Note- this instruction manual is an excerpt from a clean version of the final modified version of Attachment C: CA-GREET3.0 Technical Support Documentation, posted on August 13, 2018 as part of the rulemaking process supporting the LCFS amendments in effect from Q1 2019.

## **Tier 1 Simplified CI Calculator Instruction Manual**

## **Biomethane from North American Landfills**

## A. Introduction

This document provides detailed instructions for the use of the Simplified CI Calculator for Tier 1 Landfill Gas (LFG) to Renewable Natural Gas (RNG) pathway applications. This Calculator is to be used to calculate the carbon intensity (CI) for Compressed Natural Gas, Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG) and Liquefied and Subsequently Compressed Natural Gas (L-CNG) from North American landfills. Each required specific input in the Calculator has been numerically labeled (i.e., 1.1, 1.2 etc.) so that users can follow the sequence and enter information as required.

### Download the Simplified CI Calculator here:

https://www.arb.ca.gov/fuels/lcfs/ca-greet/ca-greet.htm

The Calculator has been automated to perform CI calculations using factors from the CA-GREET3.0 model. The Calculator replaces the existing Tier 1 Calculator and the operational data template in pathway application packages. Applicants are required to add facility information and verifiable monthly feedstock, operational energy use, fuel production and co-product data, and transport distances used in calculating the CI of biomethane from North American landfills. All inputs selected and input by the applicant must meet the requirements of the monitoring plan for entities required to validate or verify pursuant to sections 95491.1(c) and are subject to verification unless specifically exempted.

This Calculator also includes additional reference material such as greenhouse gas emissions factors used in CA-GREET3.0 and reference fuel specifications. Also included with the Calculator is a detailed breakdown of the calculations used to determine the final CI of each fuel pathway.

The applicant may only enter values or make selections in input fields designated by CARB for user input/selection, and may not change any other values or fields in the Calculator.

## B. Color Legend Used in the Calculator

The Calculator uses the following color legend to differentiate required inputs, calculated values, etc., described below:

Yellow cells require user input Light Blue cells show CI results Green Cells show the calculation button Gray Cells are calculated values

## C. Calculator Overview

The following table provides an overview of the tabs used in the Simplified CI Calculator.

Tab Name	Description
LFG Summary	Summary worksheet. Contains an overall summary of the information entered in the "LFG" tab of the calculator and calculated CIs for landfill gas to CNG, LNG, and L-CNG. If desired, a <b>conservative margin of</b> <b>safety</b> may be added to the calculated CI in this tab in order to establish the final CI, pursuant to section 95488.4(a) of the regulation.
LFG	Main calculation worksheet. Contains the main components of the calculator with fields requiring user inputs and those calculated by the sheet. Calculations in grayed out cells are automatically calculated but dependent on input to yellow cells in the corresponding sections of the calculator. This tab also includes CI calculations using inputs in this tab. See more detailed instructions below.
EF Table	Reference worksheet. Contains greenhouse gas emissions factors from the CA-GREET3.0 model used in calculation of carbon intensities.
Reference	Reference worksheet. Contains specifications of fuels (i.e., HHV, LHV, density, carbon ratio), global warming potentials of greenhouse gases, unit conversions, tailpipe emissions, LNG boil-off emissions and other information used in calculating CIs.

Table C.1.	<b>Overview of Ta</b>	bs Used in the	Simplified CI Calculator
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# D. LFG tab

The "LFG" tab contains the main CI calculation worksheet and consists of the following major sections:

- Section 1. Applicant Information
- Section 2. Biomethane Production Data
- Section 3. CNG, LNG, and L-CNG Production and Transport Data
- Section 4. Cl Calculation Details

# Section 1. Applicant Information for Biomethane Production

The following table lists the fields used in Section 1 of the LFG tab.

