ENCRYPTOLER A

PROPOSED MODIFIED TEXT OF THE PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE
NEW PASSENGER MOTOR VEHICLE GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSION
STANDARDS FOR MODEL YEARS 2017-2025 TO PERMIT COMPLIANCE
BASED ON FEDERAL GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS STANDARDS AND
ADDITIONAL MINOR REVISIONS TO THE LEV III AND ZEV REGULATIONS

The following text contains staff’s suggested modifications to the originally
proposed regulatory text for sections 1900, 1961, 1961.2, 1962.1, and 1962.2,
title 13 of the California Code of Regulations; to the “California 2015 and
Subsequent Model Criteria Pollutant Exhaust Emission Standards and Test
Procedures and 2017 and Subsequent Model Greenhouse Gas Exhaust
Emission Standards and Test Procedures for Passenger Cars, Light-Duty
Trucks, and Medium-Duty Vehicles;” to the “California 2001 through 2014 Model
Criteria Pollutant Exhaust Emission Standards and Test Procedures and 2009
through 2016 Model Greenhouse Gas Exhaust Emission Standards and Test
Procedures for Passenger Cars, Light-Duty Trucks, and Medium-Duty Vehicles;”
to the “California Exhaust Emission Standards and Test Procedures for 2009
through 2017 Model Zero-Emission Vehicles and Hybrid Electric Vehicles in the
Passenger Car, Light-Duty Truck and Medium-Duty Vehicle Classes;” and to the
“California Exhaust Emission Standards and Test Procedures for 2018 and
Subsequent Model Zero-Emission Vehicles and Hybrid Electric Vehicles in the
Passenger Car, Light-Duty Truck and Medium-Duty Vehicle Classes.” Unless
otherwise indicated below, the text of the originally proposed amendments is
shown in underline to indicate additions and strikeout to indicate deletions. The
modified language now proposed by staff is shown in double underline to indicate
additions and double strikeout to indicate deletions. Staff is proposing
modifications to limited portions of the original proposal; for some portions of the
original proposal for which no modifications are proposed, the text has been
omitted and the omission indicated by [No change] or “* * * *.”

There are no additional suggested modifications to the originally proposed
amendments to sections 1956.8, 1960.1, 1961.3, and 1976, title 13, CCR.
SUGGESTED CHANGES TO PROPOSED REGULATION ORDER
1. Amend title 13, CCR, section 1900 to read as follows:

§ 1900. Definitions.

(22) “Small volume manufacturer” means, with respect to the 2001 and subsequent model-years, a manufacturer with California sales less than 4,500 new passenger cars, light-duty trucks, medium-duty vehicles, heavy-duty vehicles and heavy-duty engines based on the average number of vehicles sold for the three previous consecutive model years for which a manufacturer seeks certification as a small volume manufacturer; however, for manufacturers certifying for the first time in California model-year sales shall be based on projected California sales. A manufacturer’s California sales shall consist of all vehicles or engines produced by the manufacturer and delivered for sale in California, except that vehicles or engines produced by the manufacturer and marketed in California by another manufacturer under the other manufacturer’s nameplate shall be treated as California sales of the marketing manufacturer.

