



Transport Refrigeration Unit Emissions Inventory and Preliminary Health Analyses Workshop

October 31, 2019: Sacramento



Introduction

Agenda

- Introduction
- Statewide Emissions Inventory
- Preliminary Health Analyses
 - Health Risk
 - Methodology
 - Potential Cancer Risk
 - Potential Noncancer Chronic Risk
 - Regional Analysis
 - Methodology
 - Results



Statewide Emissions Inventory

2019 Draft Transport Refrigeration Units (TRU) Emissions Inventory



Air Quality Planning and Science Division
Mobile Source Analysis Branch
Off-Road Diesel Analysis Section
October 31, 2019



TRU Types

Truck TRU



Trailer TRU



Domestic
Shipping
Container TRU



Railcar TRU



TRU Generator Sets



Significance of TRUs

- Significant source of diesel particulate matter (DPM) even compared to major freight sources such as locomotive
- TRUs can operate close together for extended periods of time, near communities

Transport Refrigeration Unit



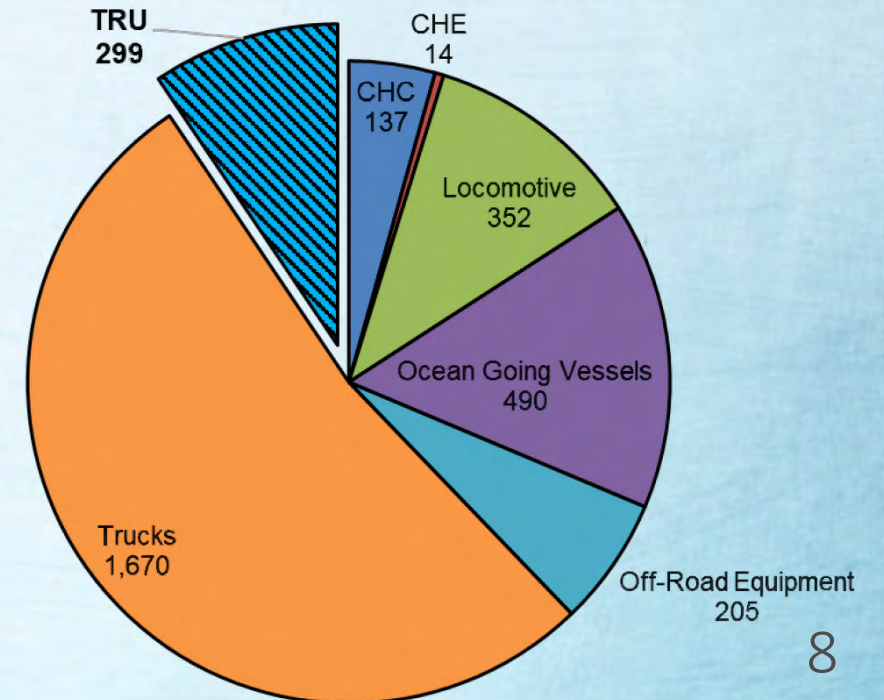
VS.

Heavy Duty Diesel Trucks



1 hour of TRU Operation in 2030 is equivalent to emissions from a truck driving at 60 mph

2019 Diesel PM for Freight Sources
(tons per year)



How are TRUs Currently Regulated?

- Adopted in 2004 (amended in 2010 and 2011)

- Requires TRU and TRU generator sets to meet in-use performance standards
- Requires California based units to register with CARB at ARBER Database

TRU and TRU Generator Set Compliance Schedule		
Engine Model Year	Low-Emission TRU (50% PM Reduction)	Ultra-Low-Emission TRU (85% PM Reduction)
2001 or older	December 31, 2009	December 31, 2015
2002	December 31, 2009	December 31, 2016
2003	December 31, 2010	December 31, 2017
2004 (<25 hp)	December 31, 2011	December 31, 2018
2004 (>25 hp)	Not Applicable	December 31, 2011
2005 and newer	Not Applicable	December 31 st of the model year plus 7 years

What is an Emissions Inventory?

- An emissions inventory models the emissions of pollutants from a certain sector, such as construction equipment, or TRUs

$$\text{Emissions (tons/day)} = \text{Population} \times \text{Activity} \times \text{Horsepower} \times \text{Load Factor} \times \text{Emissions Factor}$$

- **Elements of TRU Inventory:**

Base Year Population	Number of TRUs <u>currently</u> operating inside California
Horsepower	Maximum brake horsepower
Activity	Hours of use per year
Load Factor	Percent of maximum horsepower
Emission Factor	How much pollutant per horsepower-hour
Growth Forecast	How much the activity and population will grow in future years
Controls (Regulations/ATCM)	How will ATCMs and regulation impact emissions

Overview of Inventory Updates

Inventory Elements	2011 Inventory	2019 Inventory (Updated Inventory)
Population and Horsepower	2010 ARBER* Data	2018 ARBER* Data
Activity	2008 Survey of Facilities	2018 Telematics Data & 2008 Survey of Facilities
Load Factor	2011 Engine Certification Data	2011 Method, 2018 Telematics, and Efficiency Improvements Data from Manufacturers
Emission Factor	MSC1999	2018 TRU Specific Certification Data
Compliance	Assumed Full Compliance	2018 Compliance Trends from Reporting Data and Enforcement

Base Year Population

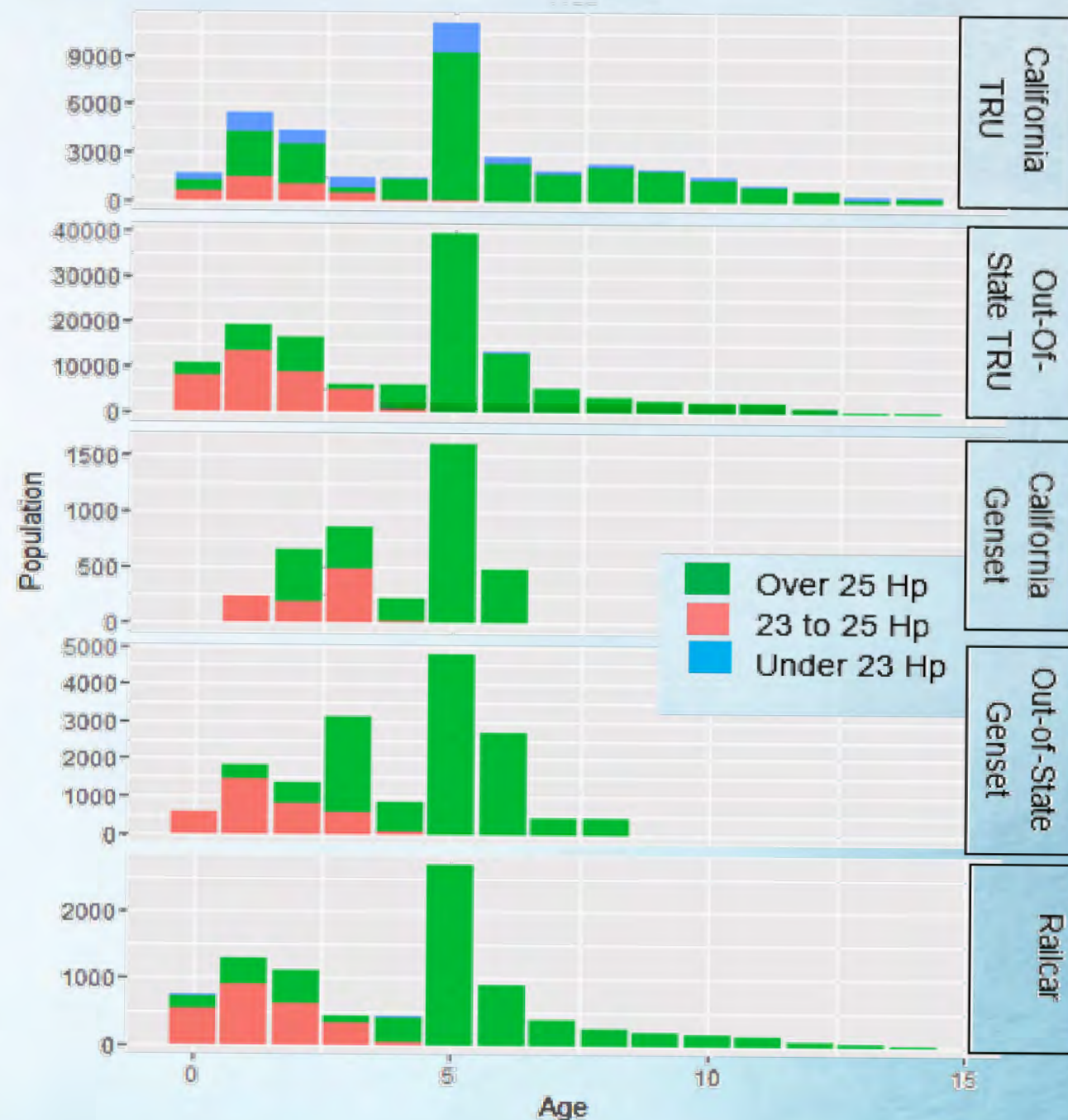
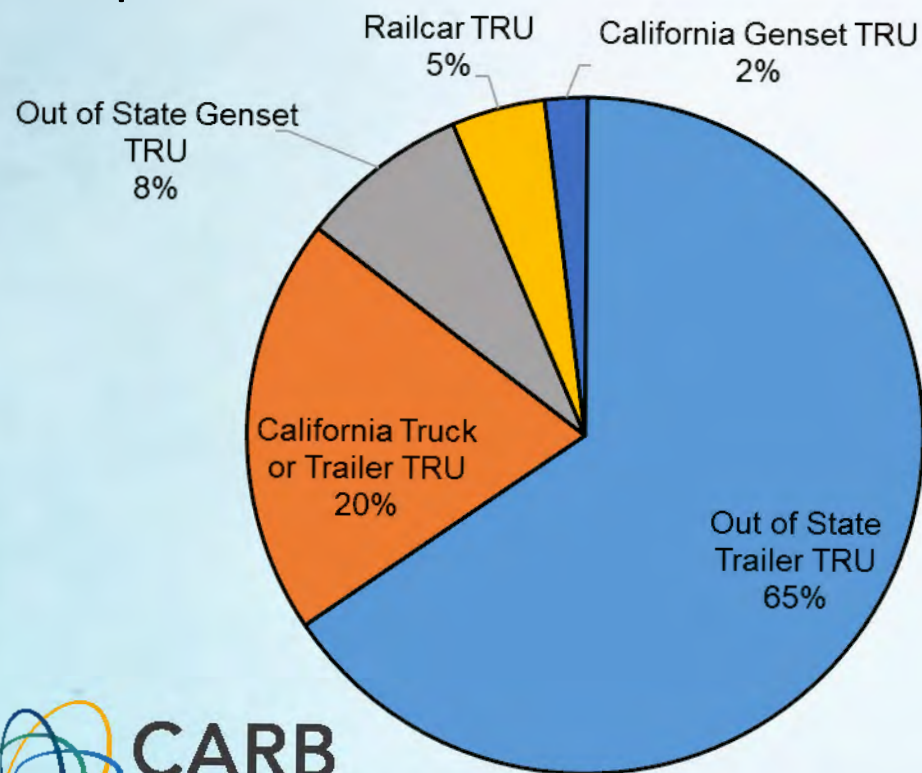
- ARB Equipment Registration (ARBER) database provides information on:
 - TRU Model, model year, rebuild / retrofit / electric standby status, state of registration
 - Out of State (OOS) TRUs are reporting on a voluntary basis – Reporting data is a subset of population
- Population Groups Pulled from ARBER
 - Trailers – 23 to 35 horsepower (interstate and instate)
 - Trucks – 7 to 23 horsepower (instate)
 - TRU Genset – 23 to 35 horsepower
 - Rail and Domestic Shipping Container (DSC) – 23 to 35 horsepower

Base year Population: Out of State TRUs

- To estimate total population visiting California, CARB uses trucking patterns for instate vs. out-of-state trucks using EMFAC2017
- According to EMFAC2017 model, for every instate truck, there are about 3.6 out of state trucks that visit California each year
- Instate TRU population multiplied by 3.6 to estimate out of state TRU visits (results in 134,950 out-of-state TRUs in 2019)
- Age distribution and horsepower based on the approximately 61,000 non-California TRUs that are voluntarily reported in ARBER

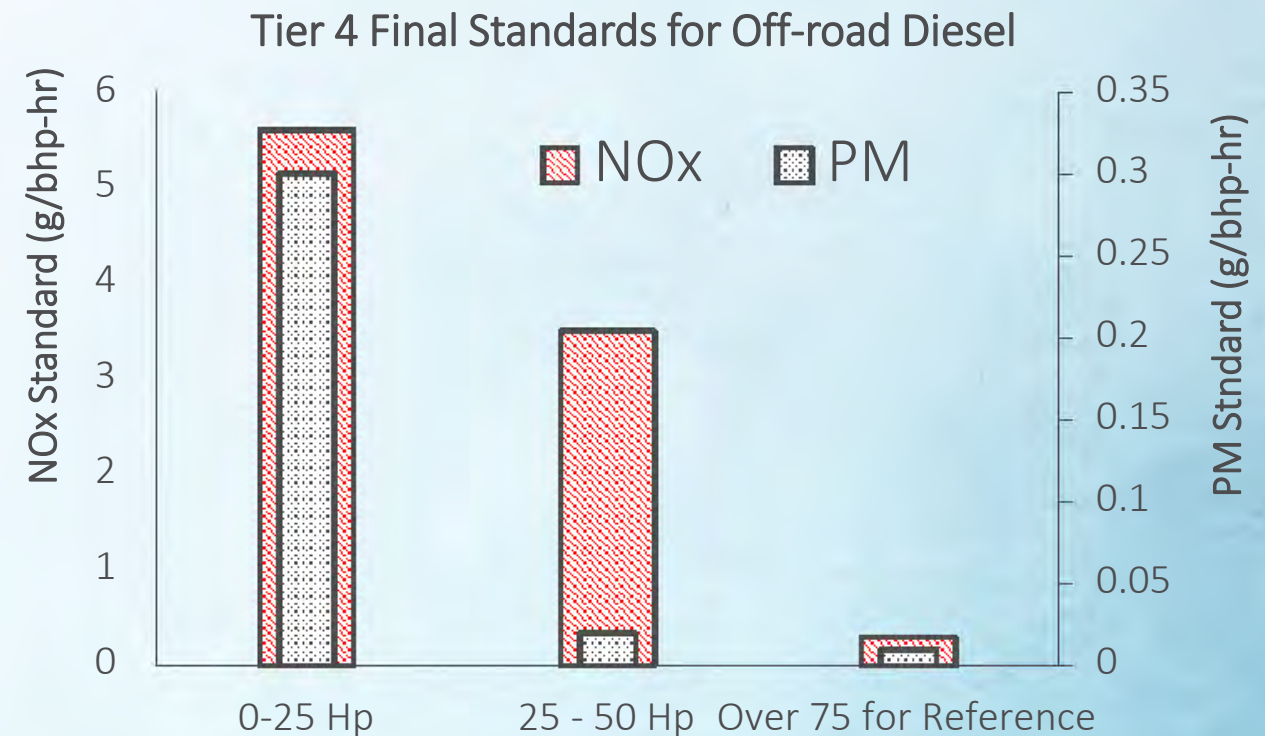
2018 Population

- Significant share of California trailer TRUs are now between 23 to 25 horsepower
- Majority of OOS TRU, railcar TRUs, and recent genset TRU sales are 23 to 25 horsepower



