

Attachment A
Final Regulation Order
Clean Miles Standard

Adopt new sections 2490, 2490.1, 2490.2, 2490.3, and 2490.4 in new Chapter 11 of Division 3, Title 13, California Code of Regulations, to read as follows:

[Note: The sections set forth below shown in “normal type” are new sections proposed to be added to the California Code of Regulations.]

§ 2490. Clean Miles Standard Regulations Applicability and Scope.

(a) Applicability and Exemptions

- (1) These Clean Miles Standard regulations, Title 13, Article 1, Section 2490, California Code of Regulations apply to transportation network companies (TNCs) operating in California.
- (2) A TNC with annual VMT less than or equal to 5 million in a given calendar year is exempt from the requirements in Sections 2490.1, 2490.2, 2490.3(b) and 2490.3(c) for that year.
- (3) Nothing in this chapter is a limitation on the power of the California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC) to adopt or enforce additional requirements related to the implementation of this chapter.

(b) Definitions

“Autonomous vehicle” has the meaning provided in section 38750 of the California Vehicle Code.

“Battery electric vehicle” or “BEV” has the meaning provided in title 13, California Code of Regulations, section 1962.

“Charter-party carrier” or “charter-party carrier of passengers” has the meaning provided in section 5360 of the California Public Utilities Code.

“eVMT” means electric vehicle miles traveled by a BEV or fuel cell electric vehicle.

“Fuel cell electric vehicle” or “FCEV” has the meaning provided for “hydrogen fuel cell vehicle” in title 13, California Code of Regulations, section 1962.2.

“Hybrid Electric Vehicle” or “HEV” means any vehicle that can draw

propulsion energy from both of the following on-vehicle sources of stored energy: 1) a consumable fuel and 2) an energy storage device such as a battery, capacitor, or flywheel.

“Passenger mile traveled” or “PMT” has the meaning provided in section 2490.1 of this regulation.

“Personal vehicle” has the meaning provided in section 5431(b) of the Public Utilities Code.

“Plug-in hybrid electric vehicle” or “PHEV” has the meaning provided in title 13, California Code of Regulations, section 1961.3.

“Pool-matched trip” means a TNC ride where the TNC matched two or more parties who requested pooled service, such that each matched party shared a portion of the trip with at least one other matched party.

“Pool-requested trip” means a TNC ride where one or more passengers requested pooled service on the TNC app, regardless of whether the requester was in fact matched with another party that requested pooled service.

“Round” means the number shall be rounded, unless otherwise specified, up to the nearest whole number for numbers with 5 or higher in the tenths digit, or rounded down to the nearest whole number otherwise.

“TNC application” or “app” is the internet-based transportation service platform accessed using a mobile device or computer.

“Transportation network company” or “TNC” has the meaning provided in section 5431 of the Public Utilities Code and further applies to the entities listed in section 5450(a)(3) of the Public Utilities Code.

“TNC vehicle” means a vehicle or an autonomous vehicle used to transport passengers in connection with the TNC’s online-enabled application or platform.

“Trip” is travel from an origin to destination by vehicle or mass transit that the TNC app captures.

“Vehicle miles traveled” or “VMT” means the distance traveled by a TNC vehicle. For purposes of this regulation, VMT includes all miles traveled within the state of California for trips wholly within the border of California. In addition, VMT shall include all miles for trips that originate within California.

“Year,” unless otherwise specified, refers to a calendar year beginning January 1 and ending December 31, inclusive.

Note: Authority cited: Sections 39600 and 39601, Health and Safety Code; Section 5450, Public Utilities Code. Reference: Section 44274.4, Health and Safety Code; Sections 5360 and 5431, Public Utilities Code; Sections 27908 and 38750, Vehicle Code.

§ 2490.1 Clean Miles Standard Requirements.

(a) Starting with calendar year 2023, and each calendar year thereafter, each TNC must meet the requirements of this section.