For the purposes of this paragraph, all manufacturers whose annual sales are aggregated together under the provisions of this subsection (b)(22) shall be defined as “related manufacturers.” Notwithstanding such aggregation, the Executive Officer may make a determination of operational independence if all of the following criteria are met for at least 24 months preceding the application submittal: (1) for the three years preceding the year in which the initial application is submitted, the average California sales for the applicant does not exceed 4,500 vehicles per year; (2) no financial or other support of economic value is provided by related manufacturers for purposes of design, parts procurement, R&D and production facilities and operation, and any other transactions between related manufacturers are conducted under normal commercial arrangements like those conducted with other parties, at competitive pricing rates to the manufacturer; (3) related manufacturers maintain separate and independent research and development, testing, and production facilities; (4) the applicant related manufacturers does not use any vehicle powertrains or platforms developed or produced by related manufacturers; (5) patents are not held jointly with related manufacturers; (6) related manufacturers maintain separate business administration, legal, purchasing, sales, and marketing departments, as well as autonomous decision-making on commercial matters; (7) the overlap of the Board of Directors between
related manufacturers is limited to 25% with no sharing of top operational management, including president, chief executive officer, chief financial officer, and chief operating officer, and provided that no individual overlapping director or combination of overlapping directors exercises exclusive management control over either or both companies; and (8) parts or components supply between related companies must be established through open market process, and to the extent that the manufacturer sells parts/components to non-related manufacturers, it does so through the open market a competitive pricing. Any manufacturer applying for operational independence must submit to ARB an Attestation Engagement from an independent certified public accountant or firm of such accountants verifying the accuracy of the information contained in the application, as defined by and in accordance with the procedures established in 40 C.F.R. §80.125, as last amended January 19, 2007, which is incorporated herein by reference. The applicant must submit information to update any of the above eight criteria as material changes to any of the criteria occur. If there are no material changes to any of the criteria, the applicant must certify that to the Executive Officer annually. With respect to any such changes, the Executive Officer may consider extraordinary conditions (e.g., changes to economic conditions, unanticipated market changes, etc.) and may continue to find the applicant to be operationally independent. In the event that a manufacturer loses eligibility as a “small volume manufacturer” after a material change occurs, the manufacturer must begin compliance with the primary emissions program in the third model year after the model year in which the manufacturer loses its eligibility. The Executive Officer may, in his or her discretion, re-establish lost “small volume manufacturer” status if the manufacturer shows that it has met the operational independence criteria for three consecutive years.

* * * * *
2. Amend title 13, CCR, section 1961 to read as follows:


* * * *

(a) Exhaust Emission Standards.

(1) “LEV II” Exhaust Standards. The following standards are the maximum exhaust emissions for the intermediate and full useful life from new 2004 through 2019 model-year “LEV II” LEVs, ULEVs, and SULEVs, including fuel-flexible, bi-fuel and dual fuel vehicles when operating on the gaseous or alcohol fuel they are designed to use. 2015 – 2019 model-year LEV II LEV vehicles may be certified to the 150,000 mile NMOG+NOx emission standards numerical values for LEV160, LEV395, or LEV630, as applicable, in subsection 1961.2(a)(1) and the corresponding NMOG+NOx numerical values in subsection 1961.2(a)(4), in lieu of the separate NMOG and NOx exhaust emission standards in this subsection (a)(1) and subsection (a)(4); and LEV II ULEV vehicles may be certified to the 150,000 mile NMOG+NOx emission standards numerical values for ULEV125, ULEV340, or ULEV570, as applicable, in subsection 1961.2(a)(1) and the corresponding NMOG+NOx numerical values in subsection 1961.2(a)(4), in lieu of the separate NMOG and NOx exhaust emission standards in this subsection (a)(1) and the corresponding NMOG+NOx numerical values in subsection (a)(4); 2015 – 2019 model-year LEV II SULEV vehicles that receive a partial ZEV allowance in accordance with the “California Exhaust Emission Standards and Test Procedures for 2009 through 2017 Model Zero-Emission Vehicles and Hybrid Electric Vehicles, in the Passenger Car, Light-Duty Truck and Medium-Duty Vehicle Classes” and 2015 – 2016 model year vehicles that are allowed to certify to LEV II SULEV standards using “carryover” of emission test data under the provisions in subsection 1961.2(b)(2) may be certified to the 150,000 mile NMOG+NOx emission standards for SULEV30, SULEV170, or SULEV230, as applicable, in subsection 1961.2(a)(1) and the corresponding NMOG+NOx numerical values in subsection 1961.2(a)(4), in lieu of the separate NMOG and NOx exhaust emission standards in this subsection (a)(1) and the corresponding NMOG+NOx numerical values in subsection (a)(4). LEV II SULEV vehicles that do not either (1) receive a partial ZEV allowance or (2) certify to LEV II SULEV standards in the 2015 – 2016 model years using “carryover” of emission test data may not certify to combined NMOG+NOx standards.

* * * *
3. Amend title 13, CCR, section 1961.2 to read as follows:


   * * * *

   (a) Exhaust Emission Standards.

