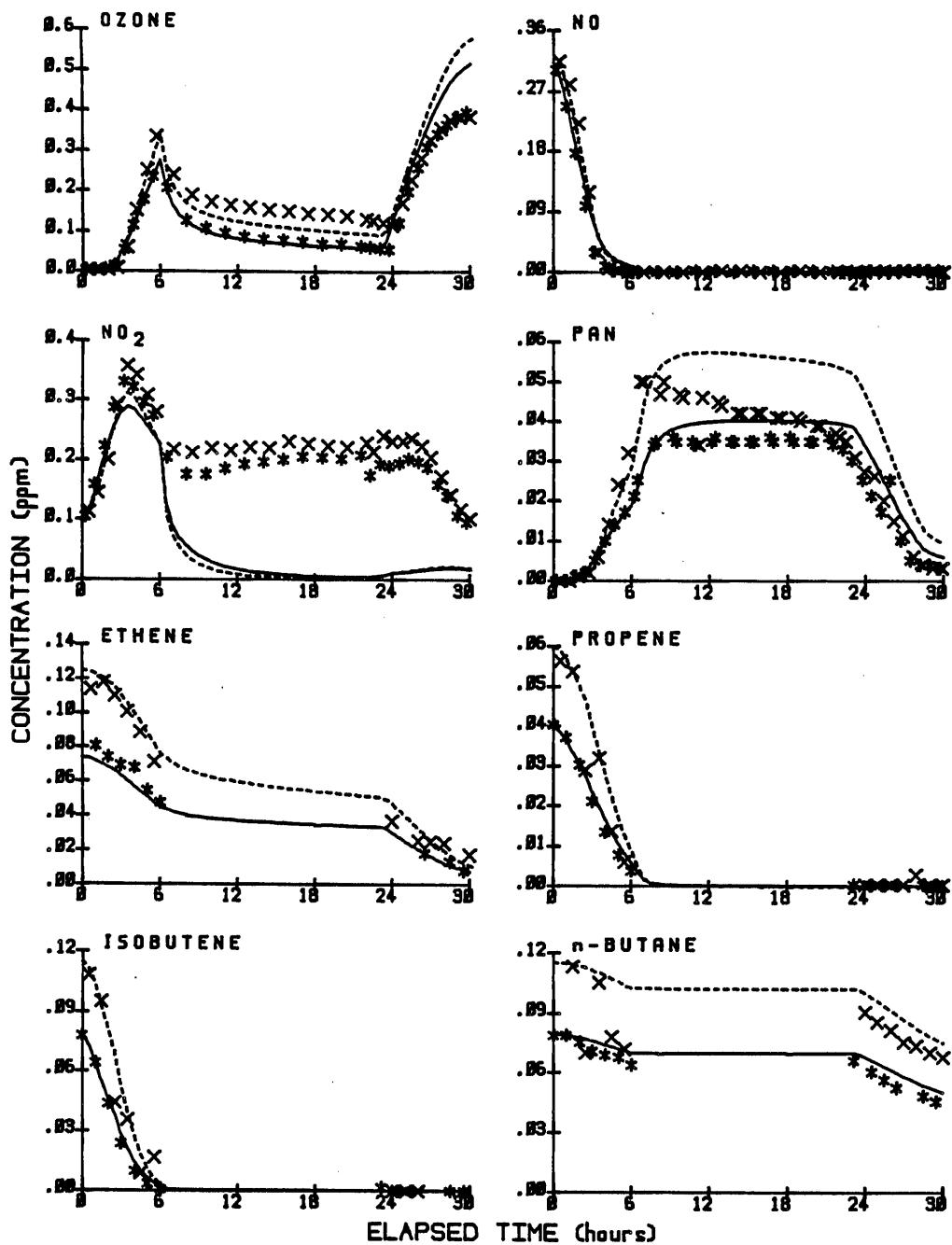


Figure A-40a. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 7-MF-B surrogate-NO_x-air run OTC-221. (Page 1 of 2).

* = experimental data, side A
 X = experimental data, side B
 — = model calculation, side A
 - - - = model calculation, side B

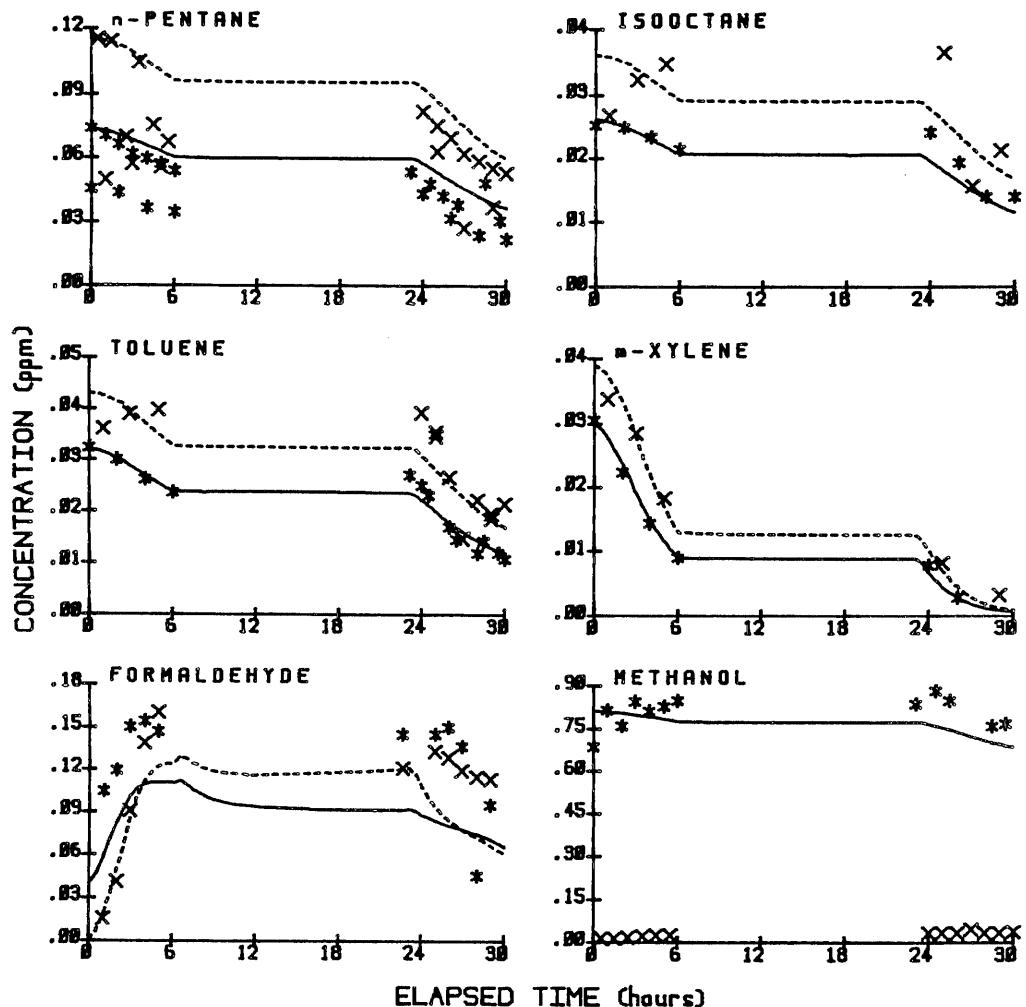


Figure A-40b. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 7-MF-B surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-221. (Page 2 of 2).

* = experimental data, side A
 X = experimental data, side B
 — = model calculation, side A
 - - - = model calculation, side B

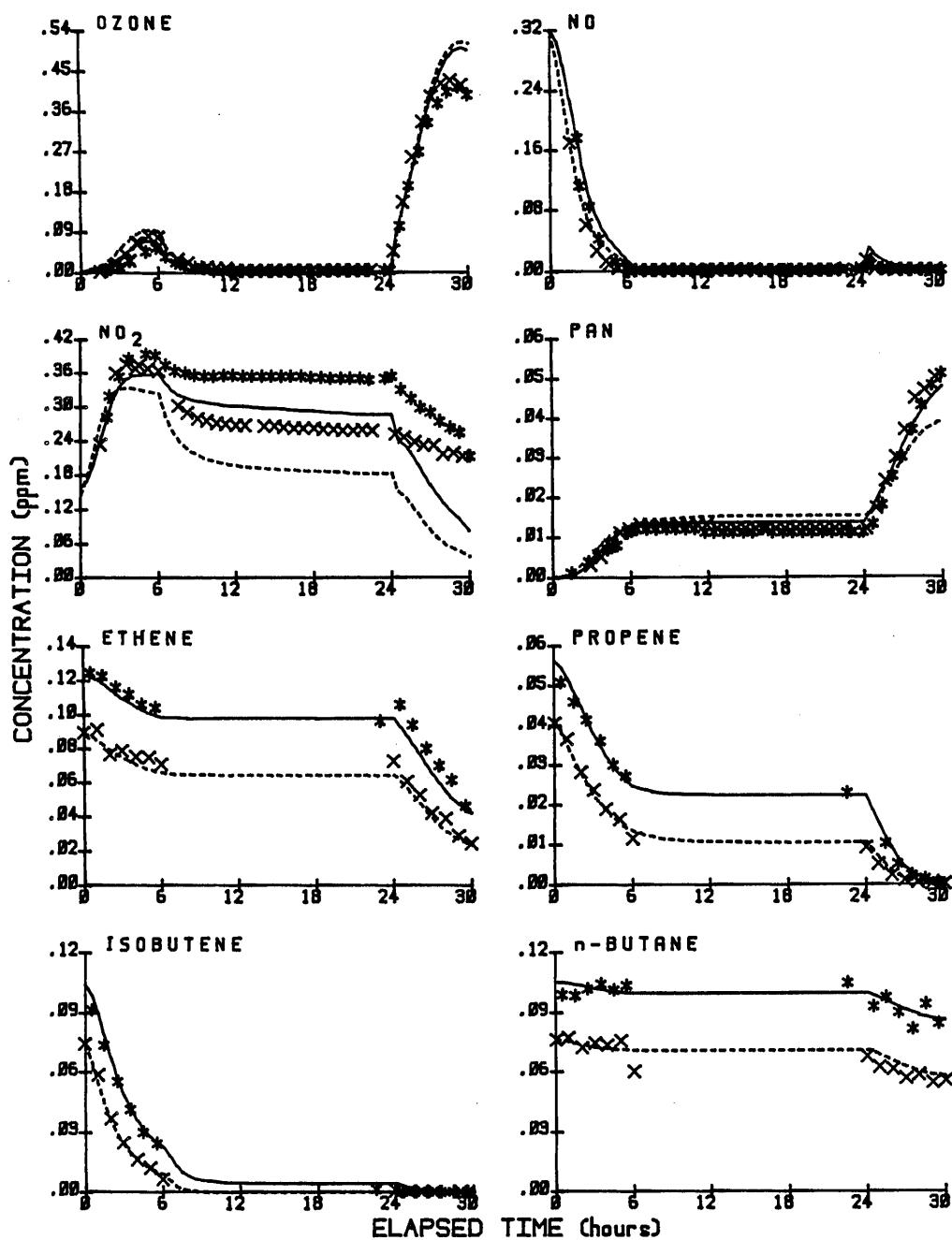


Figure A-41a. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 7-B-MF surrogate-NO_x-air run OTC-248. (Page 1 of 2).

* = experimental data, side A
 X = experimental data, side B
 — = model calculation, side A
 - - - = model calculation, side B

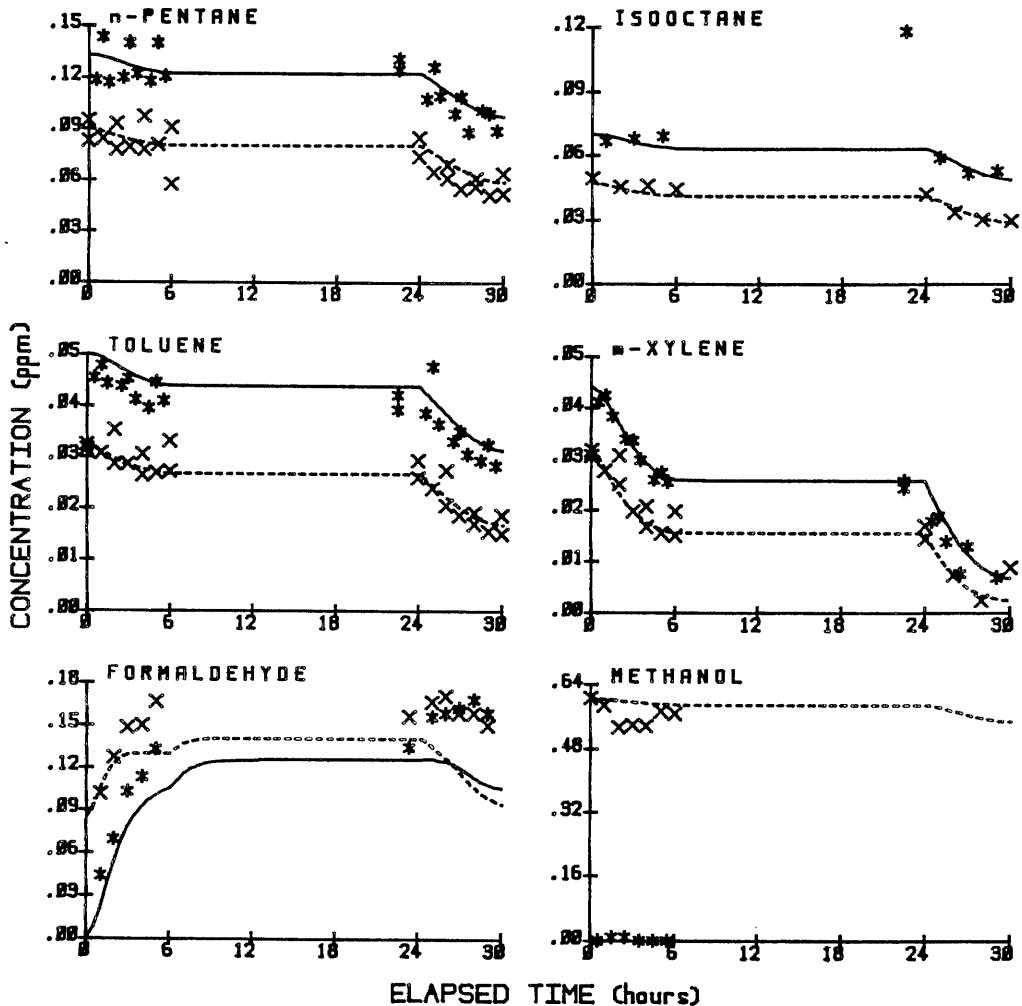


Figure A-41b. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 7-B-MF surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-248. (Page 2 of 2).

- * = experimental data, side A
- X = experimental data, side B
- = model calculation, side A
- - - = model calculation, side B

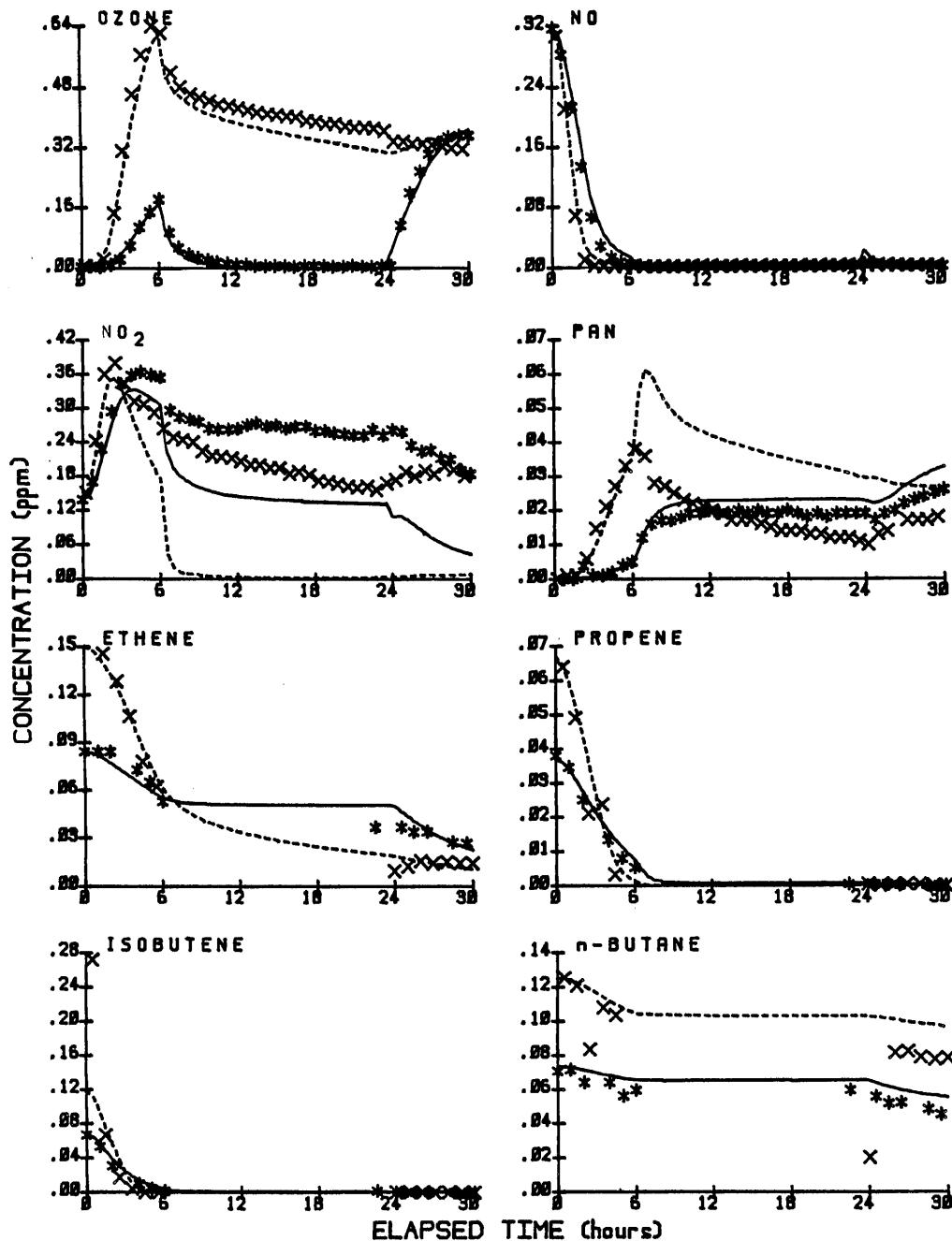


Figure A-42a. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 7-M-B surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-242. (Page 1 of 2).

* = experimental data, side A
 X = experimental data, side B
 — = model calculation, side A
 - - - = model calculation, side B

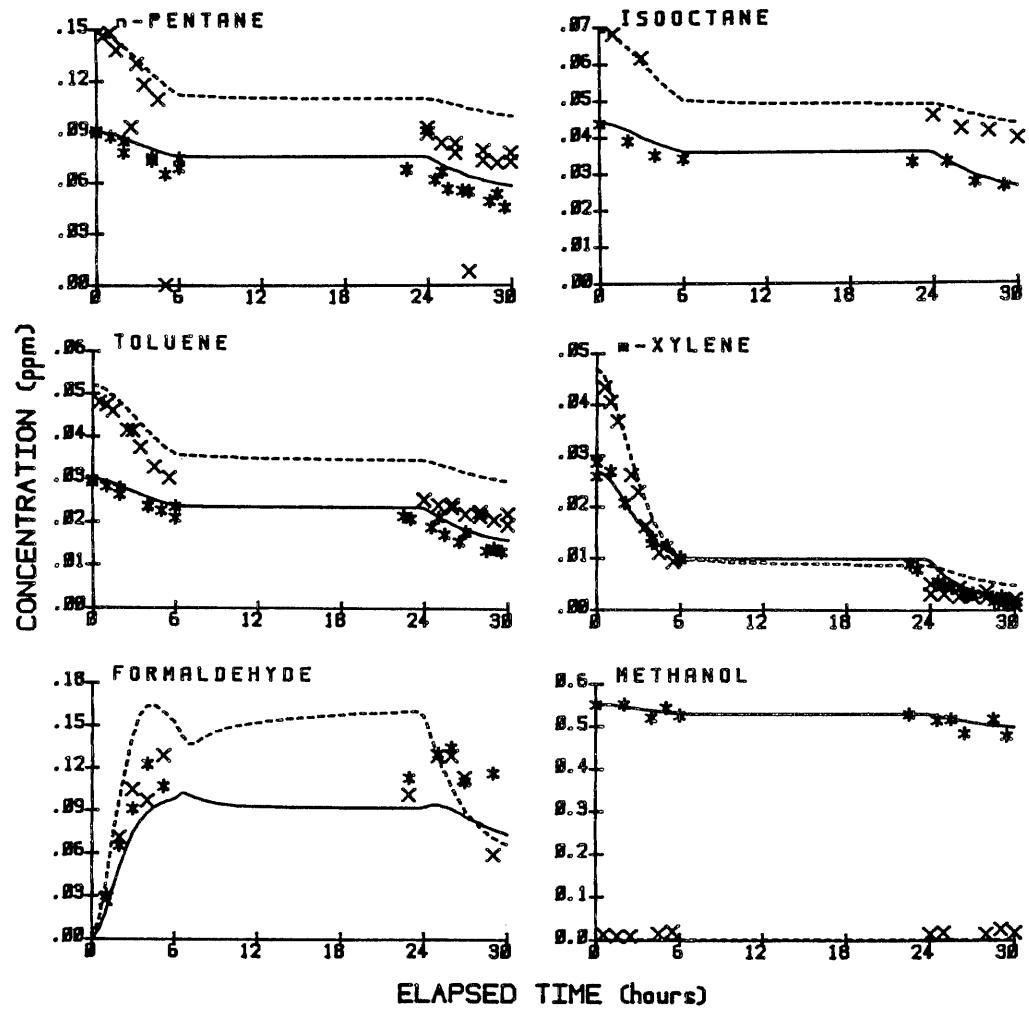


Figure A-42b. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 7-M-B surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-242. (Page 2 of 2).

- * = experimental data, side A
- X = experimental data, side B
- = model calculation, side A
- - - = model calculation, side B

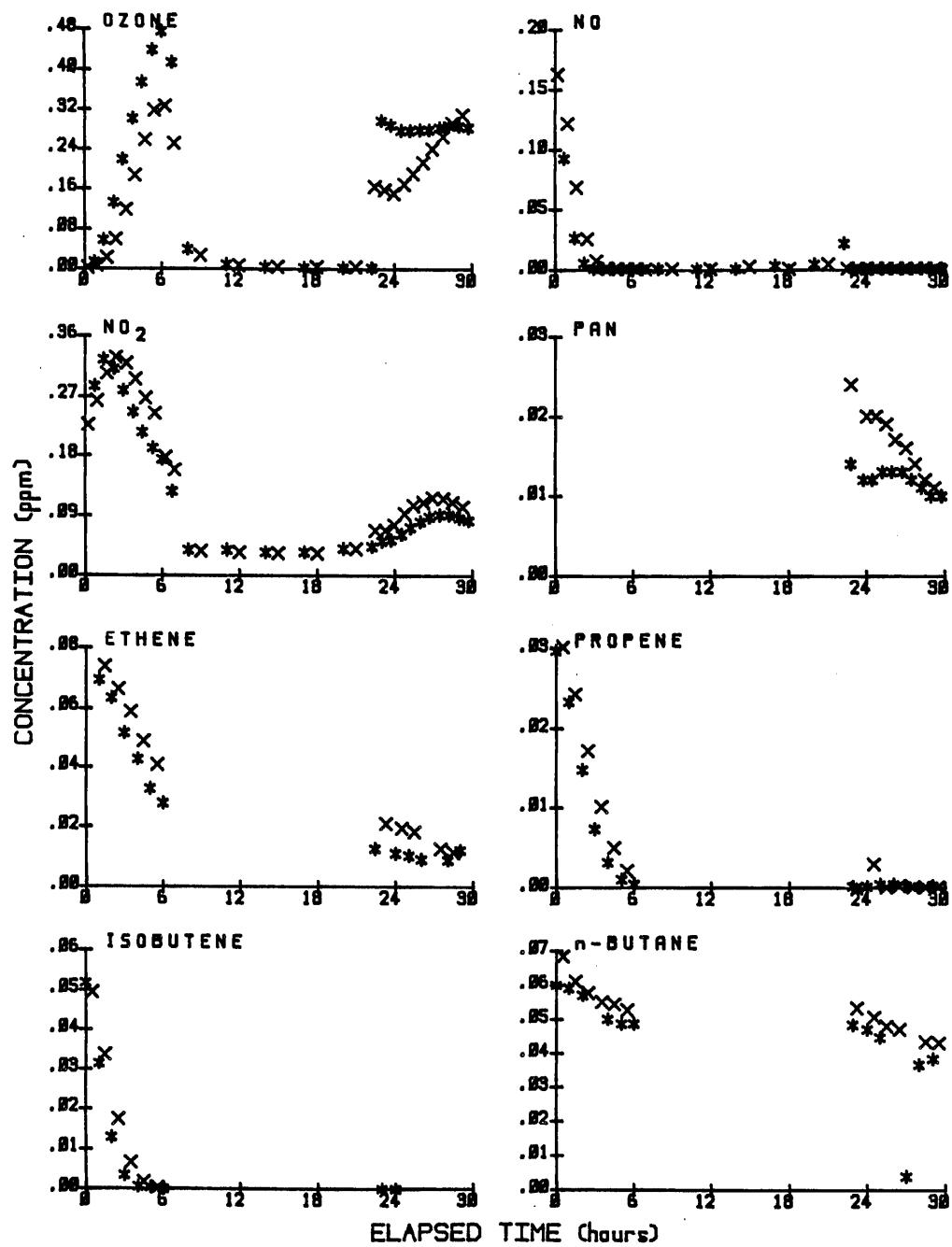


Figure A-43a. Experimental concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 7-MF-M surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-219. (Page 1 of 2).