Important Trend From 2011

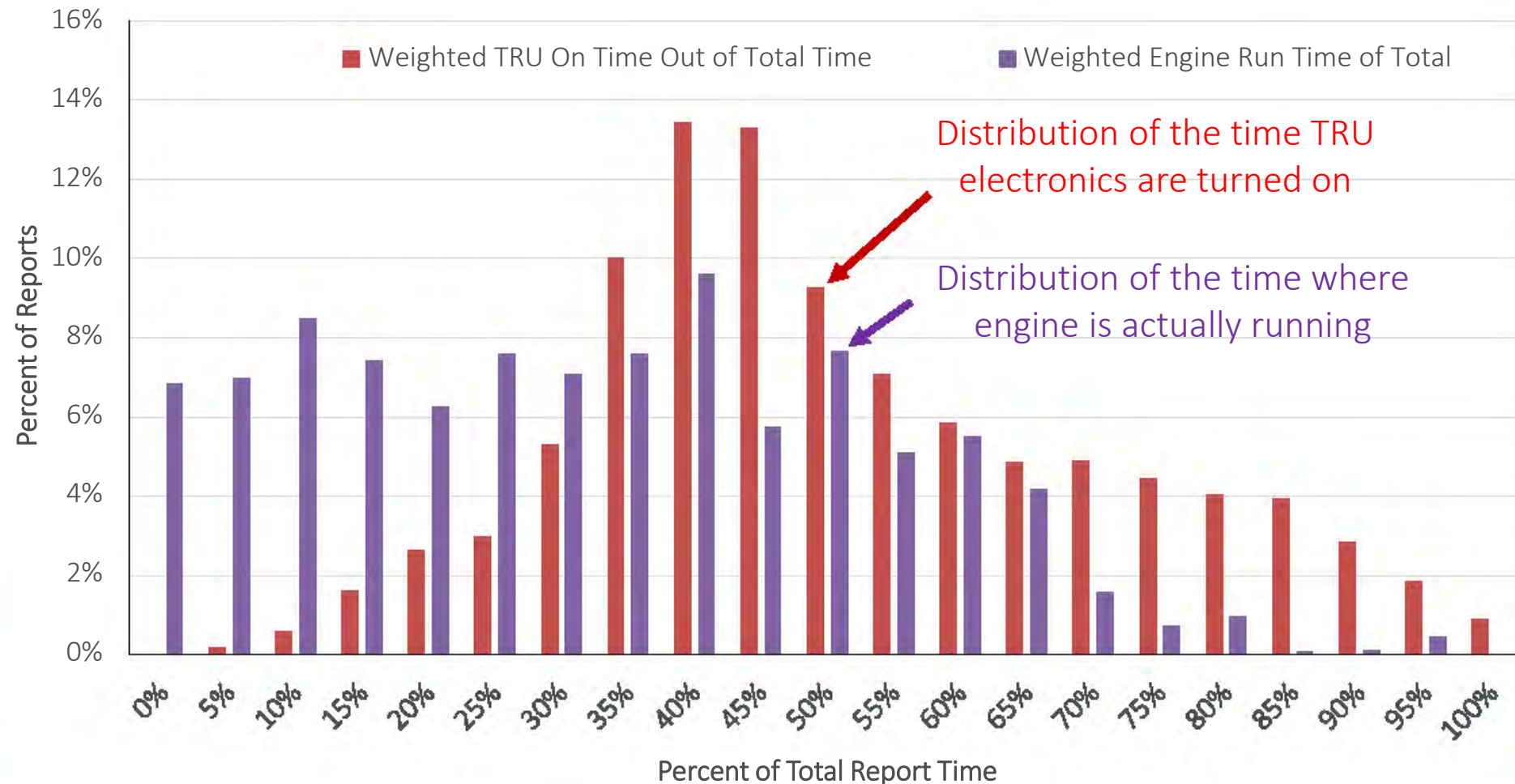
- Emergence of 23 to 25 horsepower trailer TRUs
- Compared to 25 – 50 hp engines, 23 – 25 hp engines have
 - **15x** higher **PM** emissions
 - **1.5x** higher **NOx** emissions
- With higher sales of 23 – 25 hp in recent years, diesel PM emissions are not reduced as expected



Activity

- Activity from 2006 survey of facilities, including over 6,000 TRUs, 1.1 million TRU hours:
 - 1697 hrs per year / trailer
 - 1360 hrs per year / truck
- Telematics Data
 - 879,000 hours of telematics data from trailers only
 - Average of 2,702 hours per year / TRU
 - 33 to 65% of engine run time while stationary

Activity: Telematics Results



Activity: Combined Results

- Activity from telematics combined with survey results
- Each data source weighted relative to overall TRU time represented
 - Result was about 58 percent weight to survey, 42 percent to new telematics data

Data source	Percent of Engine Time	Average Annual Hours
Facility Survey	19.5%	1,712
Telematics Data	32.8%	2,876
Overall Average (Time Weighted)	25.1%	2,201

Activity: All TRU Groups

- Updated data used for trailers, other categories maintained data source from previous inventory (facility survey for truck TRUs, information from railcar and Genset owners)

Category	2019 Model Annual Hours	2019 Model Annual Hours <i>Within California</i>	2011 Model Annual Hours <i>Within California</i>
California Trailer TRU	2,201	1,719	1,325
Out-of-state Trailer TRU	2,201	272	210
Truck TRU	1,360	1,360	1,360
California Genset	1,000	781	781
Out-of-state Genset	1,000	124	124
Railcar	1,697	322	322

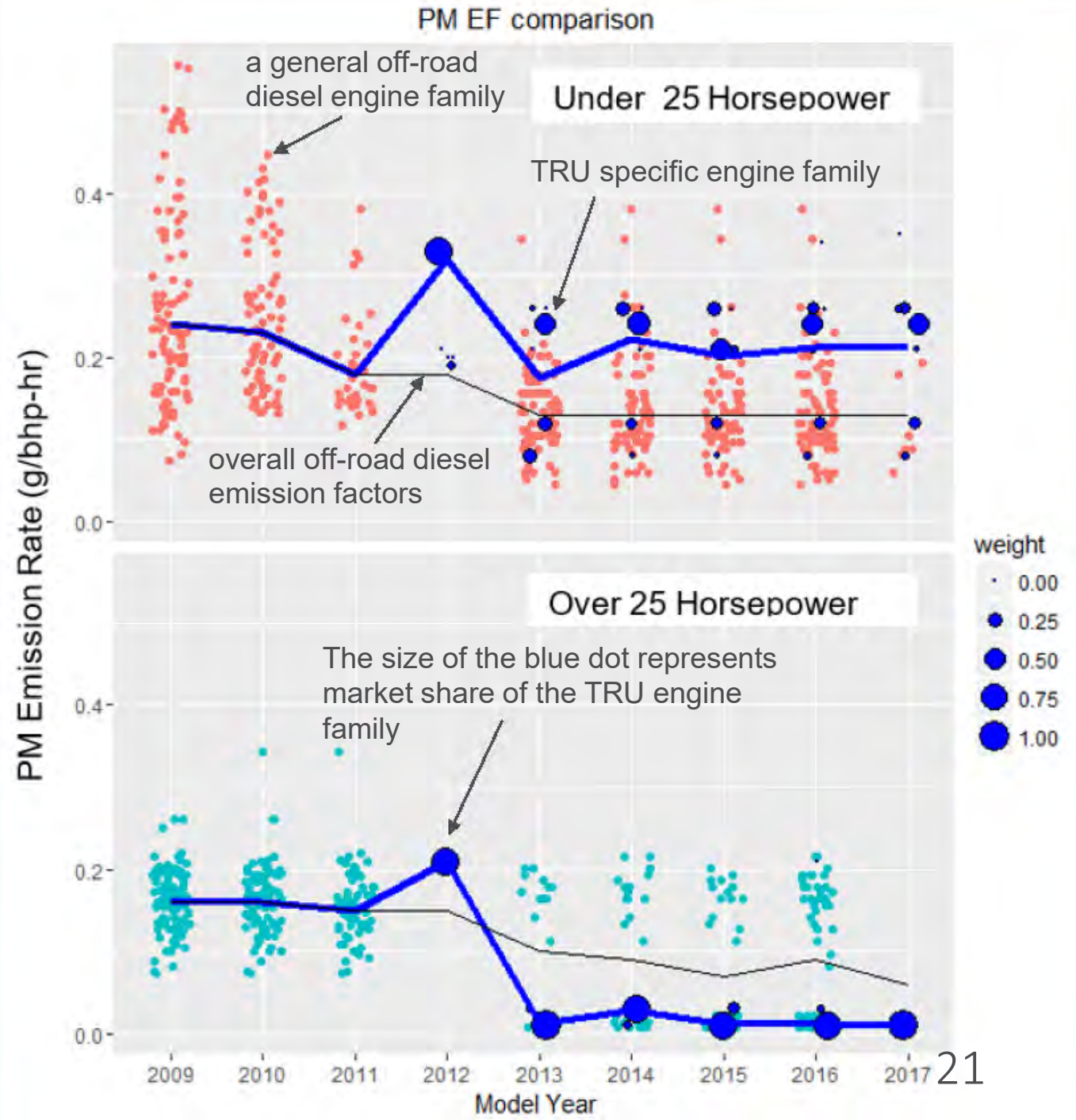
Load Factors

- **Load Factor:** *Percent of maximum horsepower*
- **Previous model:** Load factors in the 2011 emissions inventory were based on manufacturer responses for engine certification, and engine lug curves
- **Telematics** data on fuel is limited (4% of reports), but load factor only 0.7% off of this estimate
 - A load factor of 0.467 derived from telematics vs 0.460 that was used in the previous inventory
- Currently plan to maintain load factors used in the 2011 emissions inventory

Model	Horsepower Bin	Load Factor
TRU (California-based and Out-of-State)	25-50	0.46
TRU	11-25	0.56
TRU	> 11	0.56
Generator set	All	0.33
Railcar	All	0.46

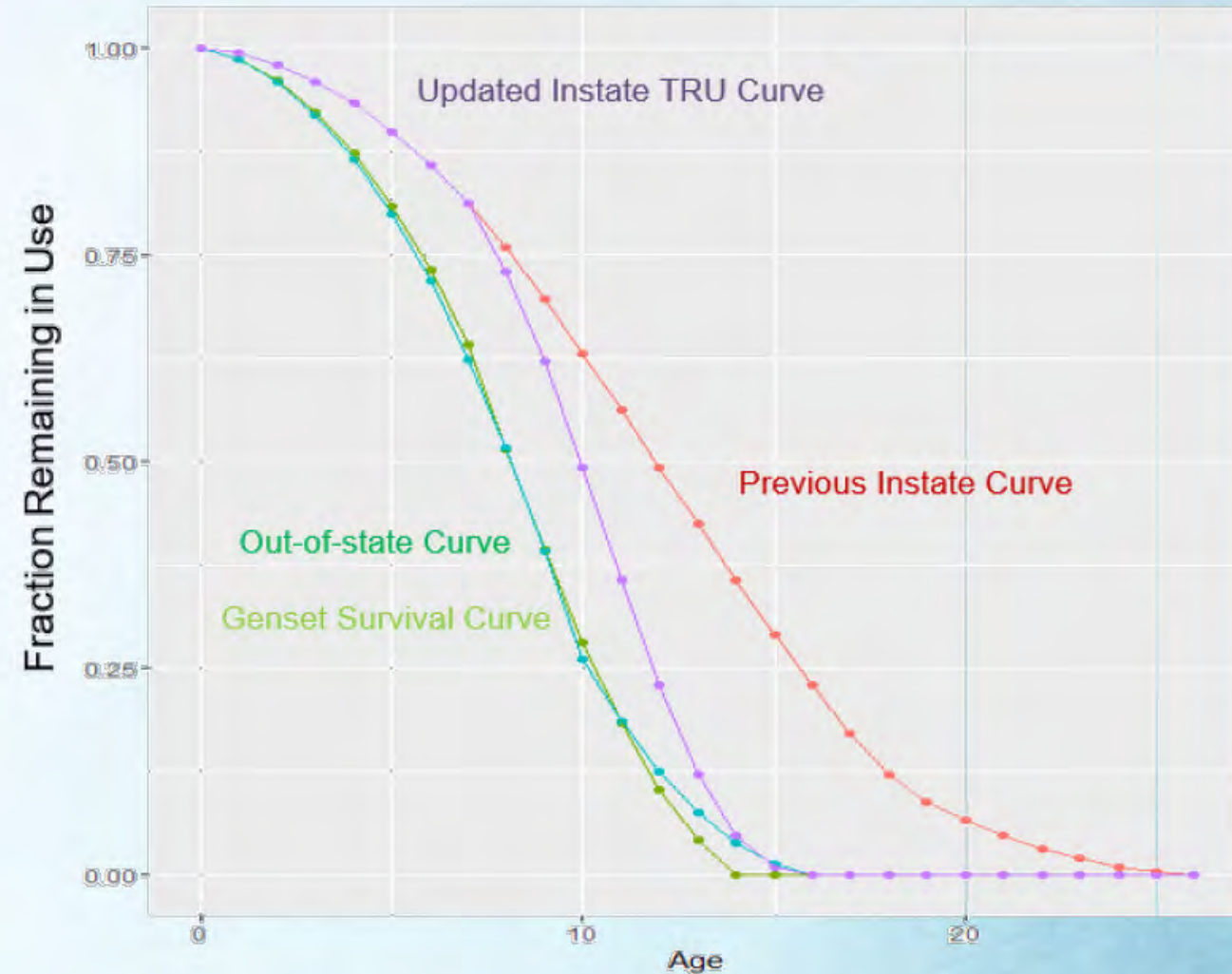
TRU Specific PM Emission Factor

- Starting in 2012, TRUs are one of the only categories to have a unique testing cycle specific to end use
- Emissions factors based on certification results, weighted against ARBER reporting data (more engine models results in higher weight for emissions results)



Natural Turnover

- Survival curves are based the 2011 inventory model, with one significant adjustment
- While the survival curve extended to 25 years, the existing age distribution shows no units older than 15 years
- The new survival curve reaches zero at approximately 16 years, instead of the previous 25 years



Growth Forecast

- Updated growth based on
 - IBIS world reports for frozen goods sector and supermarket sector
 - May 2017 ACT Research on reefer sale forecasts
- Both show ~1.6% annual growth in sector
- Growth modeled after natural turnover, additional purchases modeled to achieve 1.6% overall growth in total activity

IBIS World Report – NAICS Code		Annual growth 2011 – 2016
Manufacturing	Frozen food production in the US (NAICS 31141)	1.6%
Retail	Supermarkets & Grocery Stores in the US(44511)	1.6%