   (1) “LEV III” Exhaust Standards. The following standards are the maximum exhaust emissions for the full useful life from new 2015 and subsequent model year “LEV III” passenger cars, light-duty trucks, and medium-duty vehicles, including fuel-flexible, bi-fuel and dual-fuel vehicles when operating on the gaseous or alcohol fuel they are designed to use. 2015 – 2019 model-year LEV II LEV vehicles may be certified to the 150,000 mile NMOG+NOx emission standards numerical values for LEV160, LEV395, or LEV630, as applicable, in this subsection (a)(1) and the corresponding NMOG+NOx numerical values in subsection (a)(4), in lieu of the separate NMOG and NOx exhaust emission standards in subsections 1961(a)(1) and the corresponding NMOG numerical values in subsection 1961(a)(4); and LEV II ULEV vehicles may be certified to the 150,000 mile NMOG+NOx emission standards numerical values for ULEV125, ULEV340, or ULEV570, as applicable, in this subsection (a)(1) and the corresponding NMOG+NOx numerical values in subsection (a)(4), in lieu of the separate NMOG and NOx exhaust emission standards in subsections 1961(a)(1) and the corresponding NMOG numerical values in subsection 1961(a)(4); and LEV II SULEV vehicles may be certified to the NMOG+NOx numerical values for SULEV30, SULEV170, or SULEV230, as applicable, in this subsection (a)(1) the corresponding NMOG+NOx numerical values in subsection (a)(4), in lieu of the separate NMOG and NOx exhaust emission standards in subsections 1961(a)(1) and 1961(a)(4). 2015 – 2019 model-year LEV II SULEV vehicles that receive a partial ZEV allowance in accordance with the “California Exhaust Emission Standards and Test Procedures for 2009 through 2017 Model Zero-Emission Vehicles and Hybrid Electric Vehicles in the Passenger Car, Light-Duty Truck and Medium-Duty Vehicle Classes” and 2015 – 2016 model year vehicles that are allowed to certify to LEV II SULEV standards using “carryover” of emission test data under the provisions in subsection (b)(2) may be certified to the 150,000 mile NMOG+NOx emission standards for SULEV30, SULEV170, or SULEV230, as applicable, in this subsection (a)(1) and the corresponding NMOG+NOx numerical values in subsection (a)(4), in lieu of the separate NMOG and NOx exhaust emission standards in subsections 1961(a)(1) and the corresponding NMOG numerical values in subsection 1961(a)(4). LEV II SULEV vehicles that do not either (1) receive a partial ZEV allowance or (2) certify to LEV II SULEV standards in the 2015 – 2016 model years using “carryover” of emission test data may not certify to combined NMOG+NOx standards. Such LEV II vehicles that
certify to combined NMOG+NOx standards will be treated as LEV II vehicles for purposes of the fleet-wide phase-in requirements.

(b) Emission Standards Phase-In Requirements for Manufacturers.

(1) Fleet Average NMOG + NOx Requirements for Passenger Cars, Light-Duty Trucks, and Medium-Duty Passenger Vehicles.

(A) The fleet average non-methane organic gas plus oxides of nitrogen exhaust mass emission values from the passenger cars, light-duty trucks, and medium-duty passenger vehicles that are produced and delivered for sale in California each model year by a manufacturer other than a small volume manufacturer shall not exceed:

1. PZEV Anti-Backsliding Requirement. In the 2018 and subsequent model years, a manufacturer must produce and deliver for sale in California a minimum percentage of its passenger car and light-duty truck fleet that certifies to SULEV30 and SULEV20 standards. This minimum percentage must be equal to the average percentage of PZEVs produced and deliver for sale in California for that manufacturer for the 2015 through 2017 model year. A manufacturer may calculate this average percentage using the projected sales for these model years in lieu of actual sales. The percentage of a manufacturer’s passenger car and light-duty truck fleet that certifies to SULEV30 and SULEV20 standards averaged across the applicable model year and the two previous model years shall be used to determine compliance with this requirement, beginning with the 2020 model year.

(c) Calculation of NMOG + NOx Credits/Debits

(3) Procedure for Offsetting Debits.

(B) For the 2015 and subsequent model years, the emission credits earned in any given model year shall retain full value through five subsequent model years. Credits will have no value if not used by the beginning of the sixth model year after being earned.
4. Amend title 13, CCR, section 1962.1 to read as follows:


* * * * *

(c) Partial ZEV Allowance Vehicles (PZEVs).

* * * * *

(3) Zero-Emission VMT PZEV Allowance.

