Proposed Research Projects for Fiscal Year 2020-2021

DECEMBER 13, 2019



Strategic Guidance

- 22 Research initiatives
- Guides annual project selection
- In-house, collaborations, and contracted projects



Building on the Success of the Triennial Plan

- Address anticipated challenges holistically
- Larger near-term investments to prepare for long-term goals
- Leverage in-house expertise and cutting edge technology







Air Quality







Climate



Research Screening Committee



Harold Cota, Ph.D. Cal Poly, San Luis Obispo (Chairman)



Philip Fine, Ph.D. SCAQMD



Rachel Morello-Frosch, Ph.D., M.P.H. U.C. Berkeley



Rashid Shaikh, Ph.D. Health Effects Institute



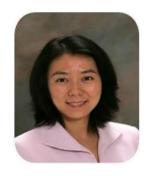
Tim Wallington, Ph.D. Ford Motor Company



Suzanne Paulson, Ph.D. UCLA



William Eisenstein, Ph.D. U.C. Berkeley



Yifang Zhu, Ph.D. UCLA



Alan Vette, Ph.D. U.S. EPA



J.R. DeShazo, Ph.D. UCLA

12/5/2019

Planning Considerations

AIR QUALITY	Reduce diesel PM risk 85% 2020	Attainment year for ozone & PM2.5 2023/2024/2025	75 ppb 8-hr ozone standard 2031		70 ppb 8-hr ozone standard 2037		
	2020	2025	2030	> 2035	2040	2045	2050
CLIMATE	2020 Reduce GHG emissions to 1990 levels Meet 2020 SB375 regional GHG targets	2025 Vehicles emit 50% less GHGs	2030 Reduce GHG emissions to 40% below 1990 levels Reduce SLCP emissions 40- 50% below 2013 levels	2035 Meet SB375 regional GHG targets		2045 Achieve carbon neutrality	2050 Reduce GHG emissions to 80% below 1990 levels

12/5/2019 5

Planning Timeline

YOU ARE HERE

RESEARCH PLANNING Board Approval
Proposed Projects
FY 2020-21
December

Board Approval Proposed Projects FY 2020-21

&

Triennial Plan FY 2021-2024

December

2019

2020

ENGAGEMENT

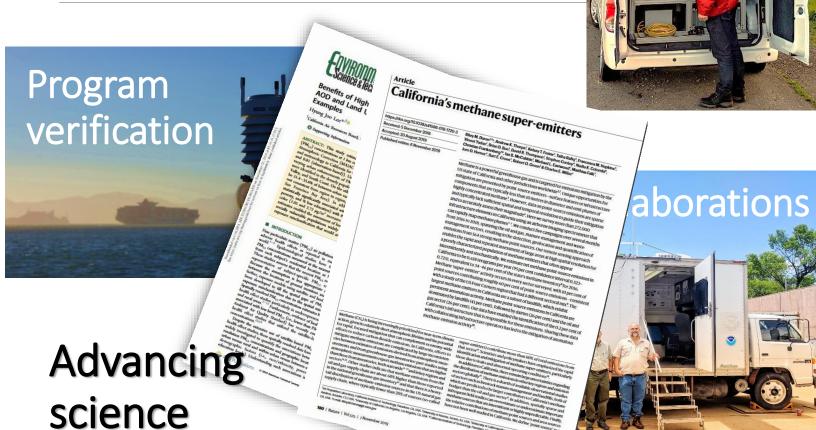
June Public Concepts October

Research RoundTable March

Public Workshops June

Public Concepts







Proposed Projects for FY 2020-2021

Large projects: Real World Verification

- 1. Improving air quality in a changing climate \$950k
- 2. Real-world vehicle emission monitoring \$900k

Leveraged Funds \$5 M

- 3. VMT strategies implementation gap \$500k
- 4. Total exposure in disadvantaged communities-\$800k
- 5. Facilitate lower-polluting consumer choices \$650k