Field Name	Description
1.1. Company Name	Registered name of the company. Example "ABC Company, LLC" or "ABC Company, Inc."
1.2. Company ID	Enter U.S. EPA Company ID. If not available, contact CARB for LCFS Company ID.
1.3. Facility ID	Enter the Company's Facility ID. If not available, contact CARB for LCFS Facility ID.
1.4. Landfill Location	Location of the landfill. Example: "AAA Landfill in Sacramento , CA"
1.5. LNG Liquefaction Facility Location	Location of the liquefaction facility (Street, City, State).
1.6. Application Number	Enter the application number generated by the AFP.
1.7. CNG Dispensing Station(s) Location	Location of California CNG dispensing station (Street, City, State). For multiple stations, use Bakersfield as the endpoint (the Standard Station Centroid location). See additional details for Field 2.13.a. below Table D.2.
1.8. LNG Dispensing Station(s) Location	Location of LNG dispensing station (Street, City, State). For multiple stations, calculate a centroid location based on a weighted average of fuel dispensing stations to which LNG is supplied. See additional details for Field 3.6.b. below Table D.3.
1.9. L-CNG Dispensing Station(s) Location	Location of L-CNG station (Street, City, State). For multiple stations, calculate a centroid based on a weighted average of fuel dispensing stations to which L- CNG is supplied. See additional details for Field 3.6.b. below Table D.3.

### Table D.1. List of Input Fields for Section 1 of the Simplified CI Calculator

## Section 2. Biomethane Production Data

The following table lists the fields used in Section 2 of the LFG tab. Additional details are included below Table D.2.

Field Name	Description
2.1. Select Regional Electricity Mix for Biomethane	Choose the electricity mix corresponding to the zip code for the region where the landfill biogas upgrading plant is located. The Calculator includes 26 eGRID zone mixes, Brazilian average mix, Canadian average mix and User Defined Mix included in the pull down menu. For facilities in the U. S., select one of 26 eGRID zones available for the U.S. If upgrading facility is located outside the U.S., select "User Defined Mix". For facilities which use biogas for electricity production, choose the user defined electricity option in field 2.1. After selecting an electricity mix option, click the " <b>Calculate</b> " button. If "User Defined Mix" is selected, consult with CARB staff to develop an emission factor for the user defined mix to be input as detailed in field 2.14. Data sources for User-Defined electricity mixes must be documented in the Supplemental Documentation attached with the Simplified CI Calculator. Additional details are included below Table D.2.
2.2. Provisional Pathway?	If there is less than 24 months of available data, select "Yes", otherwise choose "No". If the application is for a provisional pathway, input available months of operational data, starting in Month 1 (minimum three months of operational data required to meet provisional requirements).
2.3. Monthly Data	Input the months and year(s) corresponding to the operational data provided.
2.4. Inlet LFG Extraction Flow, (metered)	Input monthly dry biogas flow data for 24 months of operation. Specific requirements detailed below Table D.2.
2.5. Methane Content (% Methane)	Input monthly weighted average methane concentration data (measured in dry biogas) for 24 months of operation. Specific requirements detailed below Table D.2.
2.6. Facility Use of Utility Sourced NG	Input monthly total buyback fossil natural gas use from a pipeline source (or other) in MMBtu from utility invoices (reported in HHV) for 24 months of operation. If buyback gas is used to boost Btu of biomethane to meet pipeline specifications, do not include this quantity of NG in this field (monthly basis). This will be input separately in Field 2.10. See additional details below Table D.2.
2.7. Facility Use of Diesel	Input monthly total diesel use (in gallons at ambient temperature) for 24 months in this field.

