

November 4, 2024

# Agenda

- Introduction: meeting focus and objectives
- Hydrogen and fuel cell truck presentations
  - Truck dealership perspective Tom's Truck Centers
  - ARCHES overview GoBiz
  - ARCHES hydrogen cost and price assumptions LBNL
  - LCFS status update CARB\*
  - Federal production tax credit and DOE H2 demand initiative GoBiz
  - Hydrogen producer prospective Air Liquide
  - Hydrogen distribution via retail truck stops Pilot Travel Centers
  - OEM updates on FCET commercialization plans\*
- Focused Discussion\*
- Recap and Next Steps\*



#### HYLA'S PLUG POWER equipment arrives 8-1. Permitted 3.5 MOS. Open 8-12-24.





# TRUCK CENTER RIBBON CUTTING 9-13. Senator Archuleta & Newman. Permanent Station 2027.



#### HYLA Modular No. Stations: 2024 = 10. 2025 = 25. Nikola = 2 Million Mi.

City	Address	Hyla or Partner	Fueling Positions	Status
Coolidge, AZ	680 E Houser Rd	Hyla	One	Operational
Compton, CA	435 E Weber Ave	Hyla	One	Permitting Expected Operational: Sep '24
Fontana, CA	11053 Catawba	Hyla	Two	Permitting Expected Operational: Oct '24
Long Beach, 5	2267 W Gaylord	Hyla	One	Operational
Ontario, CA	2445 East Guasti Road	Hyla	Two	Operational
Ontario, CA 3	4265 E. Guasti Road	Shell	One	Operational
Port of Oakland, CA 4	Engineer Road	First Element Fuel	Two	Operational
Santa Fe Springs, CA 6	13412 Excelsior Drive	Hyla	One	Operational
Stockton, CA	920 Performance Dr	Hyla	Two	Permitting Expected Operational: Dec '24
Wilmington, CA	690 Pioneer Ave.	Hyla	Two	Permitting Expected Operational: Oct '24



#### TRUCK CENTER

### HYDROGEN SERVICE BAY – OPEN 9-17-24

### **Major Certification Requirements**

- Hydrogen Leak Detection System with Audible Alarm
- Ventilation to expel any lost gas from the system
- Ventilation at high points in the celling
- Automatic gas detection
- Automatic power-up of the equipment to expel the gas
- Sealed flooring prevents Hydrogen leakage escaping to underground voids





### **TRE - FCEV**

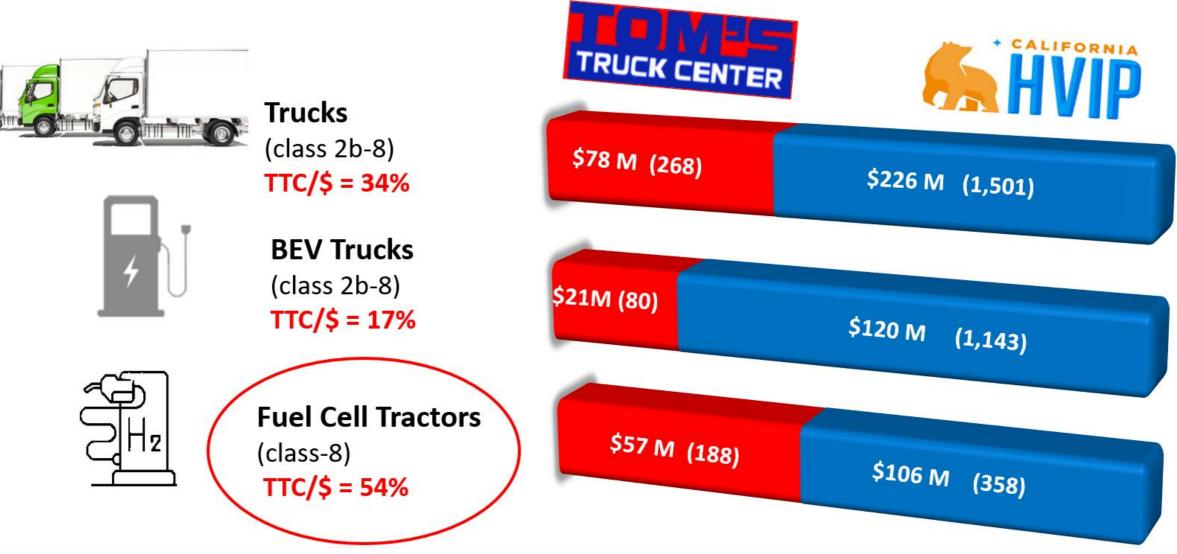
TRUCK CENTER

ZEV Technology FCEV Classification 8 82,000 lbs. GCWR Curb Wt. 25,500 lbs. Wheelbase 182" Fuel Capacity: 70 kg Range 500 miles \* Efficiency 7.1 mi/kg \* Fueling 700 Bar ~\$515k \* TTC-SRP \$240k-\$676k \* **HVIP-ISEF** \$75k-\$100k POLA\* \$20k-\$520k up to \$240k 47-90% \* up to \$40k 100%