* = experimental data, side A
 X = experimental data, side B

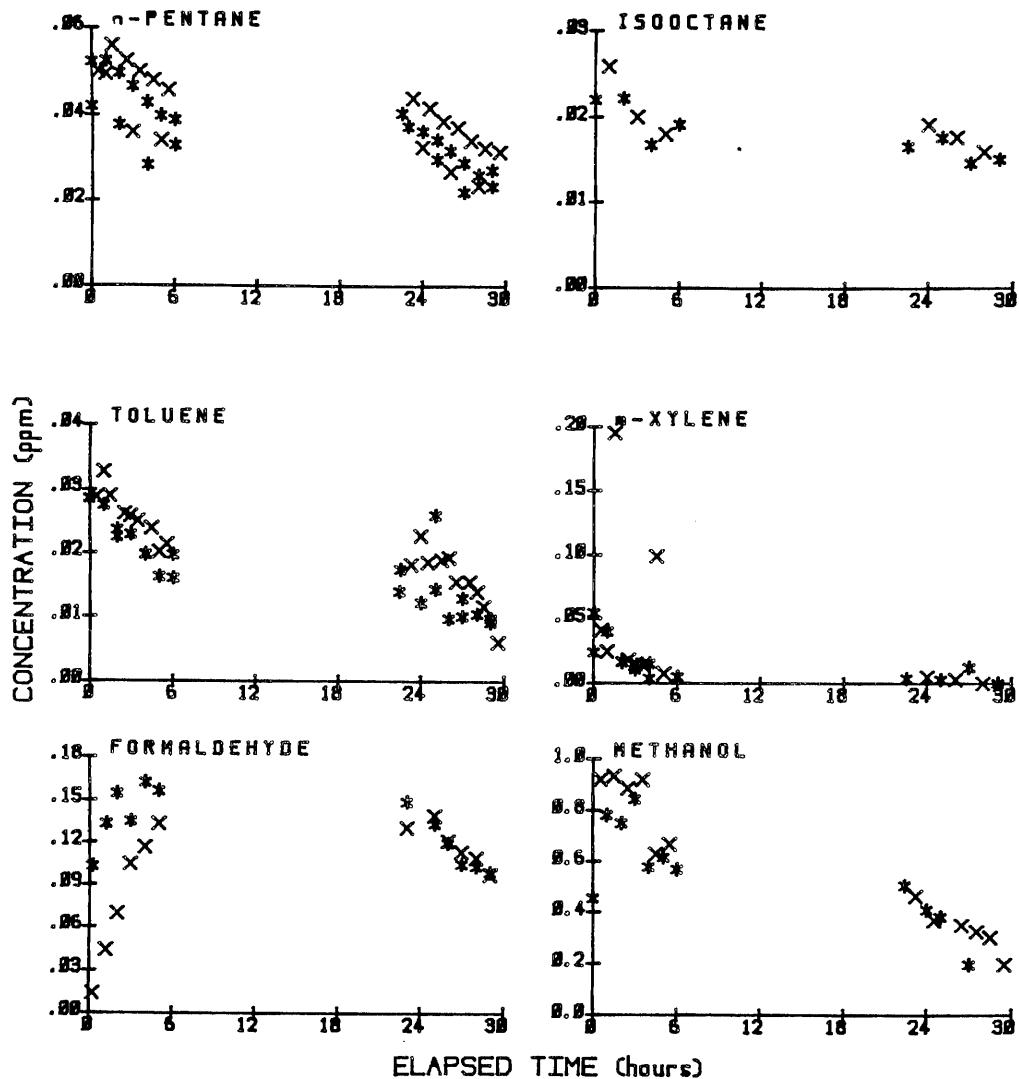


Figure A-43b. Experimental concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 7-MF-M surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-219. (Page 2 of 2).

* = experimental data, side A
 X = experimental data, side B

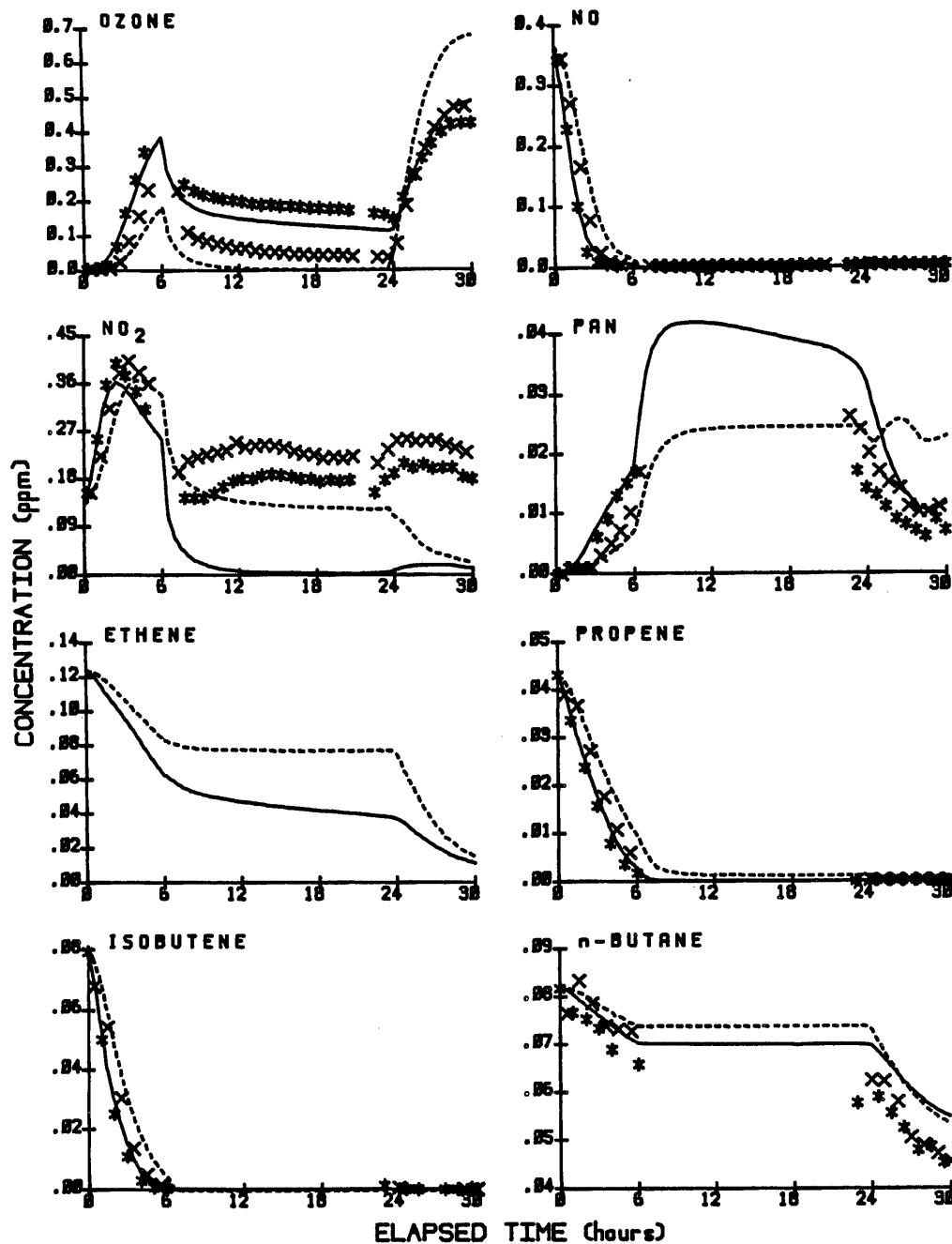


Figure A-44a. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 7-MF-M surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-239. (Page 1 of 2).

* = experimental data, side A
 X = experimental data, side B
 — = model calculation, side A
 - - - = model calculation, side B

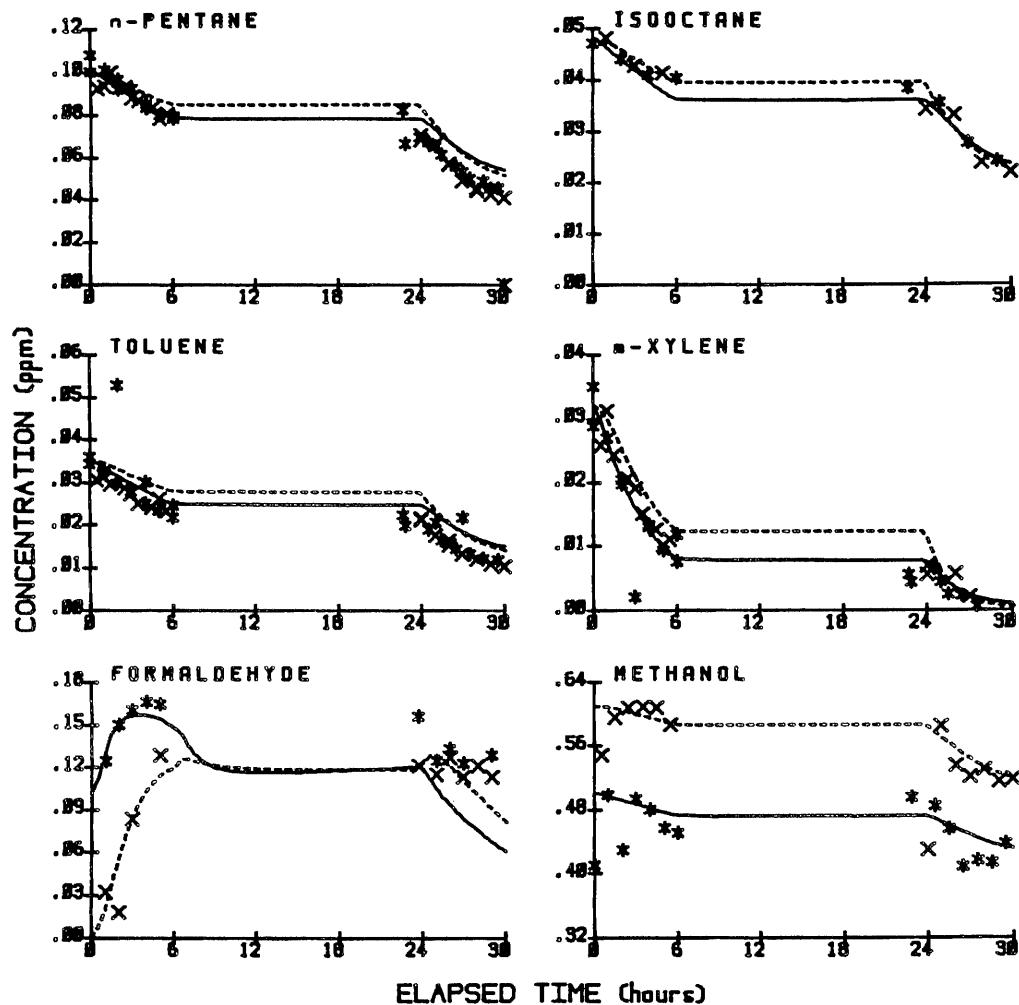


Figure A-44b. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 7-MF-M surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-239. (Page 2 of 2).

* = experimental data, side A
 X = experimental data, side B
 — = model calculation, side A
 - - - = model calculation, side B

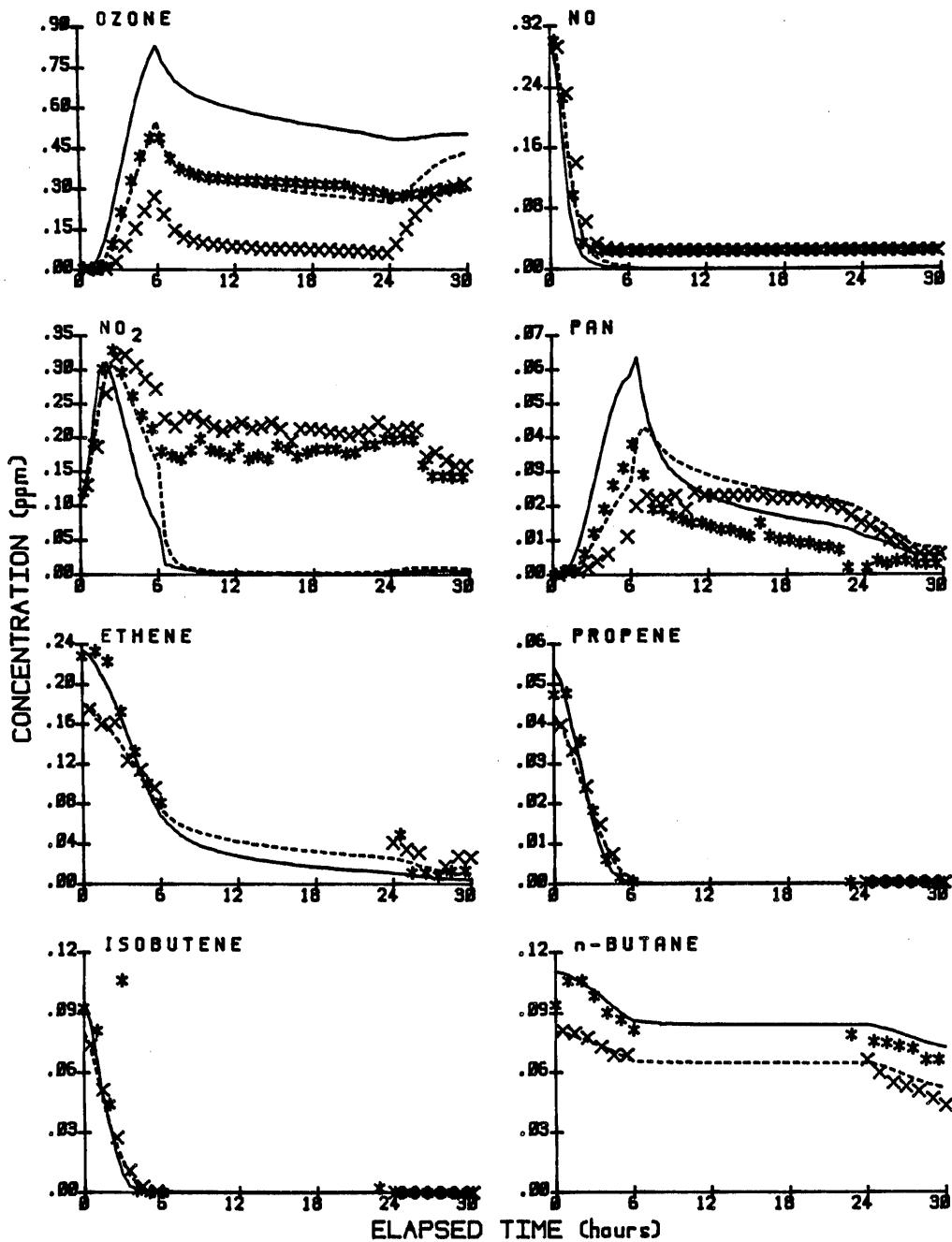


Figure A-45a. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 7-B-BL surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-230. (Page 1 of 2).

- * = experimental data, side A
- X = experimental data, side B
- = model calculation, side A
- - - = model calculation, side B

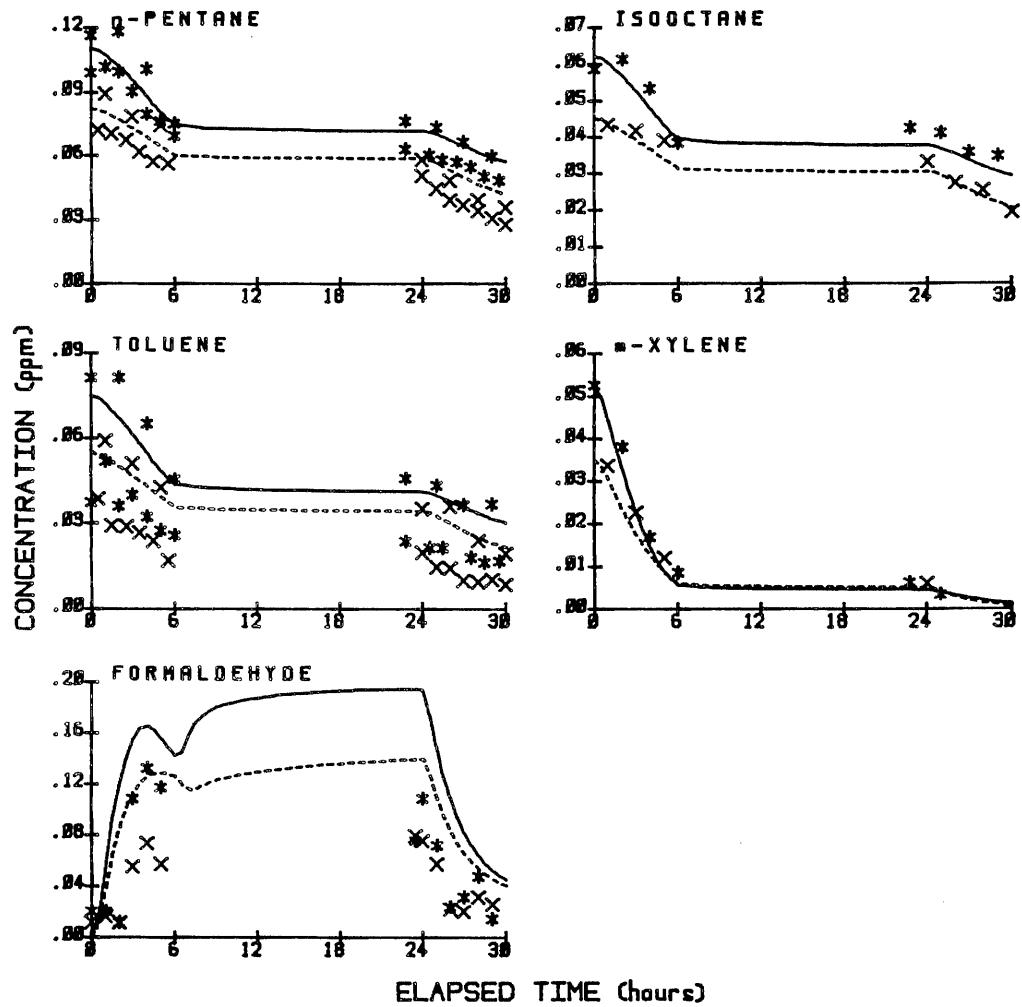


Figure A-45b. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 7-B-BL surrogate- NO_x^- air run OTC-230. (Page 2 of 2).

* = experimental data, side A
 X = experimental data, side B
 — = model calculation, side A
 - - - = model calculation, side B

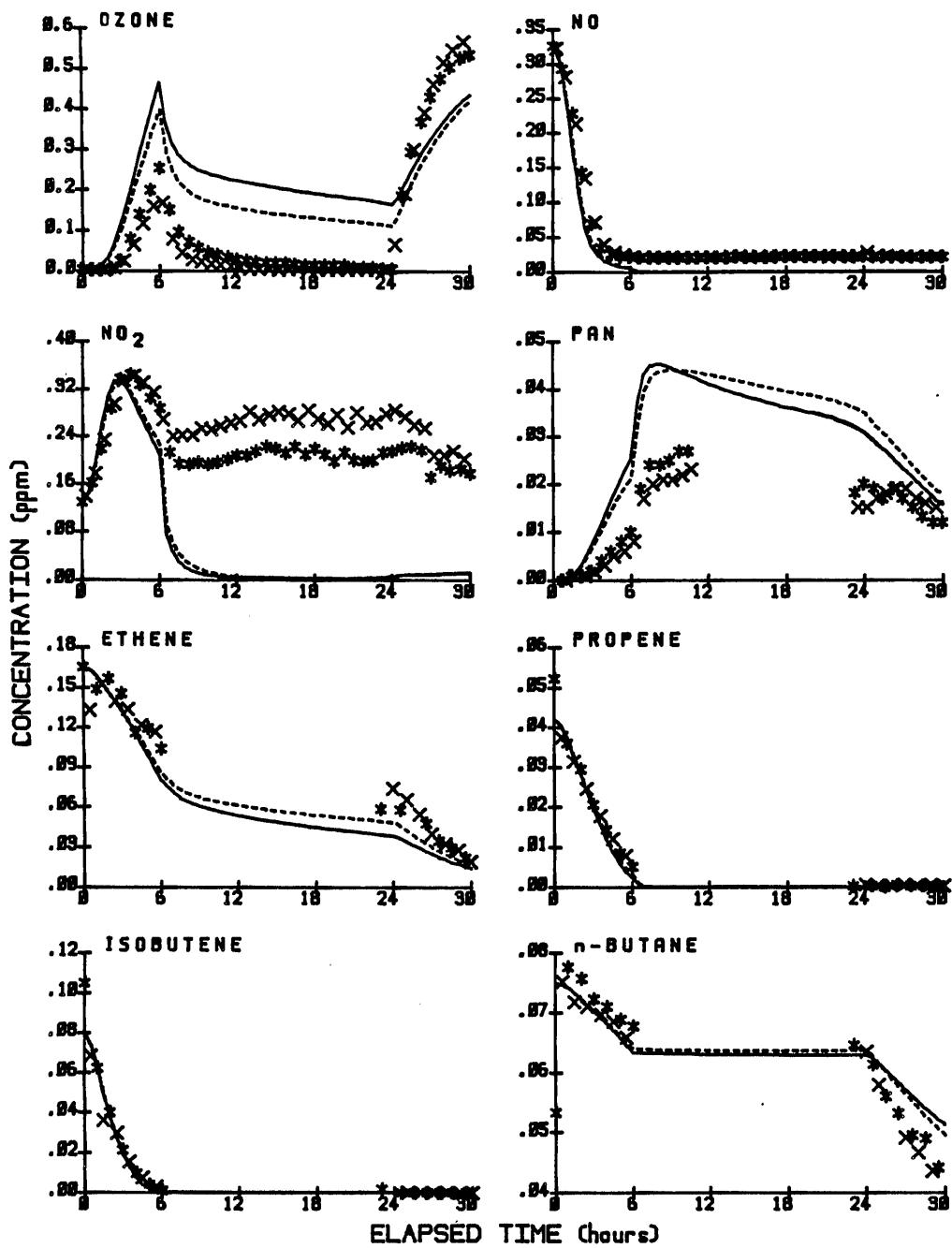


Figure A-46a. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 7-M-BL surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-229. (Page 1 of 2).