### Table D.2. List of Input Fields for Biogas Processing

2.8. Facility Use of Propane (LPG)	Input monthly total propane use (in gallons at ambient temperature) for 24 months in this field. If propane is used to boost Btu of biomethane to meet pipeline specifications, do not include this quantity of propane in this field (monthly basis). This will be input separately in Field 2.11.
2.9. Facility Use Electricity from Grid	Input monthly total electricity use from the grid in kWh from utility invoices for 24 months in this field. If biogas-derived electricity is generated on-site, input metered quantity of electricity in this field in addition to ensuring emission factor for user defined mix is included in Field 2.14.
2.10. Buy Back fossil NG to boost Btu prior to pipeline injection	Input monthly total quantity of buyback fossil NG (in MMBtu, HHV) in field 2.10 if NG is used to boost biomethane energy content to meet pipeline specification. This quantity is not used in CI calculations. Subtract this quantity of fossil NG when reporting pipeline injected biomethane in field 2.12.
2.11. Propane used to boost Btu prior to pipeline injection	Input monthly total quantity of propane (in gallons at ambient temperature) in field 2.11 if propane is used to boost biomethane energy content to meet pipeline specification. This quantity is not used in CI calculations. Subtract this quantity of propane when reporting pipeline injected biomethane in field 2.12.
2.12. Biomethane injected into pipeline (metered)	Input monthly total biomethane injected into the pipeline in MMBtu (as HHV) for 24 months in field 2.12. The quantity must be supported by the installation of utility grade meters. Subtract monthly total fossil NG or propane blended with biomethane to meet pipeline specifications from the injected quantity (in MMBtu).
2.13. NG pipeline Transmission	This field includes a label for NG pipeline transmission and does not require an input.
2.13.a. From upgrading facility to CNG Station	Input distance from biogas processing facility to the intended CNG station in California in field 2.13.a. If fuel is sent to multiple stations, use the Standard Station Centroid of Bakersfield as the endpoint. Additional details below Table D.2.
2.13.b. From upgrading facility to LNG plant	Input distance from biogas processing facility to the liquefaction facility in field 2.13.b. This is required only if the pathway application includes LNG and L-CNG pathways. Additional details below Table D.2.
2.14. Specify GHG Emission Factor for Electricity Mix	If "User Defined Mix" is selected in field 2.1, consult with CARB staff to develop a user defined GHG emissions factor and input in this field in cell M26. Data sources for User-Defined electricity mixes must be documented in the Supplemental Documentation attached with the Simplified CI Calculator.
"Calculate" Button	After all data in Section 2 are entered, click the "Calculate" button (cell G22) in Section 2 to calculate CI for the CNG pathway.

Additional Details for Section 2 and Table D.2

Using biogas to generate electricity for biogas upgrading (Field 2.1)

Although the Calculator can accommodate facilities which use biogas to generate

electricity for biogas upgrading, applicants must declare the use of on-site electricity generation and consult CARB staff prior to submission of a pathway application. A dedicated meter to quantify biogas-derived electricity in kWh must be used to report use of this electricity in the Calculator sheet.

Inlet raw biogas sourced from the landfill (Field 2.4)

Requires a dedicated flow measurement system with temperature measurement to enable reporting of gas flow at 1 atm. pressure and 60°F (dry gas flow corrected for moisture) to account for monthly total raw biogas volume sourced from the landfill collection system. The flow measurement system must be calibrated per manufacturer's requirement and scaled to measure the entire range of potential flow of biogas. Measurement must be continuous and all data must be electronically archived (manual recording is not acceptable). The direct metering of the quantity and percentage methane concentration of biogas captured from the landfill or digester are not used in CI calculations, but rather as a check to ensure that total biomethane sales do not exceed the biogas quantity sourced from the landfill. If biogas is used for electricity generation, applicant must report metered quantity of biogas used for electricity generation and metered quantity of electricity generated on-site.

Methane content (% Methane in Field 2.5)

Input monthly weighted average methane concentration (dry gas basis). Methane measurement must be recorded every 15 minutes (at a minimum) with instrumentation capable of electronic archival (manual recording will not be acceptable). The methane measurement system requires calibration per manufacturer's requirement and scaled to measure the entire potential range of methane concentration in the biogas.

Dedicated metering of buyback NG and propane (Field 2.6 and 2.8)

For landfill gas upgrading facilities which use buyback natural gas (NG) or propane to boost the Btu of biomethane prior to pipeline injection (to meet pipeline specifications), dedicated metering must be installed to substantiate quantities of NG or propane used for this purpose. If dedicated metering is not installed or not verifiable, all NG and propane reported in fields 2.10 and 2.11 respectively, will be added to NG and propane reported in fields 2.6 and 2.8 respectively (and considered used for upgrading biogas).

Biomethane injected into the pipeline (Field 2.12)

The monthly total quantity of biomethane input in field 2.12 must correspond to the quantity of biomethane (in MMBtu) injected into the pipeline. However, since this quantity may include NG or propane blended with biomethane to meet pipeline specifications, the use of any non-renewable gas must be explicitly disclosed through invoices. The quantity entered in field 2.12 would include only the biomethane quantity; any fossil inputs must be subtracted from the actual quantity injected into the pipeline that was purchased by the local utility or other party. Staff believes that this reporting is

most consistent with quantities reported for RIN generation under the RFS, which is based on the Btu of the biomethane after treatment, and prior to any blending with non-renewable fuel or injection into a pipeline.

**Note:** CI calculations for biomethane are performed on a net MMBtu injected by subtracting all fossil NG and propane inputs (including quantities used in a flare, thermal oxidizer, or biogas processing) from renewable biomethane (in MMBtu) injected into the pipeline.