(A) Calculation of Zero–Emission VMT Allowance. A vehicle that meets the requirements of subdivision 1962.1(c)(2) and has zero-emission vehicle miles traveled (“VMT”) capability will generate an additional zero-emission VMT PZEV allowance calculated as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Zero-emission VMT Allowance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EAER_{u} &lt; 10 miles</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EAER_{u} ≥10 to 40 miles</td>
<td>EAER_{u} x (1 – UF_{Rcd})/11.028</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EAER_{u} &gt; 40 miles</td>
<td>( (EAER_{u40}) x \left[ \frac{1 – (UF_{40} \times R_{cd})/EAER_{u}}{11.028} \right] \times 3.627 x (1 – UF_{40}) )</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Where,
- \( UF_{40} \) = utility factor at 40 miles
- \( EAER_{u40} \) = 40 miles
- \( n = 40 \times (R_{cd}/EAER_{u}) \)

A vehicle cannot generate more than 1.39 zero-emission VMT PZEV allowances.

The urban equivalent all-electric range (EAER_{u}) and urban charge depletion range actual (R_{cd}) shall be determined in accordance with section G.5.411.4 and G.11.9, respectively, of these of the “California Exhaust Emission Standards and Test Procedures for 2009 through 2017 Model Zero-Emission Vehicles, and Hybrid Electric Vehicles, in the Passenger Car, Light-Duty Truck and Medium Duty Vehicle Classes,” adopted December 17, 2008, and last amended March 22, 2012[INSERT DATE OF AMENDMENT], incorporated by reference in section 1962.1(h). The utility Factor (UF)
shall be determined according to SAE J2841 SEP2010 from the Fleet Utility Factors (FUF) Table in Appendix B or using a polynomial curve fit with “FUF Fit” coefficients from Table 2 Utility Factor Equation Coefficients based on the charge depleting actual range (urban cycle) (R_{UCA}) shall be determined according to Section 4.5.2 Equation 6 and the “Fleet UF” Utility Factor Equation Coefficients in Section 4.5.2, Table 3 of SAE J2841 March 2009.

* * * * *
5. Amend title 13, CCR, section 1962.2 to read as follows:


* * * * *

(c) Transitional Zero-Emission Vehicles (TZEV).

* * * * *

(3) Allowances for TZEVs

(A) Zero-Emission Vehicle Miles Traveled TZEV Allowance Calculation.
A vehicle that meets the requirements of subdivision 1962.2(c)(2) and has zero-emission vehicle miles traveled (VMT), as defined by and calculated by the "California Exhaust Emission Standards and Test Procedures for 2018 and Subsequent Model Zero-Emission Vehicles and Hybrid Electric Vehicles, in the Passenger Car, Light-Duty Truck and Medium-Duty Vehicle Classes," adopted March 22, 2012, which is incorporated herein by reference, and measured as equivalent all electric range (EAER) capability will generate an allowance according to the following equation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UDDS Test Cycle Range (EAER)</th>
<th>Allowance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&lt;10 all electric miles</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>≥10 all electric miles</td>
<td>TZEV Credit = [(0.01) * EAER + 0.30]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&gt;80 miles (credit cap)</td>
<td>1.10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* * * *

1. Allowance for US06 Capability. TZEVs with US06 all electric range capability (AER) of at least 10 miles shall earn an additional 0.2 allowance. US06 test cycle range capability shall be determined in accordance with section EF.8G.7.5 of the “California Exhaust Emission Standards and Test Procedures for the 2018 and Subsequent Model Zero-Emission Vehicles, and Hybrid Electric Vehicles in the Passenger Car, Light-Duty Truck, and Medium Duty Vehicle Classes,” adopted March 22, 2012, last amended [INSERT DATE OF AMENDMENT], which is incorporated herein by reference.

* * * * *
PROPOSED 15-DAY MODIFICATIONS

CALIFORNIA 2015 AND SUBSEQUENT MODEL CRITERIA POLLUTANT EXHAUST EMISSION STANDARDS AND TEST PROCEDURES AND 2017 AND SUBSEQUENT MODEL GREENHOUSE GAS EXHAUST EMISSION STANDARDS AND TEST PROCEDURES FOR PASSENGER CARS, LIGHT-DUTY TRUCKS, AND MEDIUM-DUTY VEHICLES

Adopted: March 22, 2012
Amended: [INSERT DATE OF AMENDMENT]