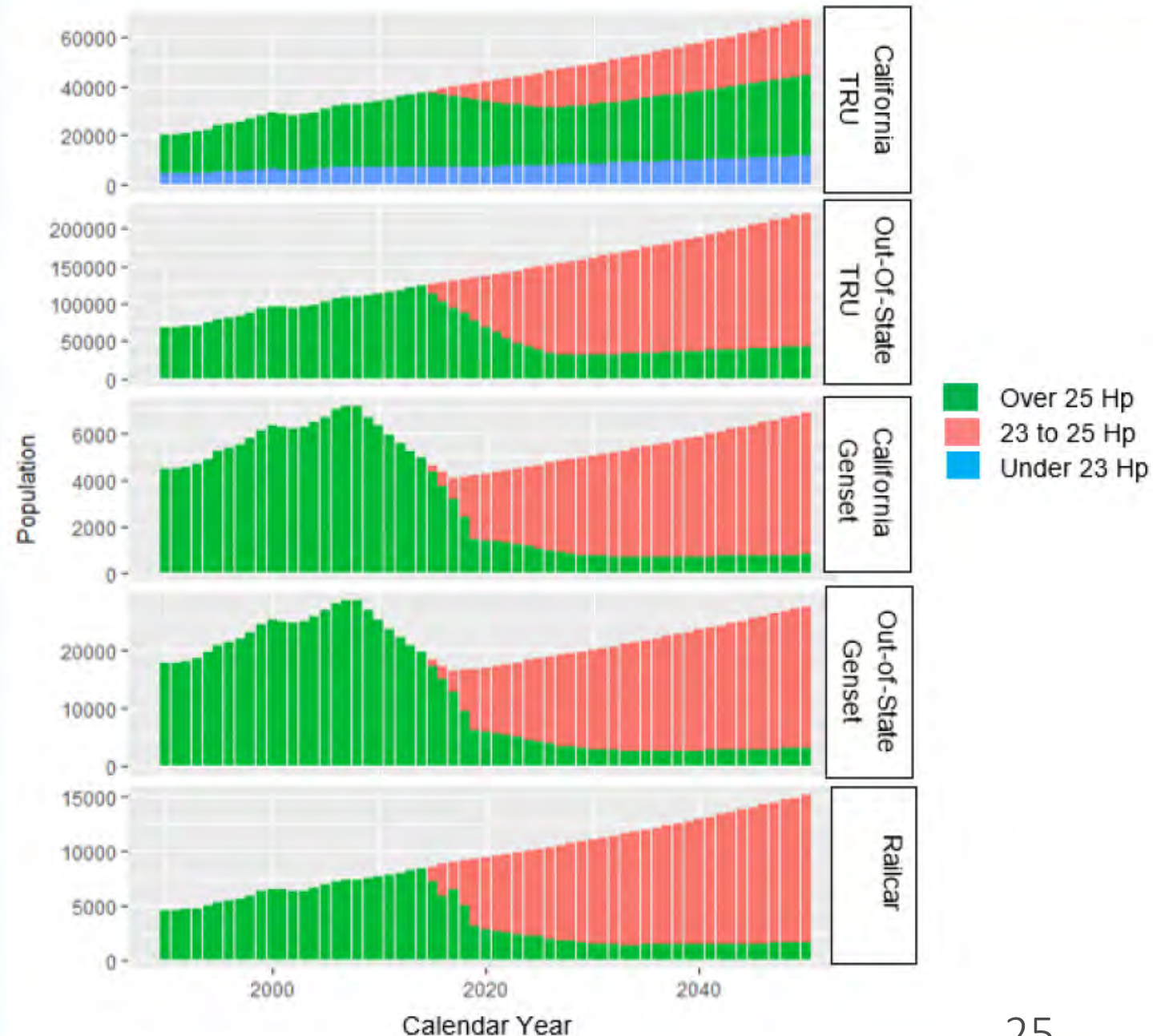
Purchasing Trends

- Purchasing based on trends derived from ARBER database
- Instate TRUs purchase majority over 25 horsepower trailers
- Out-of-state vast majority are 23-25 horsepower
- Monitoring new sales, dealers are aware of regulatory concept and may be shifting purchasing habits

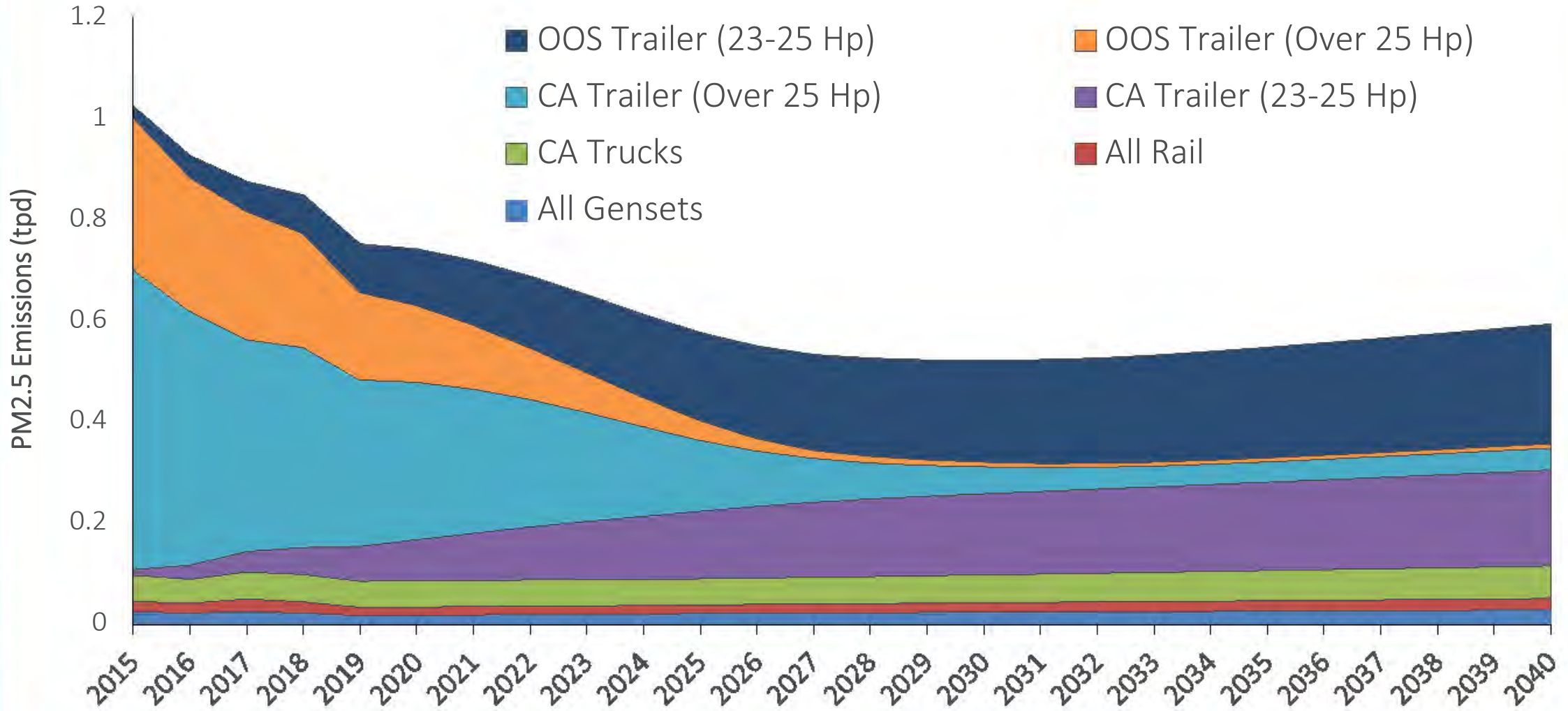
Category	2016 and after 25+ HP / 23-25 Hp
California Based TRU	60 / 40
Out-of-State TRU	20 / 80
California Based Genset	20 / 80
Out-of-state Genset	20 / 80
Rail	20 / 80

Population Results

- Populations reach equilibrium between 23 to 25 horsepower units and 25+ horsepower units in late 2020s
- Genset populations likely dropping due to change in registration strategies with owner companies
 - Additional research ongoing



PM Emissions Under Existing ATCM

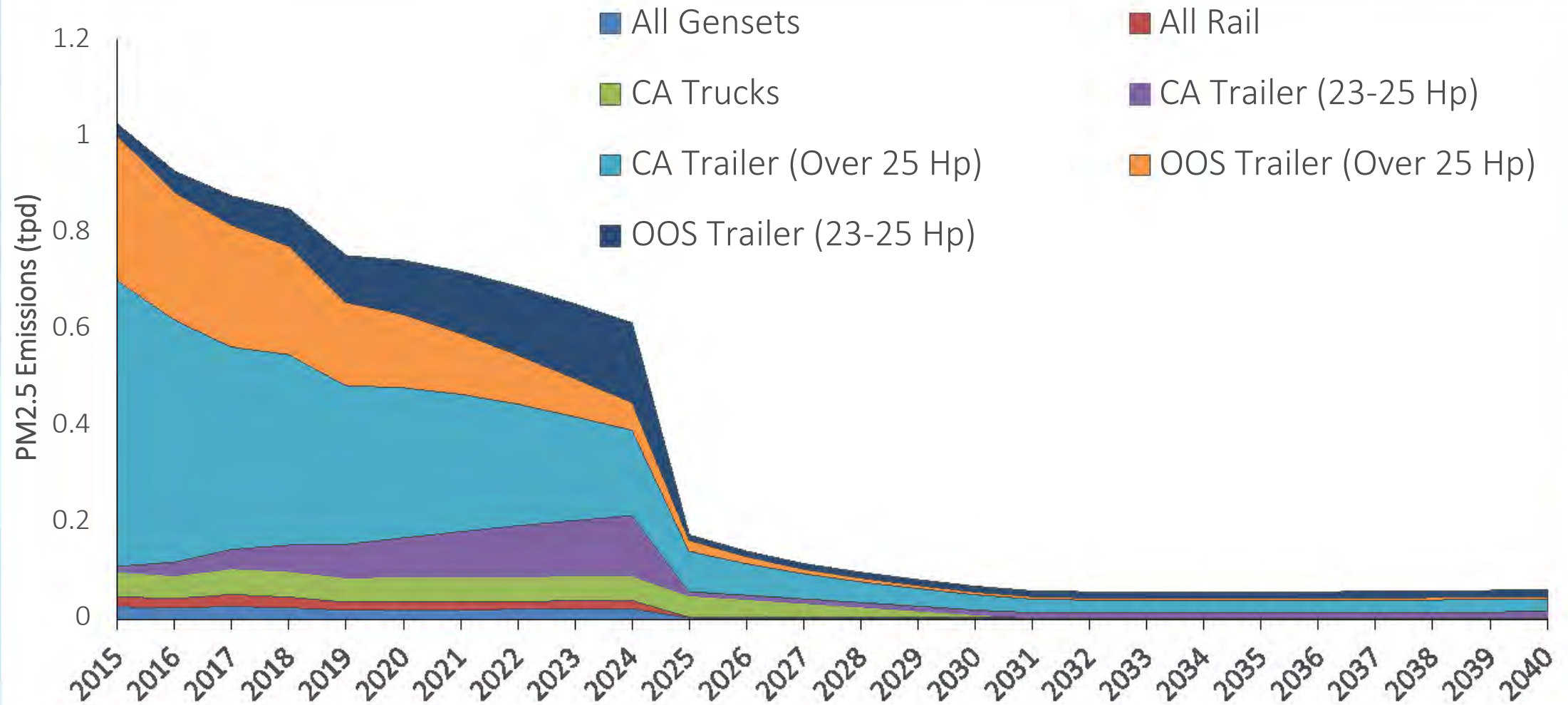


Draft Regulatory Concept

- Starting in 2025, all truck TRU fleets phase in full zero-emission at 15 percent each year (over 7 years).
- Starting in 2025, all trailer TRUs, domestic shipping container TRUs, and TRU gensets use zero-emission operation when parked or stationary for more than 15 minutes at an applicable facility
- Starting in 2025, all diesel engines in trailer TRUs, domestic shipping container TRUs, railcar TRUs, and TRU gensets meet the U.S. EPA Tier 4 final emission standards for 25-50 hp engines

Note: There are additional reporting, infrastructure and other concepts not mentioned here. See presentation linked below for more details. <https://ww3.arb.ca.gov/cc/cold-storage/documents/slidesworkshop82019.pdf>

PM Emissions Under Draft Concept



Next Steps and Items in Progress

- Refine compliance rate data and assumptions
- Genset and railcar populations and visits
- Load factors comparison vs. TRU engine testing data

Contact

- Questions, comments, and feedback are encouraged and welcome
- To address comments and reflect any changes, please submit comments and any supporting data by
Thursday, November 21, 2019
- Off-Road Emissions Inventory Team is available at:
offroadinventory@arb.ca.gov



Discussion



Health Analyses

Health Impacts

Health Risk Assessment

Near-source impacts for individual residents and off-site workers around cold storage warehouses and grocery stores.

- *Potential cancer risk*
- *Potential noncancer chronic health impacts*

Regional Analysis

Estimate and value regional impacts due to emissions from TRU operations.