* = experimental data, side A
 X = experimental data, side B
 — = model calculation, side A
 - - - = model calculation, side B

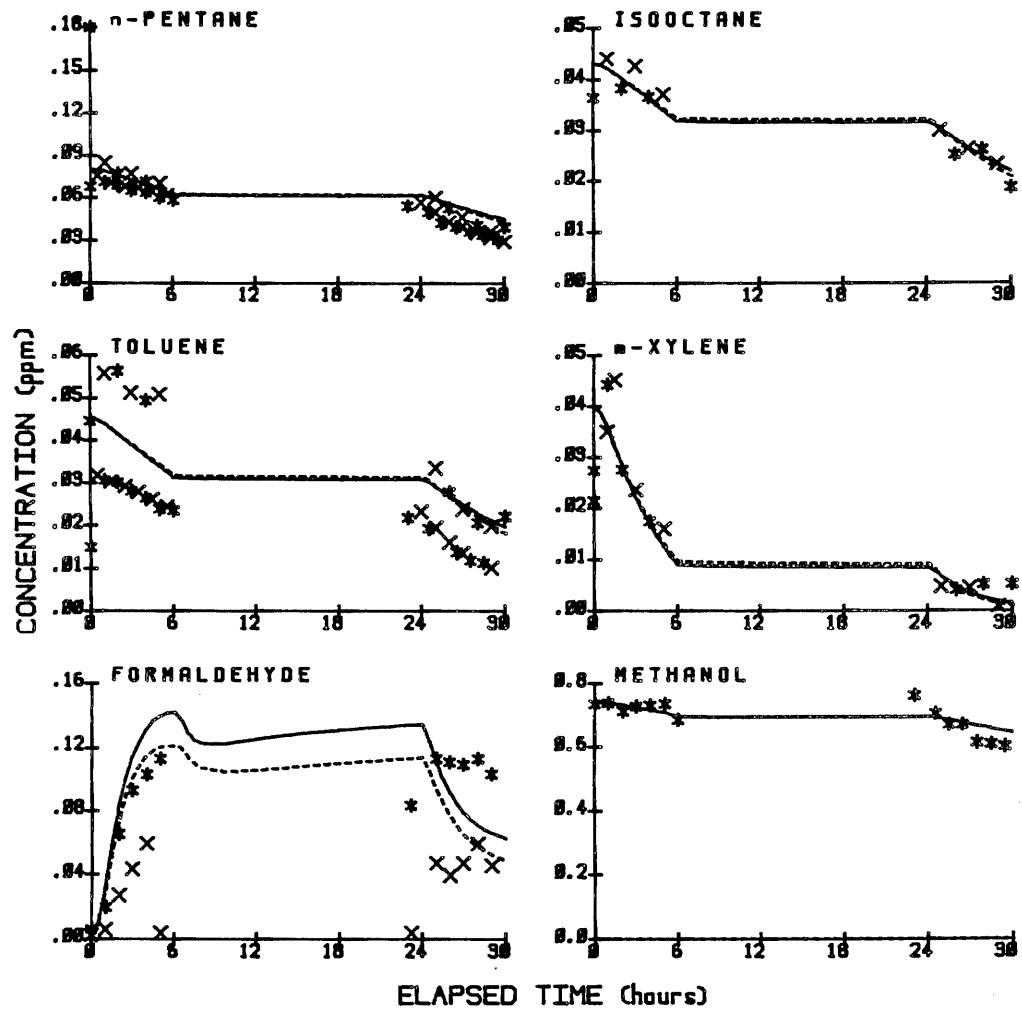


Figure A-46b. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 7-M-BL surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-229. (Page 2 of 2).

* = experimental data, side A
 X = experimental data, side B
 — = model calculation, side A
 - - - = model calculation, side B

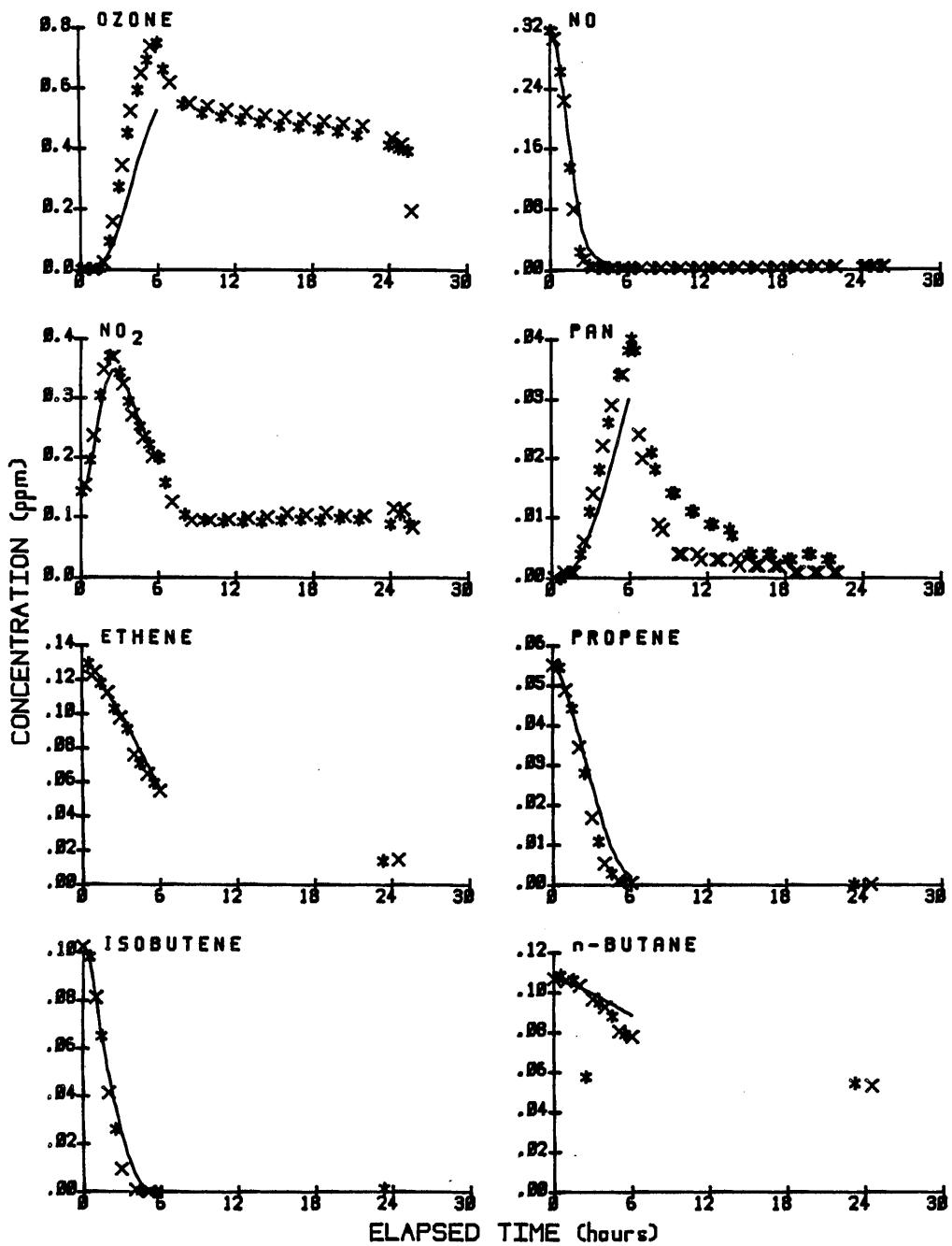


Figure A-47a. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 7-B-B surrogate-NO_x-air side equivalency test run OTC-226. (Page 1 of 2).

* = experimental data, side A
 X = experimental data, side B
 — = model calculation

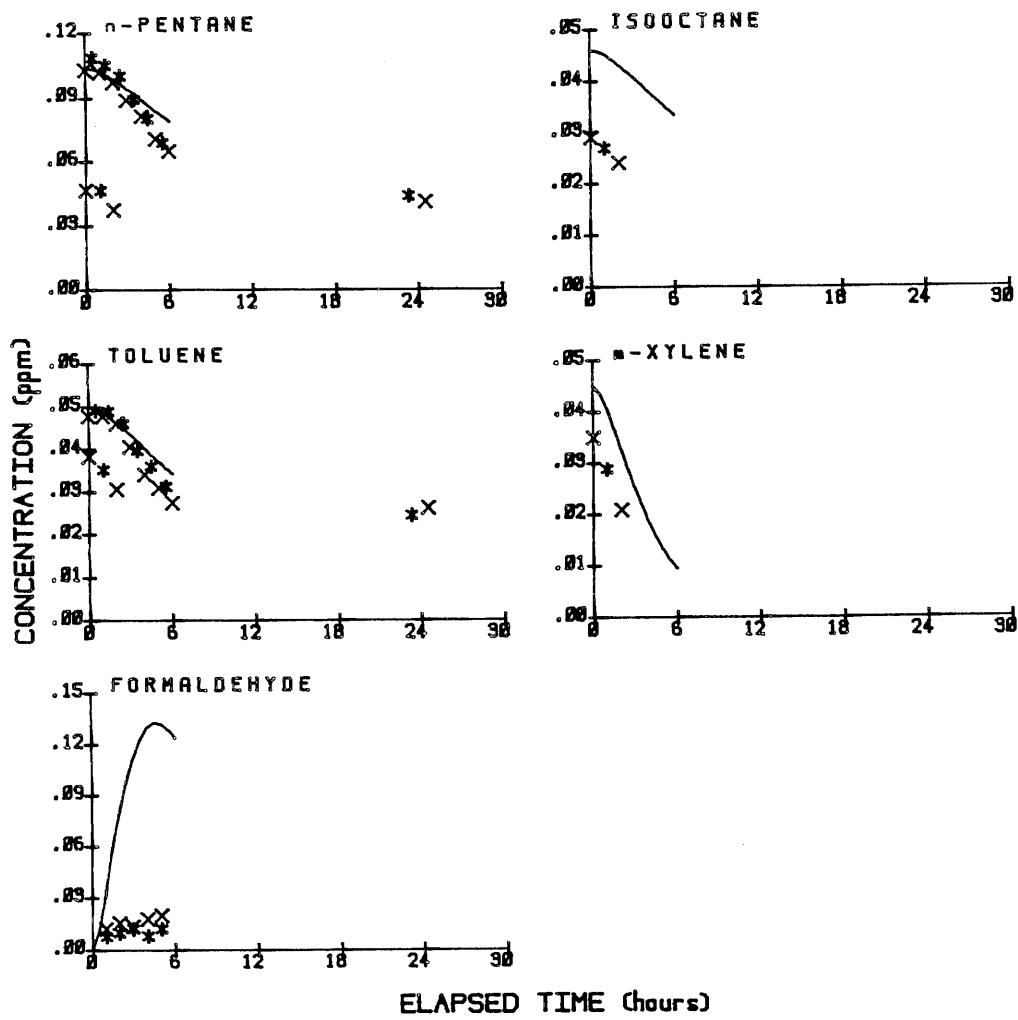


Figure A-47b. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 7-B-B surrogate- NO_x -air side equivalency test run OTC-226. (Page 2 of 2).

* = experimental data, side A
 X = experimental data, side B
 — = model calculation

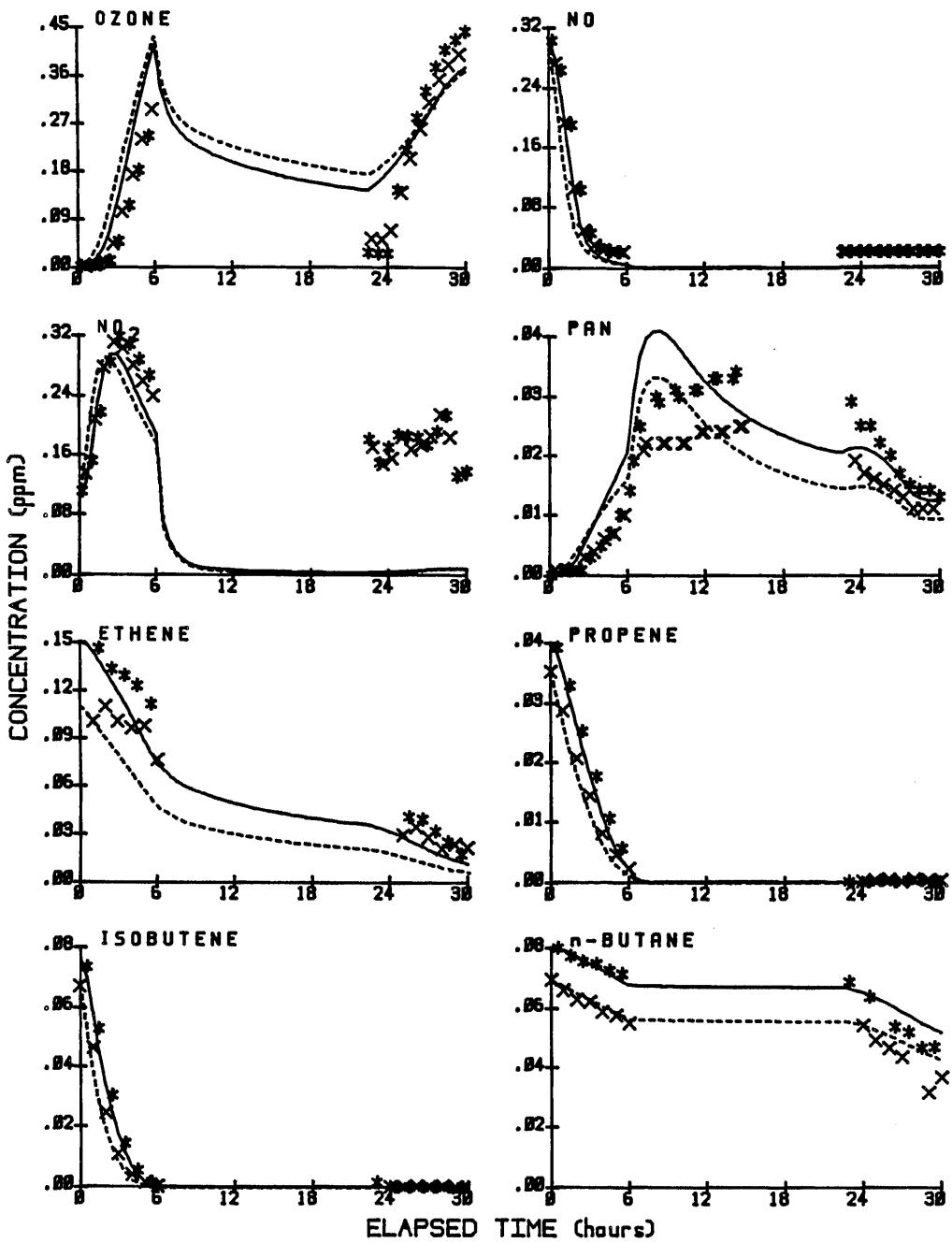


Figure A-48a. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 5-B-MF surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-228. (Page 1 of 2).

* = experimental data, side A
 X = experimental data, side B
 — = model calculation, side A
 - - - = model calculation, side B

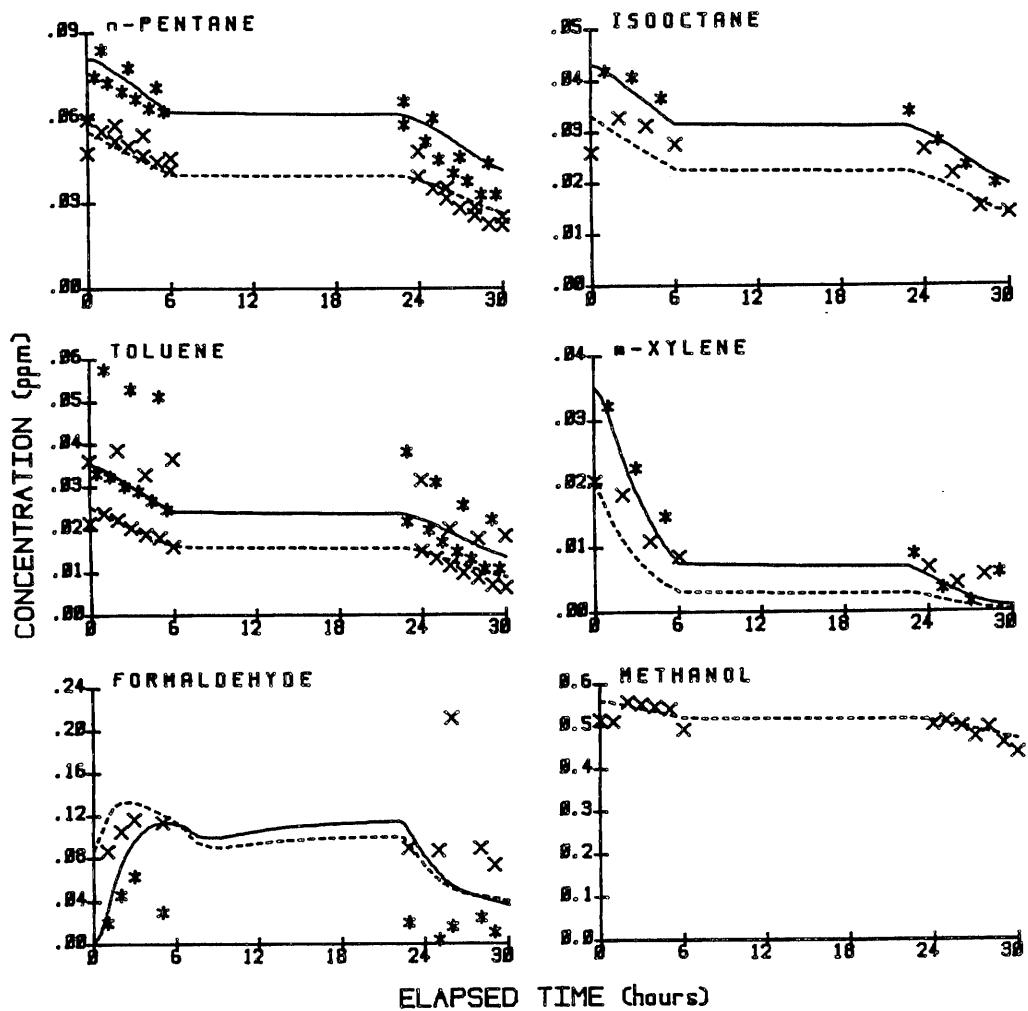


Figure A-48b. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 5-B-MF surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-228. (Page 2 of 2).

* = experimental data, side A
 X = experimental data, side B
 — = model calculation, side A
 - - - = model calculation, side B

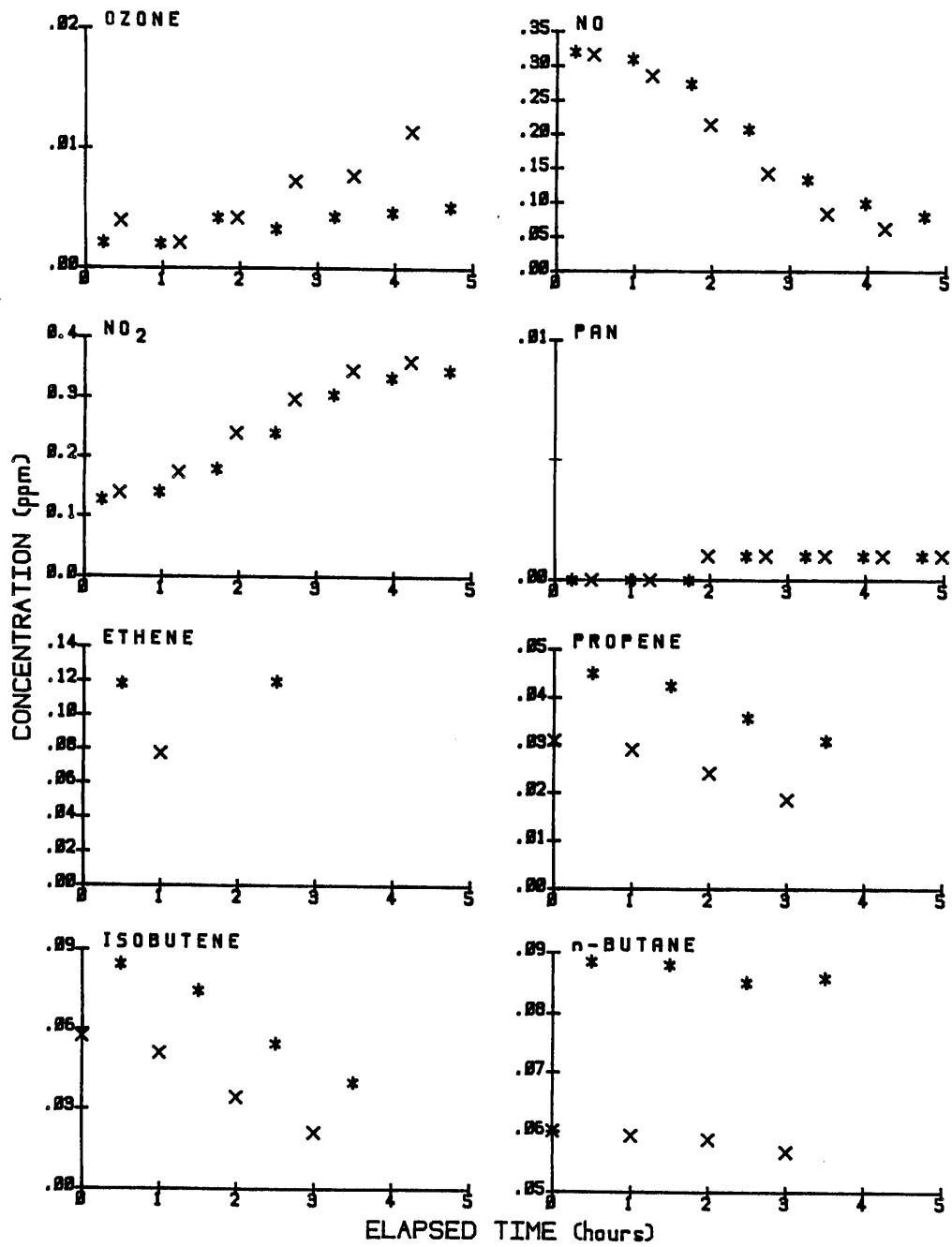


Figure A-49a. Experimental concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 5-B-MF surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-225. (Page 1 of 2).

* = experimental data, side A
 X = experimental data, side B

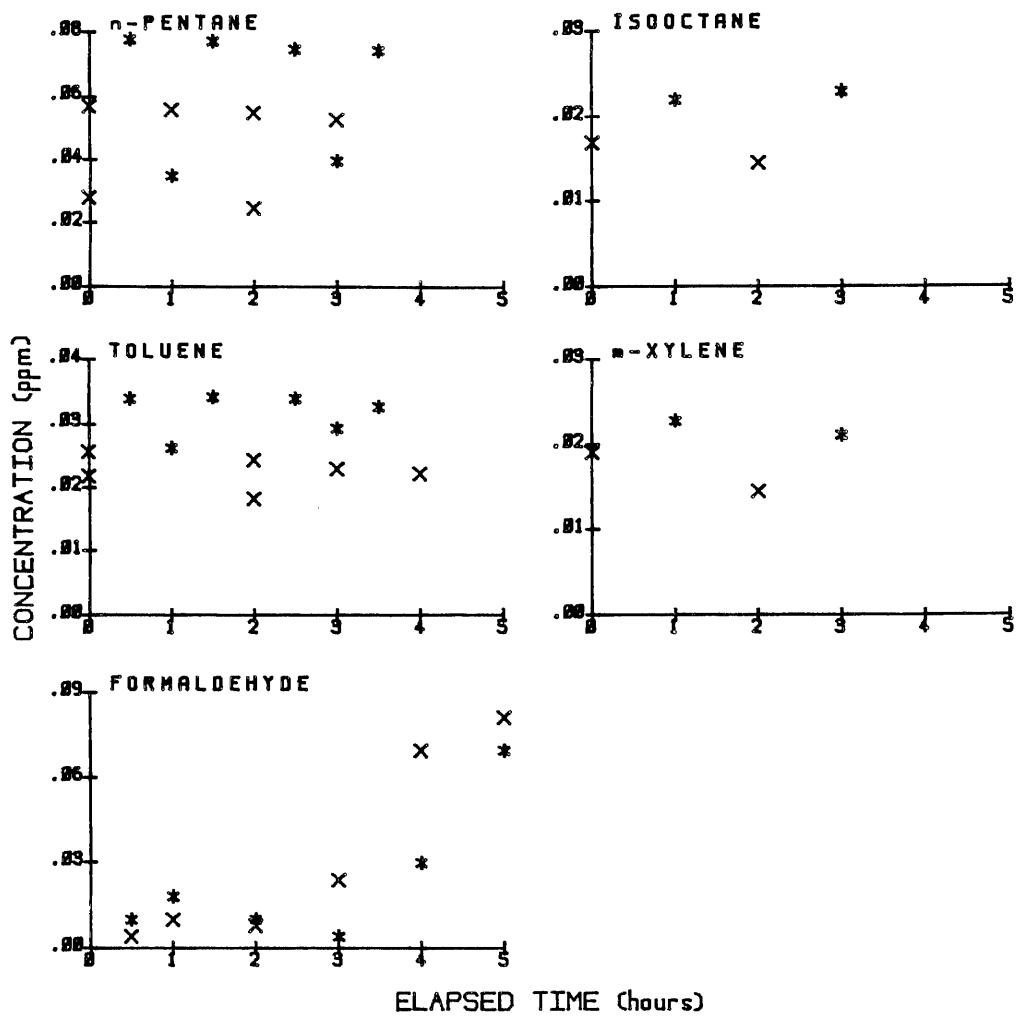


Figure A-49b. Experimental concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 5-B-MF surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-225. (Page 2 of 2).