(b) *Definitions.* The following definitions apply to this section:

- (1) *TNC Periods.* “Period 1” are those miles traveled by a TNC vehicle when a TNC vehicle driver or operator is logged onto the app and waiting for a ride match. “Period 2” are those miles traveled by a TNC vehicle when a TNC vehicle driver or operator has accepted a ride request and is en route to the passenger. “Period 3” are those miles traveled by a TNC vehicle when the passenger, or passengers, are in the TNC vehicle and en route to their destination until the passenger exits the vehicle. This definition is meant to be consistent with the CPUC Commission Decision 14-11-043 that established Periods 1, 2, and 3.
- (2) *Passenger Miles Traveled.* “Passenger Miles Traveled” or “PMT” means the miles traveled by a passenger, or miles traveled by each passenger if there are multiple passengers recorded in the app for a trip, in a TNC vehicle or other transport mode provided by the TNC.

(c) Greenhouse Gas Targets.

- (1) A TNC passenger service fleet shall not exceed the annual greenhouse gas (GHG) targets shown in Table 1.

Table 1. Annual GHG Targets

Calendar Year	GHG Target (grams CO ₂ /PMT)
2023	252
2024	237
2025	207
2026	161
2027	110
2028	69
2029	30
2030+	0

- (2) A TNC shall calculate its greenhouse gas emissions per passenger mile annually using Equation 1. Unless otherwise specified, all calculations are for all vehicle trips summed over the calendar year. The numerator of Equation 1 is calculated by multiplying the CO₂ emissions factor with the VMT for each trip to arrive at a grams CO₂ value per trip. Summing the grams CO₂ per trip values for all trips yields total grams of CO₂ for the fleet of TNC vehicles for the year. The denominator of Equation 1 is calculated by multiplying a compliance occupancy value with the Period 3 VMT of each trip to arrive at PMT per trip. Taking the sum of PMT per trip values for all trips yields total PMT for the fleet of TNC vehicles for the year. A trip shall be included in a calendar year calculation if that trip starts in that calendar year.
- (3) Equation 1.

$$\frac{g\ CO_2}{PMT} = \frac{\sum(VMT_{P1,P2,P3} \times CO_2\ factor)_{trip}}{\sum(VMT_{P3} \times occupancy)_{trip}}$$

Where:

VMT_{P1,P2,P3} equals VMT in miles (sum of Periods 1, 2 and 3) of trips for all vehicles (sum of Periods 1, 2, and 3) by BEVs and FCEVs

VMT_{P3} equals VMT in miles for the Period 3 portion of a trip

CO₂ factor equals the CO₂ emission factor in grams CO₂ per mile as provided in Table 2 and Table 3

Occupancy equals the compliance occupancy value in the unit of passengers determined by Table 4

- (4) *Tables 2 and 3 - CO₂ Emission Factor Look-up Table.* For each TNC trip calculated using Equation 1, the CO₂ factor shall be set to the value in grams CO₂ per mile (g CO₂/mi) in Table 2 and Table 3 that corresponds to the vehicle model year, vehicle category, and vehicle propulsion system for the associated TNC vehicle.
- (A) If any of the parameters are not known for a TNC vehicle, the worst-case (largest) grams CO₂/mi value shall be used. For example, if only the vehicle model year is known but not the vehicle propulsion system or vehicle category, the largest value for that model year shall be used. If vehicle propulsion system is known but not the vehicle model year, the largest value for that vehicle propulsion system shall be used.
 - (B) Flex fuel vehicles (FFVs) shall use the gasoline passenger car (PC) or gasoline light truck (LT) CO₂ emission factor values.
 - (C) The light truck vehicle category (Table 3) shall be used if the TNC vehicle is classified as a light-duty truck and has a gross vehicle weight rating (GVWR) of less than 8,500 lbs. and an estimated total weight (ETW) of less than 5,750 lbs.
 - (D) All TNC vehicles that do not fall into the light truck vehicle category shall use the passenger car category (Table 2).
 - (E) Model year means the model year of the vehicle as reported by the TNC driver in their driver profile. If this information is not complete, it is the value as determined by the TNC or regulating agencies using the vehicle identification number (VIN).