Facility Types

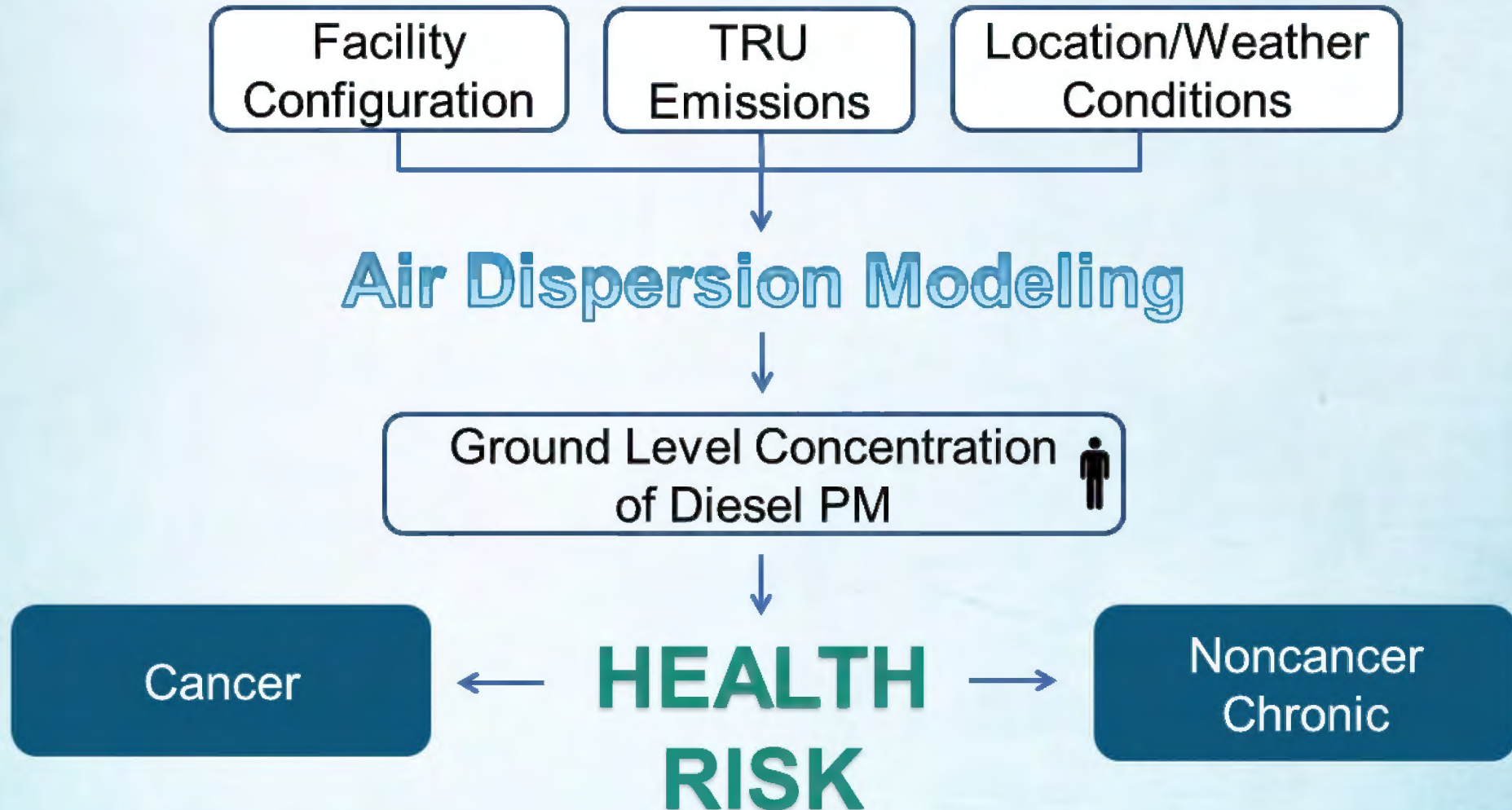
- Grocery Stores
- Cold Storage Warehouses





Health Risk

Health Risk Assessment - Overview



Methodology

Meteorological Stations:

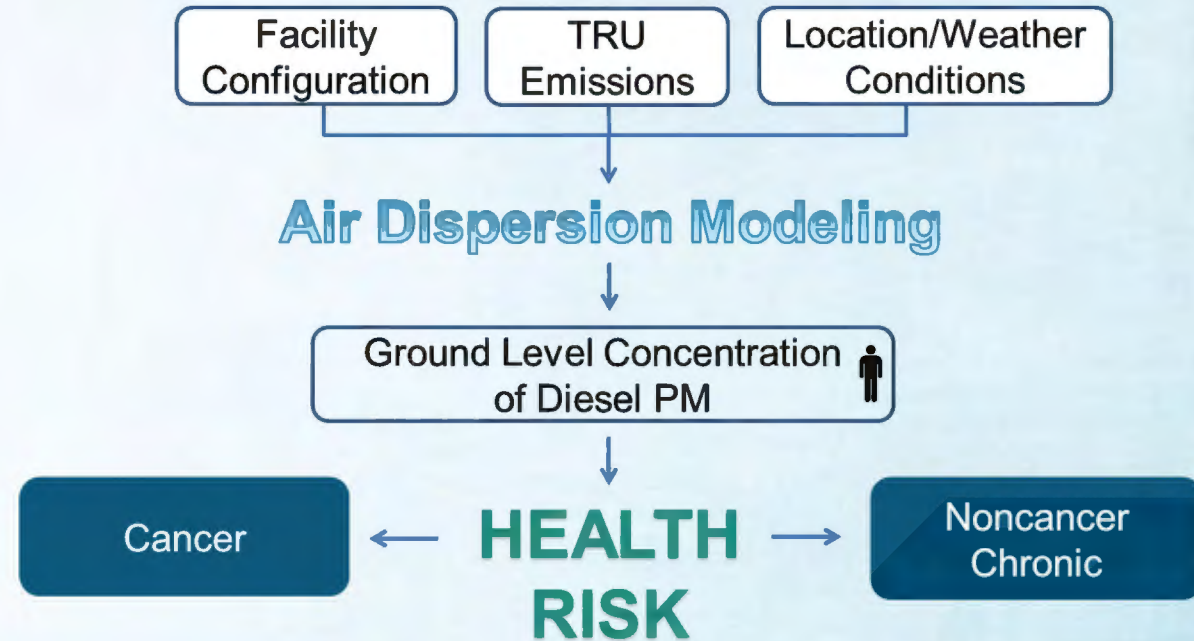
- Banning
- Fresno
- Watsonville

Air Dispersion Model:

- U.S. EPA's AERMOD

Health Risk:

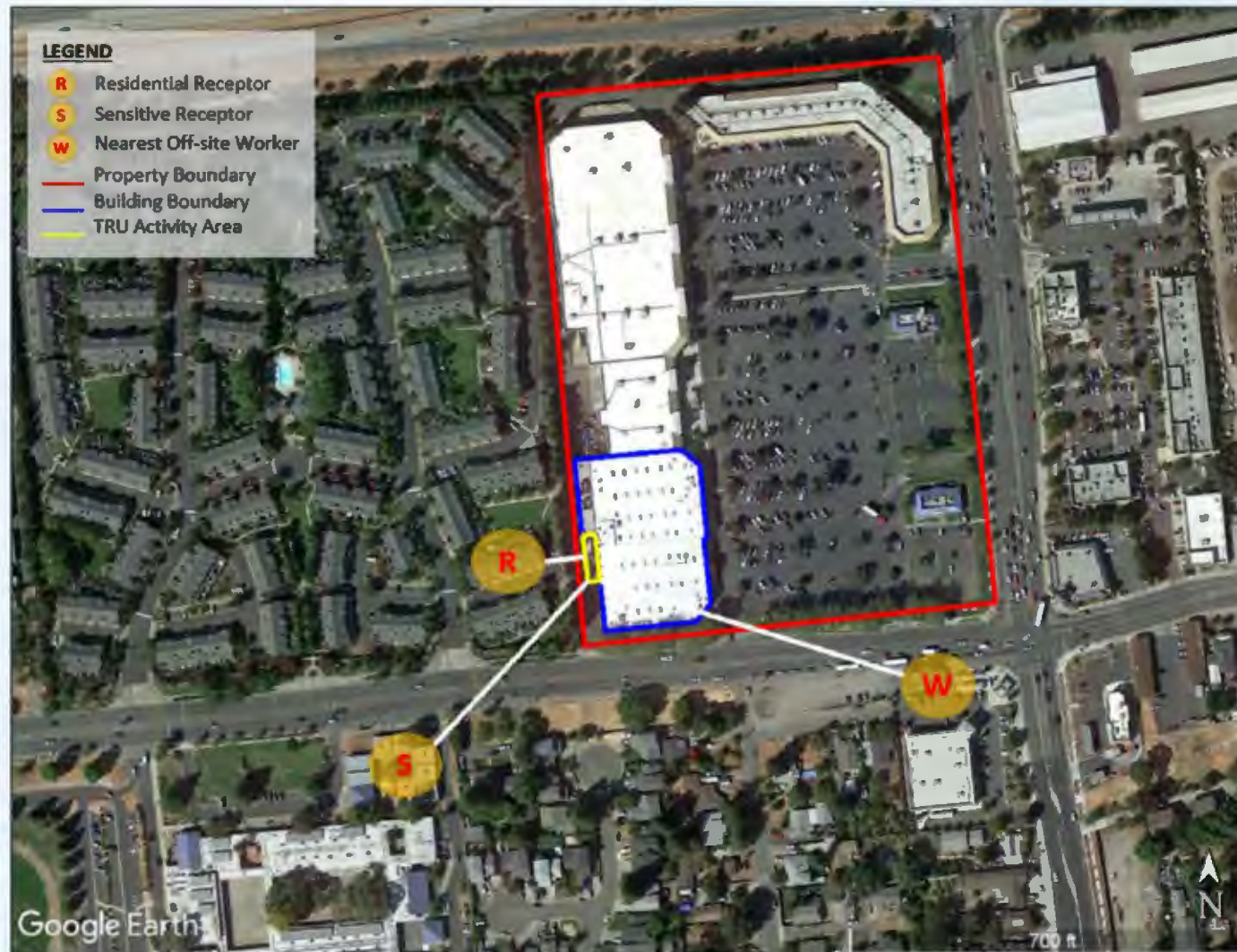
- Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA) Guidance Manual
- California Air Resources Board and California Air Pollution Control Officers Association (CAPCOA) Risk Management Policy



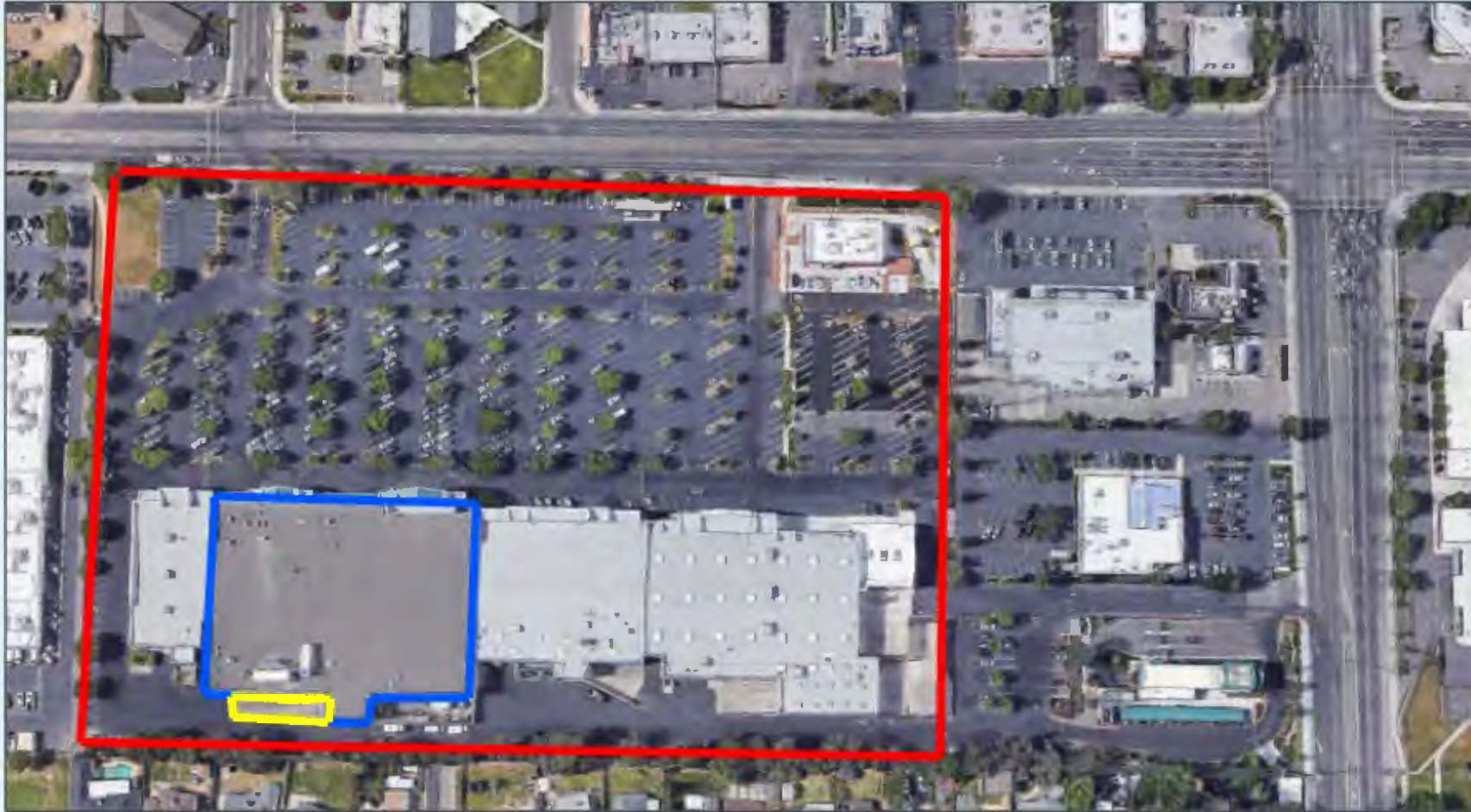


Grocery Store Results

Aerial Image – Grocery Store



Aerial Image – Grocery Store





Model Configuration – Grocery Store

Grocery Store Concept

Roadway (Off-site Transiting) 