Pipeline transport distance for renewable natural gas (Fields 2.13.a and 2.13.b)

For pipeline transport distance from a biogas processing facility to a CNG dispensing station or to a liquefaction facility, driving distances between the two locations may be determined using a publicly available web-based driving distance estimator. For RNG to CNG pathways which use multiple dispensing stations, staff used fuel sales data for Q1 and Q2, 2017 and calculated a volume weighted Standard Station Centroid, which was found to be just below Bakersfield. Based on the centroid approach, applicants using multiple dispensing stations may use driving distance from a landfill in the U.S. or Canada to Bakersfield, CA as the pipeline transmission distance in the Simplified CI Calculator (or Tier 2 if applicable). Alternatively, the applicant could choose to use a more conservative value, such as the distance to the farthest fueling facility, in order to minimize the risk of exceeding the certified CI as a result of changes in the supply chain.

## Section 3. CNG, LNG and L-CNG Production and Transport Data

Table D.3. provides details of inputs for LNG and L-CNG pathways. Additional details are included below Table D.3.

Field Name	Description
3.1. Select Regional Electricity Mix for LNG Production	Choose the electricity mix corresponding to the zip code for the region where the liquefaction plant is located. The Calculator includes 26 eGRID zone mixes, Brazilian average mix, Canadian average mix and User Defined Mix included in the pull down menu. For facilities in the U. S. select one of 26 eGRID zones available for the U. S. If the liquefaction facility is located outside the U. S., select the "User Defined Mix". After selecting an electricity mix option, click the " <b>Calculate</b> " button. If "User Defined Mix" is selected, consult with CARB staff to develop an emission factor for the user defined mix to be input in field 3.7. Data sources for User-Defined electricity mixes must be documented in the Supplemental Documentation attached with the Simplified CI Calculator.
3.2. NG from NG purchase invoices	Input monthly total fossil NG sourced from a pipeline source (or other) in MMBtu from utility invoices (reported in HHV) for 24 months of operation in field 3.2. The input includes fossil NG used as process fuel and liquefied to LNG. Renewable attributes to support renewable biomethane dispensed must be provided to verifier during on-site audit.
3.3. LNG Production from Production Log	Input monthly total LNG produced in gallons (reported at ambient temperature) for 24 months in field 3.3.
3.4. NG as process fuel (Calculated)	This field calculates NG used as process fuel using inputs in fields 3.2 and 3.3. No user input is required for this field.
3.5. Electricity from Utility Invoices	Input monthly total electricity use from the grid in kWh for 24 months in field 3.5.
3.6. LNG Transport and Distribution	This field serves as a label for LNG transport and distribution section. No input is required for field 3.6.
3.6.a. Select to affirm LNG delivery trucks are equipped with Boil- Off Recovery	If trucks transporting LNG are equipped to recover "Boil-Off", select "Yes" else "No" in field 3.6.a.
3.6.b. Enter Transport Distance from Liquefaction Plant to station	Input distance from liquefaction facility to the intended LNG or L- CNG dispensing station in California in field 3.6.b. Additional details are included below Table D.3.

3.7. Specify GHG Emission Factor for Electricity Mix	If "User Defined Mix" is selected in field 3.1, consult with CARB staff to develop a user defined GHG emissions factor and input in this field in cell U28. Data sources for User-Defined electricity mixes must be documented in the Supplemental Documentation attached with the Simplified CI Calculator.
"Calculate" Button	After all data are input in Section 3, click the "Calculate" button (cell T22) to calculate pathway CIs for the LNG and L-CNG pathways.

### Additional Details for Section 3

Transport of LNG to dispensing facility (Field 3.6.b)

Driving distance between any two locations may be determined using a publicly available web-based driving distance estimator if fuel is dispensed at a single station. If multiple dispensing facilities are utilized, a volume weighted average transport distance based on 24 months of sales records must be used for LNG distribution to fueling facilities. Alternatively, the applicant could choose to use a more conservative value, such as the distance to the farthest fueling facility, in order to minimize the risk of exceeding the certified CI as a result of changes in the supply chain.

### Section 4. CI Calculation Details

This section contains an example pathway CI calculation with a detailed breakdown of all calculations used for CI determination based on information entered by the user and applicable reference data.