Note: The following text contains staff’s suggested modifications to these test procedures as originally proposed September 14, 2012. Unless otherwise indicated below, the text of the originally proposed amendments to this document are shown in underline to indicate additions and strikeout to indicate deletions compared to the test procedures as adopted March 22, 2012. The modified language now proposed by staff is shown in double underline to indicate additions and double strikeout to indicate deletions. Staff is proposing modifications to limited portions of the original proposal; for some portions of the original proposal for which no modifications are proposed, the text has been omitted and the omission indicated by [No change] or “* * * *.” [No change] also indicates proposed federal provisions that are also proposed for incorporation herein without change. Existing intervening text that is not amended in this rulemaking is indicated by “* * * *.”
CALIFORNIA 2015 AND SUBSEQUENT MODEL CRITERIA POLLUTANT EXHAUST EMISSION STANDARDS AND TEST PROCEDURES AND 2017 AND SUBSEQUENT MODEL GREENHOUSE GAS EXHAUST EMISSION STANDARDS AND TEST PROCEDURES FOR PASSENGER CARS, LIGHT-DUTY TRUCKS, AND MEDIUM-DUTY VEHICLES

PART I: GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR CERTIFICATION AND IN-USE VERIFICATION OF EMISSIONS

A. General Applicability

1. §86.1801 Applicability.


      * * * *

B. Definitions, Acronyms and Abbreviations

1. §86.1803 Definitions.


2. California Definitions.

   * * * *

   “Subconfiguration” means a unique combination within a vehicle configuration that meets the criteria in 40 CFR §600.002-08 (May 7, 2010 October 15, 2012).

   * * * *
D. §86.1810 General standards; increase in emissions; unsafe conditions; waivers


* * * *

E. California Exhaust Emission Standards.

* * * *

1. Exhaust Emission Standards.

1.1 FTP Exhaust Emission Standards for Light- and Medium-Duty Vehicles.

The exhaust emission standards set forth in this section refer to the exhaust emitted over the driving schedule set forth in title 40, CFR Part 86, Subparts B and C, except as amended in these test procedures.

1.1.1 LEV II Exhaust Standards. The following LEV II standards are the maximum exhaust emissions for the intermediate and full useful life from new 2015 through 2019 model year LEVs, ULEVs, and SULEVs, including fuel-flexible, bi-fuel and dual fuel vehicles when operating on the gaseous or alcohol fuel they are designed to use, except that for the 2015 through 2019 model years, SULEV exhaust standards shall only apply to vehicles that receive partial zero-emission vehicle credits according to the criteria set forth in section C.3 of the “California Exhaust Emission Standards and Test Procedures for 2009 through 2017 Model Zero-Emission Vehicles and Hybrid Electric Vehicles, in the Passenger Car, Light-Duty Truck and Medium-Duty Vehicle Classes” or the “California Exhaust Emission Standards and Test Procedures for 2018 and Subsequent Model Zero-Emission Vehicles and Hybrid Electric Vehicles, in the Passenger Car, Light-Duty Truck and Medium-Duty Vehicle Classes,” incorporated by reference in section 1962.2, title 13, CCR. Vehicles that are certified to the particulate standards in section E.1.1.2.1 may not certify to LEV II standards.

2015 – 2019 model-year LEV II LEV vehicles may be certified to the 150,000 mile NMOG+NOx emission standards numerical values for LEV160, LEV395, or LEV630, as applicable, in section E.1.1.2 and the corresponding NMOG+NOx numerical values in section E.1.4.2, in lieu of the separate NMOG and NOx exhaust emission standards in this section E.1.1.1 and the corresponding NMOG+NOx numerical values in section E.1.4.1; and LEV II ULEV vehicles may be certified to the 150,000 mile NMOG+NOx emission standards numerical values for ULEV125, ULEV340, or ULEV570, as applicable, in section E.1.1.2 and the corresponding NMOG+NOx numerical values in section E.1.4.2, in lieu of the separate NMOG and NOx exhaust emission standards in this section E.1.1.1 and the corresponding NMOG+NOx numerical values in section E.1.4.1; and LEV II SULEV...
vehicles may be certified to the NMOG+NOx numerical values for SULEV30, SULEV170, or SULEV230, as applicable, in section E.1.1.2 and the corresponding NMOG+NOx numerical values in section E.1.4.2, in lieu of the separate NMOG and NOx exhaust emission standards in this section E.1.1.1 and the corresponding NMOG+NOx numerical values in section E.1.4.1. 2015 – 2019 model-year LEV II SULEV vehicles that receive a partial ZEV allowance in accordance with the “California Exhaust Emission Standards and Test Procedures for 2009 through 2017 Model Zero-Emission Vehicles and Hybrid Electric Vehicles, in the Passenger Car, Light-Duty Truck and Medium-Duty Vehicle Classes” and 2015 – 2016 model year vehicles that are allowed to certify to LEV II SULEV standards using “carryover” of emission test data under the provisions in section E.2.2 may be certified to the 150,000 mile NMOG+NOx emission standards for SULEV30, SULEV170, or SULEV230, as applicable, in section E.1.1.2 and the corresponding NMOG+NOx numerical values in section E.1.4.2, in lieu of the separate NMOG and NOx exhaust emission standards in this section E.1.1.1 and the corresponding NMOG numerical values in section E.1.4.1. LEV II SULEV vehicles that do not either (1) receive a partial ZEV allowance or (2) certify to LEV II SULEV standards in the 2015 – 2016 model years using “carryover” of emission test data may not certify to combined NMOG+NOx standards. SUCH LEV II vehicles that certify to combined NMOG+NOx standards will be treated as LEV II vehicles for purposes of the fleet-wide phase-in requirements.