Table 2. CO₂ factors for the passenger car (PC) vehicle category in g CO₂/mile

Model Year	Diesel PC	Gasoline PC	HEV/PHEV PC	CNG PC
2008	324	365	181	251
2009	318	357	177	251
2010	302	339	168	251
2011	312	351	174	251
2012	286	321	159	227
2013	278	312	155	218
2014	279	313	155	218
2015	274	307	152	218
2016	266	298	148	218
2017	258	290	144	218
2018	251	281	139	218
2019	243	272	135	218
2020	235	263	130	218
2021	227	254	126	218
2022	218	245	121	218
2023	210	236	117	218
2024	202	226	112	218
2025	194	217	108	218
2026	194	217	108	218
2027	194	217	108	218
2028	194	217	108	218
2029	194	217	108	218
2030	195	217	108	218
2031+	194	217	108	218

Table 3. CO₂ factors for the light truck (LT) vehicle category in g CO₂/mile

Model Year	Diesel LT	Gasoline LT	HEV/PHEV LT	CNG PC
2008	634	505	468	251
2009	593	477	442	251
2010	589	469	435	251
2011	574	458	424	251
2012	556	442	410	227
2013	534	427	396	218
2014	529	425	394	218
2015	518	414	384	218
2016	497	398	369	218
2017	477	383	355	218
2018	454	367	340	218
2019	434	351	325	218
2020	413	335	310	218
2021	392	319	296	218
2022	377	307	285	218
2023	362	295	273	218
2024	346	282	262	218
2025	330	270	251	218
2026	330	270	251	218
2027	331	271	251	218
2028	331	270	251	218
2029	327	271	251	218
2030	322	271	251	218
2031+	304	271	251	218

- (5) *Compliance occupancy values.* For each TNC trip calculated using Equation 1, the compliance occupancy shall be set to the value in Table 4 for that type of trip. If the type of trip is unknown, the trip shall be assumed to be “Non-pooled.”
- (A) “Non-pooled” means a trip where the party requesting the TNC ride requests a non-sharing service.
- (B) “Pool-requested, unmatched” means a trip where a party requested a shared ride but no other parties requesting shared rides were matched during the duration of the trip.

- (C) “Pool-matched” means multiple parties requesting shared rides were matched with the same vehicle for a portion of their respective trips.

Table 4. Compliance occupancy values to use in Equation 1

	Compliance Occupancy
Non-pooled	1.5
Pool-requested, unmatched	1.5
Pool-matched	2.5

- (6) If the total calculated grams CO₂/PMT as set forth in section 2490.1(c)(3) for a given calendar year does not result in a whole number, the number shall be rounded up to the nearest whole number if the tenths digit contains a 5 or higher, or rounded down to the nearest whole number otherwise.
- (7) *Exemptions.* Trips on TNC apps that are requested and fulfilled as wheelchair-accessible vehicle trips shall not be included in the calculation of Equation 1.
- (d) Over-Compliance Credits for Greenhouse Gas Emissions per Passenger Mile Traveled.
- (1) If a TNC’s annual grams CO₂/PMT emissions are less than the requirement shown in Table 1 for that year, CPUC shall issue to the TNC over-compliance credits equal to the difference.
- (2) A TNC may use over-compliance credits towards compliance with their grams CO₂/PMT requirement in any of the subsequent three calendar years. Unused credits expire after the three-year period. Credits may not be used to comply with prior calendar years.
- (3) Credits are in the unit of grams CO₂/PMT. If the calculated grams CO₂/PMT set forth in § 2490.1(c)(3) in a given calendar year does not result in a whole number, the number must be rounded up to the nearest whole number if the tenths digit contains a 5 or higher, or rounded down to the nearest whole number otherwise. If the rounding results in a difference of 0, then no credits shall be issued for that calendar year.