Total - \$3.8M

6. Low-carbon transportation incentive strategies - \$1M

Total - \$4.8M

1. Improving air quality in a changing climate

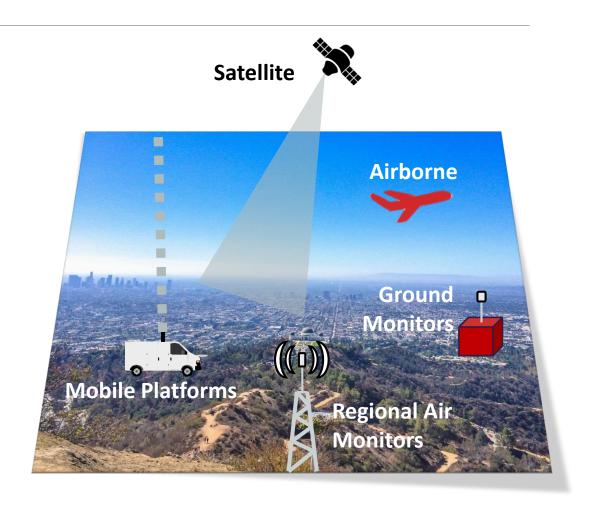




What is the optimal path toward meeting future SIP targets in a changing climate?

What is the path to SIP targets in a changing climate?

- Determine sources of VOCs in the South Coast Air Basin
- Assess how increased temperatures impact future air quality
- Improve our understanding of O₃ and PM2.5 formation



2. Real-world vehicle emission monitoring

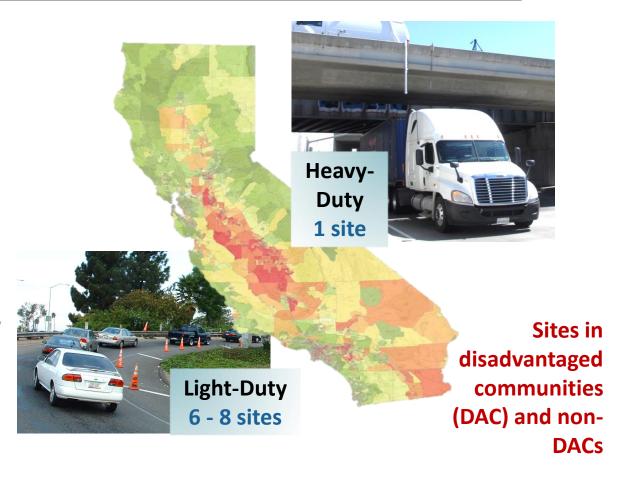




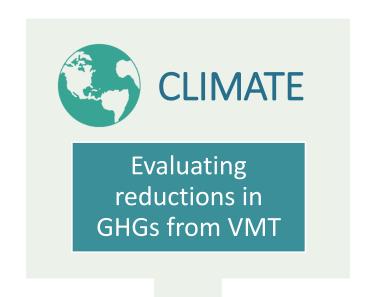
How and why are real world vehicular emissions different than expected?

Are real world vehicular emissions different than expected?

- Use remote sensing for roadside measurements
- Identify conditions that make emissions vary from the standards
- Inform emission reduction strategies to reduce health impacts
- Ensure that the benefits of rules and regulations are realized



3. Strategy Evaluation for Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) Reduction



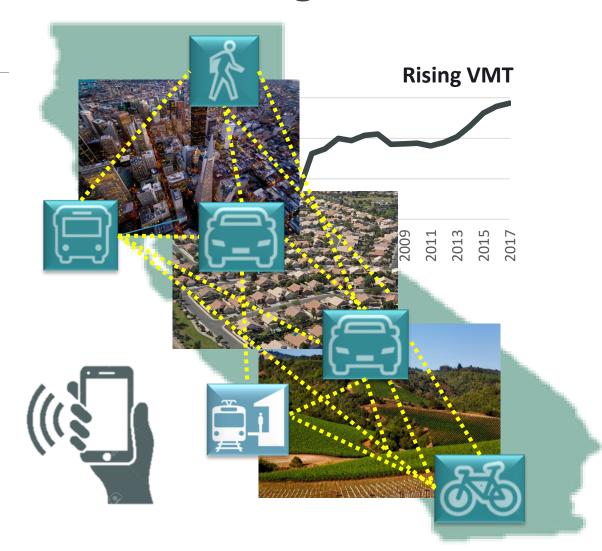


What is the potential to reduce VMT through transportation projects?