\* Subject to change, POLA not eligible in ISEF, 90% Cap



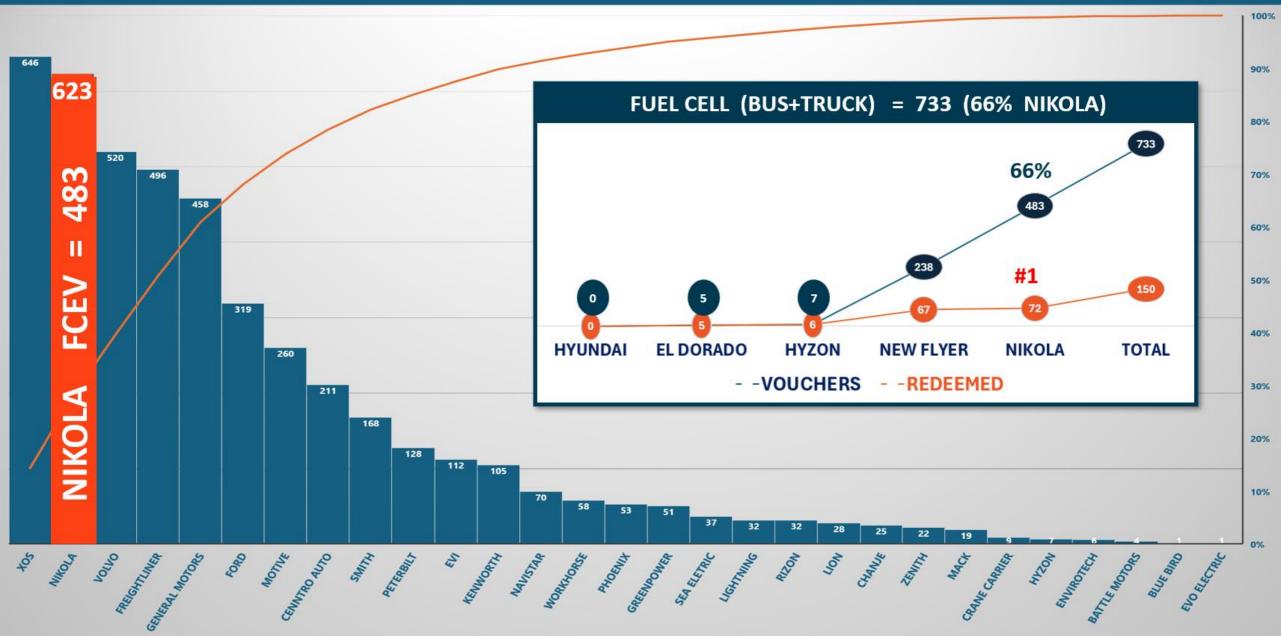
# 2023 VOUCHERS = 268 MHD TRUCKS



**Resource: CARB HVIP.org Impact** 

### ZEV HVIP MHD TRUCK REBATES : 4,500 (2011-2024)











IN HONOR OF GEORGE HEIDLER TOMS TRUCK CENTER FOUNDER 1968













A Toyota Group Company





# 



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> 909 NORTH GRAND AVE SANTA ANA, CA ORANGE COUNTY

13443 FREEWAY DRIVE SANTA FE SPRINGS, CA LOS ANGELES



### ARCHES Alliance for Renewable Clean Hydrogen Energy Systems (ARCHES) – California H2Hub

**Tyson Eckerle, GoBiz** 

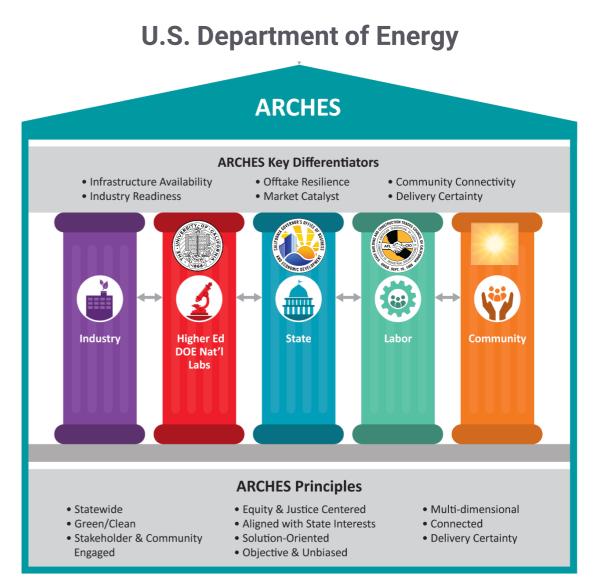
Infrastructure Truck Regulation Implementation Group (TRIG) meeting November 4, 2024

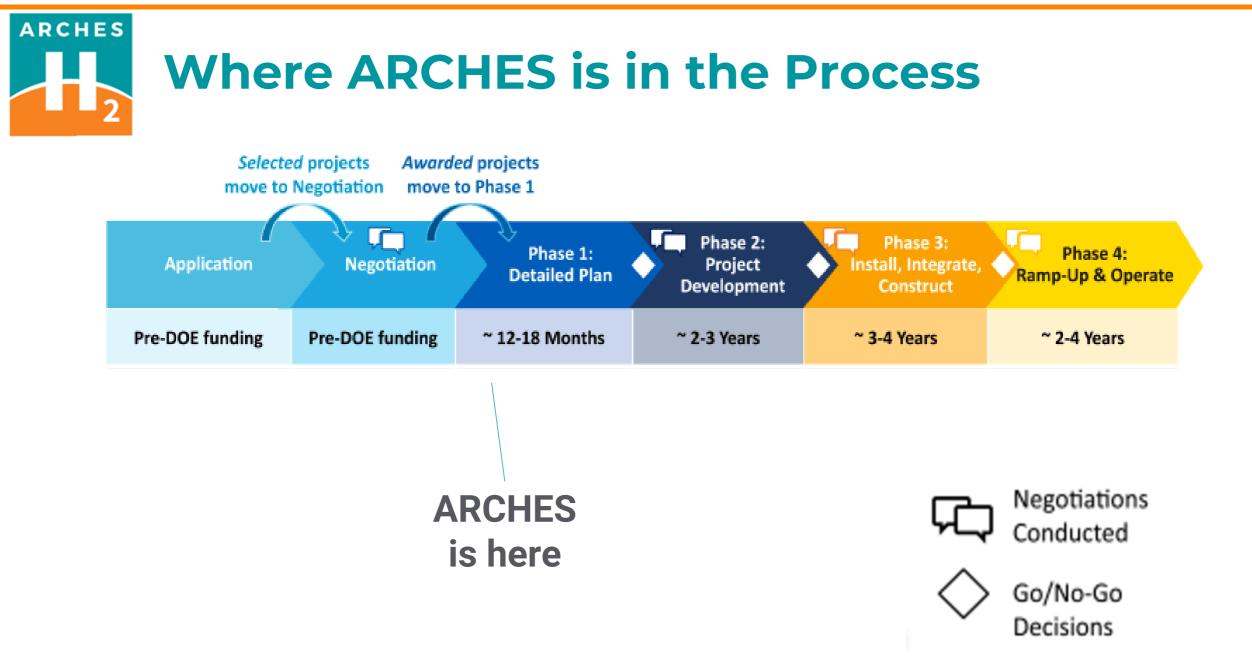
### ARCHES ARCHES Mission

- ARCHES is a public-private partnership to create a sustainable statewide renewable, clean hydrogen (H2) market and ecosystem in California and beyond
- ARCHES utilizes renewable resources to produce hydrogen with the objective to fully decarbonize the regional economy