- (4) Table 5 provides an example of using over-compliance credits. The example TNC over-complies by 20 grams CO₂/PMT in 2027 and CPUC issues 20 credits. The TNC may use those 20 credits in 2028, 2029, or 2030, and in this example, chooses to use them in 2029 and 2030. The TNC then over-complies by 9 grams CO₂/PMT in 2028 and CPUC issues 9 credits. The TNC may use those 9 credits in 2029, 2030, or 2031, and in this example, chooses to use them in 2031.

Table 5. Example of carrying forward over-compliance credits

Year	Target (grams CO ₂ /PMT)	TNC emissions (grams CO ₂ /PMT)	Deficit	Over-compliance Credit	Credits available	Credits Applied
2027	110	90	--	20	20	--
2028	69	60	--	9	29	--
2029	30	34	4	--	29	4
2030	0	6	6	--	25	6
2031	0	2	2	--	9	2

(e) Electric Vehicle Miles Traveled Requirement.

- (1) For each calendar year, a TNC shall meet or exceed the percent eVMT targets shown in Table 6.

Table 6. Annual Electric Vehicle Miles Traveled Targets

Calendar Year	eVMT
2023	2%
2024	4%
2025	13%
2026	30%
2027	50%
2028	65%
2029	80%
2030+	90%

- (2) The percent eVMT shall be calculated using Equation 2.

Equation 2.

$$\% eVMT = \frac{\sum VMT_{BEV+FCEV}}{\sum VMT_{All\ vehicles}} \times 100\%$$

Where:

$VMT_{BEV+FCEV}$ equals VMT by TNC BEVs and FCEVs for Period 3.

$VMT_{All\ vehicles}$ equals VMT by all TNC vehicles for Period 3.

The numerator and the denominator, respectively, shall be summed over all TNC vehicle trips in which Period 3 miles begin within the relevant calendar year.

- (3) If the total calculated percent eVMT as set forth in section 2490.1(e)(2) for a given calendar year does not result in a whole number, the number shall be rounded up to the nearest whole number if the tenths digit contains a 5 or higher, or rounded down to the nearest whole number otherwise.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 38530, 39600, 39601, and 43000.5, Health and Safety Code; Section 5450, Public Utilities Code. Reference: Section 44274.4, Health and Safety Code; Section 5431, Public Utilities Code.

§ 2490.2 Optional Credits

- (a) In any given calendar year starting with 2023, TNCs subject to the requirements in Section 2490.1 may use optional CO₂ credits as defined in this section for compliance with the annual GHG targets. Credits earned in this section must be used in the same year they are earned and cannot be banked for use in future years.
- (b) Optional credits, upon being issued, may be incorporated into the GHG compliance equation as shown in Equation 3.
- (c) Equation 3.

$$\frac{g\ CO_2}{PMT} = \frac{\sum (VMT_{P1,P2,P3} \times CO_2\ factor)_{trip} - CO_2\ credit}{\sum (VMT_{P3} \times occupancy)_{trip}}$$

Where:

PMT is passenger miles traveled

$VMT_{P1,P2,P3}$ equals VMT in miles (Periods 1, 2 and 3) of trips for all vehicles minus $eVMT_{P1,P2,P3}$ (Periods 1, 2, and 3 by BEVs and FCEVs)

CO_2 factor equals the CO_2 emission factor in grams CO_2 per mile as provided in Table 2 and Table 3

CO_2 credits are earned from options as described in § 2490.2(d) and (e)

VMT_{P3} equals period 3 VMT in miles driven by all drivers using any vehicle type

Occupancy equals the compliance occupancy value in the unit of passengers determined by Table 4