2. Emission Standards Phase-In Requirements for Manufacturers.

2.1 Fleet Average NMOG + NOx Requirements for Passenger Cars, Light-Duty Trucks, and Medium-Duty Passenger Vehicles.

2.1.1 The fleet average non-methane organic gas plus oxides of nitrogen exhaust mass emission values from the passenger cars, light-duty trucks, and medium-duty passenger vehicles produced and delivered for sale in California each model year by a manufacturer other than a small volume manufacturer shall not exceed:

2.1.1.2 PZEVs Anti-Backsliding Requirement. In the 2018 and subsequent model years, a manufacturer must produce and deliver for sale in California a minimum percentage of its passenger car and light-duty truck fleet that certifies to SULEV30 and SULEV20 standards. This minimum percentage must be equal to the average percentage of PZEVs produced and deliver for sale in California for that manufacturer for the 2015 through 2017 model year. A manufacturer may calculate this average percentage using the projected sales for these model years in lieu of actual sales. The percentage of a manufacturer’s passenger car and light-duty truck fleet that certifies to SULEV30 and SULEV20 standards averaged across the applicable model year and the two previous model years shall be used to determine compliance with this requirement, beginning with the 2020 model year.
2.5 Greenhouse Gas Requirements for Passenger Cars, Light-Duty Trucks, and Medium-Duty Passenger Vehicles.

2.5.3 Alternative Fleet Average Standards for Manufacturers with Limited U.S. Sales. Manufacturers meeting the criteria in this section E.2.5.3 may request that the Executive Officer establish alternative fleet average CO\textsubscript{2} standards that would apply instead of the standards in section E.2.5.1. The provisions of this section E.2.5.3 are applicable only to the 2017 and subsequent model years.

2.5.3.3 How to Request Alternative Fleet Average Standards. Eligible manufacturers may petition for alternative standards for up to five consecutive model years if sufficient information is available on which to base such standards.

2.5.3.3.4 A manufacturer may elect to petition for alternative standards under this section E. 2.5.3.3 by submitting to ARB a copy of the data and information submitted to EPA as required under 40 CFR §86.1818-12 (g) (as adopted by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency on August 28, 2012, 77 Fed. Reg. [insert page], August [insert date], October 15, 2012), as incorporated by reference, herein, and the EPA approval of the manufacturer’s request for alternative fleet average standards for the 2017 through 2025 MY National Greenhouse Gas Program.

3. Calculation of Credits/Debits

3.1 Calculation of NMOG+NOx Credits/Debits

3.1.3 Procedure for Offsetting NMOG+NOx Debits.

3.1.3.2 For the 2015 and subsequent model years, the emission credits earned in any given model year shall retain full value through five subsequent model years. Credits will have no value if not used by the beginning of the sixth model year after being earned.
F. Requirements and Procedures for Durability Demonstration

4. §86.1823 Durability demonstration procedures for exhaust emissions.


G. Procedures for Demonstration of Compliance with Emission Standards

3. §86.1829 Durability data and emission data testing requirements; waivers.


11. §86.1837 Rounding of emission measurements.