#### ARCHES prioritizes

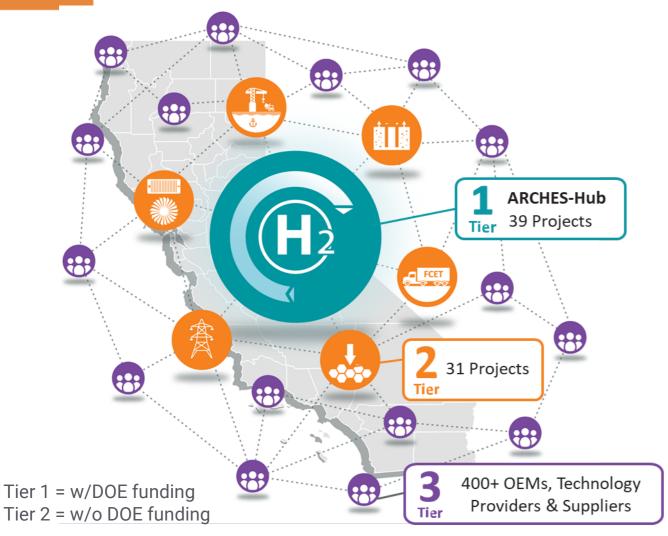
- Environmental Justice
- Equity
- Economic Leadership
- □ Workforce Development
- Hydrogen Market Viability



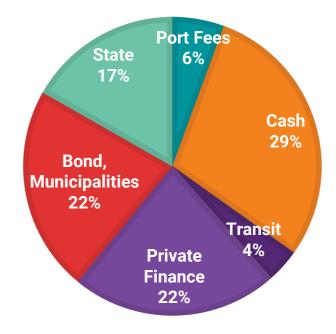


Graphic courtesy of the DOE

#### ARCHES ARCHES Projects: A Resilient Hydrogen Ecosystem for California



\$1.2B DOE funds unlocks \$11.7B in matching funds





### Coming Soon:









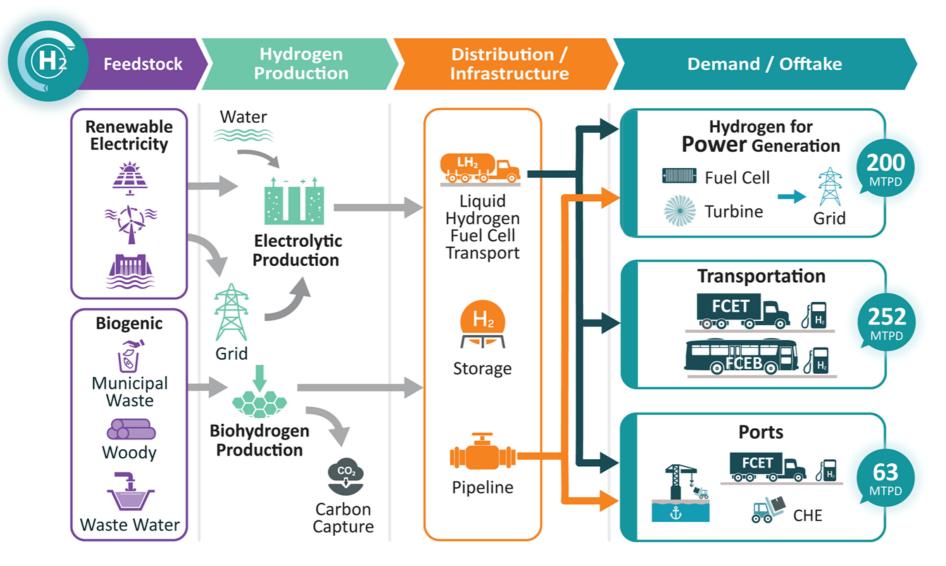
# Modeling framework for the assessment of a sustainable hydrogen production and supply chain network in California

Tamim Zaki, PhD Postdoctoral Researcher Seongeun Jeong, PhD Research Scientist Adam Weber, PhD Senior Scientist Hanna Breunig, PhD Staff Scientist

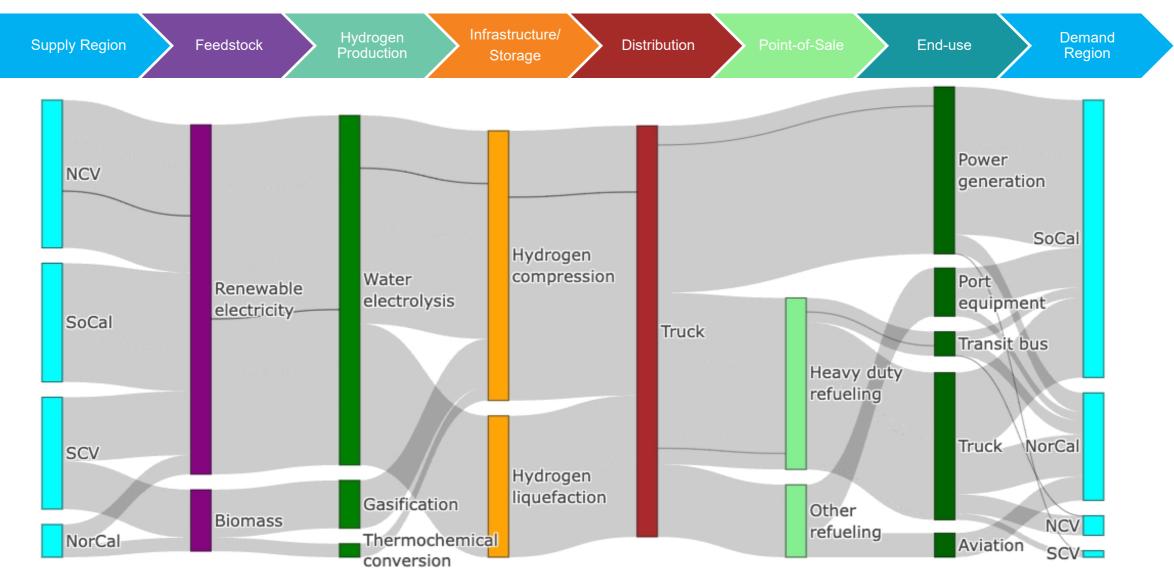
**Energy Technologies Area** 

November 3 2024, Air Resources Board Meeting

### **ARCHES Hydrogen Flow**



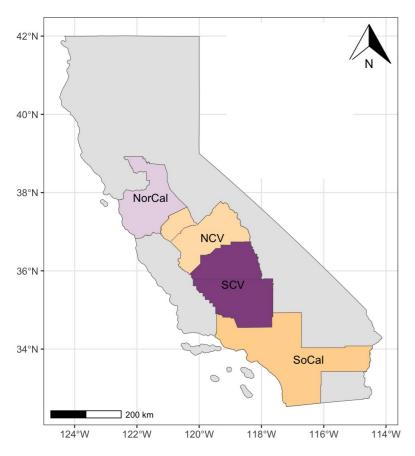
### Hydrogen Flow in an Example Scenario