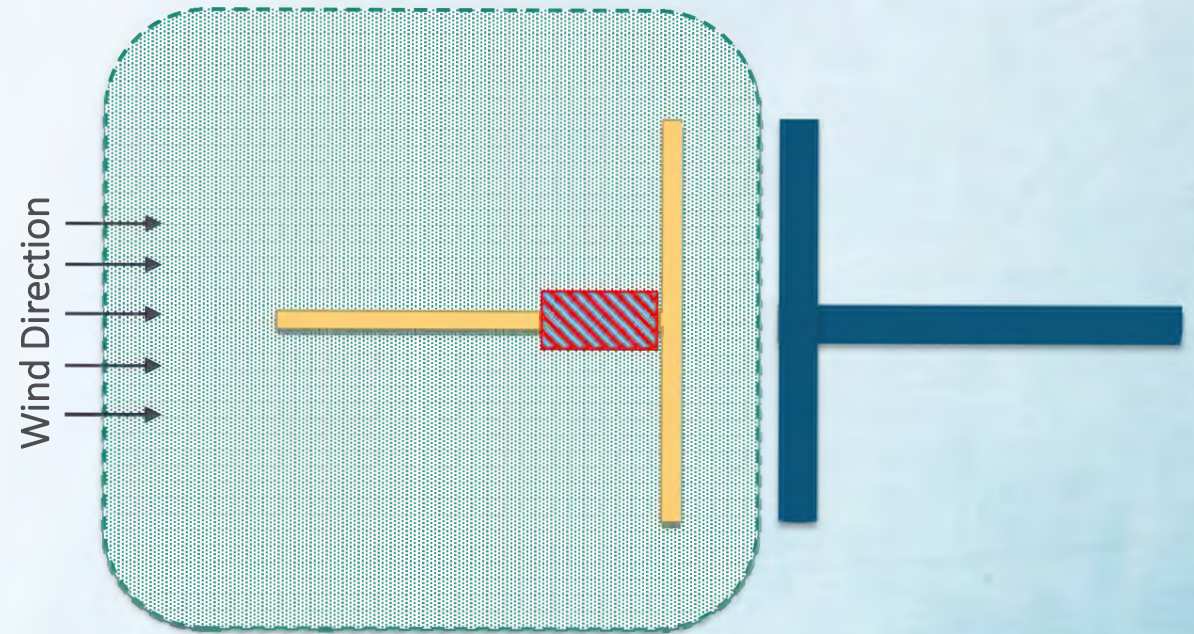
Stationary TRU Operations

- Daily Unloading 
- Seasonal Parking 

Transiting TRU Operations 

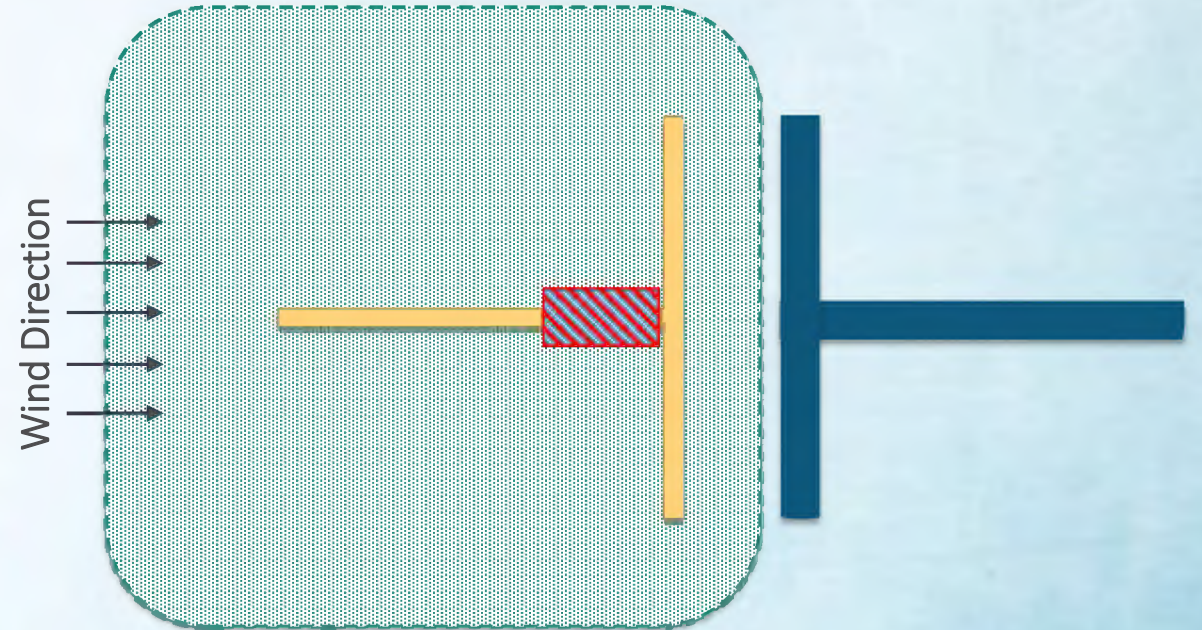
Property 

Note: Not to scale.



Model Configuration – Grocery Store

Activity Area	Length (meters)	Width (meters)	Speed (mph)
Stationary TRU Operation			
Daily Unloading	7.4	21.3	NA
Seasonal Parking	7.4	21.3	NA
Transiting TRU Operation			
On-site Transiting	341	3.3	5
Off-site Transiting	3,048	12.6	30



Grocery Store TRU Activity

Three scenarios:

- Scenario A: 1 daily truck, 1 daily trailer, and 1 seasonal trailer
- Scenario B: 7 daily trucks, 2 daily trailers, and 1 seasonal trailer
- Scenario C: 10 daily trucks, 6 daily trailers, and 1 seasonal trailer



Grocery Store TRU Activity

TRU Equipment	Daily TRU Operational Hours
Daily Truck	0.9
Daily Trailer	3.5
Seasonal Trailer	24 hours per day, 7 days per week (Months of October, November, and December)

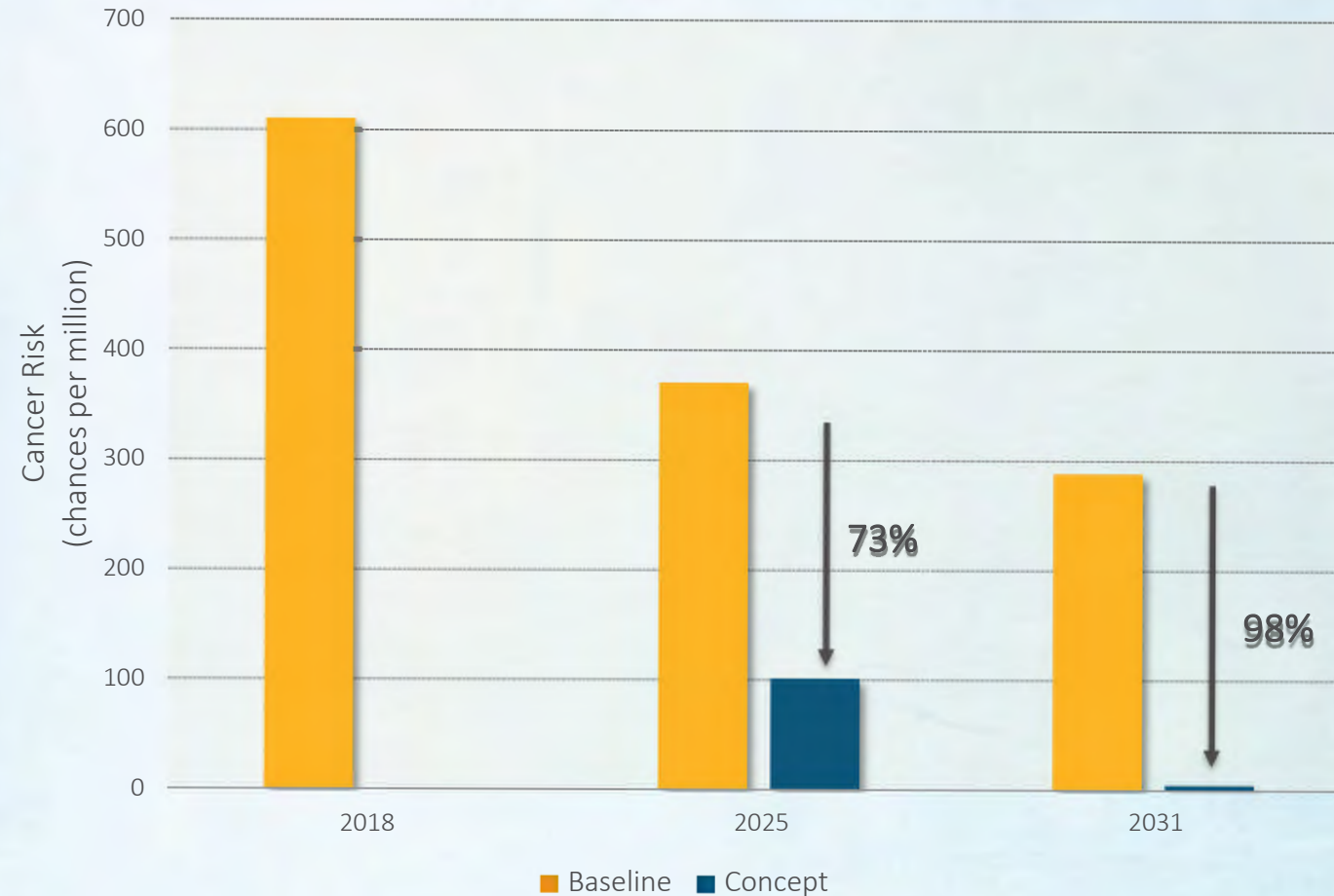
Potential Cancer Risk – Baseline Grocery Store

Scenario	Total Hours of TRU Engine Operation Per Week	Downwind Distance (m) from Facility			
		0	50	100	400
1 Daily Truck 1 Daily Trailer 1 Seasonal Trailer	202	190	56	28	5
7 Daily Trucks 2 Daily Trailers 1 Seasonal Trailer	274	320	97	49	9
10 Daily Trucks 6 Daily Trailers 1 Seasonal Trailer	402	610	180	92	16

Notes:

1. Residential Receptor. 30-year exposure duration. FAH: = 1 for ages less than 16.
2. Represents the average risk from three meteorological data sets: Banning, Fresno, Watsonville.

Concept Trends and Effectiveness – Grocery Store (Scenario C)

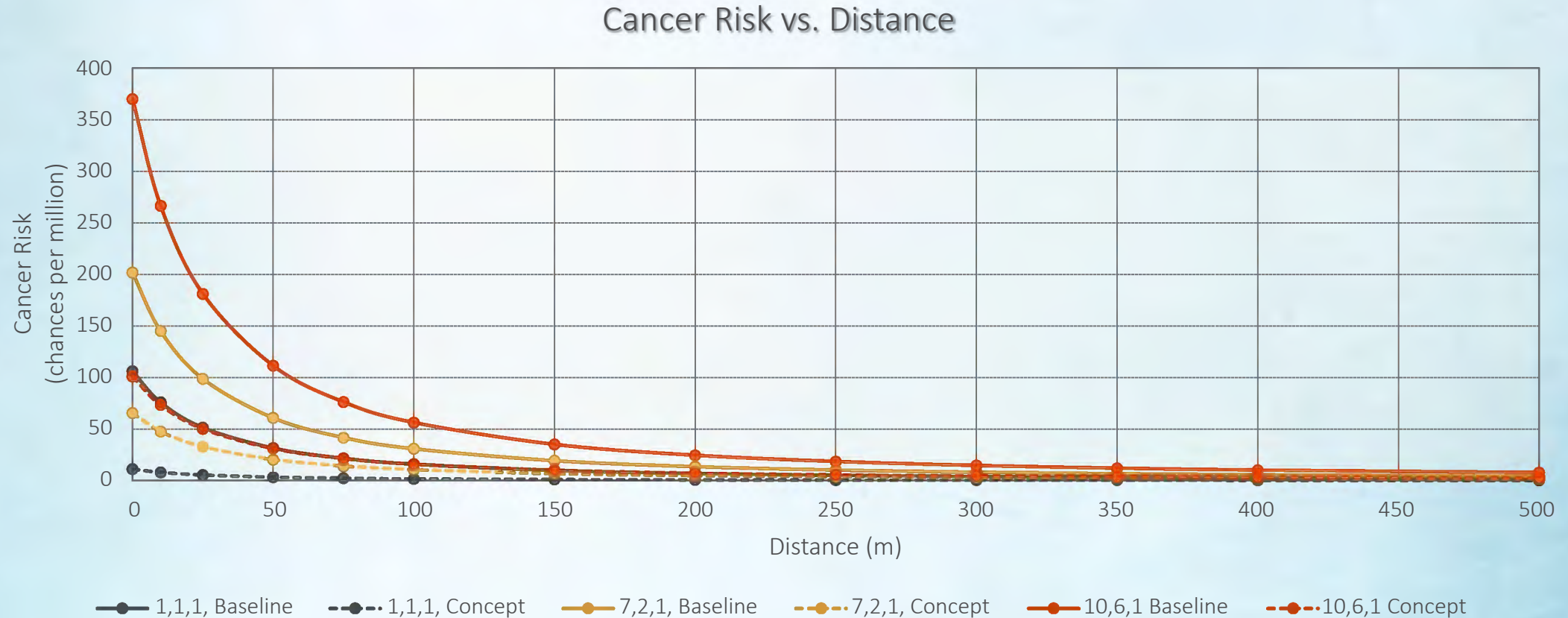


Notes:

1. Residential Receptor. 30-year exposure duration. FAH: = 1 for ages less than 16.
2. Represents the average risk from three meteorological data sets: Banning, Fresno, Watsonville.
3. Results represent maximum values at the property boundary.

TRU Concept: Grocery Store

Comparison of Scenarios in 2025

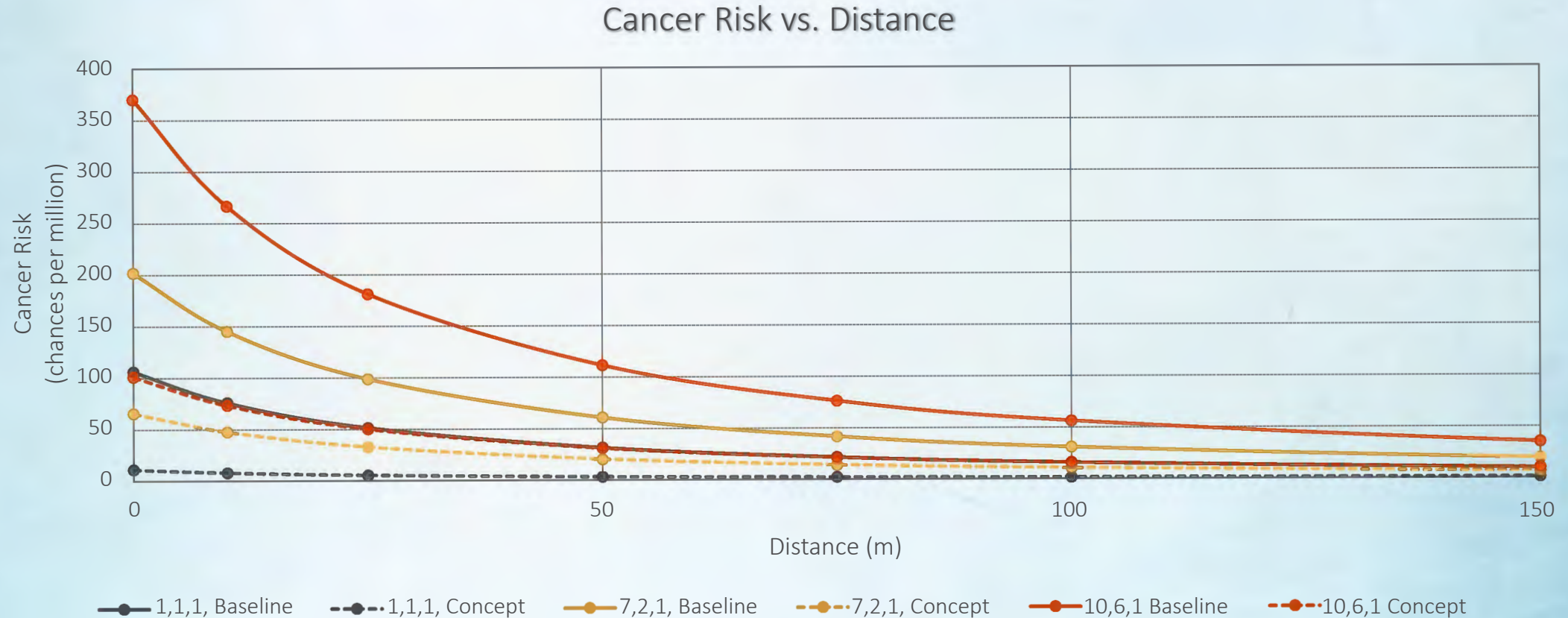


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TRU Concept: Grocery Store

Comparison of Scenarios in 2025



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TRU Concept: Grocery Store

Comparison of Scenarios in 2025

Control Measure	Downwind Distance from Facility (meters)															
	0	10	25	50	75	100	150	200	250	300	350	400	500	600	700	800
	1 Daily Truck, 1 Daily Trailer, 1 Seasonal Trailer															
Baseline	106	76	51	32	22	16	10	7	5	4	3	3	2	2	1	1
Concept	11	8	6	3	2	2	1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1
	7 Daily Truck, 2 Daily Trailer, 1 Seasonal Trailer															
Baseline	202	145	99	61	42	31	19	13	10	8	7	6	4	3	3	3
Concept	65	48	33	20	14	10	7	5	4	3	2	2	2	1	1	1
	10 Daily Truck, 6 Daily Trailer, 1 Seasonal Trailer															
Baseline	370	267	181	111	76	56	35	25	18	15	12	10	8	6	5	5
Concept	101	73	50	31	22	16	10	7	6	5	4	3	3	2	2	2