11.2 Fleet average NMOG+NOx value calculations shall be rounded, in accordance with ASTM E29-67, to four significant figures before comparing with fleet average NMOG+NOx requirements.
J. Procedural Requirements

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PART II: CALIFORNIA EXHAUST AND PARTICULATE EMISSION TEST PROCEDURES FOR PASSENGER CARS, LIGHT-DUTY TRUCKS AND MEDIUM-DUTY VEHICLES

This part describes the equipment required and the procedures necessary to perform gaseous and particulate exhaust emission tests (40 CFR Part 86, Subpart B); cold temperature test procedures (40 CFR Part 86, Subpart C); the California 50\textdegree F test procedure; and the supplemental federal test procedure (40 CFR Part 86, Subpart B) on passenger cars, light-duty trucks and medium-duty vehicles.

100.2 Equipment and Facility Requirements.

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100.5 Test Procedures and Data Requirements.

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PROPOSED 15-DAY MODIFICATIONS


Adopted: August 5, 1999
Amended: December 27, 2000
Amended: July 30, 2002
Amended: September 5, 2003 (corrected February 20, 2004)
Amended: May 28, 2004
Amended: August 4, 2005
Amended: June 22, 2006
Amended: October 17, 2007
Amended: May 2, 2008
Amended: December 2, 2009
Amended: February 22, 2010
Amended: March 29, 2010
Amended: September 27, 2010
Amended: March 22, 2012
Amended: [INSERT DATE OF AMENDMENT]

Note: The following text contains staff’s suggested modifications to these test procedures as originally proposed September 14, 2012. Unless otherwise indicated below, the text of the originally proposed amendments to this document are shown in underline to indicate additions and strikeout to indicate deletions compared to the test procedures as adopted March 22, 2012. The modified language now proposed by staff is shown in double underline to indicate additions and double strikeout to indicate deletions. Staff is proposing modifications to limited portions of the original proposal; for some portions of the original proposal for which no modifications are proposed, the text has been omitted and the omission indicated by [No change] or “* * * *.” [No change] also indicates proposed federal provisions that are also proposed for incorporation herein without change. Existing intervening text that is not amended in this rulemaking is indicated by “* * * *.”
PART I: GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR CERTIFICATION AND IN-USE VERIFICATION OF EMISSIONS

F. Requirements and Procedures for Durability Demonstration

4. §86.1823 Durability demonstration procedures for exhaust emissions.


G. Procedures for Demonstration of Compliance with Emission Standards

3. §86.1829 Durability data and emission data testing requirements; waivers.


J. Procedural Requirements

15. §86.1865-12 How to comply with the fleet average CO₂ standards. September 15, 2011 [as adopted by EPA on August 28, 2012, 77 Fed. Reg. [insert page], August [insert date], October 15, 2012]. [No change, except that this section shall only apply to vehicles certifying under the 2012 through 2016 MY National greenhouse gas program.]


PART II: CALIFORNIA EXHAUST AND PARTICULATE EMISSION TEST PROCEDURES FOR PASSENGER CARS, LIGHT-DUTY TRUCKS AND MEDIUM-DUTY VEHICLES


100.2 Equipment and Facility Requirements.

100.5 Test Procedures and Data Requirements.

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86.167-17 AC17 Air Conditioning Emissions Test Procedure. [as adopted by EPA on August 28, 2012, 77 Fed. Reg. [insert page], August [insert date], October 15, 2012. [No change, except that this section shall only apply to vehicles certifying under the 2012 through 2016 MY National greenhouse gas program.]

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PROPOSED 15-DAY MODIFICATIONS

CALIFORNIA EXHAUST EMISSION STANDARDS AND TEST PROCEDURES FOR 2009 THROUGH 2017 MODEL ZERO-EMISSION VEHICLES AND HYBRID ELECTRIC VEHICLES, IN THE PASSENGER CAR, LIGHT-DUTY TRUCK AND MEDIUM-DUTY VEHICLE CLASSES

Adopted: December 17, 2008
Amended: December 2, 2009
Amended: March 22, 2012
Amended: [insert date of amendment]

Note: The following text contains staff’s suggested modifications to these test procedures as originally proposed September 14, 2012. Unless otherwise indicated below, the text of the originally proposed amendments to this document are shown in underline to indicate additions and strikeout to indicate deletions compared to the test procedures as adopted March 22, 2012. The modified language now proposed by staff is shown in double underline to indicate additions and double strikeout to indicate deletions. Staff is proposing modifications to limited portions of the original proposal; for some portions of the original proposal for which no modifications are proposed, the text has been omitted and the omission indicated by [No change] or “* * * *.” [No change] also indicates proposed federal provisions that are also proposed for incorporation herein without change. Existing intervening text that is not amended in this rulemaking is indicated by “* * * *”.