Modeling framework for the assessment of a sustainable hydrogen network in California | BERKELEY LAB



#### Regions were derived in an iterative process based on counties with projects



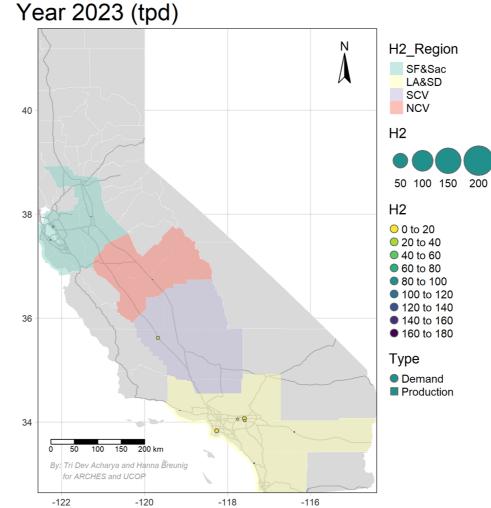
#### Proposal

- NorCal: e.g. Sacramento, Stockton & Bay Area (down to Santa Cruz)
- NCV: e.g. Merced, Fresno
- SCV: e.g. Lancaster
- SoCal: e.g. Los Angeles, Riverside, Bakersfield, San Diego

#### Ongoing work:

- Clustering of projects by relevant geographic boundaries
  - county, districts; air quality regions; transportation distances

### ARCHES Systems Approach Balances Production and Offtake Over Time





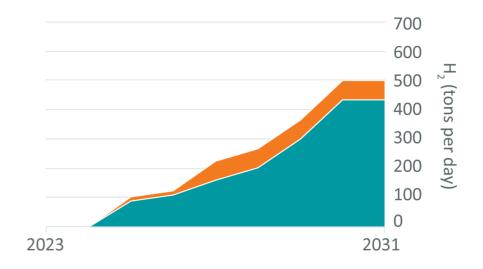
#### Cost/Emissions from electricity and biomass feedstocks are key tasks for the analysis team

- Projects note type of fuel
- Utility forecasts for cost and emissions gathered: annual average forecasts
- Dedicated solar modeled from DOE
- Biomass pretreatment, cost, and transport gathered or approximated
- Necessary energy storage costs include pumped hydro storage & batteries, approximated via literature values

#### **Production cost assumptions**

- Electricity = 0.02-0.19 \$/kWh
- Water = 0.021 \$/kg

- UC Berkeley Tim Lipman is leading LCA of biohydrogen
- LBNL & NREL leading modelling of grid forecasts
- ARCHES is gathering data from companies





#### Electrolysis

- Capital and operating costs provided from companies were compared with guidance from DOE H2A models
  - Details include things like catalyst and stack replacements, water, energy, maintenance, labor, construction
- Water consumption derived from company estimates for most producers
- Use a conservative capital charge factor

#### **Production Spec Assumptions**

- Electrolyzer (stack and BoP) electricity = 55.04-55.80 kWh/kg H2
- Electrolyzer water = 5 gal/kg H2
- Capacity factor = 0.32-0.90 (depending on electricity source)
- Stack lifetime = 60000-67500 hrs
- Plant lifetime = 20 yrs

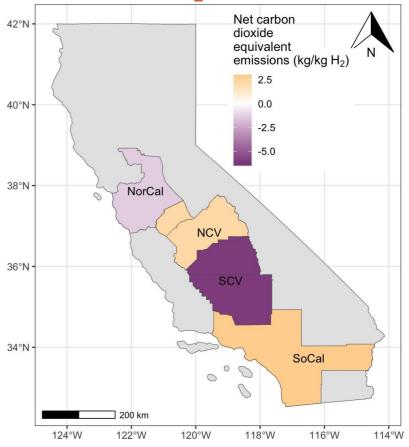
#### Biogenic conversion

- Detailed company data from gasification of woody biomass
- Literature used to approximate thermochemical conversion of MSW
- Avoided landfill emission using EPA WARM model

#### **Production Spec Assumptions**

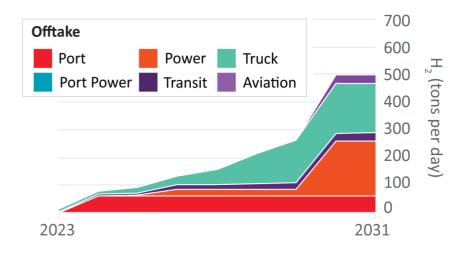
- Biomass plant (thermochemical and gasification) electricity = 12-18 kWh/kg H2
- Biomass plant (thermochemical and gasification) water = 0.5-30.0 gal/kg H2
- Plant lifetime = 20 yrs

# Net $CO_2$ emissions from $H_2$ production





- Coupling of supply and demand informed inclusion of liquefaction, compression
- Assume buffer storage at each project, as well as in key production regions in liquid tanks
- Refueling station & bulk liquid and compressed gas transport models from HDSAM
- Compressed gas bulk storage modeled by LBNL inhouse
- Leakage rates from CA GREET guidance
- Electricity consumption from local grid utility