- (d) CO_2 credits from investment in bikeway and sidewalk infrastructure projects. TNCs may request optional CO_2 credits as calculated using Equation 4 through investments in bicycle and sidewalk infrastructure. Credits may be requested for the number of years the project is operational (i.e., project life) if the project meets the following requirements:
- (1) For bikeway infrastructure projects, the investment funds a Class I bikeway, Class II bikeway, or Class IV bikeway, as defined in California Streets and Highways Code Section 890.4.
 - (2) For sidewalk infrastructure projects, the investment funds construction or repair of a sidewalk. "Sidewalk" means a dedicated pedestrian path along a roadway, separated from motor vehicles by a curb. It does not include other infrastructure such as pedestrian overpass, bus bay or street furniture.
 - (3) Projects are identified in General Plans under Government Code section 65301, Bicycle Transportation Plans under California Streets and Highways Code section 891.2, or Regional Transportation Plans adopted in 2016 or later under Government Code section 65080.
 - (4) The investment used to qualify for CO_2 credits shall not be used to also fulfill any financial or other obligation of the TNC, including civil or criminal penalty agreements.
 - (5) Credits may only be earned beginning in the year the project becomes operational and can only be applied over the project life.
 - (6) The TNC shall submit all information required under Section 2490.3(b).
 - (7) The CO_2 credit to be applied shall be calculated using Equation 4.

(8) Equation 4.

$$CO_2 \text{ credit } (g \text{ CO}_2) = \frac{\text{Dollars invested } (\$) \times 907,185 \left(\frac{g}{\text{ton}}\right)}{\$128 \text{ per ton} \times \text{Project Life } (\text{years})}$$

Where,

Dollars invested is the amount the TNC invests in the local agency that leads the bikeway or sidewalk improvement project

Project life is the operational period of the bikeway or sidewalk in years

(e) CO₂ credits from TNC-to-mass-transit-connected trips. TNCs may obtain CO₂ credits from a vehicle trip that is connected to a mass transit trip (e.g., TNC trip that connects to transit or a transit trip that connects to a TNC trip). A mass transit connected trip is demonstrated by a payment transaction made by purchasing a mass transit ticket from a TNC app, or other methods from which verified TNC-to-mass-transit-connected trip data can be collected and submitted. TNCs may request optional CO₂ credit for a mass transit-connected trip if the trip meets the following requirements:

- (1) The TNC passenger purchases a connected trip, which includes a TNC vehicle trip to or from a mass transit trip, through a mass transit ticket purchased in the TNC app or other methods from which verified TNC-to-mass-transit-connected trip data can be collected and submitted.
- (2) The total CO₂ credit for the trip shall be calculated using Equation 5.
- (3) Equation 5.

$$CO_2 \text{ credit } (g \text{ CO}_2) = VMT_{T,P3}(\text{mi}) \times 242 \left(\frac{g}{\text{mi}}\right)$$

Where,

VMT_{T,P3} is the total distance of the TNC vehicle trip that is connected with a mass transit trip through a purchased mass transit ticket in the TNC app or other methods from which verified TNC-to-mass-transit-connected trip data can be collected and submitted

242 g/mi is the California fleet-wide average fuel economy for light-duty vehicles in the 2018 base year

- (4) The TNC shall submit all information required under Section 2490.3(b).

- (f) CPUC may develop additional optional CO₂ credit programs, in addition to those outlined in this section, for the TNCs to comply with annual GHG targets.
- (g) The TNCs may apply to CPUC for CO₂ credits, which it may issue only upon a finding that the TNC has submitted all required information for the credit option as described in Sections 2490.2(d) and 2490.2(e), that any supplemental information specifically requested by CARB or CPUC was submitted, that all information and data submitted are adequate for determining the amount of credit, and all other compliance requirements as described in section 2490.3 have been met.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 39600 and 39601, Health and Safety Code; Section 5450, Public Utilities Code. Reference: Section 44274.4, Health and Safety Code; Section 65301 and 65080, Government Code; Section 5431, Public Utilities Code; Sections 890.4 and 891.2, Streets and Highways Code.