A-23
C. Zero-Emission Vehicle Standards.

3. Partial ZEV Allowance Vehicles (PZEVs).

3.3 Zero-Emission VMT PZEV Allowance.

(a) Calculation of Zero-Emission VMT Allowance. A vehicle that meets the requirements of subdivision C.3.2 and has zero-emission vehicle miles traveled (“VMT”) capability will generate an additional zero emission VMT PZEV allowance, calculated as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Zero-emission VMT Allowance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EAER_u &lt; 10 miles</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EAER_u ≥10 to 40 miles</td>
<td>EAER_u x (1 – UF_{Rcda})/11.028</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EAER_u &gt; 40 miles</td>
<td>( \frac{(EAER_{u40}) \times \left[ 1 - \frac{(UF_{40} + Fcda/EAER_u)}{41.028} \right]}{11.028} \times 3.627 \times (1 - UF_0) )</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Where,  
\( UF_{40} = \) utility factor at 40 miles  
\( EAER_{u40} = 40 \) miles  
\( n = 40 \times (Rcda/EAER_u) \)

A vehicle cannot generate more than 1.39 zero-emission VMT PZEV allowance.
The urban equivalent all-electric range (EAERu) and urban charge depletion range actual (Rcda) shall be determined in accordance with section G.5.411.4 and G.11.9, respectively, of these test procedures. The utility Factor (UF) shall be determined according to SAE J2841 SEP2010 from the Fleet Utility Factors (FUF) Table in Appendix B or using a polynomial curve fit with “FUF Fit” coefficients from Table 2 Utility Factor Equation Coefficients based on the charge depleting actual range (urban cycle) (Rcda) shall be determined according to Section 4.5.2 Equation 6 and the “Fleet UF” Utility Factor Equation Coefficients in Section 4.5.2, Table 3 of SAE J2841 March 2009.

*   *   *   *   *
PROPOSED 15-DAY MODIFICATIONS

CALIFORNIA EXHAUST EMISSION STANDARDS AND TEST PROCEDURES FOR 2018 AND SUBSEQUENT MODEL ZERO-EMISSION VEHICLES AND HYBRID ELECTRIC VEHICLES, IN THE PASSENGER CAR, LIGHT-DUTY TRUCK AND MEDIUM-DUTY VEHICLE CLASSES

Adopted: March 22, 2012
Amended: [INSERT DATE OF AMENDMENT]

Note: The following text contains staff’s suggested modifications to these test procedures as originally proposed September 14, 2012. Unless otherwise indicated below, the text of the originally proposed amendments to this document are shown in underline to indicate additions and strikeout to indicate deletions compared to the test procedures as adopted March 22, 2012. The modified language now proposed by staff is shown in double underline to indicate additions and double strikeout to indicate deletions. Staff is proposing modifications to limited portions of the original proposal; for some portions of the original proposal for which no modifications are proposed, the text has been omitted and the omission indicated by [No change] or “* * * *.” [No change] also indicates proposed federal provisions that are also proposed for incorporation herein without change. Existing intervening text that is not amended in this rulemaking is indicated by “* * * *”.

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C. Zero-Emission Vehicle Standards.


3.3 Allowances for TZEVs.

(a) Zero Emission Vehicle Miles Traveled TZEV Allowance Calculation. A vehicle that meets the requirements of subdivision C.3.2 and has zero-emission vehicle miles traveled (VMT), as defined by and calculated by this test procedure and measured as equivalent all electric range (EAER) capability will generate allowance according to the following equation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UDDS Test Cycle Range (EAER)</th>
<th>Allowance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&lt;10 all electric miles</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>≥10 miles range</td>
<td>TZEV Credit = [(0.01) * EAER + 0.30]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&gt;80 miles (credit cap)</td>
<td>1.10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) Allowance for US06 Capability. TZEVs with US06 all electric range capability (AER) of at least 10 miles shall earn an additional 0.2 allowance. US06 test cycle range capability shall be determined in accordance with section E-8G.7.5 of these test procedures.