* = experimental data, side A
 X = experimental data, side B

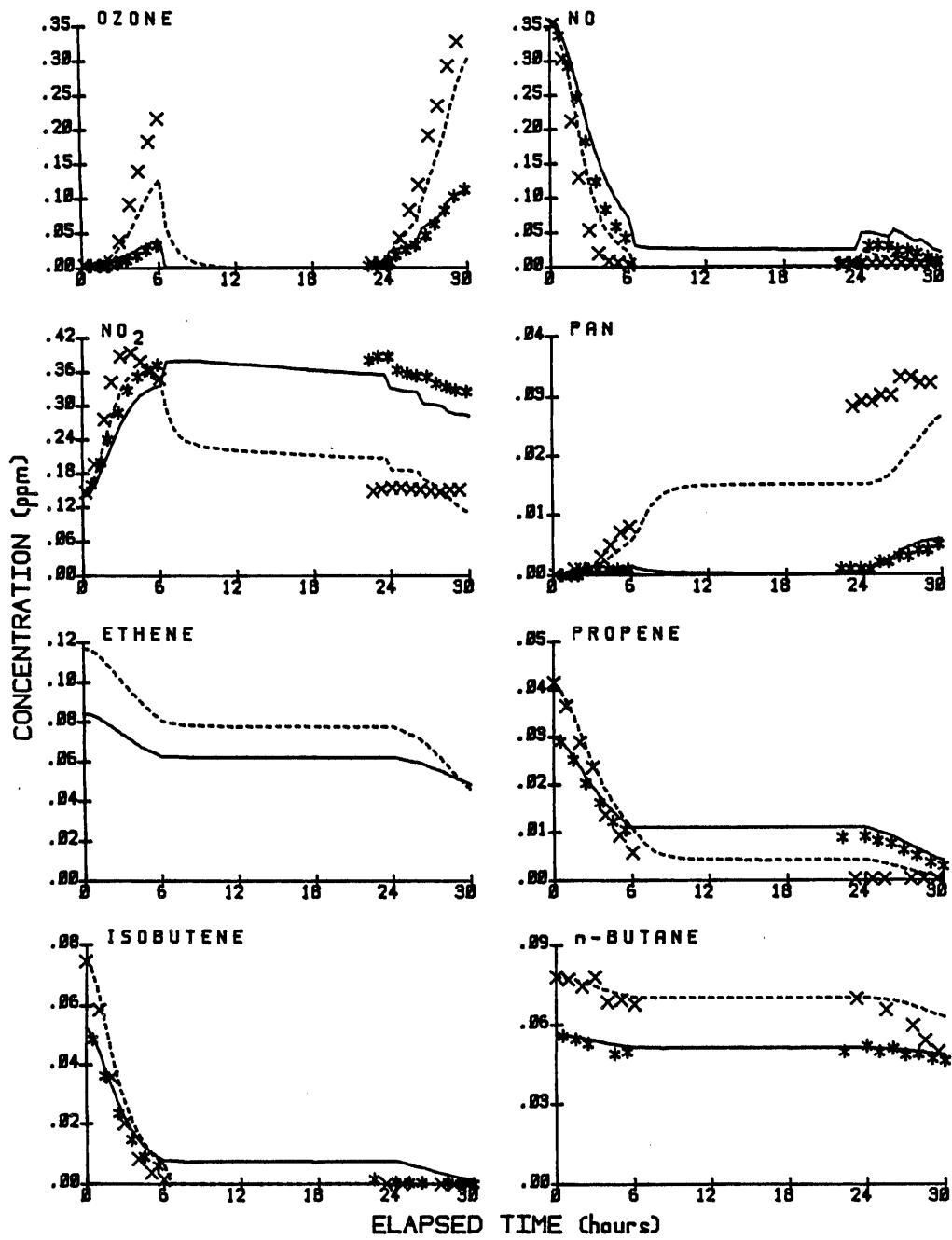


Figure A-50a. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 5-M-B surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-240. (Page 1 of 2).

* = experimental data, side A
 X = experimental data, side B
 — = model calculation, side A
 - - - = model calculation, side B

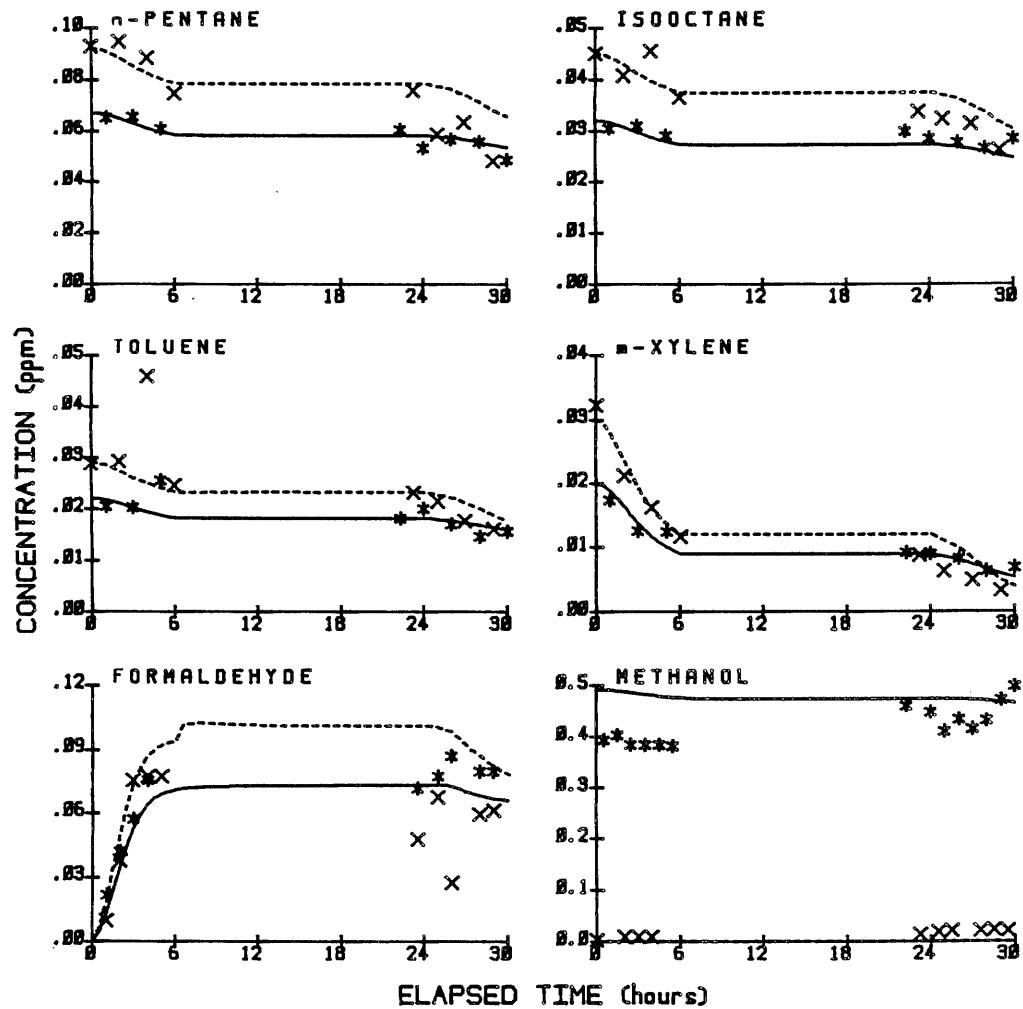


Figure A-50b. Experimental and calculated concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 5-M-B surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-240. (Page 2 of 2).

* = experimental data, side A
 X = experimental data, side B
 — = model calculation, side A
 - - - = model calculation, side B

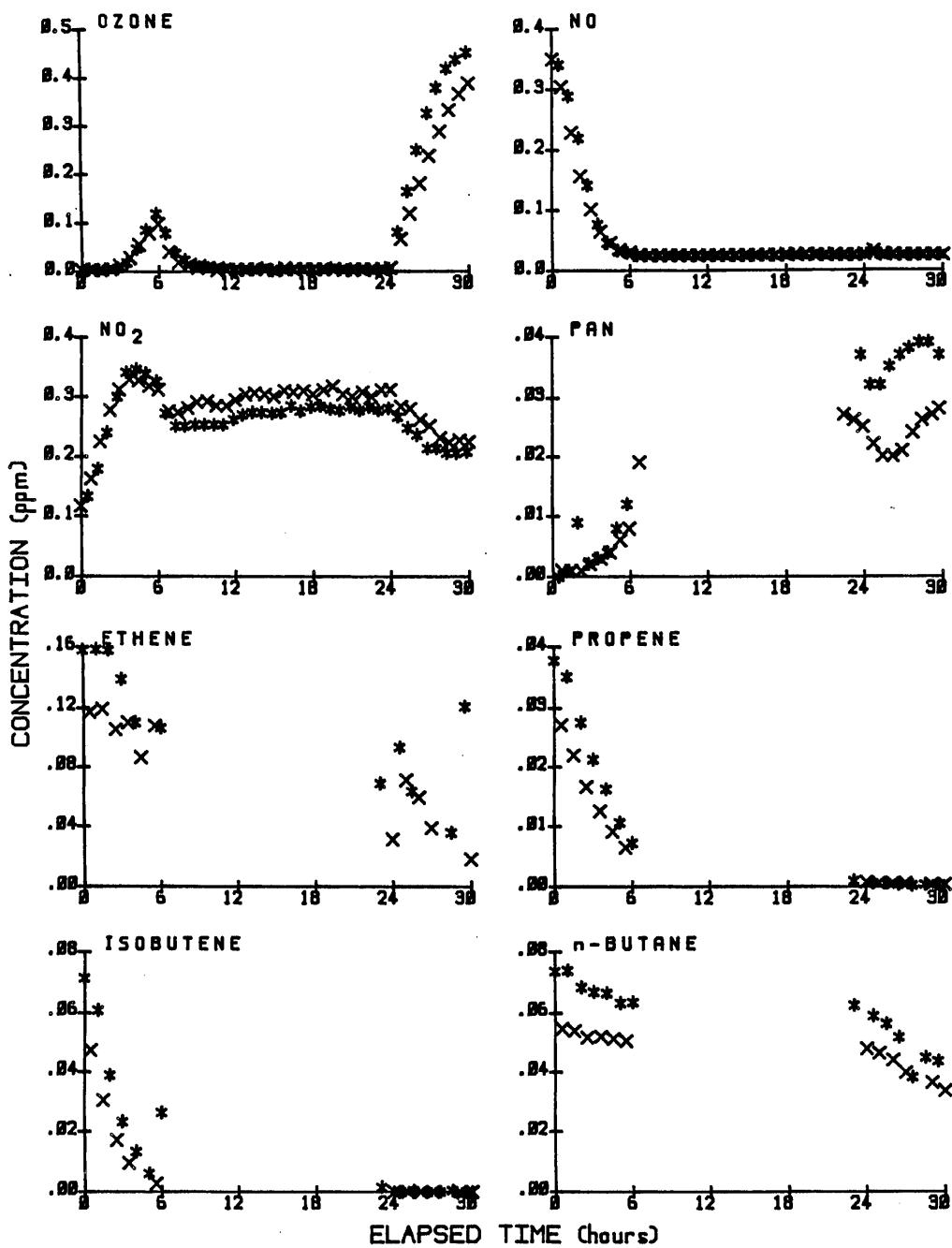


Figure A-51a. Experimental concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 5-X-MF surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-231. (Page 1 of 2).

* = experimental data, side A
 X = experimental data, side B

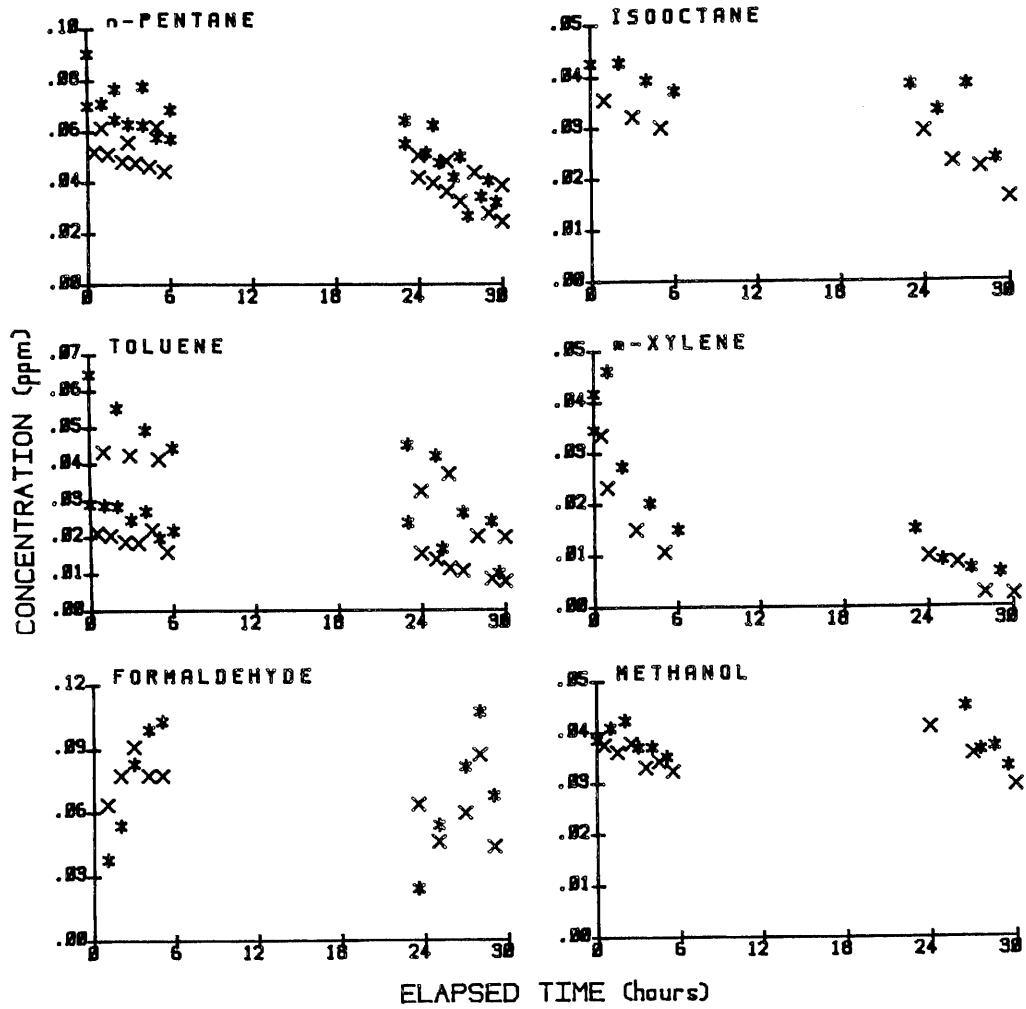


Figure A-51b. Experimental concentration-time plots for selected species observed in the 5-X-MF surrogate- NO_x -air run OTC-231. (Page 2 of 2).

* = experimental data, side A
 X = experimental data, side B

APPENDIX B

CHEMICAL MECHANISM AND PARAMETERS USED IN MODEL SIMULATIONS

In this Appendix, the reactions and kinetic and mechanistic parameters used in the model simulations of the surrogate- NO_x -air irradiations are given. The reactions and kinetic parameters used are given in Table B-1; Table B-2 gives a list of the species used in the mechanism; Table B-3 gives the values of the temperature-dependent mechanistic coefficients at 270, 300, and 330 K (with values at intermediate temperatures being determined by linear interpolation); and Table B-4 gives the values of the chamber-dependent rate constants and coefficients used in the model simulations of the experiments carried out in the two chambers used in this program. The rate constants for photolysis reactions were obtained as indicated below.

Rate constants for photolysis reactions are calculated from the products of the absorption coefficients and quantum yields, given as a function of wavelength for each type of photolysis reaction in Table B-5, and the intensity and spectral distribution of the light source. For the indoor chamber experiments, the intensity and spectral distribution of the light source was constant (see Section IV-A-8), and the rate constants for each type of photolysis reaction is given in Table B-6. For the outdoor chamber runs, the photolysis rate constants were calculated as described in detail by Carter et al. (1986). Briefly, the photolysis rate constants for the outdoor chamber experiments were calculated theoretically as a function of zenith angle using their absorption coefficients \times quantum yield products given in Table B-5, and the actinic irradiances given by Peterson (1976) for his "best estimate" surface albitos, and then adjusted by a wavelength-independent, but time-varying, factor derived such that the theoretically calculated UV intensities were consistent with the experimental UV radiometer measurements. The theoretical, clear-sky photolysis rate constants for zenith angles of 0, 40, and 70 degrees are given in Table B-6, where they can be compared with the values for the indoor chamber. The only difference between the way outdoor chamber photolysis rates were calculated in this work compared to that described by Carter et al. (1986) is that in this work it was assumed that walls of the SAPRC outdoor chamber suppresses the light intensity by a factor of

1.2 at all wavelengths, based on the analysis of the k_1 and UV data given in Section IV-A-9 of this report; which differs by the suppression factor of 1.1 used by Carter et al. (1986), based on an analysis of previous data.

References

- Carter, W. P. L., Lurmann, F. W., Atkinson, R. and Lloyd, A. C. (1986): Development and testing of a surrogate species chemical reaction mechanism. Final Report, U. S. Environmental Protection Agency Contract No. 68-02-4104, Atmospheric Chemistry and Physics Division, Atmospheric Sciences Research Laboratory, Research Triangle Park, NC 27711.
- Peterson, J. T. (1976): Calculated actinic fluxes (290-700 nm) for air pollution photochemistry applications. EPA-600/4-76-025, June.

Table B-1. Reactions and Rate Constants Used in the Model Simulations of the Surrogate-
 NO_x -Air Irradiations

Reaction label ^a	Kinetic Parameters ^b			Reaction ^c
Inorganic Reactions				
1)	PHOT.	=	NO_2	$\text{NO}_2 + \text{HV} = \text{NO} + \text{O}$
2)	2.155E-05	0.00	-4.300	$\text{O} + \text{O}_2 + \text{M} = \text{O}_3 + \text{M}$
3A)	1.365E+04	0.00	-1.000	$\text{O} + \text{NO}_2 = \text{NO} + \text{O}_2$
3B)	3.232E-03	0.00	-4.000	$\text{O} + \text{NO}_2 + \text{M} = \text{NO}_3 + \text{M}$
4)	2.642E+03	2.72	-1.000	$\text{O}_3 + \text{NO} = \text{NO}_2 + \text{O}_2$
5)	1.761E+02	4.87	-1.000	$\text{O}_3 + \text{NO}_2 = \text{O}_2 + \text{NO}_3$
6)	1.174E+04	-0.50	-1.000	$\text{NO} + \text{NO}_3 = \#2 \text{NO}_2$
7)	1.185E-10	-1.05	-2.000	$\text{NO} + \text{NO} + \text{O}_2 = \#2 \text{NO}_2$
8)	FALLOFF F= 0.600, N= 0.972			$\text{NO}_2 + \text{NO}_3 = \text{N}_2\text{O}_5$
	KO:	7.182E-02	0.00	-6.300
	KI:	2.055E+03	0.00	-1.500
9)	4.333E+13	22.55	0.000	$\text{N}_2\text{O}_5 + \#RCON8 = \text{NO}_2 + \text{NO}_3$
10)	1.468E-06	0.00	-1.000	$\text{N}_2\text{O}_5 + \text{H}_2\text{O} = \#2 \text{HONO}_2$
11)	3.670E+01	2.44	-1.000	$\text{NO}_2 + \text{NO}_3 = \text{NO} + \text{NO}_2 + \text{O}_2$
12A)	PHOT.	=	NO_3NO	$\text{NO}_3 + \text{HV} = \text{NO} + \text{O}_2$
12B)	PHOT.	=	NO_3NO_2	$\text{NO}_3 + \text{HV} = \text{NO}_2 + \text{O}$
13A)	PHOT.	=	$\text{O}_3\text{O}_3\text{P}$	$\text{O}_3 + \text{HV} = \text{O} + \text{O}_2$
13BL)	PHOT.	=	O_3T_270	$\text{O}_3 + \text{HV} + \#T270 = \text{O}^*\text{D}_2 + \text{O}_2$
13BM)	PHOT.	=	O_3T_300	$\text{O}_3 + \text{HV} + \#T300 = \text{O}^*\text{D}_2 + \text{O}_2$
13BH)	PHOT.	=	O_3T_330	$\text{O}_3 + \text{HV} + \#T330 = \text{O}^*\text{D}_2 + \text{O}_2$
14)	3.229E+05	0.00	-1.000	$\text{O}^*\text{D}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O} = \#2 \text{HO}_.$
15)	4.257E+04	0.00	-1.000	$\text{O}^*\text{D}_2 + \text{M} = \text{O} + \text{M}$
16)	FALLOFF F= 0.600, N= 1.000			$\text{HO}_. + \text{NO} = \text{HONO}$
	KO:	2.406E-02	0.00	-5.300
	KI:	4.404E+04	0.00	-2.000
17)	PHOT.	=	HONO	$\text{HONO} + \text{HV} = \text{HO}_. + \text{NO}$
18)	FALLOFF F= 0.600, N= 1.000			$\text{HO}_. + \text{NO}_2 = \text{HONO}_2$
	KO:	9.337E-02	0.00	-5.200
	KI:	3.523E+04	0.00	-2.300
19)	1.380E+01	-1.55	-1.000	$\text{HO}_. + \text{HONO}_2 = \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{NO}_3$
21)	3.200E+02	0.00	-1.000	$\text{HO}_. + \text{CO} = \text{HO}_2. + \text{CO}_2$
22)	2.349E+03	1.87	-1.000	$\text{HO}_. + \text{O}_3 = \text{HO}_2. + \text{O}_2$
23)	5.431E+03	-0.48	-1.000	$\text{HO}_2. + \text{NO} = \text{HO}_. + \text{NO}_2$
24)	FALLOFF F= 0.560, N= 1.000			$\text{HO}_2. + \text{NO}_2 = \text{HO}_2\text{NO}_2$
	KO:	8.260E-03	0.00	-6.600
	KI:	6.165E+03	0.00	-0.800
25)	1.754E+13	21.60	1.000	$\text{HO}_2\text{NO}_2 + \#RCON24 = \text{HO}_2. + \text{NO}_2$
27)	5.872E+03	0.00	-1.000	$\text{HO}_2\text{NO}_2 + \text{HO}_. = \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{NO}_2 + \text{O}_2$
28)	2.055E+01	1.15	-1.000	$\text{HO}_2. + \text{O}_3 = \text{HO}_. + \#2 \text{O}_2$
29A)	3.229E+02	-1.23	-1.000	$\text{HO}_2. + \text{HO}_2. = \text{HO}_2\text{H} + \text{O}_2$
29B)	6.823E-05	-1.95	-2.000	$\text{HO}_2. + \text{HO}_2. + \text{M} = \text{HO}_2\text{H} + \text{O}_2$
29C)	1.113E-05	-5.60	-2.000	$\text{HO}_2. + \text{HO}_2. + \text{H}_2\text{O} = \text{HO}_2\text{H} + \text{O}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$

(continued)

Table B-1 (continued) - 2

Reaction label ^a	Kinetic Parameters ^b			Reaction ^c
29D)	2.370E-06	-6.32	-2.000	
30A)	SAME K AS 29A			HO2. + HO2. + H2O = HO2H + O2 + H2O
30B)	SAME K AS 29B			NO3 + HO2. = HONO2 + O2
30C)	SAME K AS 29C			NO3 + HO2. + M = HONO2 + O2
30A)	SAME K AS 29D			NO3 + HO2. + H2O = HONO2 + O2 + H2O
31)	PHOT. = H2O2			NO3 + HO2. + H2O = HONO2 + O2 + H2O
32)	4.550E+03	0.37	-1.000	HO2H + HV = #2 HO.
				HO2H + HO. = HO2. + H2O
				General Peroxy Radical Reactions ^d
B1)	6.165E+03	-0.36	-1.000	RO2. + NO = NO
B2)	6.165E+03	-0.36	-1.000	RCO3. + NO = NO
B4)	4.110E+03	-0.36	-1.000	RCO3. + NO2 = NO2
B5)	4.404E+03	0.00	-1.000	RO2. + HO2. = HO2.
B6)	4.404E+03	0.00	-1.000	RCO3. + HO2. = HO2.
B7)	PHOT. = CO2H			-OOH + HV = HO2. + HO.
B8)	1.468E+00	0.00	-1.000	RO2. + RO2. =
B9)	4.404E+03	0.00	-1.000	RO2. + RCO3. =
B10)	3.670E+03	0.00	-1.000	RCO3. + RCO3. =
F7)	SAME K AS B1			R2O2. + NO = NO2
F8)	SAME K AS B5			R2O2. + HO2. =
F9)	SAME K AS B8			R2O2. + RO2. = RO2.
F10)	SAME K AS B9			R2O2. + RCO3. = RCO3.
				Reactions of Formaldehyde
C1)	PHOT. = HCHOR			HCHO + HV = #2 HO2. + CO
C2)	PHOT. = HCHOM			HCHO + HV = H2 + CO
C3)	1.321E+04	0.00	-1.000	HCHO + HO. = HO2. + CO + H2O
C4)	1.468E+01	0.00	-1.000	HCHO + HO2. = HOC-02. + RO2.
C5)	SAME K AS B1			HOC-02. + NO = NO2 + HO2. + -C ! (HCO-OH)
C6)	SAME K AS B5			HOC-02. + HO2. = -OOH + -C
C7)	SAME K AS B8			HOC-02. + RO2. = RO2. + #.5 HO2. + RO2. + -C
C8)	SAME K AS B9			HOC-02. + RCO3. = RCO3. + #.5 HO2. + RCO3. + -C
C9)	8.807E+02	4.09	-1.000	HCHO + NO3 = HONO2 + HO2. + CO
				Reactions of Acetaldehyde and PAN
C10)	1.013E+04	-0.50	-1.000	CCHO + HO. = CCO-02. + H2O + RCO3.
C11A)	PHOT. = CCHOR			CCHO + HV = CO + C-02. + HO2. + RO2.
C12)	4.404E+02	2.84	-1.000	CCHO + NO3 = HONO2 + CCO-02. + RCO3.
C13)	SAME K AS B2			CCO-02. + NO = C-02. + CO2 + NO2 + RO2.
C14)	SAME K AS B4			CCO-02. + NO2 = C-PAN