§ 2490.3 Compliance and Reporting

- (a) Each TNC shall comply with data submittal requirements as defined by section 2490.3 of this regulation for purposes of demonstrating compliance with this regulation and the requirements of section 5450(b)(2) of the Public Utilities Code.
 - (1) Upon request, a TNC shall provide to CARB any information submitted to CPUC under this Clean Miles Standard Regulation.
 - (2) Unless otherwise specified, TNCs shall submit all information required under this chapter to CPUC.
 - (3) The TNC shall submit data according to the data categories listed in Attachments 1 and 2 of this regulation to CPUC, in addition to any other data CPUC requests.
- (b) Annual Compliance Report.
 - (1) *Applicability.* Any TNC that exceeds 5 million VMT in a single year of operation shall submit an Annual Compliance Report for that calendar year.
 - (2) *Small TNC exemption.* A TNC that does not exceed 5 million VMT in a single reporting year of operation is not required to submit an Annual Compliance Report for that calendar year. Upon request, an exempt TNC shall provide CARB with any data that would otherwise be required to be submitted under this chapter in order for CARB to verify the applicability of this exemption for the TNC.

- (3) A TNC shall submit an Annual Compliance Report on March 1 of each calendar year, beginning on March 1, 2024, covering the prior calendar year (from January 1st through December 31st) of TNC operation. The TNC shall report its annual GHG emissions (in g CO₂/PMT) and percent electric vehicle miles traveled (%eVMT) for the preceding compliance year. For example, the Annual Compliance Report due March 1, 2024 shall provide the g CO₂/PMT and %eVMT for calendar year 2023.
- (4) *Over-compliance credits.* If the TNC chooses to use any over-compliance credits issued to it by CPUC for its compliance, as described in Section 2490.1(d), the TNC shall report any such credits used in its Annual Compliance Report.
- (5) *Optional CO₂ credits.* If the TNC chooses to use CO₂ credits issued to it by CPUC from the options described in Section 2490.2, the TNC shall report any such credits used in its Annual Compliance Report.
- (6) In the Annual Compliance Report that summarizes each reporting period, the TNC shall report:
 - (A) Total fleetwide vehicle population
 - (B) Total fleetwide GHG (grams CO₂)
 - (C) Total fleetwide VMT
 - (D) Average compliance occupancy
 - (E) Average actual vehicle occupancy (based on real data or survey)
 - (F) Total compliance of GHG target (grams CO₂/PMT)
 - (G) Number of BEVs and FCEVs in fleet population
 - (H) Number of PHEVs in fleet population
 - (I) Number of HEVs in fleet population
 - (J) Total compliance % eVMT
 - (K) CO₂ credits being requested and from which credit option
- (7) If the TNC chooses to request optional CO₂ credits as described in Section 2490.2(d) for a given calendar year, the TNC shall submit:
 - (A) A signed letter from the CEQA lead agency for the bikeway or sidewalk infrastructure project which contains the reference in the General Plan, Bicycle Master Plan or Regional Transportation Plan
 - (B) The number of years the project will be operational (project life)
 - (C) Dollar amount invested
 - (D) Type of bikeway and sidewalk infrastructure (e.g., Class I, Class II, Class IV facilities)
 - (E) Street names and cities where the projects will be located

- (8) If the TNC chooses to request optional CO₂ credits for TNC to mass transit-connected trips as described in Section 2490.2(e), the TNC shall submit:
- (A) Date and time of TNC P3 trip start
 - (B) Latitude/longitude of TNC P3 trip start
 - (C) Date and time of TNC P3 trip end
 - (D) Latitude/longitude of TNC P3 trip end
 - (E) Length of TNC P3 trip
 - (F) Name of transit agency
 - (G) Transit station or stop where the TNC trip connects with a transit trip
 - (H) Verification of payment for TNC trip connected to transit trip

- (c) For any report submitted to CPUC or CARB under this chapter, the TNC shall include an attestation as follows: "I certify under penalty of *perjury* under the laws of the State of California that I have personally examined, and am familiar with, the statements and information submitted in this document and all its attachments. I certify under penalty of *perjury* of the laws of the State of California that the statement of information submitted is true, accurate, and complete."