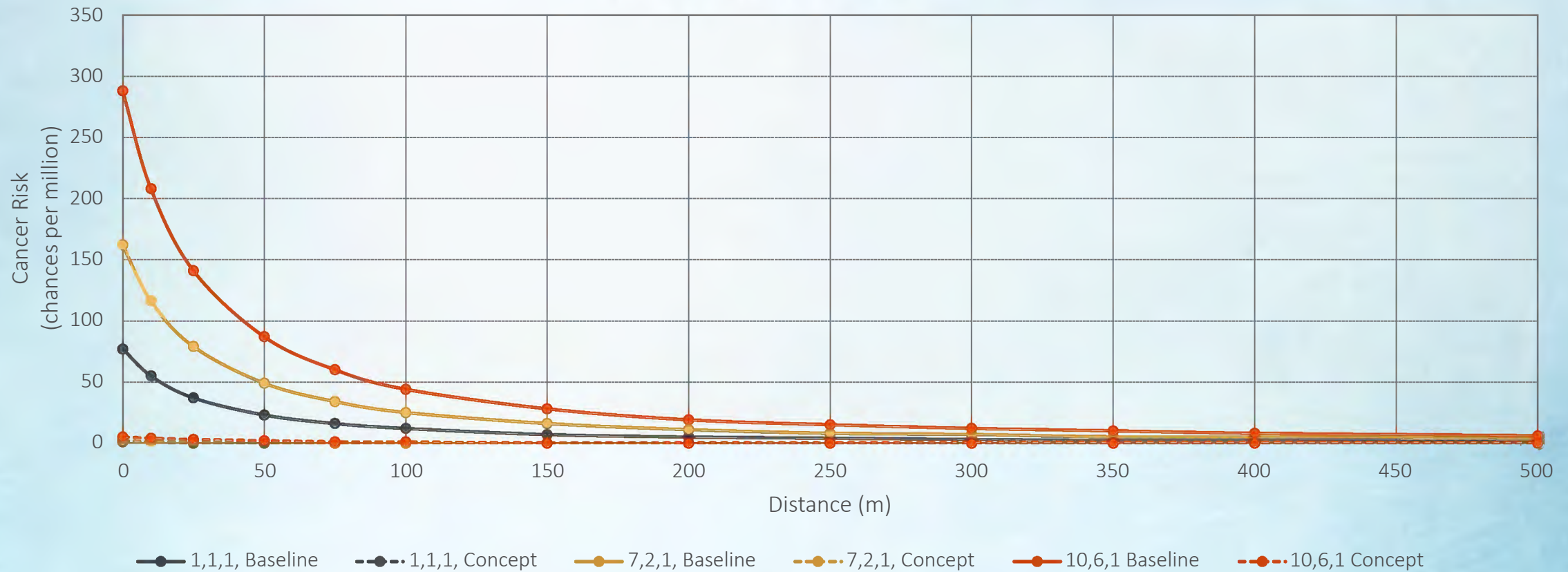
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TRU Concept: Grocery Store

Comparison of Scenarios in 2031

Cancer Risk vs. Distance



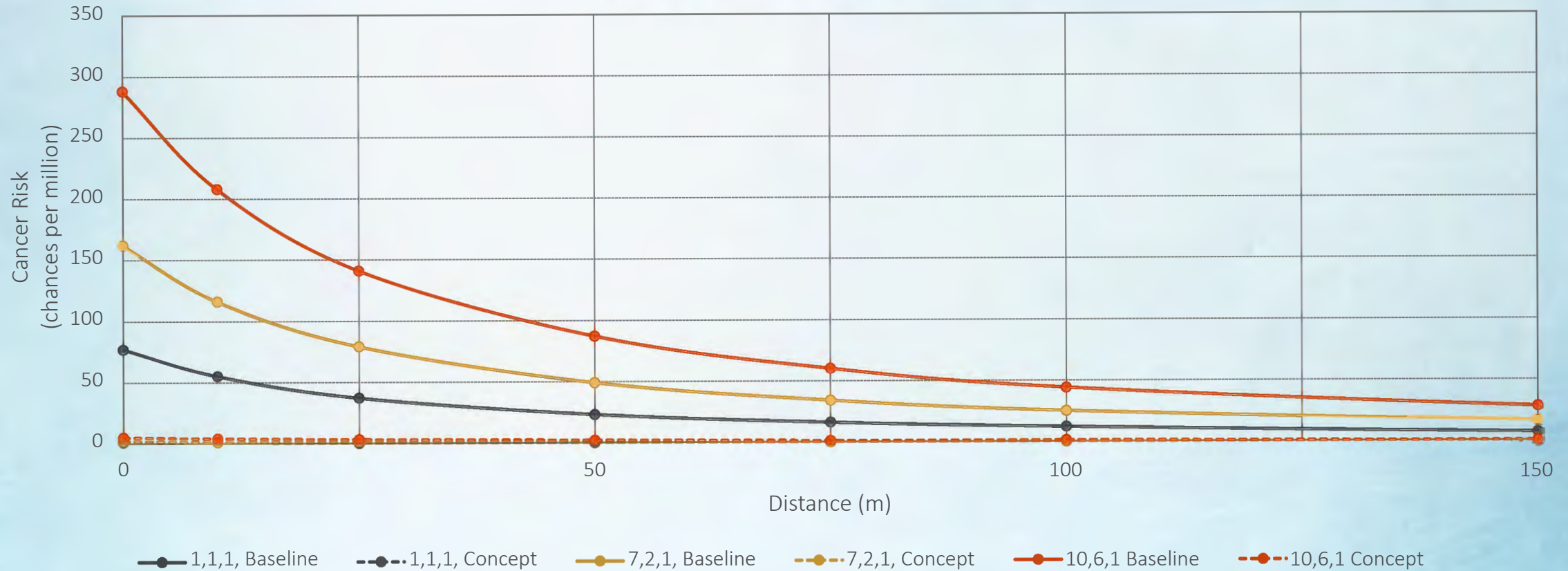
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TRU Concept: Grocery Store

Comparison of Scenarios in 2031

Cancer Risk vs. Distance



Notes:

1. Residential Receptor. 30-year exposure duration. FAH: = 1 for ages less than 16.
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TRU Concept: Grocery Store

Comparison of Scenarios in 2031

Control Measure	Downwind Distance from Facility (meters)															
	0	10	25	50	75	100	150	200	250	300	350	400	500	600	700	800
	1 Daily Truck, 1 Daily Trailer, 1 Seasonal Trailer															
Baseline	77	55	37	23	16	12	7	5	4	3	2	2	1	1	< 1	< 1
Concept	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1
	7 Daily Truck, 2 Daily Trailer, 1 Seasonal Trailer															
Baseline	162	116	79	49	34	25	16	11	8	7	5	5	4	3	3	2
Concept	2	1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1
	10 Daily Truck, 6 Daily Trailer, 1 Seasonal Trailer															
Baseline	288	208	141	87	60	44	28	19	15	12	10	8	6	5	4	4
Concept	5	4	3	2	1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1

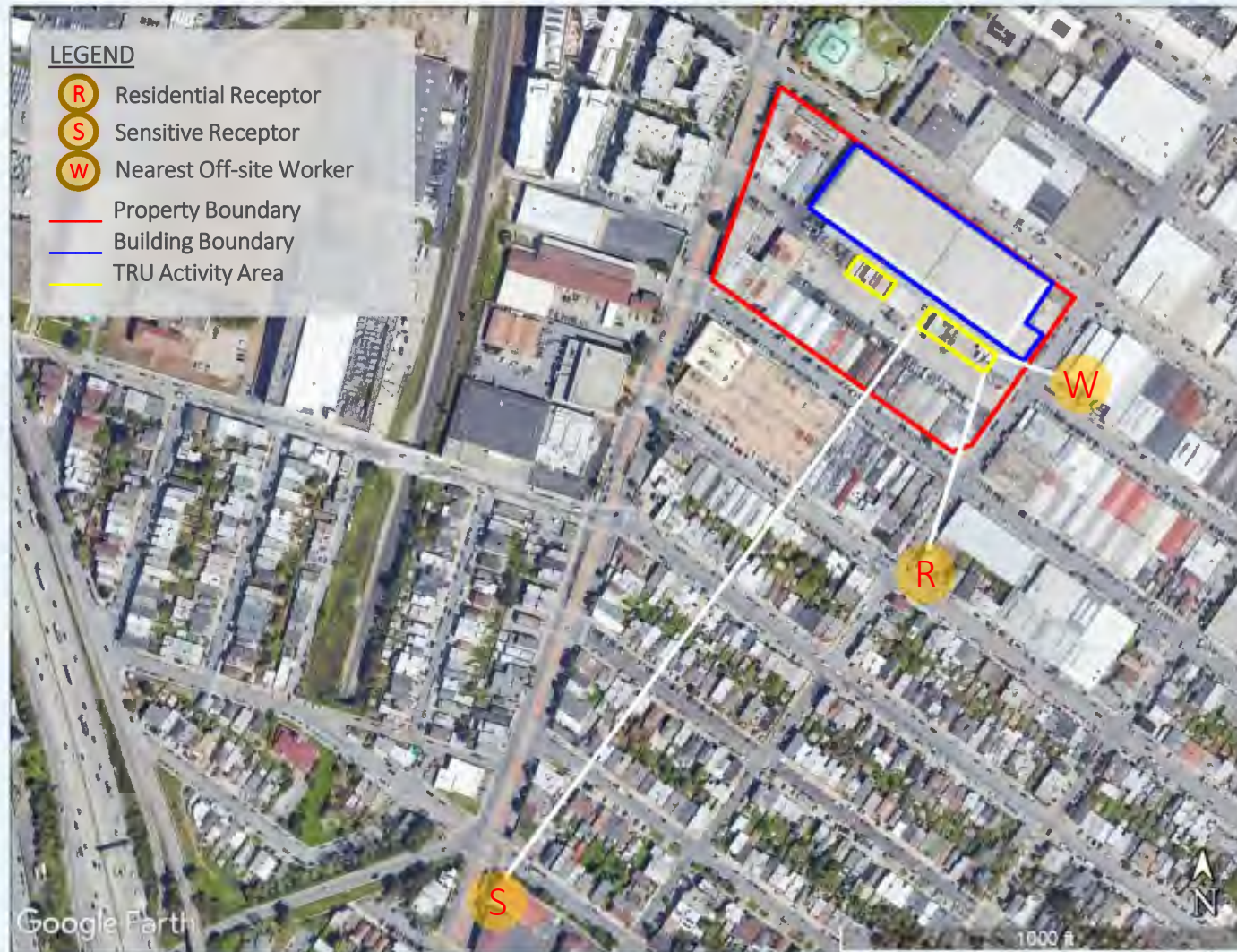
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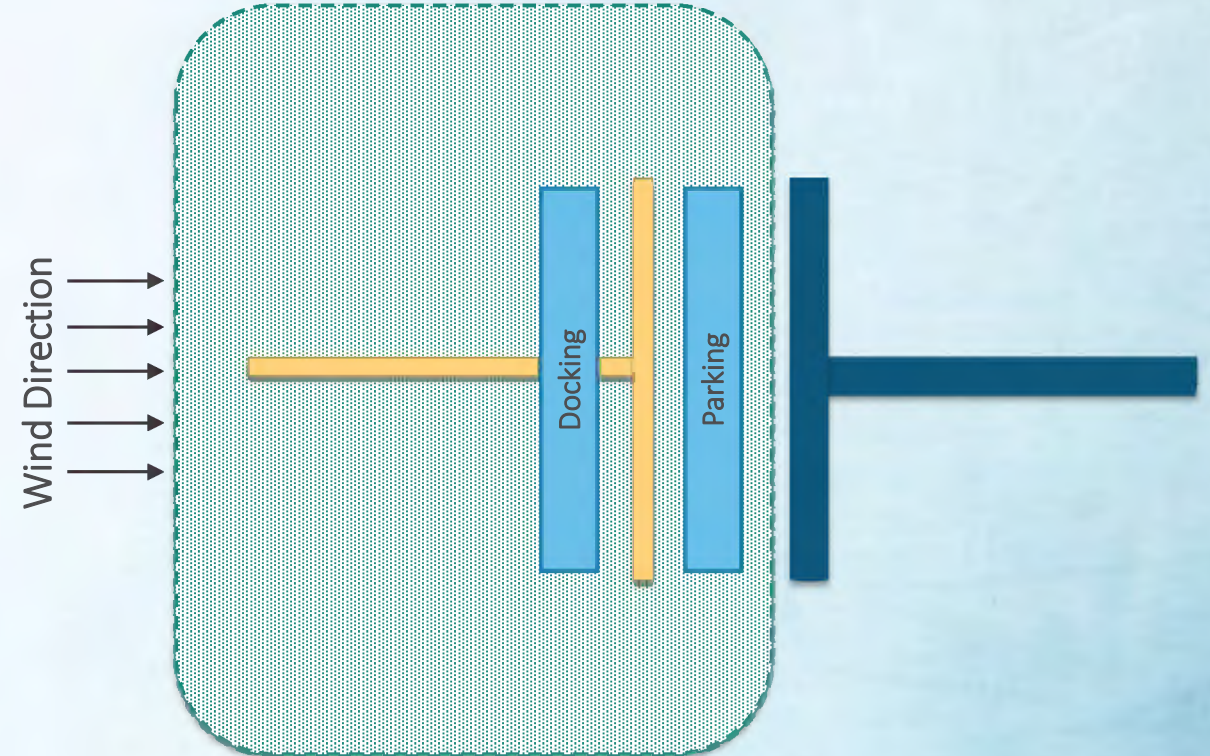
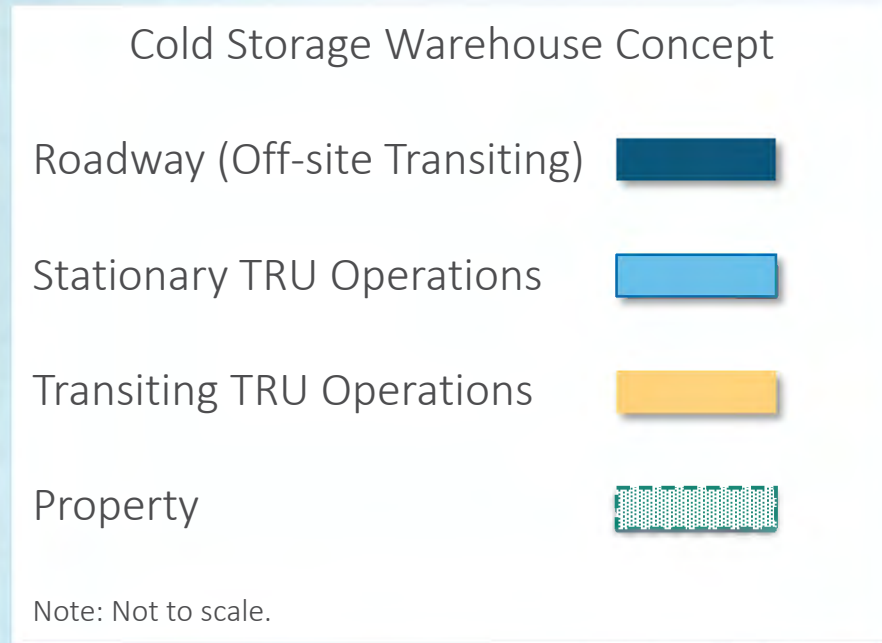