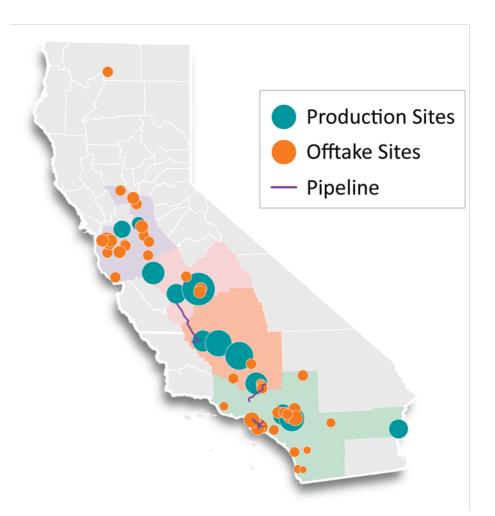


#### **Processing Assumptions**

H2 liquefaction electricity = 9.0-11.3 kWh/kg H2 H2 compression electricity = 2.23 kWh/kg H2



- Pipelines replace compressed gas truck transport or fill need for new projects
- Pipeline selection based on stable supply and demand nodes
- Diesel vs fuel-cell electric trucks compared
- Bulk liquid and compressed gas transport models from HDSAM to derive a levelized cost per kg-mile transported

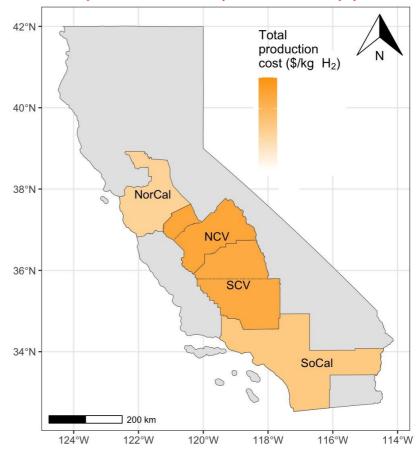




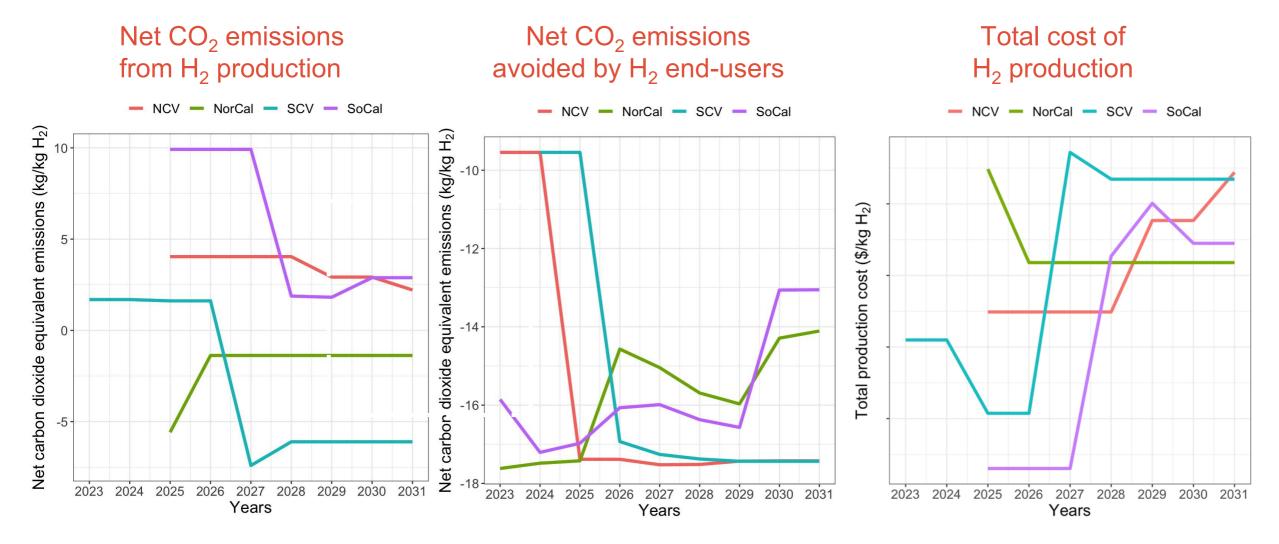
#### Markups evaluated for each key market end use

- Hub-wide emissions and cost for each year determined based on the production projects coming online
- DOE H2FAST model used to identify break even cost target for hydrogen at the hub level
  - Based on constraint guidance from industry
  - Reflects goal seek for constraints based on cost of hydrogen production, & matching of regional supply and demand over time

# Total cost of H<sub>2</sub> production (no markup)



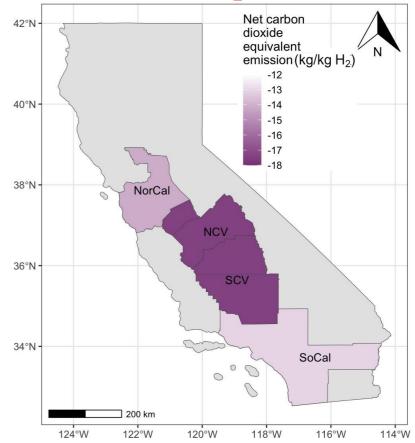
### **Temporal Environmental and Economic Impacts**





- Costs for refueling stations, trucks & buses from CTE, UCDavis and UC Berkeley, energy efficiency and emissions from GREET
- Cost for turbine and fuel cells from proposals, emissions from literature
- Port equipment from ports by equipment type and mobile refuelers. Energy efficiency and emission from GREET, EPA (for truck class and generation)

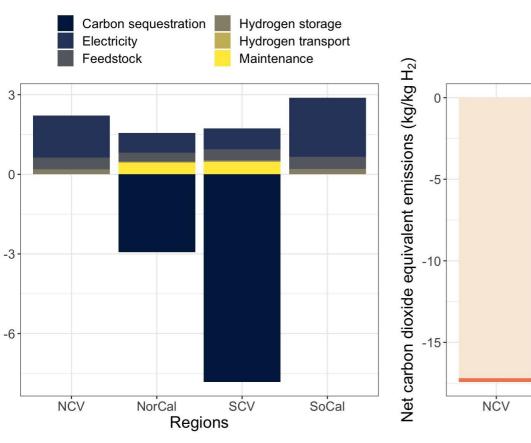
#### Net $CO_2$ emissions avoided by $H_2$ end-users



Net carbon dioxide equivalent emissions (kg/kg H<sub>2</sub>)