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 38530, 39600, 39601, 39607, and 43000.5, Health and Safety Code; Section 5450, Public Utilities Code. Reference: Section 44274.4, Health and Safety Code; Section 5431, Public Utilities Code.

§ 2490.4 Severability and Use of Compliance Credits

- (a) Each provision of this chapter shall be deemed severable, and in the event that any provision of this chapter is held to be invalid, the remainder of this chapter shall continue in full force and effect.
- (b) *Credit value.* No provision of this article may be construed to limit the authority of the Executive Officer or CPUC to terminate or limit use of any compliance or over-compliance credit issued under this chapter. Any credit issued by CPUC does not constitute property or a property right and has no monetary value. Credits shall not be traded and are not exchangeable other than as specified in this section. Credits shall only be used for the purposes expressly set forth in this chapter.

NOTE: Authority cited: Sections 39600 and 39601, Health and Safety Code; Section 5450, Public Utilities Code. Reference: Section 44274.4, Health and Safety Code; Section 5431, Public Utilities Code.

Attachment 1

Required Trip Data Fields

Required Field	Definition
TNC ID	TNC carrier ID number
Submission Date	File submission date
Driver ID	Driver identification
VIN	Vehicle identification number
Vehicle Make	Vehicle make
Vehicle Model	Vehicle model
Vehicle Year	Vehicle year
App On Date	Date and time when driver app is turned on or last passenger is dropped off.
App On Or Passenger Dropped Off Lat	Latitude of driver when driver app is turned on or last passenger is dropped off.
App On Or Passenger Dropped Off Long	Longitude of driver when driver app is turned on or last passenger is dropped off.
Period One Miles Traveled	Distance of Period 1 vehicle miles traveled (app open to when match is accepted).
Req Accepted Date	Date and time the request was accepted.
Req Accepted Lat	Latitude of driver at time trip request was accepted.
Req Accepted Long	Longitude of driver at time trip request was accepted.
Passenger Pickup Date	Date and time of passenger pick-up. All times should be provided in local time.
Period Two Miles Traveled	Period 2 vehicle miles traveled (match accepted to when passenger in vehicle).

Required Field	Definition
Passenger Pickup Lat	Latitude of passenger pick-up
Passenger Pickup Long	Longitude of passenger pick-up
Passenger Dropoff Date	Date and time of passenger drop-off. All times should be provided in local time.
Passenger Dropoff Lat	Latitude of passenger drop-off
Passenger Dropoff Long	Longitude of passenger drop-off
Period Three Miles Traveled	Period 3 vehicle miles traveled from time passenger gets into vehicle to time passenger exits the vehicle.
Pool Request	Whether or not passenger party requested or accepted a shared ride service (Y/N).
Pool Match	Whether or not passenger party was matched with a separate party in the vehicle for any portion of the trip (Y/N).
Vehicle Occupancy	Number of passengers in vehicle
Service Type	Type of service (e.g., Uber Black, UberX, UberPool, Lyft Lux, Lyft Line, WAV, etc.)
Total Amount Paid	Total Amount Paid for Trip
Tip	Tip Amount of Total Amount Paid

Attachment 2

Required Driver Data

Required Field	Definition
TNC ID	TNC carrier ID number
Submission Date	File submission date
Driver ID	Driver identification
VINs	All vehicle identification numbers associated with driver.
Trip Revenue by Driver	Amount earned by the driver in the calendar year, equivalent to the sum of trip fares and tips, minus fees and commission taken by the TNC.
Total Revenue by Driver	The total revenue earned by the driver including bonuses and subsidies.
ZEV Subsidies	Subsidies given by the TNC to driver for ZEV purchase, lease, rental or charging.
Total Time in Period 2	Total time the driver spent in Period 2 in the calendar year.
Total Time in Period 3	Total time the driver spent in Period 3 in the calendar year.
Total Annual Miles by Driver	Total miles accrued in the calendar year.