Cold Storage Warehouse Results

Aerial Image – Cold Storage Warehouse

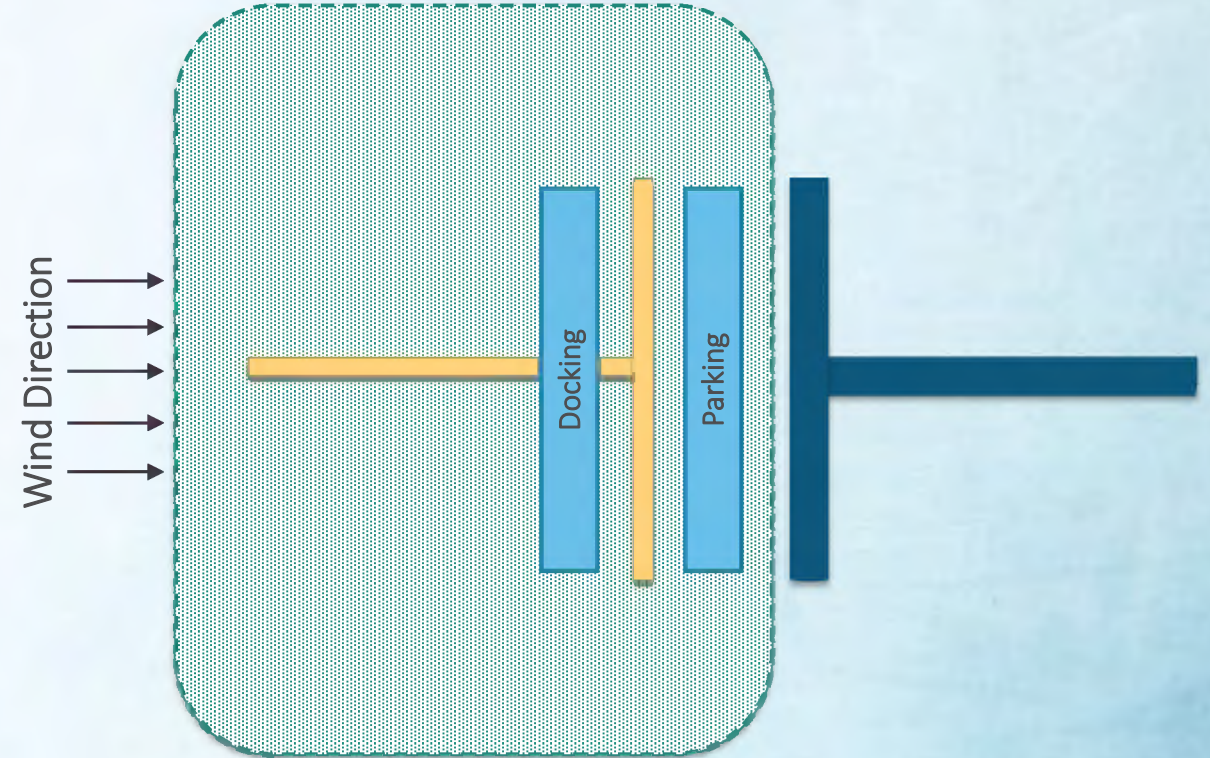


Model Configuration – Cold Storage Warehouse



Model Configuration – Cold Storage Warehouse

Activity Area	Length (meters)	Width (meters)	Speed (mph)
Stationary TRU Operation			
Docking	350	21.3	NA
Parking	440	21.3	NA
Transiting Operation			
On-site Transiting	775	6.6	5
Off-site Transiting	3,048	12.6	30



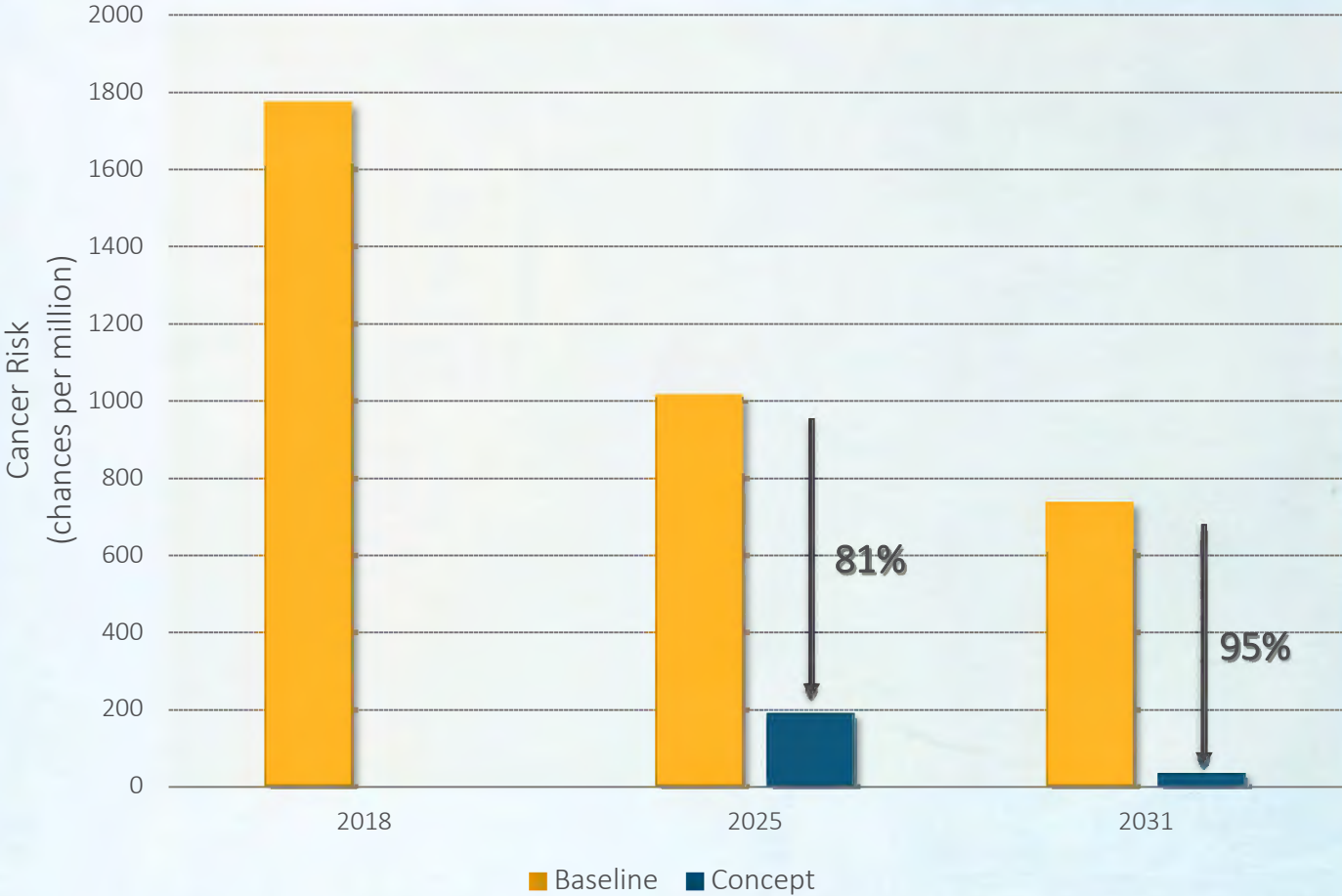
Potential Cancer Risk – Baseline Cold Storage Warehouse

Total Hours of TRU Engine Operation	Downwind Distance (m) from Facility				
Per Week	25	100	500	1,000	1,500
8,000	1,780	1,140	320	150	100
5,000	1,110	710	200	95	63
3,000	670	430	120	57	38
2,000	446	286	79	38	25
1,000	220	140	39	19	13

Notes:

1. Residential Receptor. 30-year exposure duration. FAH: = 1 for ages less than 16.
2. Represents the average risk from three meteorological data sets: Banning, Fresno, Watsonville.

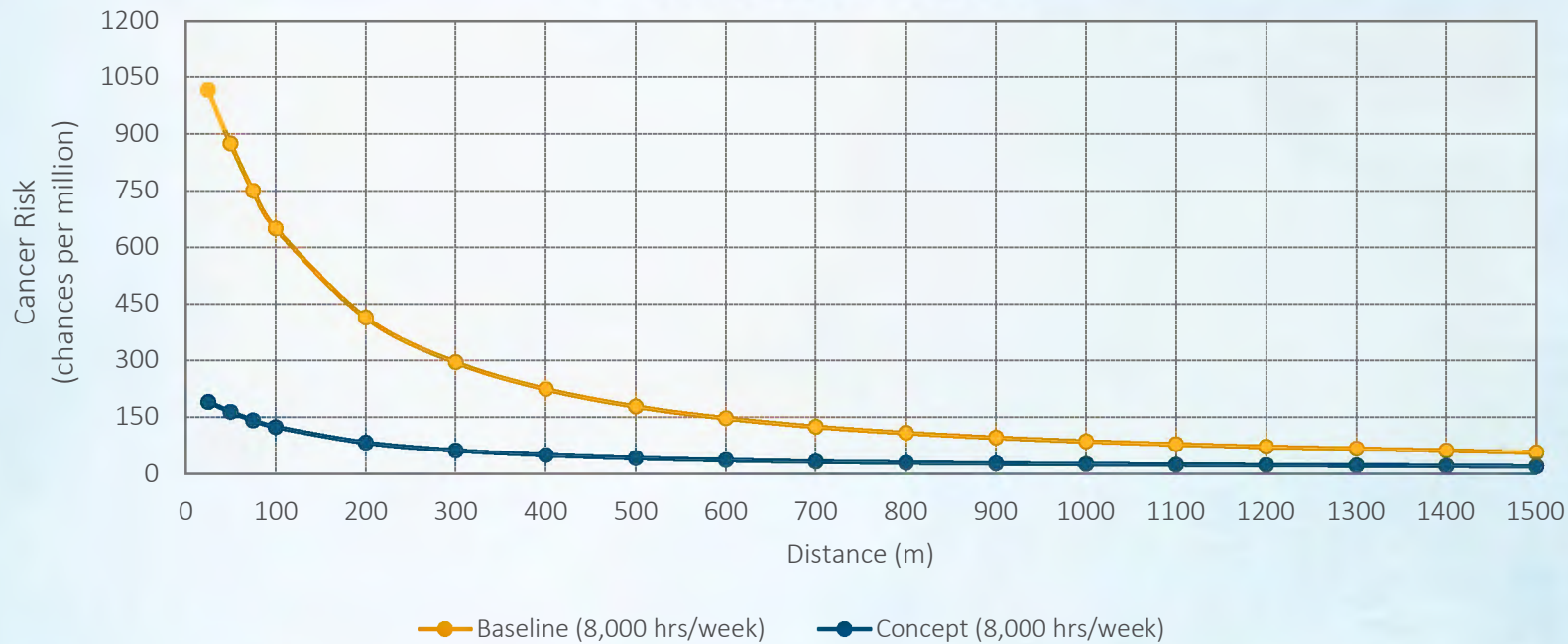
Concept Trends and Effectiveness: Cold Storage Warehouse



- Notes:
- 1. Residential Receptor. 30-year exposure duration. FAH: = 1 for ages less than 16.
 - 2. Represents the average risk from three meteorological data sets: Banning, Fresno, Watsonville.
 - 3. Results represent maximum values at 25 meters.

TRU Concept: Cold Storage Warehouse Comparison of Scenarios in 2025

Cancer Risk vs. Distance



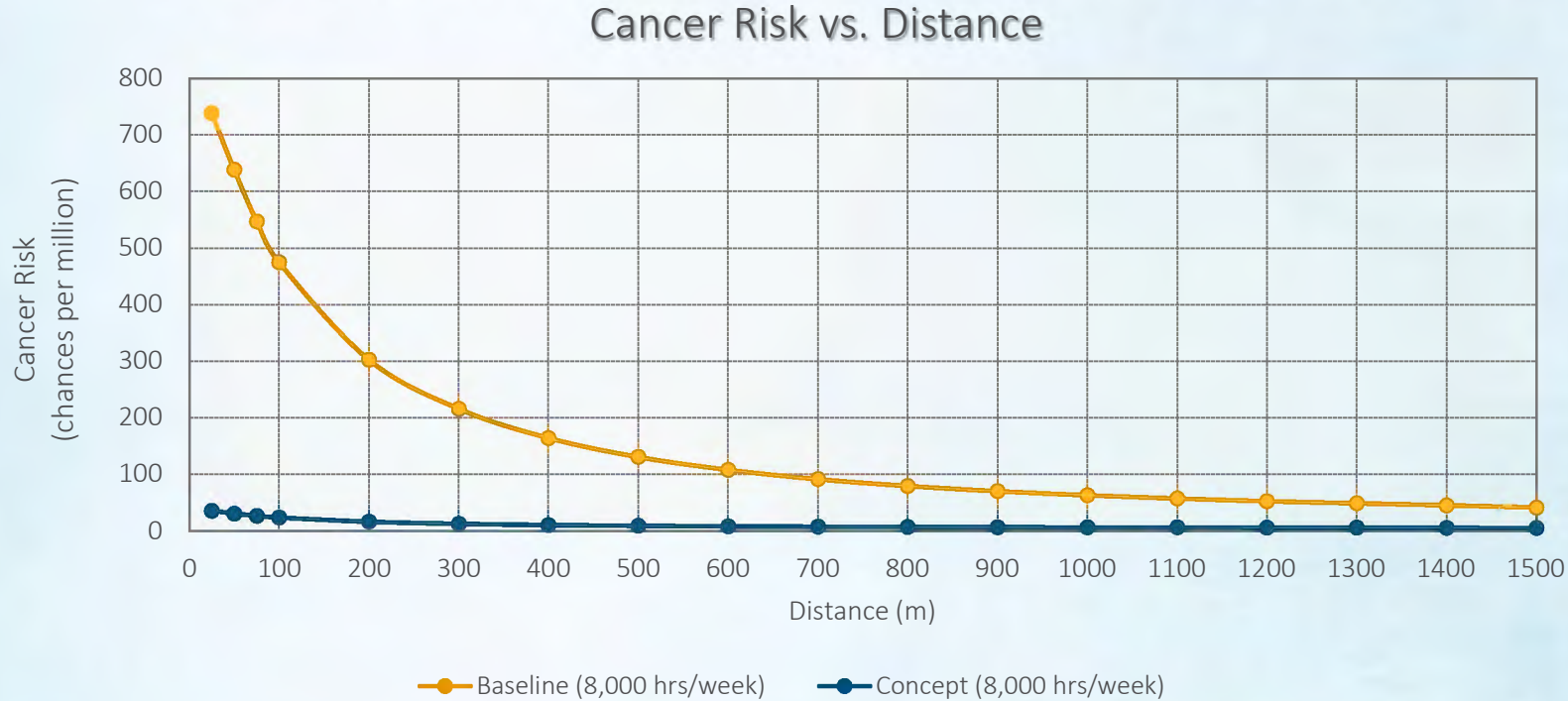
Scenario (8,000 hrs/week)	Downwind Distance (m) from Facility				
	25	100	500	1,000	1,500
Baseline	1,016	650	179	87	57
Concept	191	125	42	26	20

Notes:

1. Residential Receptor. 30-year exposure duration. FAH: = 1 for ages less than 16.
2. Represents the average risk from three meteorological data sets: Banning, Fresno, Watsonville.