Demand Region

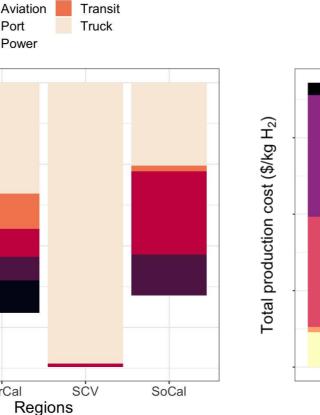
#### Net CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from H<sub>2</sub> production



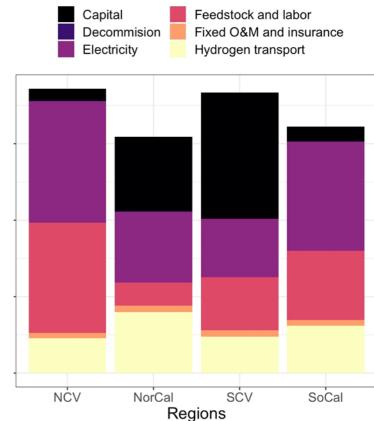
#### Net CO<sub>2</sub> emissions avoided by $H_2$ end-users

Port

NorCal



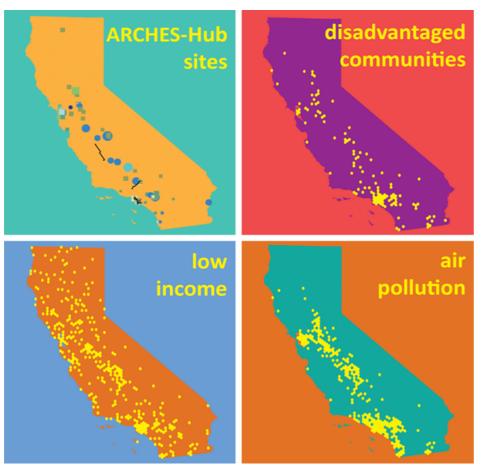
#### Total cost of H<sub>2</sub> production



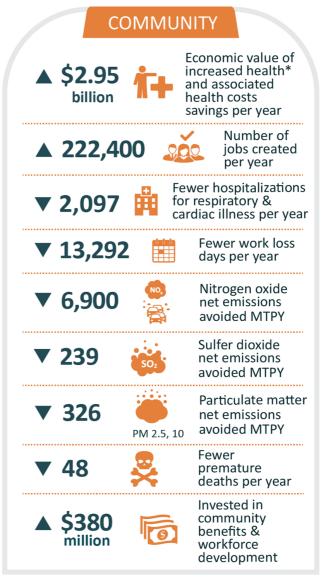
### **Modeling Framework**

Data Management and Flow of the Life cycle assessment and Techno-economic analysis **Cradle-to-Gate Inputs** PROPRIETARY, H2A, GREET Regional H<sub>2</sub> H<sub>2</sub> End Use for H<sub>2</sub> Distribution Cradle-to-Gate Electricity Transport & Natural gas H<sub>2</sub> Production & Point-of-Sale Fuel & Energy Storage Water — **PROPRIETARY, ARCHES** HDSAM, CA GREET **HDSAM & CA GREET** Biomass Pipeline CO<sub>2</sub> Cooling fluids **Transport & Saline** Other feedstocks **Aquifer Sequestration** Fuels PROPRIETARY EPA, CARB CA GREET, EPA, GREET, ICAO Model Framework GREET, UTILITIES, EIA, eGRID Legend BenMAP, ARCHES  $H_2$  hub Shape CO<sub>2</sub> End of Life **GIS DATA** Offset **PRIMARY MODEL/** LCA, TEA, & **SPATIAL &** PARAMETERS/ DATA SOURCE DATA AGGREGATION **TEMPORAL RESULTS SCENARIOS** BERKELEY LAR ENERGY TECHNOLOGIES AREA

### **Disadvantaged Communities Will Benefit**



\*EJ40 database and CalEnviroScreen









### **Questions?**

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# **45V and Clean H2 Initiative Updates**

Tyson Eckerle Sr. Advisor for Clean Infrastructure and Mobility Governor's Office of Business and Economic Developent



# Federal Hydrogen Supply Initiatives

- US Dept. of Energy's (DOE) <u>Clean</u> <u>Hydrogen Production Tax Credit</u> – 45V
  - Up to \$3.00/kg 10-year incentive based on carbon intensity
  - <u>Public Comment Letters for</u> <u>Section 45V</u>
- Hydrogen Demand Initiative
  - Consortium set up to support US H2 Hubs with demand-side support measures to facilitate clean hydrogen purchases
  - Goal to enhance early commercial viability of H2 Hubs across US





# • Air Liquide

# Hydrogen Production

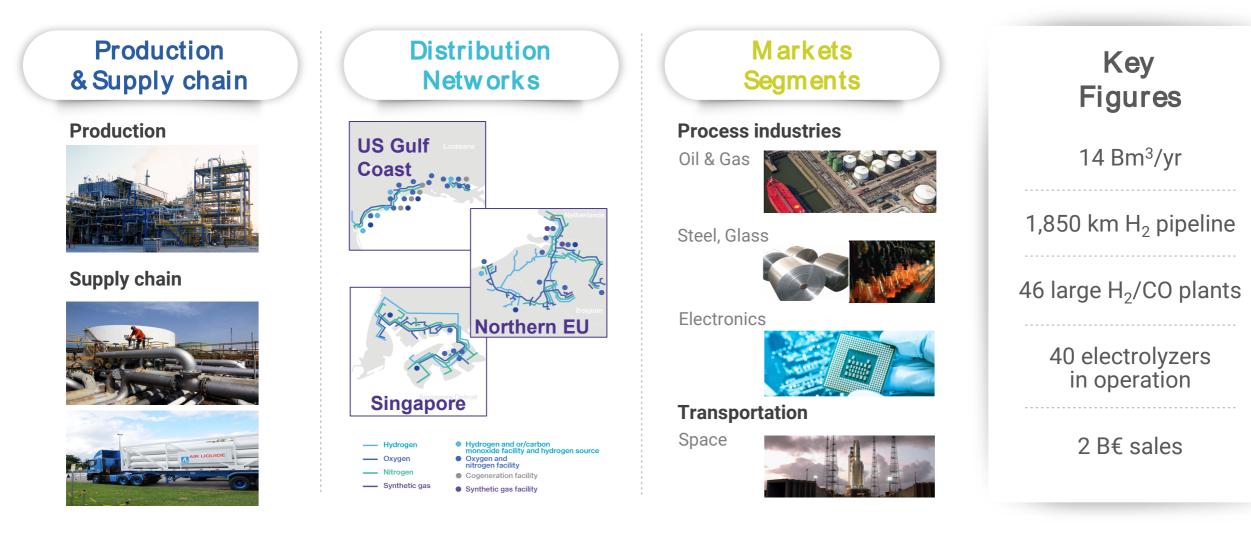
Building a sustainable, low-carbon future with hydrogen energy

December 15, 2023

### Dave Edwards, Director and H2E Fellow

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### Air Liquide has nearly 60 years of hydrogen development for industries



## Low-Carbon Hydrogen Production

#### Thermocatalytic Processes Reformers

Hydrocarbon + Carbon Capture, Usage and Storage (CCUS)



Reformer-based hydrogen with carbon capture and storage.