(continued)

Table B-1 (continued) - 3

Reaction label ^a	Kinetic Parameters ^b			Reaction ^c
C15)	SAME K AS B6			CCO-O2. + HO2. = -OOH + CO2 + HCHO
C16)	SAME K AS B9			CCO-O2. + RO2. = RO2. + #.5 HO2. + CO2 + HCHO
C17)	SAME K AS B10			CCO-O2. + RC03. = RC03. + HO2. + CO2 + HCHO
C18)	1.200E+18	26.91	0.000	C-PAN = CCO-O2. + NO2 + RC03.
C19)	SAME K AS B1			C-O2. + NO = C-O. + NO2
C20)	SAME K AS B5			C-O2. + HO2. = -OOH + HCHO
C21)	SAME K AS B8			C-O2. + RO2. = RO2. + #.5 HO2. + HCHO
C22)	SAME K AS B9			C-O2. + RC03. = RC03. + #.5 HO2. + HCHO
C23)	8.073E+01	1.99	-1.000	C-O. + O2 = HCHO + HO2.
C24)	2.202E+04	0.00	-1.000	C-O. + NO2 = CONO2
Reactions of Propionaldehyde and the Higher Alaphatic Aldehydes				
C25)	1.248E+04	-0.50	-1.000	RCHO + HO. = C2CO-O2. + RC03.
C26)	PHOT.	= RCHO		RCHO + HV + #.2 = C2-O2. + RO2. + CO + HO2.
C27)	4.404E+02	2.84	-1.000	NO3 + RCHO = C2CO-O2. + RC03.
C28)	SAME K AS B2			C2CO-O2. + NO = C2-O2. + CO2 + NO2 + RO2.
C29)	SAME K AS B4			C2CO-O2. + NO2 = C2-PAN
C30)	SAME K AS B6			C2CO-O2. + HO2. = -OOH + CCHO + CO2
C31)	SAME K AS B9			C2CO-O2. + RO2. = RO2. + #.5 HO2. + CCHO + CO2
C32)	SAME K AS B10			C2CO-O2. + RC03. = RC03. + HO2. + CCHO + CO2
C33)	1.200E+18	26.91	0.000	C2-PAN = C2CO-O2. + NO2 + RC03.
C34)	SAME K AS B1			C2-O2. + NO = NO2 + CCHO + HO2.
C35)	SAME K AS B5			C2-O2. + HO2. = -OOH + CCHO
C36)	SAME K AS B8			C2-O2. + RO2. = RO2. + #.5 HO2. + CCHO
C37)	SAME K AS B9			C2-O2. + RC03. = RC03. + #.5 HO2. + CCHO
Reactions of Acetone				
C38)	1.468E+04	2.23	-1.000	C-CO-C + HO. = C-CO-C-O2. + RO2.
C39)	PHOT.	= KETONE		C-CO-C + HV + #.07 = CCO-O2. + C-O2. + RC03. & + RO2.
C40)	SAME K AS B1			C-CO-C-O2. + NO = NO2 + CCOCHO + HO2.
C41)	SAME K AS B5			C-CO-C-O2. + HO2. = -OOH + CCOCHO
C42)	SAME K AS B8			C-CO-C-O2. + RO2. = RO2. + #.5 HO2. + CCOCHO
C43)	SAME K AS B9			C-CO-C-O2. + RC03. = RC03. + #.5 HO2. + CCOCHO
Reactions of Methyl Ethyl Ketone and the Higher Ketones				
C44)	1.761E+04	1.48	-1.000	MEK + HO. = H2O + MEK-O2. + RO2.
C45')	SAME K AS B1			MEK-O2. + NO = NO2 + #.5 "CCO-O2. + CCHO + & MEK(2)-O2. + RC03. + RO2."
C46')	SAME K AS B5			MEK-O2. + HO2. = -OOH + CO2 + HCHO + CCHO

(continued)

Table B-1 (continued) - 4

Reaction label ^a	Kinetic Parameters ^b	Reaction ^c
C47')	SAME K AS B8	MEK-O2. + RO2. = RO2. + #.5 HO2. + CO2 + & HCHO + CCHO
C48')	SAME K AS B9	MEK-O2. + RC03. = RC03. + #.5 HO2. + CO2 + & HCHO + CCHO
C50)	SAME K AS B1	MEK(2)-O2. + NO = NO2 + HCHO + C2CO-O2.
C54)	SAME K AS B5	MEK(2)-O2. + HO2. = -OOH + CO2 + HCHO + CCHO
C55)	SAME K AS B8	MEK(2)-O2. + RO2. = RO2. + #.5 HO2. + CO2 + & HCHO + CCHO
C56)	SAME K AS B9	MEK(2)-O2. + RC03. = RC03. + #.5 HO2. + CO2 + & HCHO + CCHO
C57)	PHOT. = KETONE	MEK + HV + #.1 = CCO-O2. + C2-O2. + RC03. + & RO2.
		Reactions of the Lumped Higher Alcohol (used to represent the reactions at the -OH group for the isomerization products of the higher alkanes)
C111)	2.055E+04 0.00 -1.000	ROH + HO. = #.2 "ROH-O2. + RO2." + #.8 "MEK & + HO2. + -C"
C112)	SAME K AS B1	ROH-O2. + NO = NO2 + #2 RCHO + HO2. + #-1 -C
C113)	SAME K AS B5	ROH-O2. + HO2. = -OOH + #2 RCHO + #-1 -C
C114)	SAME K AS B8	ROH-O2. + RO2. = RO2. + #.5 HO2. + #2 RCHO + & #-1 -C
C115)	SAME K AS B9	ROH-O2. + RC03. = RC03. + #.5 HO2. + #2 RCHO & + #-1 -C
		Reactions of Glyoxal
C58)	PHOT. = GLYOXAL	HCOCHO + HV + #.029 = #.13 HCHO + #.87 H2 + & #1.87 CO
C59)	1.688E+04 0.00 -1.000	HCOCHO + HO. = HCOCO.
C60)	8.807E+02 4.09 -1.000	HCOCHO + NO3 = HONO2 + HCOCO.
C61)	6.000E+01	HCOCO. = #.63 HO2. + #1.26 CO + #.37 & "HCOCO-O2. + RC03."
C62)	SAME K AS B2	HCOCO-O2. + NO = NO2 + CO2 + CO + HO2.
C63)	SAME K AS B4	HCOCO-O2. + NO2 = HCO-PAN
C64)	1.200E+18 26.91 0.000	HCO-PAN = HCOCO-O2. + NO2 + RC03.
C65)	SAME K AS B6	HCOCO-O2. + HO2. = -OOH + CO2 + CO
C66)	SAME K AS B9	HCOCO-O2. + RO2. = RO2. + #.5 HO2. + CO2 + CO
C67)	SAME K AS B10	HCOCO-O2. + RC03. = RC03. + HO2. + CO2 + CO
		Reactions of Methylglyoxal
C68)	PHOT. = MEGLYOX	CCOCHO + HV + #.107 = HO2. + CO + CCO-O2. + & RC03.

(continued)

Table B-1 (continued) - 5

Reaction label ^a	Kinetic Parameters ^b			Reaction ^c
C69)	2.495E+04	0.00	-1.000	CCOCHO + HO. = CO + CCO-O2. + RC03.
C70)	4.404E+03	2.84	-1.000	CCOCHO + NO3 = HONO2 + CO + CCO-O2. + RC03.
Reactions of Glycolaldehyde				
C72)	3.376E+04	0.00	-1.000	HOCCHO + HO. = HOCCO-O2. + H2O + RC03.
C73)	SAME K AS B2			HOCCO-O2. + NO = NO2 + CO2 + HCHO + HO2.
C74)	SAME K AS B4			HOCCO-O2. + NO2 = HOC-PAN
C75)	1.200E+18	26.91	0.000	HOC-PAN = HOCCO-O2. + NO2 + RC03.
C76)	SAME K AS B6			HOCCO-O2. + HO2. = -OOH + CO2 + HCHO
C77)	SAME K AS B9			HOCCO-O2. + RO2. = RO2. + #.5 HO2. + CO2 + HCHO
C78)	SAME K AS B10			HOCCO-O2. + RC03. = RC03. + HO2. + CO2 + HCHO
C79)	PHOT. = CCHOR			HOCCHO + HV = CO + HCHO + #2 HO2.
C80)	4.404E+02	2.84	-1.000	HOCCHO + NO3 = HONO2 + HOCCO-O2. + RC03.
Reactions of the $\geq C_4$ Alkyl Nitrates				
C81)	2.936E+04	2.02	-1.000	C4ON02 + HO. = #.2 "NO2 + MEK" + #.8 & "C4ON02-O2. + RO2."
C82')	SAME K AS B1			C4ON02-O2. + NO = #1.6 NO2 + #.6 "CCHO + & C2-O2." + #.4 C4ON02(2)-O2. + RO2.
C84)	SAME K AS B1			C4ON02(2)-O2. + NO = #2 NO2 + HCHO + RCHO
C85')	SAME K AS B5			C4ON02-O2. + HO2. = -OOH + NO2 + #1.2 CCHO + & #.4 "HCHO + RCHO"
C87)	SAME K AS B5			C4ON02(2)-O2. + HO2. = -OOH + NO2 + HCHO + RCHO
C88')	SAME K AS B8			C4ON02-O2. + RO2. = RO2. + #.5 HO2. + NO2 + & #1.2 CCHO + #.4 "HCHO + RCHO"
C90)	SAME K AS B8			C4ON02(2)-O2. + RO2. = RO2. + #.5 HO2. + NO2 & + HCHO + RCHO
C91')	SAME K AS B9			C4ON02-O2. + RC03. = RC03. + #.5 HO2. + NO2 + & #1.2 CCHO + #.4 "HCHO + RCHO"
C93)	SAME K AS B9			C4ON02(2)-O2. + RC03. = RC03. + #.5 HO2. + & NO2 + HCHO + RCHO
C94)	4.404E+04	1.29	-1.000	C7ON02 + HO. = C7ON02-O2. + RO2.
C95')	SAME K AS B1			C7ON02-O2. + NO = #1.34 NO2 + #.11 MEK + & #.66 C7ON02(2)-O2. + #.46 RCHO + #.56 -C
C98)	SAME K AS B1			C7ON02(2)-O2. + NO = #2 NO2 + #2 RCHO + -C
C99')	SAME K AS B5			C7ON02-O2. + HO2. = -OOH + NO2 + #.11 MEK + & #1.78 RCHO + #1.22 -C
C102)	SAME K AS B5			C7ON02(2)-O2. + HO2. = -OOH + NO2 + #2 RCHO & + -C
C103)	SAME K AS B8			C7ON02-O2. + RO2. = RO2. + #.5 HO2. + NO2 + & .11 MEK + #1.78 RCHO + #1.22 -C
C106)	SAME K AS B8			C7ON02(2)-O2. + RO2. = RO2. + #.5 HO2. + NO2 & + #2 RCHO + -C

(continued)

Table B-1 (continued) - 6

Reaction label ^a	Kinetic Parameters ^b			Reaction ^c
C107)	SAME K AS B9			C7ONO2-O2. + RC03. = RC03. + #.5 HO2. + NO2 + & #.11 MEK + #1.78 RCHO + #1.22 -C
C110)	SAME K AS B9			C7ONO2(2)-O2. + RC03. = RC03. + #.5 HO2. + & NO2 + #2 RCHO + -C
Reactions of Ethene				
D1)	3.156E+03	-0.82	-1.000	C:C + HO. = HOC2-O2. + RO2.
D2)	SAME K AS B1			HOC2-O2. + NO = NO2 + #.22 HOCCHO + #1.56 & HCHO + HO2.
D3)	SAME K AS B5			HOC2-O2. + HO2. = -OOH + #.22 HOCCHO + #1.56 & HCHO
D4)	SAME K AS B8			HOC2-O2. + RO2. = RO2. + #.5 HO2. + #.22 & HOCCHO + #1.56 HCHO
D5)	SAME K AS B9			HOC2-O2. + RC03. = RC03. + #.5 HO2. + #.22 & HOCCHO + #1.56 HCHO
D6)	1.761E+01	5.23	-1.000	C:C + O3 = HCHO + (HCHO2)
D8)	1.527E+04	1.57	-1.000	C:C + O = C-O2. + HO2. + CO + RO2.
D9)	2.936E+03	5.81	-1.000	C:C + NO3 = C:C-N-O2. + RO2.
D10)	SAME K AS B1			C:C-N-O2. + NO = #2 NO2 + #2 HCHO
D11)	SAME K AS B5			C:C-N-O2. + HO2. = -OOH + NO2 + #2 HCHO
D12)	SAME K AS B8			C:C-N-O2. + RO2. = RO2. + #.5 HO2. + NO2 + & #2 HCHO
D13)	SAME K AS B9			C:C-N-O2. + RC03. = RC03. + #.5 HO2. + NO2 + & #2 HCHO
D7)	(fast)			(HCHO2) = #.4 HCHO2 + #.18 CO2 + #.42 CO + & #.12 H2 + #.42 H2O + #.12 HO2.
D65)	7.927E-03	0.00	-1.000	HCHO2 + H2O = -C
Reactions of Propene				
D14)	7.119E+03	-1.00	-1.000	C:CC + HO. = C:CC-O2. + RO2.
D15)	SAME K AS B1			C:CC-O2. + NO = NO2 + HCHO + CCHO + HO2.
D16)	SAME K AS B5			C:CC-O2. + HO2. = -OOH + HCHO + CCHO
D17)	SAME K AS B8			C:CC-O2. + RO2. = RO2. + #.5 HO2. + HCHO + CCHO
D18)	SAME K AS B9			C:CC-O2. + RC03. = RC03. + #.5 HO2. + HCHO + & CCHO
D19)	1.938E+01	4.18	-1.000	C:CC + O3 = #.5 "CCHO + (HCHO2) + HCHO + & (CCHO2)"
D21)	1.732E+04	0.64	-1.000	C:CC + O = #.6 C-CO-C + #.4 CO + #.4 C-O2. + & #.2 C2-O2. + #.2 HO2. + #.6 RO2.
D22)	7.340E+03	3.84	-1.000	C:CC + NO3 = C:CC-N-O2. + RO2.
D23)	SAME K AS B1			C:CC-N-O2. + NO = #2 NO2 + CCHO + HCHO
D24)	SAME K AS B5			C:CC-N-O2. + HO2. = -OOH + NO2 + CCHO + HCHO
D25)	SAME K AS B8			C:CC-N-O2. + RO2. = RO2. + #.5 HO2. + NO2 + & CCHO + HCHO

(continued)

Table B-1 (continued) - 7

Reaction label ^a	Kinetic Parameters ^b			Reaction ^c
D26)	SAME K AS B9			C:CC-N-02. + RC03. = RC03. + #.5 HO2. + NO2 + & CCHO + HCHO
D20)	(fast)			(CCHO2) = #.2 CCHO2 + #.14 CH4 + #.29 CO2 + & #.15 CO + #.03 HCHO + #.27 "C-02. + R02." + & #.21 HO2. + #.12 HO. + #.72 -C
D66)	7.927E-03	0.00	-1.000	CCHO2 + H2O = #2 -C
				Reactions of Isobutene
D52)	1.396E+04	-1.00	-1.000	ISOBUTEN + HO. = ISOBUTEN-02. + R02.
D53)	SAME K AS B1			ISOBUTEN-02. + NO = NO2 + HO2. + HCHO + C-CO-C
D54)	SAME K AS B5			ISOBUTEN-02. + HO2. = -OOH + HCHO + C-CO-C
D55)	SAME K AS B8			ISOBUTEN-02. + R02. = R02. + #.5 HO2. + HCHO & + C-CO-C
D56)	SAME K AS B9			ISOBUTEN-02. + RC03. = RC03. + #.5 HO2. + & HCHO + C-CO-C
D57)	5.211E+00	3.36	-1.000	ISOBUTEN + O3 = #.5 "C-CO-C + (HCHO2) + HCHO & + (C(C)CO2)"
D59)	2.584E+04	0.09	-1.000	ISOBUTEN + O = #.5 "MEK + RCHO + -C" + #.4 HO2.
D60)	1.468E+04	2.14	-1.000	ISOBUTEN + NO3 = ISOBUTEN-N-02. + R02.
D61)	SAME K AS B1			ISOBUTEN-N-02. + NO = #2 NO2 + C-CO-C + HCHO
D62)	SAME K AS B5			ISOBUTEN-N-02. + HO2. = -OOH + NO2 + C-CO-C & + HCHO
D63)	SAME K AS B8			ISOBUTEN-N-02. + R02. = R02. + #.5 HO2. + & NO2 + C-CO-C + HCHO
D64)	SAME K AS B9			ISOBUTEN-N-02. + RC03. = RC03. + #.5 HO2. + & NO2 + C-CO-C + HCHO
D58)	(fast)			(C(C)CO2) = #.2 "HO. + C-CO-C-02. + R02." + & #.8 MEK + #-.8 -C
				Reactions of n-Butane
E11)	2.275E+04	1.07	-1.000	C4 + HO. = #YE11A C4-02. + #1-YE11A & C3(C)-02. + R02.
E12)	SAME K AS B1			C4-02. + NO = #YE12A C4ON02 + #1-YE12A NO2 + & #E12P1 "HOC4-02. + R02." + #E12P2 "RCHO + & -C + HO2."
E13)	SAME K AS B1			C3(C)-02. + NO = #YE13A C4ON02 + #1-YE13A & NO2 + #E13P1 "MEK + HO2." + #E13P2 "CCHO + & C2-02. + R02."
E14)	SAME K AS B1			HOC4-02. + NO = NO2 + HO2. + RCHO + -C
E15)	SAME K AS B5			C4-02. + HO2. = -OOH + RCHO + -C
E16)	SAME K AS B5			C3(C)-02. + HO2. = -OOH + #YE13B MEK + & #1-YE13B "CCHO + CCHO"
E17)	SAME K AS B5			HOC4-02. + HO2. = -OOH + RCHO + -C
E18)	SAME K AS B8			C4-02. + R02. = R02. + #.5 HO2. + RCHO + -C

(continued)

Table B-1 (continued) - 8

Reaction label ^a	Kinetic Parameters ^b	Reaction ^c
E19)	SAME K AS B8	C3(C)-O2. + RO2. = RO2. + #.5 HO2. + #YE13B & MEK + #1-YE13B "CCHO + CCHO"
E20)	SAME K AS B8	HOC4-O2. + RO2. = RO2. + #.5 HO2. + RCHO + -C
E12)	SAME K AS B9	C4-O2. + RC03. = RC03. + #.5 HO2. + RCHO + -C
E22)	SAME K AS B9	C3(C)-O2. + RC03. = RC03. + #.5 HO2. + & #YE13B MEK + #1-YE13B "CCHO + CCHO"
E23)	SAME K AS B9	HOC4-O2. + RC03. = RC03. + #.5 HO2. + RCHO + -C
Reactions of n-Pentane		
C5F1)	2.950E+04 0.97 -1.000	HO. + C5 = C5-RO2. + RO2.
C5F2)	SAME K AS B1	C5-RO2. + NO = #C5P1 C4ON02 + #C5P2 C7ON02 + & #C5P4 "HO2. + NO2" + #C5P5 "R2O2. + RO2." + & #C5P6 HCHO + #C5P7 CCHO + #C6P9 RCHO + & #C5PA MEK + #C5PB ROH
C5F3)	SAME K AS B5	C5-RO2. + HO2. = -OOH + C5-PROD
C5F4)	SAME K AS B8	C5-RO2. + RO2. = RO2. + #.5 HO2. + C5-PROD
C5F5)	SAME K AS B9	C5-RO2. + RC03. = RC03. + #.5 HO2. + C5-PROD
C5F6)	(fast)	C5-PROD = #C5XP6 HCHO + #C5XP7 CCHO + #C5XP9 & RCHO + #C5XPA MEK + #C5XPB ROH
Reactions of iso-Octane		
I8F1)	1.596E+04 0.50 -1.000	HO. + ISO-C8 = I8-RO2. + RO2.
I8F2)	SAME K AS B1	I8-RO2. + NO = #I8P1 C4ON02 + #I8P2 C7ON02 + & #I8P3 -N + #I8P4 "HO2. + NO2" + #I8P5 & "R2O2. + RO2." + #I8P6 HCHO + #I8P7 CCHO + & #I8P8 C-CO-C + #I8P9 RCHO + #I8PA MEK + & #I8PB ROH + #I8PC -C
I8F3)	SAME K AS B5	I8-RO2. + HO2. = -OOH + I8-PROD
I8F4)	SAME K AS B8	I8-RO2. + RO2. = RO2. + #.5 HO2. + I8-PROD
I8F5)	SAME K AS B9	I8-RO2. + RC03. = RC03. + #.5 HO2. + I8-PROD
I8F6)	(fast)	I8-PROD = #I8XP6 HCHO + #I8XP7 CCHO + #I8XP8 & C-CO-C + #I8XP9 RCHO + #I8XPA MEK + #I8XPB & ROH + #I8XPC -C
Reactions of Toluene (and its uncharacterized ring-opening products)		
G6)	3.083E+03 -0.64 -1.000	HO. + TOLU = #.16 "CRES + HO2." + #.08 & BZ-C-O2. + #.76 HO-TOLU-O2. + #.84 RO2.
G7)	SAME K AS B1	BZ-C-O2. + NO = NO2 + HO2. + BZ-CHO
G8)	SAME K AS B5	BZ-C-O2. + HO2. = -OOH + BZ-CHO
G9)	SAME K AS B8	BZ-C-O2. + RO2. = RO2. + #.5 HO2. + BZ-CHO
G10)	SAME K AS B9	BZ-C-O2. + RC03. = RC03. + #.5 HO2. + BZ-CHO

(continued)