TRU Concept: Cold Storage Warehouse

Comparison of Scenarios in 2031



Scenario (8,000 hrs/week)	Downwind Distance (m) from Facility				
	25	100	500	1,000	1,500
Baseline	742	475	131	63	42
Concept	36	24	9	7	5

Notes:

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2. Represents the average risk from three meteorological data sets: Banning, Fresno, Watsonville.



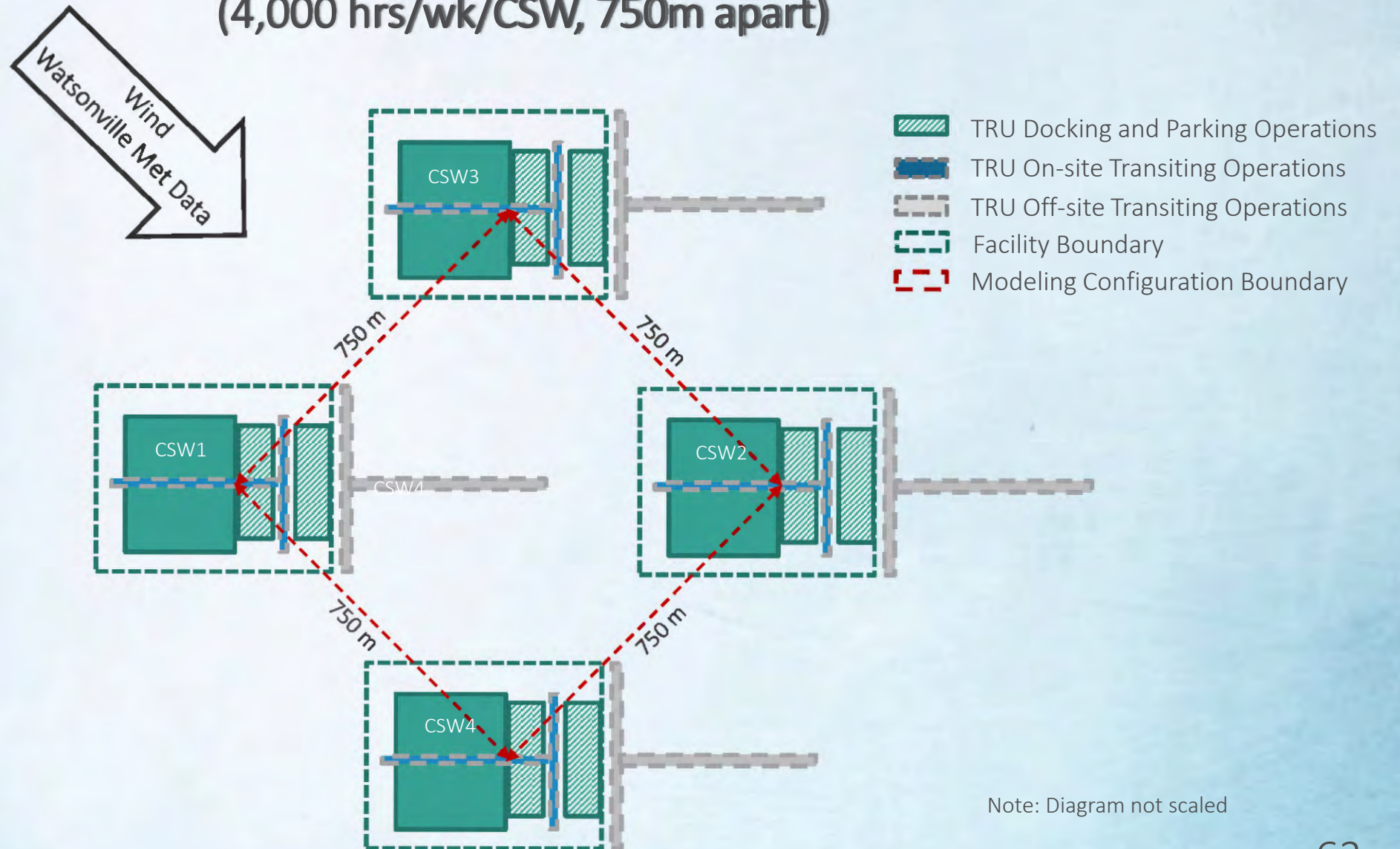
Cold Storage Warehouse Cluster

Aerial Image – CSW Cluster

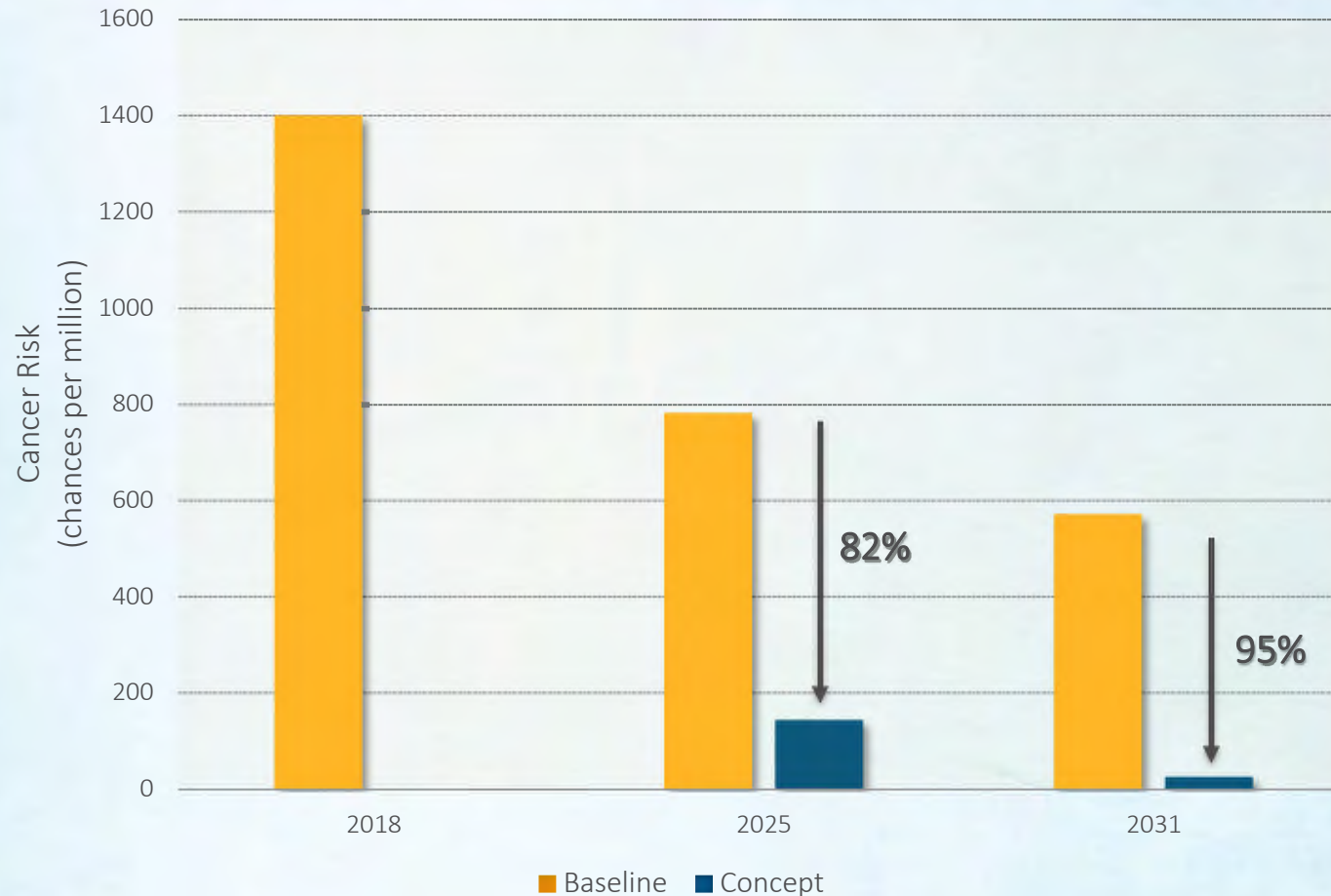


Model Configuration - CSW Cluster

(4,000 hrs/wk/CSW, 750m apart)



Concept Trends and Effectiveness: CSW Cluster

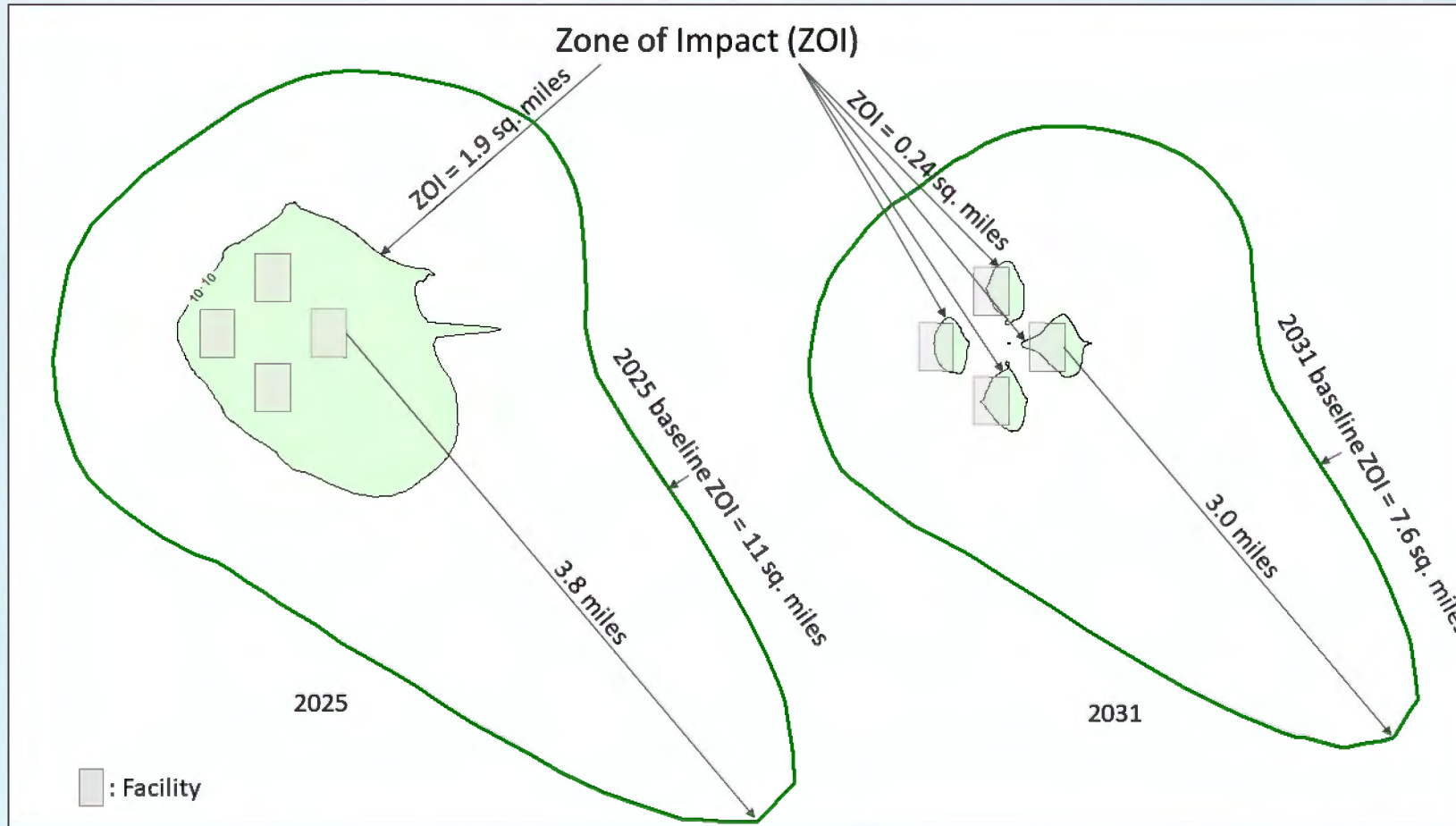


Notes:

1. Residential Receptor. 30-year exposure duration. FAH: = 1 for ages less than 16.
2. Represents risk from the Watsonville meteorological data set.
3. Results represent 16,000 hours per week of TRU engine runtime.

TRU Concept - Comparison of Zone of Impact

(Area of 10 chances per million)



Notes:

1. Residential Receptor. 70-year exposure duration. FAH: = 1 for ages less than 16.
2. Represents risk from the Watsonville meteorological data set.
3. Results represent 16,000 hours per week of TRU engine runtime.

Reduction of Zone of Impact

(Area of 10 chances per million)

Scenario \ Year	2018	2025	2031
Baseline	21.5 sq. miles	11.0 sq. miles	7.6 sq. miles
Concept	-	1.9 sq. miles	0.24 sq. miles
Reduction (%) from Baseline	-	83%	97%



Regional Analysis

Regional Analysis Methodology

- Incidence-per-Ton (IPT)
 - Estimates benefits from reductions in primary and secondary PM_{2.5}
 - Changes in emissions are approximately proportional to changes in health outcomes
 - Estimate health impacts for baseline scenario, divide by emissions to get IPT factors
 - For more detail please visit:
<https://ww2.arb.ca.gov/resources/documents/carbs-methodology-estimating-health-effects-air-pollution>

Regional Analysis - Reduction in Health Outcomes

Adverse Health Outcomes Avoided	
Premature Deaths	409 (320 - 500)
Hospital Admissions	128 (16 - 237)
Emergency Room Visits	200 (127 - 274)

- Statewide valuation from avoided adverse health outcomes: \$3,993,405,956

Public Comment Period

- Closes November 21, 2019
- Submit Health Analyses Comments at:
https://www.arb.ca.gov/lispub/comm2/bcsubform.php?comm_period=1&listname=truhealthanalyses-ws&utm_medium=email&utm_source=govdelivery
- Submit Emissions Inventory Comments at:
https://www.arb.ca.gov/lispub/comm2/bcsubform.php?comm_period=1&listname=2019truei-ws&utm_medium=email&utm_source=govdelivery

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Open Discussion