By-product hydrogen recovered from other industrial processes.

Biomethane (Renewable Natural Gas- RNG)



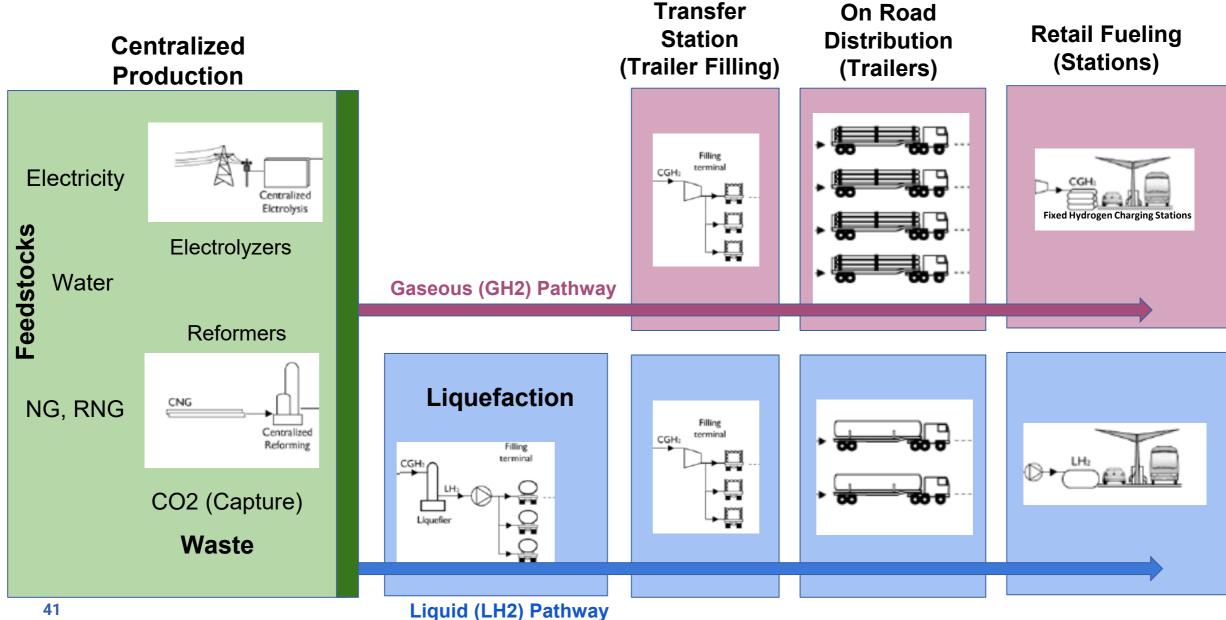
Reforming of waste streams including landfill and agri-waste digesters Electrochemical Processes Electrolyzers

#### **Electrolysis**

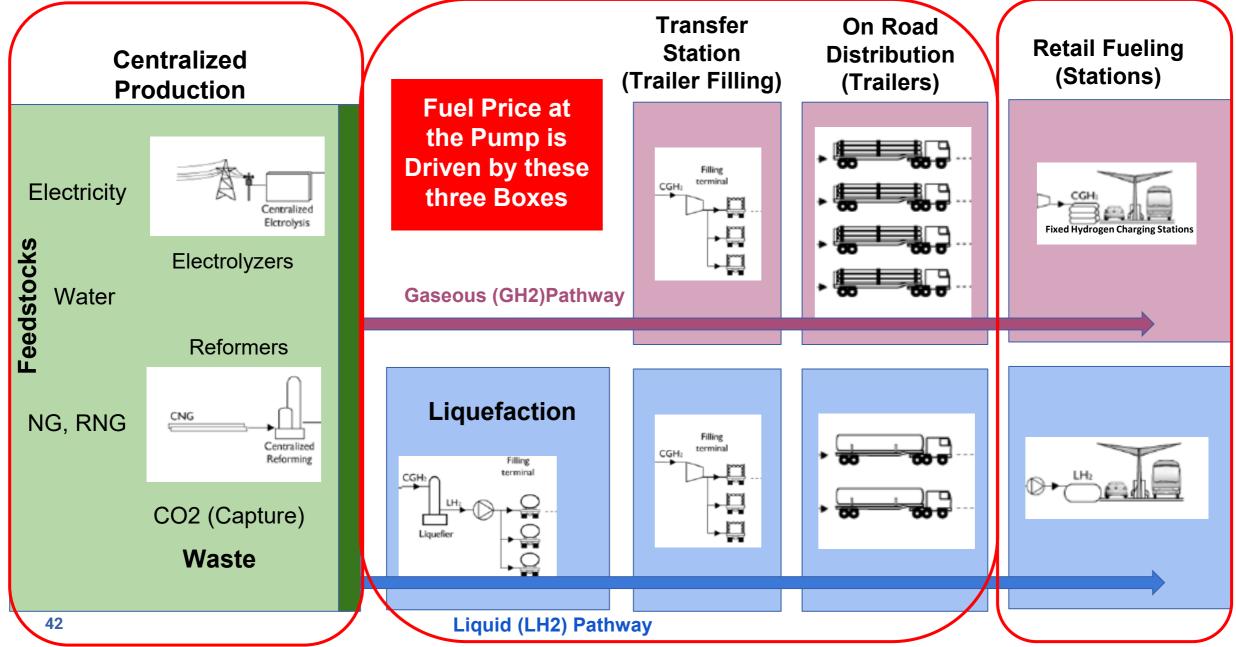


Water electrolysis using low-carbon electricity (e.g., nuclear, solar, wind)