What is the potential to reduce VMT through

transportation projects?

- Leverage big data to identify VMT reduction successes
- Assess the scalability of successes and remaining barriers
- Improve alignment of climate and transportation policies



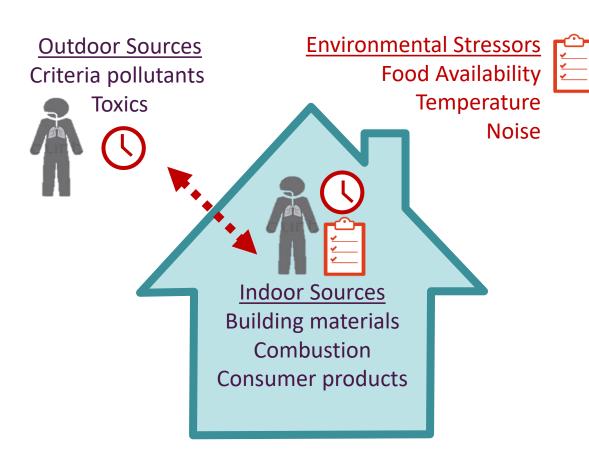
4. Total exposure in disadvantaged communities





What are the indoor and outdoor pollutant exposures and health risks for residents in disadvantaged communities?

What are the air pollution exposure and health risk disparities across the State?



- Monitor outdoor and indoor sources and other stressors
- Quantify exposure patterns in disadvantaged communities
- Determine if risk for adverse health effects is elevated
- Assess if elevated risk necessitates additional protection

5. Facilitating lower-polluting consumer choices





How can we couple comprehensive program metrics with a better understanding of decision drivers to facilitate lower-polluting consumer choices?

How can we facilitate lower-polluting consumer choices?



- Expand metrics for the social cost of carbon to improve program evaluation
- Create a framework a metric for the Social Cost of Criteria & Toxic Emissions



 Conduct surveys to better understand key consumer choice drivers in key markets



 Identify optimal and meaningful ways to convey the benefits of lower-polluting consumer choices

6. Low-carbon transportation incentive strategies

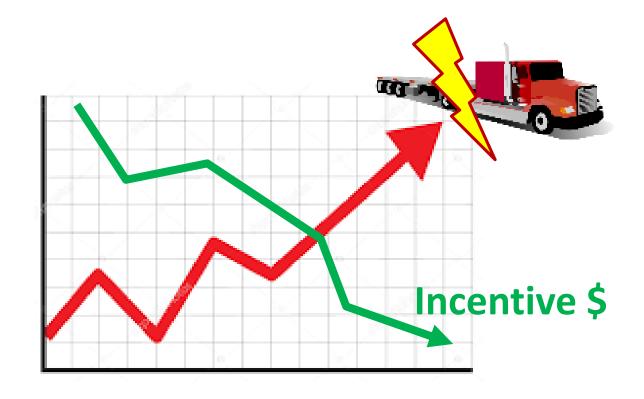




How can low-carbon transportation incentive strategies ensure market growth?

How can low-carbon transportation (LTC) incentive strategies ensure market growth?

- Design incentives that promote greater adoption of LCT that positively impact equity, health, and the economy
- Assess incentive program influence on markets, socioeconomics, and barriers



Proposed Projects for FY 2019-2020

White Papers: Ushering in the Future

- 1. Integrate air quality monitoring data streams
- 2. Opportunities for the application of big data analytics
- 3. Leverage biomonitoring data to mitigate toxic exposure
- 4. Create a monitoring framework to quantify carbon fluxes
- 5. Identify policies to improve the built environment



Engagement on Emerging Priorities

- What are the health impacts of extreme events caused by climate change?
- How can big data be leveraged?
- How can housing and climate policy be better aligned?
- Can additional metrics improve lifecycle analysis?



Staff Recommendation

- Approve:
 - Research projects for FY 2020-2021
- Next Steps:
 - Develop full proposals and execute contracts