Table B-1 (continued) - 9

Reaction label ^a	Kinetic Parameters ^b			Reaction ^c
G11)	SAME K AS B1			$\text{HO-TOLU-O}_2 + \text{NO} = \text{NO}_2 + \text{HO}_2 + \# .15 \text{ HCOCHO} + \# .19 \text{ CCOCHO} + \text{TOLU-UNKN}$
G12)	SAME K AS B5			$\text{HO-TOLU-O}_2 + \text{HO}_2 = -\text{OOH} + \# .15 \text{ HCOCHO} + \# .19 \text{ CCOCHO} + \text{TOLU-UNKN}$
G13)	SAME K AS B8			$\text{HO-TOLU-O}_2 + \text{RO}_2 = \text{RO}_2 + \# .5 \text{ HO}_2 + \# .15 \text{ HCOCHO} + \# .19 \text{ CCOCHO} + \text{TOLU-UNKN}$
G14)	SAME K AS B9			$\text{HO-TOLU-O}_2 + \text{RCO}_3 = \text{RCO}_3 + \# .5 \text{ HO}_2 + \# .15 \text{ HCOCHO} + \# .19 \text{ CCOCHO} + \text{TOLU-UNKN}$
G622)	4.404E+04 0.00 -1.000			$\text{HO} + \text{TOLU-UNKN} = \text{TOLU-RCO}_3 + \text{RCO}_3$
G632)	SAME K AS B2			$\text{TOLU-RCO}_3 + \text{NO} = \text{NO}_2 + \text{CO}_2 + \text{TOLU-R1O}_2 + \text{RO}_2$
G642)	SAME K AS B4			$\text{TOLU-RCO}_3 + \text{NO}_2 = \text{TOLU-PAN}$
G652)	1.200E+18 26.91 0.000			$\text{TOLU-PAN} = \text{TOLU-RCO}_3 + \text{RCO}_3 + \text{NO}_2$
G662)	SAME K AS B1			$\text{TOLU-R1O}_2 + \text{NO} = \text{NO}_2 + \text{TOLU-R2O}_2 + \text{RO}_2$
G672)	SAME K AS B1			$\text{TOLU-R2O}_2 + \text{NO} = \text{NO}_2 + \# .73 \text{ "CO} + \text{HO}_2" + \# .12 \text{ HCOCHO} + \# .54 \text{ CCOCHO} + \# .27 \text{ "CCO-O}_2" + \text{RCO}_3$
G682)	SAME K AS B6			$\text{TOLU-RCO}_3 + \text{HO}_2 = -\text{OOH} + \text{CO}_2 + \# .73 \text{ CO} + \# .12 \text{ HCOCHO} + \# .54 \text{ CCOCHO} + \# .27 \text{ "HCHO} + \text{CO}_2"$
G692)	SAME K AS B9			$\text{TOLU-RCO}_3 + \text{RO}_2 = \text{RO}_2 + \# .5 \text{ HO}_2 + \text{CO}_2 + \# .73 \text{ CO} + \# .12 \text{ HCOCHO} + \# .54 \text{ CCOCHO} + \# .27 \text{ "HCHO} + \text{CO}_2"$
G702)	SAME K AS B10			$\text{TOLU-RCO}_3 + \text{RCO}_3 = \text{RCO}_3 + \text{HO}_2 + \text{CO}_2 + \# .73 \text{ CO} + \# .12 \text{ HCOCHO} + \# .54 \text{ CCOCHO} + \# .27 \text{ "HCHO} + \text{CO}_2"$
G712)	SAME K AS B5			$\text{TOLU-R1O}_2 + \text{HO}_2 = -\text{OOH} + \# .73 \text{ CO} + \# .12 \text{ HCOCHO} + \# .54 \text{ CCOCHO} + \# .27 \text{ "HCHO} + \text{CO}_2"$
G722)	SAME K AS B8			$\text{TOLU-R1O}_2 + \text{RO}_2 = \text{RO}_2 + \# .5 \text{ HO}_2 + \# .73 \text{ CO} + \# .12 \text{ HCOCHO} + \# .54 \text{ CCOCHO} + \# .27 \text{ "HCHO} + \text{CO}_2"$
G732)	SAME K AS B9			$\text{TOLU-R1O}_2 + \text{RCO}_3 = \text{RCO}_3 + \# .5 \text{ HO}_2 + \# .73 \text{ CO} + \# .12 \text{ HCOCHO} + \# .54 \text{ CCOCHO} + \# .27 \text{ "HCHO} + \text{CO}_2"$
G742)	SAME K AS B5			$\text{TOLU-R2O}_2 + \text{HO}_2 = -\text{OOH} + \# .73 \text{ CO} + \# .12 \text{ HCOCHO} + \# .54 \text{ CCOCHO} + \# .27 \text{ "HCHO} + \text{CO}_2"$
G752)	SAME K AS B8			$\text{TOLU-R2O}_2 + \text{RO}_2 = \text{RO}_2 + \# .5 \text{ HO}_2 + \# .73 \text{ CO} + \# .12 \text{ HCOCHO} + \# .54 \text{ CCOCHO} + \# .27 \text{ "HCHO} + \text{CO}_2"$
G762)	SAME K AS B9			$\text{TOLU-R2O}_2 + \text{RCO}_3 = \text{RCO}_3 + \# .5 \text{ HO}_2 + \# .73 \text{ CO} + \# .12 \text{ HCOCHO} + \# .54 \text{ CCOCHO} + \# .27 \text{ "HCHO} + \text{CO}_2"$
G772)	PHOT. = AROMUNKN			$\text{TOLU-UNKN} + \text{HV} = \# 1.66 \text{ HCOCHO} + \# .81 \text{ "CCO-O}_2 + \text{RCO}_3" + \# 1.19 \text{ "HO}_2 + \text{CO}$ Reactions of m-Xylene (and its uncharacterized ring-opening products)

(continued)

Table B-1 (continued) - 10

Reaction label ^a	Kinetic Parameters ^b			Reaction ^c
G15)	2.437E+04	-0.23	-1.000	$\text{HO}_\cdot + \text{M-XYEN} = \# .04 \text{ BZ-C-02.} + \# .17 \text{ "CRES} + & \text{HO2.} + \# .79 \text{ HO-MXYL-02.} + \# .83 \text{ RO2.} + \# .21 \text{ -C}$
G16)	SAME K AS B1			$\text{HO-MXYL-02.} + \text{NO} = \text{NO2} + \text{HO2.} + \# .12 \text{ HCOCHO} + & \# .40 \text{ CCOCHO} + \text{MXYL-UNKN}$
G17)	SAME K AS B5			$\text{HO-MXYL-02.} + \text{HO2.} = \text{-OOH} + \# .12 \text{ HCOCHO} + & \# .40 \text{ CCOCHO} + \text{MXYL-UNKN}$
G18)	SAME K AS B8			$\text{HO-MXYL-02.} + \text{RO2.} = \text{RO2.} + \# .5 \text{ HO2.} + \# .12 \& \text{HCOCHO} + \# .40 \text{ CCOCHO} + \text{MXYL-UNKN}$
G19)	SAME K AS B9			$\text{HO-MXYL-02.} + \text{RCO3.} = \text{RCO3.} + \# .5 \text{ HO2.} + & \# .12 \text{ HCOCHO} + \# .40 \text{ CCOCHO} + \text{MXYL-UNKN}$
G623)	4.404E+04	0.00	-1.000	$\text{HO}_\cdot + \text{MXYL-UNKN} = \text{MXYL-RCO3.} + \text{RCO3.}$
G633)	SAME K AS B2			$\text{MXYL-RCO3.} + \text{NO} = \text{NO2} + \text{CO2} + \text{MXYL-R102.} + \text{RO2.}$
G643)	SAME K AS B4			$\text{MXYL-RCO3.} + \text{NO2} = \text{MXYL-PAN}$
G653)	1.2000E+18	26.91	0.000	$\text{MXYL-PAN} = \text{MXYL-RCO3.} + \text{RCO3.} + \text{NO2}$
G663)	SAME K AS B1			$\text{MXYL-R102.} + \text{NO} = \text{NO2} + \text{MXYL-R202.} + \text{RO2.}$
G673)	SAME K AS B1			$\text{MXYL-R202.} + \text{NO} = \text{NO2} + \# .47 \text{ "CO} + \text{HO2.} + & \# .41 \text{ HCOCHO} + \# 1.07 \text{ CCOCHO} + \# .53 \text{ "CCO-02.} + & \text{RCO3.}$
G683)	SAME K AS B6			$\text{MXYL-RCO3.} + \text{HO2.} = \text{-OOH} + \text{CO2} + \# .47 \text{ CO} + & \# .41 \text{ HCOCHO} + \# 1.07 \text{ CCOCHO} + \# .53 \text{ "HCHO} + \text{CO2"}$
G693)	SAME K AS B9			$\text{MXYL-RCO3.} + \text{RO2.} = \text{RO2.} + \# .5 \text{ HO2.} + \text{CO2} + & \# .47 \text{ CO} + \# .41 \text{ HCOCHO} + \# 1.07 \text{ CCOCHO} + \# .53 \& \text{ "HCHO} + \text{CO2"}$
G703)	SAME K AS B10			$\text{MXYL-RCO3.} + \text{RCO3.} = \text{RCO3.} + \text{HO2.} + \text{CO2} + & \# .47 \text{ CO} + \# .41 \text{ HCOCHO} + \# 1.07 \text{ CCOCHO} + \# .53 \& \text{ "HCHO} + \text{CO2"}$
G713)	SAME K AS B5			$\text{MXYL-R102.} + \text{HO2.} = \text{-OOH} + \# .47 \text{ CO} + \# .41 \& \text{HCOCHO} + \# 1.07 \text{ CCOCHO} + \# .53 \text{ "HCHO} + \text{CO2"}$
G723)	SAME K AS B8			$\text{MXYL-R102.} + \text{RO2.} = \text{RO2.} + \# .5 \text{ HO2.} + \# .47 \& \text{CO} + \# .41 \text{ HCOCHO} + \# 1.07 \text{ CCOCHO} + \# .53 \& \text{ "HCHO} + \text{CO2"}$
G733)	SAME K AS B9			$\text{MXYL-R102.} + \text{RCO3.} = \text{RCO3.} + \# .5 \text{ HO2.} + \# .47 \& \text{CO} + \# .41 \text{ HCOCHO} + \# 1.07 \text{ CCOCHO} + \# .53 \& \text{ "HCHO} + \text{CO2"}$
G743)	SAME K AS B5			$\text{MXYL-R202.} + \text{HO2.} = \text{-OOH} + \# .47 \text{ CO} + \# .41 \& \text{HCOCHO} + \# 1.07 \text{ CCOCHO} + \# .53 \text{ "HCHO} + \text{CO2"}$
G753)	SAME K AS B8			$\text{MXYL-R202.} + \text{RO2.} = \text{RO2.} + \# .5 \text{ HO2.} + \# .47 \& \text{CO} + \# .41 \text{ HCOCHO} + \# 1.07 \text{ CCOCHO} + \# .53 \& \text{ "HCHO} + \text{CO2"}$
G763)	SAME K AS B9			$\text{MXYL-R202.} + \text{RCO3.} = \text{RCO3.} + \# .5 \text{ HO2.} + \# .47 \& \text{CO} + \# .41 \text{ HCOCHO} + \# 1.07 \text{ CCOCHO} + \# .53 \& \text{ "HCHO} + \text{CO2"}$
G773)	PHOT. = AROMUNKN			$\text{MXYL-UNKN} + \text{HV} + \# 2 = \# 1.48 \text{ HCOCHO} + & \# 1.68 \text{ "CCO-02.} + \text{RCO3.} + \# .32 \text{ "HO2.} + \text{CO"}$

(continued)

Table B-1 (continued) - 11

Reaction label ^a	Kinetic Parameters ^b			Reaction ^c
Reactions of Benzaldehyde				
G30)	1.761E+04	0.00	-1.000	BZ-CHO + HO. = BZ-CO-O2. + RCO3.
G31)	PHOT.	= BZCHO		BZ-CHO + HV + #.05 = #7 -C
G32)	4.404E+02	2.97	-1.000	BZ-CHO + NO3 = HONO2 + BZ-CO-O2.
G33)	SAME K AS B2			BZ-CO-O2. + NO = BZ-O2. + CO2 + NO2 + RO2.
G34)	SAME K AS B4			BZ-CO-O2. + NO2 = BZ-PAN
G35)	9.600E+16	25.90	0.000	BZ-PAN = BZ-CO-O2. + NO2 + RCO3.
G36)	SAME K AS B6			BZ-CO-O2. + HO2. = -OOH + CO2 + PHENOL
G37)	SAME K AS B9			BZ-CO-O2. + RO2. = RO2. + #.5 HO2. + CO2 + & PHENOL
G38)	SAME K AS B10			BZ-CO-O2. + RCO3. = RCO3. + HO2. + CO2 + PHENOL
G39)	SAME K AS B1			BZ-O2. + NO = BZ-O. + NO2
G40)	SAME K AS B5			BZ-O2. + HO2. = -OOH + PHENOL
G41)	SAME K AS B8			BZ-O2. + RO2. = RO2. + #.5 HO2. + PHENOL
G42)	SAME K AS B9			BZ-O2. + RCO3. = RCO3. + HO2. + PHENOL
G43)	2.202E+04	0.00	-1.000	BZ-O. + NO2 = NITROPHEN
G44)	4.404E+03	0.00	-1.000	BZ-O. + HO2. = PHENOL
G45)	6.000E-02	0.00	0.000	BZ-O. = PHENOL
Reactions of Phenol				
G46)	4.154E+04	0.00	-1.000	HO. + PHENOL = HO-PHEN-O2. + RO2.
G47)	SAME K AS B1			HO-PHEN-O2. + NO = #.15 NITROPHEN + #.2 & HCOCHO + #.85 "NO2 + HO2." + #4.7 -C
G48)	SAME K AS B5			HO-PHEN-O2. + HO2. = -OOH + #.24 HCOCHO + & #5.52 -C
G49)	SAME K AS B8			HO-PHEN-O2. + RO2. = RO2. + #.24 HCOCHO + & #5.52 -C
G50)	SAME K AS B9			HO-PHEN-O2. + RCO3. = RCO3. + #.5 HO2. + & #.24 HCOCHO + #5.52 -C
G51)	5.578E+03	0.00	-1.000	NO3 + PHENOL = HONO2 + BZ-O.
Reactions of Alkyl-Substituted Phenols				
G52)	6.018E+04	0.00	-1.000	HO. + CRES = HO-CRES-O2. + RO2.
G53)	SAME K AS B1			HO-CRES-O2. + NO = #.15 NITROPHEN + #.2 & CCOCHO + #.85 "NO2 + HO2." + #5.5 -C
G54)	SAME K AS B5			HO-CRES-O2. + HO2. = -OOH + #.24 CCOCHO + & #6.28 -C
G55)	SAME K AS B8			HO-CRES-O2. + RO2. = RO2. + #.24 CCOCHO + & #6.28 -C
G56)	SAME K AS B9			HO-CRES-O2. + RCO3. = RCO3. + #.5 HO2. + & #.24 CCOCHO + #6.28 -C
G57)	3.229E+04	0.00	-1.000	NO3 + CRES = HONO2 + BZ-O. + -C

(continued)

Table B-1 (continued) - 12

Reaction label ^a	Kinetic Parameters ^b			Reaction ^c
Reactions of Nitrophenol				
G58)	5.578E+03	0.00	-1.000	NITROPHEN + NO3 = HONO2 + BZ(NO2)-O.
G59)	2.202E+04	0.00	-1.000	BZ(NO2)-O. + NO2 = -N + #6 -C ! DINITROPHENOL
G60)	4.404E+03	0.00	-1.000	BZ(NO2)-O. + HO2. = NITROPHEN
G61)	6.000E-02	0.00	0.000	BZ(NO2)-O. = NITROPHEN
Reactions of Methanol				
H1)	1.967E+04	1.60	-1.000	MEOH + HO. = H2O + HCHO + HO2.
Chamber-Dependent Reactions (See Table B-4 for rate constants and parameters used)				
O3W)	0.000E-01	0.00	0.000	O3 =
N25I)	0.000E-01	0.00	0.000	N2O5 = #2 NOX-WALL
N25S)	0.000E-01	0.00	-1.000	N2O5 + H2O = #2 NOX-WALL
NO2W)	0.000E-01	0.00	0.000	NO2 = #YHONO HONO + #1-YHONO NOX-WALL
RSI)	PHOT. = NO2			HV + #RS-I = HO.
RSS)	PHOT. = NO2			NO2 + HV + #RS-S = #.5 HONO + #.5 NOX-WALL
ONO2)	PHOT. = NO2			#E-NO2/K1 = NO2 + #-1 NOX-WALL

^aReaction label notation of Carter et al. (1986).^bThe kinetic parameters in this mechanism, which are used by the computer modeling software to define the rate constants as a function of temperature, light intensity and spectral distribution, or rate constants for other reactions, are specified in one of four ways:

1. Simple thermal reactions:

If the kinetic parameters are given as three numbers without any additional notation, then the numbers given are (in order) A, Ea, and B, and the rate constant, k, is calculated by the modified Arrhenius expression.

$$k = A \times (T/300)^B \times \exp [-Ea / (0.0019872 \times T)]$$

where T is the temperature in K, Ea is given in kcal mole⁻¹, and the units of k and A are min⁻¹ for first order reactions, ppm⁻¹ min⁻¹ for second order reactions, or ppm⁻² min⁻¹ for third order reactions. (The order of the reaction is determined by the number of non-coefficient reactants; see note c, below.)

(If a reaction has the symbol "#RCONxxxx as one of the "reactants", [where "xxxx" is the reaction label of some previously input reaction which should be the reverse of this reaction] then the "k" calculated as given above is actually an equilibrium constant, since the rate constant for this reaction is given by "k" times the rate constant for reaction "xxxx". See Footnote c for a discussion of coefficients as reactants.)

(continued)

Table B-1 (continued) - 13

2. "Falloff" Thermal Reactions:

If the kinetic parameters are given as seven numbers in the following format,

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{FALLOFF } F = f, & N = n \\ K_0: A_0, & E_{A_0}, & B_0 \\ K_I: A_I, & E_{A_I}, & B_I \end{array}$$

then the rate constant, k is calculated by

$$k = [(k_0 \times M) / (1 + [k_0 \times M / k_I])] \times f^{1/[1 + (\log_{10} [k_0 \times M / k_I] / n)^2]}$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} k_0 &= A_0 \times (T/300)^{B_0} \times \exp(-E_{A_0} / [0.0019872 \times T]), \\ k_I &= A_I \times (T/300)^{B_I} \times \exp(-E_{A_I} / [0.0019872 \times T]), \end{aligned}$$

T is the temperature in K and M is the concentration of the constant species "M", which is the total pressure in ppm. In these calculations, M is always 10^6 ppm.

Reactions of this type are always second order, so the units of k , k_I and A_I are $\text{ppm}^{-1} \text{ min}^{-1}$, and the units of k_0 and A_0 are $\text{ppm}^{-2} \text{ min}^{-2}$. The units of E_{A_0} and E_{A_I} are kcal/mole,

3. Reactions with same rate constants as other reactions.

The notation "SAME K AS xxxx", where "xxxx" is the reaction label for some other reaction, means that the reaction always has the same rate constant as reaction "xxxx".

4. Photolysis reactions.

Photolysis reactions are indicated by the notation "PHOT. = filename", where "filename" refers to a "photolysis file", which gives the absorption coefficients and quantum yields, as a function of wavelength, which are used to calculate the photolysis rate constants for this photolysis reaction, given the spectral distribution of the light source. The contents of the photolysis files used in this mechanism are given in Table B-5.

^cThe following examples indicate the notation used to define the reactants, products, and (where applicable) coefficients involved in the reactions in the mechanism:

```
reactant1 + reactant2 + ... = product1 + product2 + ...
reactant1 + ... = #coefficient2 product1 + ...
reactant1 + ... = #coefficient3 "product1 + product2 + ..." + ...
reactant1 + #coefficient1 + ... = product1 + ...
```

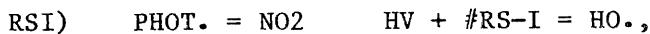
(continued)

Table B-1 (concluded) - 14

The first example is a simple reaction without any coefficients. The second and third have product coefficients which give the yield of the products. The notation in the third reaction is used to indicate that both "product1" and "product2" have the same coefficient, and thus that reaction is equivalent to

reactant1 + ... = #coefficient3 product1 + #coefficient3 product2 +

When a coefficient is shown as a "reactant", as in the fourth example, the coefficient is multiplied by the rate constant calculated from the kinetic parameters (as described in footnote b, above), to give the rate constant of the reaction. For example, one of the reactions used to represent the chamber radical source is



and for this reaction, the rate constant, defining the rate of OH generation, is given by the photolysis rate of NO2 multiplied by the value of the coefficient RS-I, which depends on the chamber. A special kind of reactant coefficient is that of the form "#RCONxxxx", whose value is the rate constant for the reaction labeled "xxxx".

Regardless of how the coefficients are used, they can be either constant, as indicated by their "name" being a number, or variable, as indicated by their names being non-numeric. The values of the variable coefficients, which in general depend on temperature, are given in Table B-3.

If the list of reactants, products, and coefficients do not fit on one line, the symbol "&" is used to indicate that the reaction continues on the following line.

^dThe pseudo-species "R02" and "RC03" are used to keep track of the total concentrations of all peroxy and acyl peroxy radicals, respectively, which are used to calculate the rates of peroxy + peroxy radical reactions. These are calculated by including "R02" as a "product" for each reaction which forms peroxy radicals, with the same yield as the total peroxy radical yield in that reaction, (and likewise for "RC03" and acyl peroxy radicals), and by including reactions B1 through B10 to represent their consumption processes. Note that reactions B1 - B10 are the only reactions which represent a net sink for these pseudo species; in the reactions used to represent the reaction of a given peroxy radical with all others (e.g., reactions C7, C8, C16, and C17, etc.), these are given as products as well as reactants. See the discussion of representation of peroxy radical reactions in Carter et al. (1986).

The pseudo-species R202 is used to represent the additional oxidation of NO to NO2 caused by reactions of subsequently formed peroxy radicals in the alkane photo-oxidation mechanisms.

Table B-2. List of Species used in the Model Simulations of the Surrogate- NO_x -Air Irradiations

Species Name	Compound or Meaning
<u>1. Species Integrated Explicitly</u>	
O3	Ozone
NO	Nitric Oxide
NO2	Nitrogen Dioxide
NO3	Nitrate Radical
N2O5	N_2O_5
HONO2	Nitric Acid
HONO	Nitrous Acid
HO2.	HO_2 Radicals
HO2NO2	Peroxy Nitric Acid
HO2H	Hydrogen Peroxide
CO	Carbon Monoxide
RO2.	Lumped Alkyl Peroxy Radicals (sum of all alkyl peroxy radicals)
RCO3.	Lumped Acyl Peroxy Radicals (sum off all acyl peroxy radicals)
-OOH	Lumped Hydroperoxide Group (used to represent photolizable hydroperoxide groups formed when peroxy radicals react with HO_2)
HCHO	Formaldehyde
CCHO	Acetaldehyde
C-PAN	PAN
RCHO	Propionaldehyde and Lumped Higher Aldehydes
C2-PAN	PPN (and PAN analogues formed from higher aldehydes)
C-CO-C	Acetone
CCOCHO	Methyl Glyoxal
MEK	Methyl Ethyl Ketone and Lumped Higher Ketones
ROH	3-Pentanol (used in part to represent OH-substituted bi- and poly-functional compounds formed following the isomerization of long-chain alkoxy radicals formed in the photooxidations of the higher alkanes)
HCOCHO	Glyoxal
HCO-PAN	$\text{HCO}-\text{CO}-\text{OONO}_2$ (PAN analogue formed from glyoxal)
HOCCHO	Glycolaldehyde
HOC-PAN	$\text{HOCH}_2-\text{CO}-\text{OONO}_2$ (PAN analogue formed from glycol-aldehyde)
C4ON02	2-Butyl Nitrate (used with 4-heptyl nitrate to represent $\geq \text{C}_4$ alkyl nitrates)
C7ON02	4-Heptyl Nitrate
C:C	Ethene
C:CC	Propene
ISOBUTEN	Isobutene
C4	n-Butane

(continued)

Table B-2 (continued) - 2

Species Name	Compound or Meaning
C5	n-Pentane
ISO-C8	2,2,4-Trimethylpentane (iso-Octane)
TOLU	Toluene
M-XYEN	m-Xylene
BZ-CHO	Benzaldehyde
BZ-PAN	PBzN (Peroxy benzoyl nitrate)
PHENOL	Phenol
NITROPHEN	Nitrophenols
CRES	Cresols and Other Alkyl Phenols
TOLU-UNKN	Unknown Product(s) Formed in the Ring Opening Reactions of Toluene
TOLU-PAN	Pan Analogue(s) Assumed to be Formed in the Reactions of TOLU-UNKN
MXYL-UNKN	Unknown Product(s) Formed in the Ring Opening Reactions of m-Xylene
MXYL-PAN	Pan Analogue(s) Assumed to be Formed in the Reactions of MXYL-UNKN
MEOH	Methanol

2. Constant Species (concentrations held constant during the calculations)

HV	Total Light Intensity (either 1.0 or 0.0 in indoor chamber simulations, depending on whether lights are on or off. Varies for outdoor chamber simulations such that HV = 1.0 corresponds to clear sky conditions, and HV < 1 corresponds to overcast or partly overcast conditions.)
O2	Oxygen in Air (always 2.090E+05 PPM)
M	Total Pressure (always 1.000E+06 PPM)
H2O	Water Concentration (concentration varies from run-to-run. If no humidity or dew point data are available, then the default is used. Default for indoor chamber runs is 2.0E+04 PPM; default for outdoor chamber runs is 5.0E+3 PPM.)

3. Product-Only and Counter Species (species which are formed, but which do not react, or pseudo-species used to keep track of carbon, nitrogen, etc.)

-C	"Lost" or Unreactive Product Carbon (used to check for carbon balance, and to determine the extent of species whose reactions are ignored)
NOX-WALL	NO _x Absorbed on the Walls (used primarily to check for nitrogen balance)
CO2	Carbon Dioxide

(continued)

Table B-2 (continued) - 3

Species Name	Compound or Meaning
CH4	Methane (reactions ignored)
H2	Hydrogen (reactions ignored)
4. Species for which the Steady State Approximation is Applied	
O	O(³ P) Atoms
O*1D2	O(¹ D) Atoms
HO.	Hydroxyl Radicals
HOC-02.	HOCH ₂ OO. (peroxy radical formed from HO ₂ + HCHO)
CCO-02.	Acetyl Peroxy Radicals
C-02.	Methyl Peroxy Radicals
C-O.	Methoxy Radicals
C2CO-02.	Propionyl Peroxy Radicals
C2-02.	Ethyl Peroxy Radicals
C-CO-C-02.	CH ₃ -CO-CH ₂ OO. (peroxy radical formed in the OH + acetone reaction)
MEK-02.	50% CH ₃ -CO-CH(OO.)CH ₃ + 50% CH ₃ -CO-CH ₂ CH ₂ OO. (formed initially in the OH + methyl ethyl ketone reaction)
MEK(2)-02.	HOCH ₂ CH ₂ -CO-CH ₂ OO. (formed in the OH + MEK reaction)
ROH-02.	Lumped Peroxy Species Used to Represent Species in the OH + Pentanol Reactions
HCOCO.	H-CO-CO. (radical initially formed in the OH + glyoxal reaction)
HCOCO-02.	Acyl Peroxy Radical Formed when O ₂ Reacts with HCOCO.
HOCCO-02.	HOCH ₂ -CO-OO. (acyl peroxy radical formed from glycolaldehyde)
C4ON02-02.	60% CH ₃ CH(ONO ₂)CH(OO.)CH ₃ + 40% CH ₃ CH(ONO ₂)CH ₂ CH ₂ OO. (formed in the OH + 2-butyl nitrate reaction)
C4ON02(2)-02.	CH ₃ C(OO.)CH ₂ CH ₂ OH (formed in the OH + 2-butyl nitrate reaction)
C7ON02-02.	11% .OOC ₃ H ₆ CH(ONO ₂)C ₃ H ₇ + 66% CH ₃ CH(OO.)CH ₂ CH(ONO ₂)C ₃ H ₇ + 23% C ₂ H ₅ CH(OO.)CH(ONO ₂)C ₃ H ₇ (formed in the OH + 4-heptyl nitrate reaction)
C7ON02(2)-02.	CH ₃ CH(OH)CH ₂ CH(ONO ₂)CH(OO.)C ₂ H ₅ (formed in the OH + 4-heptyl nitrate reaction)
HOC2-02. (HCHO2)	HOCH ₂ CH ₂ OO. (OH-ethene-O ₂ adduct) "Hot" Criegee Biradical Formed in the Reactions of Ozone with Alkenes with =CH ₂ Groups
HCHO2	Stabilized Criegee Biradical Formed in the Reactions of Ozone with Alkenes with =CH ₂ Groups
C:C-N-02.	.OOCH ₂ CH ₂ ONO ₂ (NO ₃ -ethene-O ₂ adduct)
C:CC-02.	CH ₃ CH(OH)CH ₂ OO. + CH ₃ CH(OO.)CH ₂ OH (OH-propene-O ₂ adducts)

(continued)

Table B-2 (continued) - 4

Species Name	Compound or Meaning
(CCH02)	"Hot" Criegee Biradical Formed in the Reactions of Ozone with Alkenes with $=\text{CHCH}_3$ Groups
C:CC-N-02.	$\text{CH}_3\text{CH}(\text{ONO}_2)\text{CH}_2\text{OO}.$ + $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}(\text{OO}\cdot)\text{CH}_2\text{ONO}_2$ (NO_3^- propene- δ^2 adducts)
CCH02	Stabilized Criegee Biradical Formed in the Reactions of Ozone with Alkenes with $=\text{CHCH}_3$ Groups
ISOBUTEN-02.	$(\text{CH}_3)_2(\text{OO}\cdot)\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$ (OH-isobutene- δ^2 adduct)
(C(C)CO2)	"Hot" Criegee Biradical Formed in the Reactions of Ozone with Alkenes with $=\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ Groups
ISOBUTEN-N-02.	$(\text{CH}_3)_2(\text{OO}\cdot)\text{CH}_2\text{ONO}_2$ (NO_3 -isobutene- δ^2 adduct)
C4-02.	$\text{CH}_3(\text{CH}_2)_3\text{OO}.$ (formed in the OH + n-butane reactions)
C3(C)-02.	$\text{CH}_3\text{CH}(\text{OO}\cdot)\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$ (formed in the OH + n-butane reactions)
HOC4-02.	$\text{HO}(\text{CH}_2)_4\text{OO}.$ (formed in the OH + n-butane reactions)
C5-R02.	Lumped Species Representing All Peroxy Radicals Formed in the OH + n-Pentane Reactions
R202.	Pseudo-Specie (used to account for NO to NO_2 conversions caused by subsequently formed peroxy radicals in the reactions of the $\geq \text{C}_5$ alkanes)
C5-PROD	Temporary Pseudo-Specie (used in the n-pentane mechanism to represent the set of organic products formed. Immediately "reacts" to form those products)
I8-R02.	Lumped Species Representing All Peroxy Radicals Formed in the OH + iso-Octane Reactions
I8-PROD	Temporary Pseudo-Specie (used in the iso-octane mechanism to represent the set of organic products formed. Immediately "reacts" to form those products)
HO-TOLU-02.	Used to Represent the Peroxy Radical Intermediates Which Lead to Ring Opening in the OH + Toluene Reactions.
BZ-C-02.	Benzyl Peroxy Radicals
TOLU-RC03.	Used to Represent the Acyl Peroxy Radicals Assumed to be Initially Formed in the Reactions of OH Radicals with the Uncharacterized Toluene Ring-Opening Products. (Assumed to be an analogue of $\text{H}-\text{CO}-\text{CH}=\text{CH}-\text{CO}-\text{OO}\cdot$)
TOLU-R102.	Used to Represent the Peroxy Radicals Initially Formed from TOLU-RC03. (Assumed to be an analogue of $\text{H}-\text{CO}-\text{CH}=\text{CHOO}\cdot$)
TOLU-R202.	Used to Represent the Peroxy Radicals Formed from TOLU-R102. (Assumed to be an analogue of $\text{H}-\text{CO}-\text{CH}(\text{OO}\cdot)\text{CHO}\cdot$)

(continued)

Table B-2 (concluded) - 5

Species Name	Compound or Meaning
MXYL-RC03.	Used to Represent the Acyl Peroxy Radicals Assumed to be Initially Formed in the Reactions of OH Radicals with the Uncharacterized m-Xylene Ring-Opening Products. (Assumed to be an analogue of H-CO-CH=CH-CO-OO.)
MXYL-R102.	Used to Represent the Peroxy Radicals Initially Formed from MXYL-RC03. (Assumed to be an analogue of H-CO-CH=CHO0.)
MXYL-R202.	Used to Represent the Peroxy Radicals Formed from MXYL-R102. (Assumed to be an analogue of H-CO-CH(00.)CHO.)
BZ-CO-02.	Benzoyl Peroxy Radical
BZ-02.	Phenyl Peroxy Radical
BZ-O.	Phenoxy Radical
BZ(NO ₂)-O.	Nitro-Substituted Phenoxy Radicals
HO-PHEN-02.	Lumped Peroxy Radical Used in the Empirical Representation of the OH + Phenol Reactions
HO-CRES-02.	Lumped Peroxy Radical Used in the Empirical Representation of the OH + Cresol Reactions

Table B-3. Values of Temperature-Dependent Coefficients Used in the Model Simulations of the Surrogate- NO_x -Air Irradiations
 (See Table B-1 for the reactions in which these coefficients appear)

Name	Values		
	270 K	300 K	330 K
T270	1.00	0.000	0.000
T300	0.000	1.00	0.000
T330	0.000	0.000	1.00
YE11A	0.130	0.150	0.160
1-YE11A	0.870	0.850	0.840
YE12A	5.000E-02	3.000E-02	2.000E-02
1-YE12A	0.950	0.970	0.980
YE12B	0.460	0.780	0.920
E12P1	0.437	0.757	0.902
E12P2	0.513	0.213	7.840E-02
YE13A	0.130	8.000E-02	5.000E-02
1-YE13A	0.870	0.920	0.950
YE13B	0.970	0.630	0.150
1-YE13B	3.000E-02	0.370	0.850
E13P1	0.844	0.580	0.143
E13P2	2.610E-02	0.340	0.808
C5P1	0.135	8.490E-02	5.600E-02
C5P2	6.740E-02	4.230E-02	2.770E-02
C5P4	0.798	0.873	0.916
C5P5	0.240	0.515	0.807
C5P6	0.000	6.500E-03	1.380E-02
C5P7	0.000	7.350E-02	0.281
C5P9	5.980E-02	0.163	0.385
C5PA	0.706	0.584	0.352
C5PB	0.197	0.277	0.289
C5XP6	0.000	7.500E-03	1.510E-02
C5XP7	0.000	8.490E-02	0.308
C5XP9	6.540E-02	0.181	0.417
C5XPA	0.897	0.675	0.387
C5XPB	0.243	0.316	0.314
I8P1	2.600E-03	5.400E-03	6.400E-03
I8P2	0.264	0.171	0.114
I8P3	1.000E-04	8.000E-04	1.100E-03
I8P4	0.733	0.823	0.878
I8P5	0.659	0.956	1.33
I8P6	1.200E-02	0.117	0.292
I8P7	0.000	0.000	9.000E-04
I8P8	6.170E-02	0.260	0.536
I8P9	0.620	0.747	0.816
I8PA	0.114	7.760E-02	3.730E-02

(continued)

Table B-3 (concluded)

Name	Values		
	270 K	300 K	330 K
I8PB	0.585	0.578	0.511
I8PC	0.704	0.446	0.116
I8XP6	2.720E-02	0.175	0.357
I8XP7	0.000	0.000	1.200E-03
I8XP8	8.680E-02	0.339	0.623
I8XP9	0.750	0.883	0.925
I8XPA	0.250	0.115	4.350E-02
I8XPB	0.694	0.644	0.564
I8XPC	0.994	0.476	0.000

Table B-4. Chamber-Dependent Parameters and Rate Constants Used in the Model Simulations of the Experiments Carried Out in the SAPRC Indoor Teflon Chamber (ITC) and in the SAPRC Outdoor Teflon Chamber (OTC). [See Table B-1 for chamber-dependent reactions and use of chamber-dependent parameters. Unless indicated otherwise, values from Carter et al. (1986)]

Parameter or Reaction Label	Value	
	ITC	OTC
Parameters		
RS-I	3.0E-4	2.0E-4 ^a
RS-S	0.0	0.0
YHONO	0.2	0.2
I-YHONO	0.8	0.8
E-NO ₂ /K ₁	1.5E-4	1.0E-4
First Order Rate Constants (min ⁻¹)		
O ₃ W	1.3E-4	1.67E-4
N ₂ 5I	2.5E-3	1.6E-3
NO ₂ W	1.4E-4	9.0E-5
Second Order Rate Constants (ppm ⁻¹ min ⁻¹)		
N ₂ S	5.0E-8	3.0E-8
Dilution Rate (min ⁻¹)		
Dilution	3.9E-4 ^b	0.0

^aCarter et al. (1986) used RS-I = 3.0×10^{-4} . This lower value is more consistent with the results of the tracer-NO_x-air irradiations carried out in this program (see Section IV-A-1).

^bAdjusted to fit concentration-time profiles for n-butane in the ITC surrogate-NO_x-air runs. Carter et al. (1986) assumed no dilution in the ITC.

Table B-5. Absorption Coefficient x Quantum Yield Products used to Calculate the Rate Constants for Photolysis Reactions in Table B-1 (From Carter et al. 1986)

PHOT.	(Wavelength, Absorption Coefficient x Quantum Yield)		
Name	(microns)	(cm ² molec ⁻¹ , base e)	
NO2	(0.250 2.830E-20) (0.265 2.010E-20) (0.280 5.540E-20) (0.295 6.970E-20) (0.310 1.695E-19) (0.325 2.581E-19) (0.340 3.445E-19) (0.355 4.361E-19) (0.370 4.406E-19) (0.385 4.158E-19) (0.400 4.394E-19) (0.415 4.221E-20)	(0.255 1.450E-20) (0.270 3.130E-20) (0.285 6.990E-20) (0.300 1.156E-19) (0.315 2.137E-19) (0.330 2.730E-19) (0.345 3.561E-19) (0.360 3.779E-19) (0.375 3.906E-19) (0.390 4.440E-19) (0.405 2.022E-19) (0.420 1.433E-20)	(0.260 1.900E-20) (0.275 4.020E-20) (0.290 8.180E-20) (0.305 1.619E-19) (0.320 2.383E-19) (0.335 3.105E-19) (0.350 3.538E-19) (0.365 4.768E-19) (0.380 4.852E-19) (0.395 4.771E-19) (0.410 8.078E-20) (0.425 0.000E-01)
NO3NO	(0.585 0.000E-01) (0.600 7.075E-19) (0.615 1.960E-19) (0.630 2.830E-19)	(0.590 1.285E-18) (0.605 6.900E-19) (0.620 3.580E-19) (0.635 4.350E-20)	(0.595 1.632E-18) (0.610 2.960E-19) (0.625 4.625E-19) (0.640 0.000E-01)
NO3NO2	(0.400 0.000E-01) (0.415 5.000E-20) (0.430 1.300E-19) (0.445 2.200E-19) (0.460 3.700E-19) (0.475 6.000E-19) (0.490 8.800E-19) (0.505 1.100E-18) (0.520 1.450E-18) (0.535 2.040E-18) (0.550 2.360E-18) (0.565 2.530E-18) (0.580 3.050E-18) (0.595 2.448E-18) (0.610 4.350E-19) (0.625 1.388E-18)	(0.405 3.000E-20) (0.420 8.000E-20) (0.435 1.800E-19) (0.450 2.800E-19) (0.465 4.300E-19) (0.480 6.400E-19) (0.495 9.500E-19) (0.510 1.320E-18) (0.525 1.480E-18) (0.540 1.810E-18) (0.555 2.680E-18) (0.570 2.540E-18) (0.585 2.770E-18) (0.600 1.556E-18) (0.615 4.900E-19) (0.630 2.830E-19)	(0.410 4.000E-20) (0.425 1.000E-19) (0.440 1.900E-19) (0.455 3.300E-19) (0.470 5.100E-19) (0.485 6.900E-19) (0.500 1.010E-18) (0.515 1.400E-18) (0.530 1.940E-18) (0.545 1.810E-18) (0.560 3.070E-18) (0.575 2.740E-18) (0.590 3.855E-18) (0.605 1.380E-18) (0.620 7.160E-19) (0.635 0.000E-01)
O3O3P	(0.260 1.070E-08) (0.290 1.340E-19) (0.320 2.600E-20) (0.350 4.000E-22) (0.450 1.600E-22) (0.600 5.060E-21) (0.750 3.200E-22)	(0.270 7.740E-19) (0.300 3.160E-20) (0.330 6.700E-21) (0.355 0.000E-01) (0.500 1.340E-21) (0.650 2.450E-21) (0.800 1.600E-22)	(0.280 3.790E-19) (0.310 4.341E-20) (0.340 1.700E-21) (0.400 0.000E-01) (0.550 3.320E-21) (0.700 8.700E-22) (0.900 0.000E-01)

(continued)

Table B-5 (continued) - 2

PHOT.	(Wavelength, Absorption Coefficient x Quantum Yield)		
Name	(microns)	(cm ² molec ⁻¹ , base e)	
03T270	(0.260 9.630E-18)	(0.270 6.966E-18)	(0.280 3.411E-18)
	(0.290 1.206E-18)	(0.300 3.420E-19)	(0.305 1.617E-19)
	(0.310 4.508E-20)	(0.313 1.200E-20)	(0.315 3.640E-21)
	(0.317 1.248E-21)	(0.320 0.000E-01)	
03T300	(0.260 9.630E-18)	(0.270 6.966E-18)	(0.280 3.411E-18)
	(0.290 1.206E-18)	(0.300 3.420E-19)	(0.305 1.673E-19)
	(0.310 5.488E-20)	(0.313 1.950E-20)	(0.315 6.760E-21)
	(0.317 2.080E-21)	(0.320 0.000E-01)	
03T330	(0.260 9.630E-18)	(0.270 6.966E-18)	(0.280 3.411E-18)
	(0.290 1.206E-18)	(0.300 3.420E-19)	(0.305 1.692E-19)
	(0.310 6.174E-20)	(0.313 2.700E-20)	(0.315 1.144E-20)
	(0.317 4.992E-21)	(0.320 7.800E-22)	(0.322 0.000E-01)
HONO	(0.311 0.000E-01)	(0.312 2.000E-21)	(0.313 4.200E-21)
	(0.314 4.600E-21)	(0.315 4.200E-21)	(0.316 3.000E-21)
	(0.317 4.600E-21)	(0.318 3.600E-20)	(0.319 6.100E-20)
	(0.320 2.100E-20)	(0.321 4.270E-20)	(0.322 4.010E-20)
	(0.323 3.930E-20)	(0.324 4.010E-20)	(0.325 4.040E-20)
	(0.326 3.130E-20)	(0.327 4.120E-20)	(0.328 7.550E-20)
	(0.329 6.640E-20)	(0.330 7.290E-20)	(0.331 8.700E-20)
	(0.332 1.380E-19)	(0.333 5.910E-20)	(0.334 5.910E-20)
	(0.335 6.450E-20)	(0.336 5.910E-20)	(0.337 4.580E-20)
	(0.338 1.910E-19)	(0.339 1.630E-19)	(0.340 1.050E-19)
	(0.341 8.700E-20)	(0.342 3.350E-19)	(0.343 2.010E-19)
	(0.344 1.020E-19)	(0.345 8.540E-20)	(0.346 8.320E-20)
	(0.347 8.200E-20)	(0.348 7.490E-20)	(0.349 7.130E-20)
	(0.350 6.830E-20)	(0.351 1.740E-19)	(0.352 1.140E-19)
	(0.353 3.710E-19)	(0.354 4.960E-19)	(0.355 2.460E-19)
	(0.356 1.190E-19)	(0.357 9.350E-20)	(0.358 7.780E-20)
	(0.359 7.290E-20)	(0.360 6.830E-20)	(0.361 6.900E-20)
	(0.362 7.320E-20)	(0.363 9.000E-20)	(0.364 1.210E-19)
	(0.365 1.330E-19)	(0.366 2.130E-19)	(0.367 3.520E-19)
	(0.368 4.500E-19)	(0.369 2.930E-19)	(0.370 1.190E-19)
	(0.371 9.460E-20)	(0.372 8.850E-20)	(0.373 7.440E-20)
	(0.374 4.770E-20)	(0.375 2.700E-20)	(0.376 1.900E-20)
	(0.377 1.500E-20)	(0.378 1.900E-20)	(0.379 5.800E-20)
	(0.380 7.780E-20)	(0.381 1.140E-19)	(0.382 1.400E-19)
	(0.383 1.720E-19)	(0.384 1.990E-19)	(0.385 1.900E-19)
	(0.386 1.190E-19)	(0.387 5.650E-20)	(0.388 3.200E-20)
	(0.389 1.900E-20)	(0.390 1.200E-20)	(0.391 5.000E-21)
	(0.392 0.000E-01)		

(continued)

Table B-5 (continued) - 3

PHOT.	(Wavelength, Absorption Coefficient x Quantum Yield)		
Name	(microns)	(cm ² molec ⁻¹ , base e)	
H2O2	(0.250 8.300E-20) (0.265 4.200E-20) (0.280 2.000E-20) (0.295 8.700E-21) (0.310 3.700E-21) (0.325 1.500E-21) (0.340 7.000E-22) (0.355 0.000E-01)	(0.255 6.700E-20) (0.270 3.200E-20) (0.285 1.500E-20) (0.300 6.600E-21) (0.315 2.800E-21) (0.330 1.200E-21) (0.345 5.000E-22)	(0.260 5.200E-20) (0.275 2.500E-20) (0.290 1.130E-20) (0.305 4.900E-21) (0.320 2.000E-21) (0.335 9.000E-22) (0.350 3.000E-22)
CO2H	(0.210 3.750E-19) (0.240 8.800E-20) (0.270 2.500E-20) (0.300 5.800E-21) (0.330 1.100E-21) (0.360 0.000E-01)	(0.220 2.200E-19) (0.250 5.800E-20) (0.280 1.500E-20) (0.310 3.400E-21) (0.340 6.000E-22)	(0.230 1.380E-19) (0.260 3.800E-20) (0.290 9.000E-21) (0.320 1.900E-21) (0.350 4.000E-22)
HCHOR	(0.240 6.300E-23) (0.270 3.440E-21) (0.300 2.044E-20) (0.330 5.456E-21)	(0.250 3.120E-22) (0.280 1.097E-20) (0.310 1.886E-20) (0.340 0.000E-01)	(0.260 1.410E-21) (0.290 1.782E-20) (0.320 1.147E-20)
HCHOM	(0.240 1.260E-22) (0.270 3.956E-21) (0.300 5.764E-21) (0.330 1.214E-20) (0.360 7.200E-23)	(0.250 5.980E-22) (0.280 6.510E-21) (0.310 5.635E-21) (0.340 8.142E-21) (0.370 0.000E-01)	(0.260 2.256E-21) (0.290 6.526E-21) (0.320 7.030E-21) (0.350 1.680E-21)
CCHOR	(0.260 6.696E-21) (0.290 2.618E-20) (0.305 1.111E-20) (0.320 1.200E-21)	(0.270 1.315E-20) (0.295 2.181E-20) (0.310 6.392E-21) (0.325 3.390E-22)	(0.280 2.549E-20) (0.300 1.672E-20) (0.315 3.135E-21) (0.330 0.000E-01)
RCHO	(0.280 5.260E-20) (0.310 3.680E-20) (0.340 1.440E-21)	(0.290 5.770E-20) (0.320 1.660E-20) (0.345 0.000E-01)	(0.300 5.050E-20) (0.330 6.490E-21)
KETONE	(0.210 1.100E-21) (0.240 1.300E-20) (0.270 5.540E-20) (0.300 3.440E-20) (0.330 1.100E-21)	(0.220 1.200E-21) (0.250 2.680E-20) (0.280 5.920E-20) (0.310 1.530E-20) (0.340 0.000E-01)	(0.230 4.600E-21) (0.260 4.210E-20) (0.290 5.160E-20) (0.320 4.600E-21)

(continued)

Table B-5 (continued) - 4

PHOT.	(Wavelength, Absorption Coefficient x Quantum Yield)		
Name	(microns)	(cm ² molec ⁻¹ , base e)	
GLYOXAL	(0.230 2.867E-21)	(0.235 2.867E-21)	(0.240 4.301E-21)
	(0.245 5.735E-21)	(0.250 8.602E-21)	(0.255 1.147E-20)
	(0.260 1.434E-20)	(0.265 1.864E-20)	(0.270 2.294E-20)
	(0.275 2.581E-20)	(0.280 2.867E-20)	(0.285 3.298E-20)
	(0.290 3.154E-20)	(0.295 3.298E-20)	(0.300 3.584E-20)
	(0.305 2.724E-20)	(0.310 2.724E-20)	(0.312 2.867E-20)
	(0.315 2.294E-20)	(0.320 1.434E-20)	(0.325 1.147E-20)
	(0.327 1.434E-20)	(0.330 1.147E-20)	(0.335 2.867E-21)
	(0.340 0.000E-01)	(0.355 0.000E-01)	(0.360 2.294E-21)
	(0.365 2.867E-21)	(0.370 8.029E-21)	(0.375 1.004E-20)
	(0.380 1.720E-20)	(0.382 1.577E-20)	(0.384 1.491E-20)
	(0.386 1.491E-20)	(0.388 2.867E-20)	(0.390 3.154E-20)
	(0.391 3.242E-20)	(0.392 3.040E-20)	(0.393 2.229E-20)
	(0.394 2.634E-20)	(0.395 3.040E-20)	(0.396 2.634E-20)
	(0.397 2.432E-20)	(0.398 3.242E-20)	(0.399 3.040E-20)
	(0.400 2.837E-20)	(0.401 3.242E-20)	(0.402 4.458E-20)
	(0.403 5.269E-20)	(0.404 4.255E-20)	(0.405 3.040E-20)
	(0.406 3.040E-20)	(0.407 2.837E-20)	(0.408 2.432E-20)
	(0.409 2.837E-20)	(0.410 6.079E-20)	(0.411 5.066E-20)
	(0.412 6.079E-20)	(0.412 4.863E-20)	(0.413 8.308E-20)
	(0.414 6.484E-20)	(0.414 7.497E-20)	(0.414 8.105E-20)
	(0.415 8.105E-20)	(0.415 6.890E-20)	(0.416 4.255E-20)
	(0.417 4.863E-20)	(0.418 5.876E-20)	(0.419 6.687E-20)
	(0.420 3.850E-20)	(0.421 5.674E-20)	(0.421 4.458E-20)
	(0.422 5.269E-20)	(0.423 1.054E-19)	(0.423 8.511E-20)
	(0.424 6.079E-20)	(0.425 7.295E-20)	(0.426 1.175E-19)
	(0.426 1.297E-19)	(0.427 1.074E-19)	(0.428 1.662E-19)
	(0.429 4.053E-20)	(0.430 5.066E-20)	(0.431 4.863E-20)
	(0.432 4.053E-20)	(0.433 3.647E-20)	(0.434 4.053E-20)
	(0.435 6.079E-20)	(0.435 5.066E-20)	(0.436 8.105E-20)
	(0.437 1.135E-19)	(0.437 5.269E-20)	(0.438 1.013E-19)
	(0.438 1.378E-19)	(0.439 7.700E-20)	(0.440 2.472E-19)
	(0.441 8.105E-20)	(0.442 6.079E-20)	(0.443 7.497E-20)
	(0.444 9.321E-20)	(0.445 1.135E-19)	(0.446 5.269E-20)
	(0.447 2.432E-20)	(0.448 2.837E-20)	(0.449 3.850E-20)
	(0.450 6.079E-20)	(0.451 1.094E-19)	(0.451 9.321E-20)
	(0.452 1.216E-19)	(0.453 2.391E-19)	(0.454 1.702E-19)
	(0.455 3.404E-19)	(0.456 4.053E-19)	(0.456 1.013E-19)
	(0.457 1.621E-20)	(0.458 1.216E-20)	(0.458 1.418E-20)
	(0.459 4.053E-21)	(0.460 4.053E-21)	(0.461 6.079E-21)
	(0.461 2.026E-21)	(0.462 0.000E-01)	

(continued)

Table B-5 (concluded) - 5

PHOT.	(Wavelength, Absorption Coefficient x Quantum Yield)		
Name	(microns)	(cm ² molec ⁻¹ , base e)	
MEGLYOX	(0.220 2.103E-21) (0.235 7.570E-21) (0.250 9.252E-21) (0.265 1.051E-20) (0.280 1.514E-20) (0.295 1.178E-20) (0.310 6.308E-21) (0.325 1.682E-21) (0.350 0.000E-01) (0.360 2.103E-21) (0.366 3.365E-21) (0.372 5.888E-21) (0.378 8.832E-21) (0.384 1.346E-20) (0.390 2.061E-20) (0.396 2.481E-20) (0.402 2.986E-20) (0.408 3.953E-20) (0.414 4.794E-20) (0.420 5.215E-20) (0.426 5.299E-20) (0.432 5.131E-20) (0.438 6.056E-20) (0.442 5.467E-20) (0.444 5.972E-20) (0.447 5.720E-20) (0.450 5.047E-20) (0.453 2.776E-20) (0.458 8.411E-21) (0.468 0.000E-01)	(0.225 2.103E-21) (0.240 9.252E-21) (0.255 9.252E-21) (0.270 1.262E-20) (0.285 1.430E-20) (0.300 1.136E-20) (0.315 5.467E-21) (0.330 8.411E-22) (0.354 4.206E-22) (0.362 2.103E-21) (0.368 4.206E-21) (0.374 7.570E-21) (0.380 1.009E-20) (0.386 1.514E-20) (0.392 2.103E-20) (0.398 2.607E-20) (0.404 3.196E-20) (0.410 4.332E-20) (0.416 4.879E-20) (0.422 5.299E-20) (0.428 5.215E-20) (0.434 5.678E-20) (0.440 5.467E-20) (0.443 5.551E-20) (0.445 5.131E-20) (0.448 5.467E-20) (0.451 3.028E-20) (0.454 2.271E-20) (0.460 4.206E-21) (0.464 1.682E-21)	(0.230 4.206E-21) (0.245 8.411E-21) (0.260 9.673E-21) (0.275 1.430E-20) (0.290 1.472E-20) (0.305 9.252E-21) (0.320 3.365E-21) (0.335 0.000E-01) (0.358 1.262E-21) (0.364 2.944E-21) (0.370 5.467E-21) (0.376 7.991E-21) (0.382 1.093E-20) (0.388 1.724E-20) (0.394 2.313E-20) (0.400 2.776E-20) (0.406 3.785E-20) (0.412 4.710E-20) (0.418 5.047E-20) (0.424 5.173E-20) (0.430 5.551E-20) (0.436 6.224E-20) (0.441 6.140E-20) (0.433 6.813E-20) (0.446 4.879E-20) (0.449 6.561E-20) (0.452 4.290E-20) (0.456 1.766E-20) (0.464 1.682E-21)
BZCHO	(0.299 1.776E-19) (0.309 6.410E-20) (0.318 6.410E-20) (0.338 8.880E-20) (0.349 7.890E-20) (0.364 5.670E-20) (0.370 8.390E-20) (0.376 2.470E-20) (0.382 9.900E-21)	(0.304 7.400E-20) (0.313 6.910E-20) (0.325 8.390E-20) (0.342 8.880E-20) (0.354 9.130E-20) (0.368 6.660E-20) (0.372 3.450E-20) (0.377 2.470E-20) (0.386 0.000E-01)	(0.306 6.910E-20) (0.314 6.910E-20) (0.332 7.650E-20) (0.346 7.890E-20) (0.355 8.140E-20) (0.369 8.390E-20) (0.374 3.210E-20) (0.380 3.580E-20)
AROMUNKN	(0.200 3.950E-20)	(0.350 3.950E-20)	(0.360 0.000E-01)

Table B-6. Photolysis Rate Constants (in min^{-1}) Calculated for the Indoor Teflon Chamber (ITC), and for Sunlight at Zenith Angles of 0, 40, and 70 Degrees. Solar Photolysis Rate Constants are Calculated Theoretically for Ground Level and Clear Sky Conditions Using the Actinic Irradiances Given by Peterson (1976) Based on his "Best Estimate" Surface Albitos. (See Table B-1 for the reactions which correspond to these "PHOT. Names")

PHOT. Name	ITC	Z=0	Z=40	Z=70
NO2	0.3260	0.4619	0.3946	0.1855
NO3NO	0.0000	1.118	1.029	0.6644
NO3NO2	1.1776E-02	10.14	9.311	5.915
O3O3P	1.6373E-03	2.9380E-02	2.6338E-02	1.6042E-02
O3T270	3.4314E-04	2.0321E-03	1.0628E-03	9.5582E-05
O3T300	3.9694E-04	2.2697E-03	1.2161E-03	1.1924E-04
O3T330	4.6054E-04	2.5105E-03	1.3787E-03	1.4906E-04
HONO	0.1055	9.7642E-02	8.2603E-02	3.6946E-02
H2O2	2.8281E-04	4.5195E-04	3.3642E-04	1.0193E-04
CO2H	2.9522E-04	4.4349E-04	3.3226E-04	1.0283E-04
HCHOR	7.5997E-04	1.8149E-03	1.3221E-03	3.5913E-04
HCHOM	2.4099E-03	2.7772E-03	2.2047E-03	7.9088E-04
CCHOR	7.0030E-05	2.9228E-04	1.8542E-04	3.2337E-05
RCHO	1.2148E-03	2.9553E-03	2.1135E-03	5.4935E-04
KETONE	3.0027E-04	9.5019E-04	6.4249E-04	1.4140E-04
GLYOXAL1	1.1788E-03	2.7739E-03	2.0258E-03	5.5661E-04
GLYOXAL2	1.0652E-02	0.1334	0.1199	6.8909E-02
MEGLYOX	7.7464E-03	7.9919E-02	7.1566E-02	4.0538E-02
BZCHO	5.5070E-02	5.1595E-02	4.2403E-02	1.7385E-02
AROMUNKN	1.6263E-02	1.5856E-02	1.2659E-02	4.6825E-03

APPENDIX C
COMPUTER TAPE CONTAINING RESULTS OF THE CHAMBER EXPERIMENTS

The results of all of the indoor and outdoor environmental chamber experiments successfully completed in this program are available on magnetic tape in computer-readable format. The format of the data on this tape, and descriptions of the data sets on the tape are given in this Appendix. This tape was submitted to the California Air Resources Board along with this report, and copies of this tape are available from SAPRC for handling and distribution costs. Requests for copies of this tape should be addressed to:

Dr. William P. L. Carter
Statewide Air Pollution Research Center
University of California
Riverside, CA 92521

The computer tape has a data density of 1600 BPI, uses ASCII character format, and has a maximum blocksize of 5280 bytes. The tape contains a total of 149 files, of three different types. File 1, which has a logical record length of 80 bytes, is the same as Table C-1 in this Appendix, which contains the complete list of run numbers, run types, and file numbers for the chamber runs carried out in this program. Files 2 through 75, which have logical record lengths of 132 bytes, consist of "printout images" of the tabulated data formatted in a manner most suitable for obtaining hard copy printouts for manual inspection. A description of the data contained in these "printout" files is given in Section 1, below. Files 76 through 149, which have logical record lengths of 80 bytes, contain the data in a compressed format which is more suitable for being read by computer programs for purposes of, for example, data manipulation or plotting. The format of these compressed data sets is described in Section 2. The data set numbers for the printout and the compressed data sets for each of the runs included on the tape are given in Table C-1.

Table C-1. Run Numbers, Run Types, and File Numbers for all Chamber Runs on the Data Tape

Chamber and Run No.	Run Type	File Numbers ^a	
		Printout Format	Compressed Format
<u>1. Indoor Chamber Runs</u>			
ITC-859	NO _x -Air	2	76
ITC-860	Propene-NO _x -Air Conditioning	3	77
ITC-861	NO _x -Air	4	78
ITC-862	NO ₂ Actinometry	(b)	
ITC-863	NO _x -Air + Methanol	5	79
ITC-864	NO _x -Air + Formaldehyde	6	80
ITC-865	15-B Surrogate	7	81
ITC-866	NO _x -Air	8	82
ITC-867	15-MF Surrogate	9	83
ITC-868	15-BL Surrogate	10	84
ITC-869	NO ₂ Actinometry	(b)	
ITC-870	NO _x -Air	11	85
ITC-871	6-B Surrogate	12	86
ITC-872	6-MF Surrogate	13	87
ITC-873	6-BL Surrogate	14	88
ITC-874	6-M Surrogate	15	89
ITC-875	NO _x -Air	16	90
ITC-876	NO ₂ Actinometry	(b)	
ITC-877	6-MF Surrogate	17	91
ITC-878	NO _x -Air	18	92

(continued)

Table C-1 (continued) - 2

Chamber and Run No.	Run Type	File Numbers ^a	
		Printout Format	Compressed Format
ITC-879	Surrogate Attempt		(c)
ITC-880	3-B Surrogate	19	93
ITC-881	3-MF Surrogate	20	94
ITC-882	NO _x -Air	21	95
ITC-883	NO ₂ Actinometry		(b)
ITC-884	NO _x -Air	22	96
ITC-885	3-BL Surrogate	23	97
ITC-886	3-MF Surrogate	24	98
ITC-887	NO _x -Air + Methanol	25	99
ITC-888	15-M Surrogate	26	100
ITC-889	NO _x -Air	27	101
ITC-890	NO ₂ Actinometry		(b)
ITC-891	15-B Surrogate	28	102
ITC-892	Acetaldehyde-Air	29	103
ITC-893	NO _x -Air	30	104
ITC-869	NO ₂ Actinometry		(b)
<u>2. Outdoor Chamber Runs</u>			
OTC-209	Ozone Dark Decay	31	105
OTC-210	Propene-NO _x -Air, Undivided	32	106
OTC-211	n-Butane-NO _x -Air, Undivided	33	107
OTC-212	NO _x -Air, Undivided	34	108

(continued)

Table C-1 (continued) - 3

Chamber and Run No.	Run Type	File Numbers ^a	
		Printout Format	Compressed Format
OTC-213	Surrogate-NO _x -Air Conditioning	35	109
OTC-214	Surrogate-NO _x -Air Side Equivalency Test	36	110
OTC-215	10-B-MF Surrogate	37	111
OTC-216	Formaldehyde- NO _x -Air	38	112
OTC-217	10-B-M Surrogate	39	113
OTC-218	Acetaldehyde- Air, Divided	40	114
OTC-219	7-MF-M Surrogate	41	115
OTC-220	7-MF-B Surrogate (aborted)	42	116
OTC-221	7-MF-B Surrogate	43	117
OTC-222	10-M-MF Surrogate	44	118
OTC-223	10-B-BL Surrogate	45	119
OTC-224	13-M-B Surrogate	46	120
OTC-225	5-B-MF Surrogate	47	121
OTC-226	7-B-B (side equivalency test)	48	122
OTC-227	NO _x -Air, Divided	49	123
OTC-228	5-B-MF Surrogate	50	124
OTC-229	7-M-BL Surrogate	51	125
OTC-230	7-B-BL Surrogate	52	126

(continued)

Table C-1 (continued) - 4

Chamber and Run No.	Run Type	File Numbers ^a	
		Printout Format	Compressed Format
OTC-231	7-X-MF Surrogate	53	127
OTC-232	NO _x -Air, Divided	54	128
OTC-233	Propene-NO _x -Air, Undivided	55	129
OTC-234	Acetaldehyde- Air, Divided	56	130
OTC-235	NO _x -Air + Formaldehyde, Divided	57	131
OTC-236	Propene-NO _x -Air, Undivided	58	132
OTC-237	10-B-M Surrogate	59	133
OTC-238	10-BL-MF Surrogate	60	134
OTC-239	7-MF-M Surrogate	61	135
OTC-240	5-M-B Surrogate	62	136
OTC-241	13-B-MF Surrogate	63	137
OTC-242	7-M-B Surrogate	64	138
OTC-243	10-B-MF Surrogate	65	139
OTC-244	Propene-NO _x -Air, Undivided	66	140
OTC-245	NO _x -Air, Divided	67	141
OTC-246	n-Butane-NO _x -Air, Divided	68	142
OTC-247	Acetaldehyde- Air, Divided	69	143
OTC-248	7-B-MF Surrogate	70	144

(continued)

Table C-1 (concluded) - 5

Chamber and Run No.	Run Type	File Numbers ^a	
		Printout Format	Compressed Format
OTC-249	10-B-MF Surrogate	71	145
OTC-250	10-MF-MF Surrogate	72	146
OTC-251	Propene-NO _x -Air, Undivided	73	147
OTC-252	n-Butane-NO _x -Air, Divided	74	148
OTC-253	Ozone Dark Decay	75	149

^aFile no. 1 consists of this table.^bData for NO₂ actinometry runs not on tape. Results of these runs are tabulated in Table IV-8 in Section IV-A-8.^cData from this aborted run was not processed.

1. Data Sets in "Printout" Format

These data sets contain tabulations of the results of the chamber experiments in a format suitable for manual inspection. If hard copies of these data sets are required, these can be printed out on any printer which can print 132 columns, has a page length of 60 lines or more, and which recognizes the "form feed" (ASCII code 12) character. Each of these "printouts" contains the following information (where applicable).

- The indoor Teflon chamber (ITC) or the outdoor Teflon chamber (OTC) run number.
- A brief run description.
- The date the run was carried out (given below the run description).
- The date the printout files was created (given in right hand corner on each page).
- Comments for the run, including experimental operations and operator's comments taken from the log book, problems encountered (if any), observations made by the operators concerning the weather (for outdoor runs), etc.
- The initial concentrations of injected reactants which were monitored.
- Lists of all instruments used in these runs. For each instrument, this list indicates the ID number (used internally at SAPRC), the label identifying the instrument on the data tabulation, and a brief description giving information identifying the instrument and/or technique.
- The data tabulations. The tabulations indicate the compound or parameter measured, the units in which the measurements are reported, and the instrument. Because of space and format limitations, the compound names frequently had to be abbreviated on the tabulations. The meanings of representative abbreviations which may not be obvious are listed in Table C-2. For each data point, the clock time and (in most cases) the elapsed time (in minutes) since the irradiation began (or since the first measurement for dark runs) are indicated.

- If any of the data are flagged (indicated by an "A", or "B", etc., immediately to the right of the value), footnotes giving the reason it is flagged appear at the end of the tabulation for the run.

Table C-2. Representative Abbreviations Used in the Data Tabulations

Abbreviation	Meaning
NO2-UNC	NO_2 readings, uncorrected for interferences by organic nitrates and HNO_3
N-C4	n-Butane
I-C4	Isobutane
ISO-C8	Iso-Octane (2,2,4-trimethylpentane)
I-C4=	Isobutene
M-XYL	m-Xylene
C5-K-3	3-Pentanone (diethyl ketone)
C5-N-2	2-Pentyl nitrate
ACETALD	Acetaldehyde ^a
MEK	Methyl ethyl ketone ^a
PROX	Propene oxide ^a
BUTYRAL	Butyraldehyde ^a
LN C4/C3=	$\ln([n\text{-butane}]/[\text{propene}])$, whose rate of change is used to derive OH radical concentrations ^b
DEW PT	Dew point (units of degrees C)
K1	k_1 , the NO_2 photolysis rate (units of min^{-1})
UV RAD	UV radiometer readings (units of mW cm^{-2})

^aOr some other compound with the same retention time on the gas chromatographic system employed.

^bConcentration units are arbitrary; only the slope of the log is of interest.

2. Data Sets in Compressed Format

If it is desired to use the data from these experiments as input to computer programs, for purposes such as data analysis, plotting, etc., then the data sets in the "compressed" format would be more useful. These data sets consist of records in card image format, and are organized as described in Table C-3. The following points should be noted regarding these data sets:

- Because this data format is used for a number of different types of experiments at SAPRC, the records contain provisions for data values which are not used in these particular runs. These should be ignored; usually (but not always) they are zero.
- The types of data on the data sets can be categorized by (a) general information data, such as run title, date, number of instruments, comments, chambers, etc., (b) comments, (c) instrument descriptions, (d) channel parameters and (e) channel data. By "channel" we mean the set of experimental measurements which depend on time, such as ozone concentrations, temperature readings, etc.
- Channels which have data have associated with them a "time set," which is an array of the times at which the measurements for that channel were made. The time sets are stored separately from the channel data because in general more than one channel may have the same time set.
- For outdoor chamber runs, data taken when sampling the air from outside the chamber are always designated as "side 3," even if the chamber was not divided. "Side 1" and "side 2" refer to the chamber side from which the air for sampling was withdrawn, regardless of whether the chamber was divided. If no side number is given for a particular channel, the data applies to both sides (e.g., light intensity data, background measurements, etc.).
- T = 0 refers to the clock time at which the irradiation began; or, for dark runs, the time the first measurement was made.
- Some data points are "flagged" with a non-blank character (as indicated by the values in the "LFLGS" and "FLGS arrays in group 3 of Table C-3), which associates it with a comment which has the same character as its associated flag ("FLGCOM" in group 5 of Table C-3). These comments indicate problems, etc., with the "flagged" data point, or set of data points starting with the one which is flagged. If a comment

has FLGCOM = "N," the comment line is a continuation of the previous flagged comment, and the character "N" does not appear on the printouts in Volume II.

Table C-3. Organization of the Compressed Data Files for Chamber Runs

Re- cord	Col- umn	Format ^a	Name	Description
<u>Group 1.</u> Four Records. General Information				
1	1-7	(1X,I6)	IRUNID	Run number + 10000 x chamber number (chamber numbers: 2 = ITC, 4 = OTC)
	8-13	(I6)	FORM	File format; always 1.
	14-29	(A16)	UPDRUN	Date of last update (internal SAPRC use)
	30-69	(A40)	TITLE	Run title
	70-77	(A8)	DATE(1)	First half of run date
2	1-9	(1X,A8)	DATE(2)	Second half of run date
	10-25	(I6)	TZERO	Clock time at T = 0
	16-21	(I6)	PSTPDT	1 for PST, 2 for PDT
	22-39	(3I6)	-	(Ignore)
	40-45	(I6)	BAGNO	ITC or OTC reaction bag number (If zero, bag number is not specified)
	46-78	(3G11.4)	-	(Ignore)
3	1-57	(1X,6E11.4)	-	(Ignore)
	50-64	(I7)	-	(Ignore - should be zero)
	65-70	(I6)	NSIDES	Number of sides if chamber is divided (Note: "Side 3" always refers to ambient air outside chamber.)
4	1-7	(1X,I6)	NTS	Number of time sets
	8-13	(I6)	NCHN	Number of channels
	14-19	(I6)	-	(Ignore - should be zero)
	20-25	(I6)	NINS	Number of instruments
	26-31	(I6)	NCOMS	Number of comments
	32-37	(I6)	-	(Ignore)
	38-48	(E11.4)	-	(Ignore)
	49-54	(I6)	-	(Ignore)
<u>Group 2.</u> One Set of One or More Records for Each of the NTS Time Sets				
1	1-7	(1X,I6)	NPTS	Number of points in this time set
	8-73	(1I16)	TIMES	Clock times + 10000 x day number. (Day number: 0 = first day, 1 = second day, etc. E.G., 10930 = 9:30 AM on day 2 of the run.)

(continued)

Table C-3 (continued) - 2

Re- cord	Col- umn	Format ^a	Name	Description
2+	1-73	(1X,12I6)	TIMES	Rest of clock times. (No records of this type if NPTS ≤ 11 .)
<u>Group 3.</u> One Set of Three or More Records for Each of the NCHN Data Channels				
1	1-7	(1X,I6)	ID1	Data type identification number (internal SAPRC use).
	8-13	(I6)	INST	Instrument number - i.e., record number in group 4 that describes the instrument used for this channel. (0 = instrument undefined)
	14-19	(I6)	SIDE	Side number (3 = outside). Ignore if NSIDES = 0 or 1.
	20-25	(I6)	TIMSET	Time set number. (If TIMSET = 0, there are no data for this channel.)
	26-31	(I6)	NP	Number of data points (ignore if TIMSET = 0)
	32-37	(I6)	NF	Number of flagged data points (Ignore if TIMSET = 0)
	38-67	(5I6)	-	(Ignore)
	68-73	(I6)	PRTORD	If > 0 , determines order channel appears on printouts - lower number printed first. If PRTORD = -1, channel is not printed. If PRTORD is -2, the data for this channel are printed out separately at the end.
	74-79	(I6)	DIG	(DIG-2) = number of digits to the right of the decimal point that appears on printouts. If DIG = ≥ 0 or ≤ 7 , data prints out in exponential notation.
2	1-7	(1X,I6)	UNITS	Code number for units of data: 1 = ppm, 2 = degree C, 7 = mw-cm^{-2} , 8 = blank (no units), 9 = ppmC, 10 = ppb, 11 = degree F, 14 = "raw data," 17 = min^{-1} .
	8-19	(2I6)	-	(Ignore)

(continued)

Table C-3 (continued) - 3

Re- cord	Col- umn	Format ^a	Name	Description
	20-41	(2E11.4)	FAC,ZERO	Factor and zero corrections. Data values = factor x (raw data - zero) (Note however that data values stored on the data sets are already calculated, so these quantities can be ignored.)
	42-52	(E11.4)	-	(Ignore)
	53-63	(E11.4)	CONCØ	Initial concentration (if SDEV, below, <0) or average (if SDEV ≥0) to appear at the start of the printouts. If CONCØ = -9.9999E+9, initial concentration or average is not used. If CONCØ = -9.9999E+9, it needs to be calculated from the data.
	64-74	(E11.4)	SDEV	If SDEV <0, CONCØ is an initial concentration. If SDEV = -1, the initial concentration was assigned; if SDEV = -9.9999E+9, the data value at T = 0 is used as the initial concentration. If SDEV ≥0, CONCØ is the average of the data, and SDEV is the (1σ) standard deviation. If SDEV = 9.999E+9, the standard deviation is unknown.
3	1-9	(1X,A8)	NAME	Channel name
4+	1-78	(1X,7E11.4)	DATA	The data values. As many records as needed for the NP values. A data value of 9.9999E+9 means no data is available for that time point. No records if TIMSET = 0.
5+	1-73	(1X,9(I6,A2))	LFLCS, FLGS	For each of the NF flagged data points, LFLCS is the index number for the point, and the first byte of FLGS is the flag character. As many records as needed for the NF values; no record if NF = 0.

(continued)

Table C-3 (concluded) - 4

Re- cord	Col- umn	Format ^a	Name	Description
<u>Group 4.</u> One Record for Each of the NINS Instruments				
1	1-7	(1X,I6)	INSCOD	Instrument code number
	7-19	(6A2)	-	(Ignore)
	20-27	(A8)	INSLBL	Instrument label
	28-67	(A40)	INSDSC	Instrument description
	68-78	(E11.4)	-	(Ignore)
<u>Group 5.</u> One Record for Each of the NCOMS Comments				
1	1-3	(2X,A1)	FLGCOM	If blank, the comment appears on the first page of the printouts. If not blank, the comment is a footnote which is printed along with the first byte of FLGCOM at the end of the printout.
	4-80	(A77)	COMENT	The comment line

^aFORTRAN format code.