### Hydrogen Transportation Fuel - Production and Distribution



### Hydrogen Transportation Fuel - Production and Distribution



# North Las Vegas - Production and Liquefaction

Steam Methane Reformer (SMR) Liquid Hydrogen (LH2) Distribution



## Becancour, Quebec - Production and Liquefaction

SMR, Electrolyzer, Waste H2 Recovery Pipeline, Gaseous and Liquid H2 Distribution



# Hydrogen Costs - Production

#### Cost = OPEX + CAPEX

ELY =	50/50	<b>OPEX/CAPEX</b>
SMR =	75/25	<b>OPEX/CAPEX</b>

#### OPEX is driven by feedstock costs

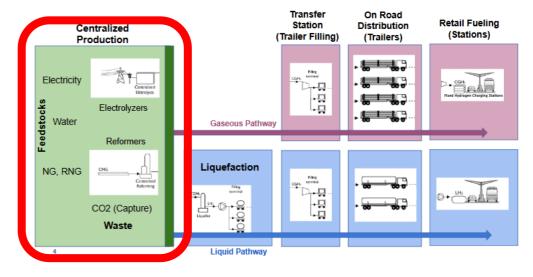
- ELY driven by electric power rates and access
- SMR driven by NG rates
- SMR CO2 cost/value is uncertain and very location dependent
- Cost of EAs to offset carbon intensity applies to both SMR and ELY but not equally

#### CAPEX is driven by project size

- ELY processes scaleup by increasing numbers of modules <u>linear cost increases</u>
- ELY cost reductions driven by supplier manufacturing scale up
- SMR & CCS processes scaleup by increasing capacity of a single train 0.6 rule chemical facilities

#### Economy of scale can significantly impact these costs

- ELY manufacturing scale up drives down cost of modules
- <u>SMR project size</u> drives down cost of construction
- May provide access to <u>low cost energy</u>



# Hydrogen Costs - Distribution

Cost = OPEX + CAPEX GH2 - driven by Fleet OPEX LH2 - driven by Liquefier CAPEX & OPEX

#### GH2 distribution is much less efficient

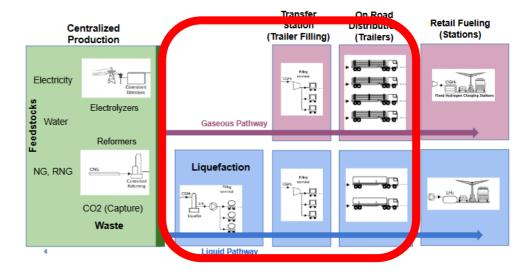
- More deliveries
- More trailers

#### LH2 is more equipment intensive

- Liquefier OPEX up to 25% additional electric power
- Liquefier CAPEX 50% adder to production facility cost
- Trailers are more expensive but carry much more product (5X to 10X compared to GH2)
- Liquefiers need to be fully loaded

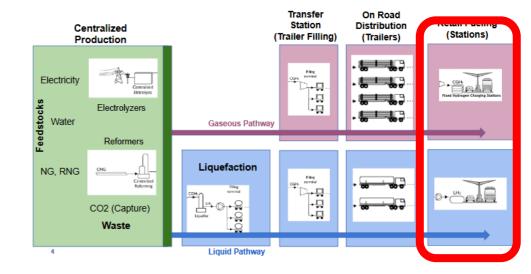
#### Economy of scale can impact these costs but not as much as production

- Scale up of supply chains to reduce CAPEX
- May provide access to <u>low cost energy</u>



# Hydrogen Costs - Stations

Cost = OPEX + CAPEX CAPEX driven by station size OPEX driven by energy costs and maintenance



Economy of scale can impact these costs but not as much as production

- Scale up of supply chains to reduce CAPEX
- May **NOT** provide access to low cost energy
- Maintenance support costs improve with network size

# Hydrogen Costs - Needs

**Economy of scale** is the solution, but not a single approach

- Promote larger production facilities drives down facility costs
- Invest in scale up of electrolyzer manufacturing
- Enable access to low cost power (electricity for electrolyzer and liquifaction)
- Increase station network size to improve OPEX and supply chain CAPEX

# OfirLiquide

# Trank You

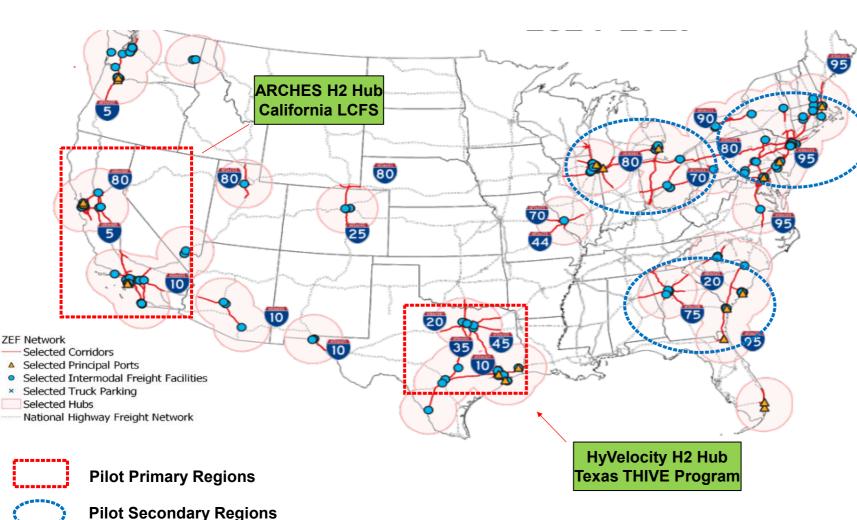
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# **PILDT** COMPANY

FUELING LIFE'S JOURNEYS

CARB TRIG Meeting November 4, 2024

#### Map: Joint Office of Energy and Transportation National Zero Emission Freight Corridor Strategy Pilot's Priority Regions for MHD HRS Deployments



#### **Opportunity:**

- A H2 ecosystem is developing with billions in government funding.
- H2 is a zero-emission fuel and a strong candidate to decarbonize long-haul heavyduty (HD) trucking. Integration of H2 fuel into the transportation sector supports commercial shipper's goals to reduce transportation emissions and GHGs.

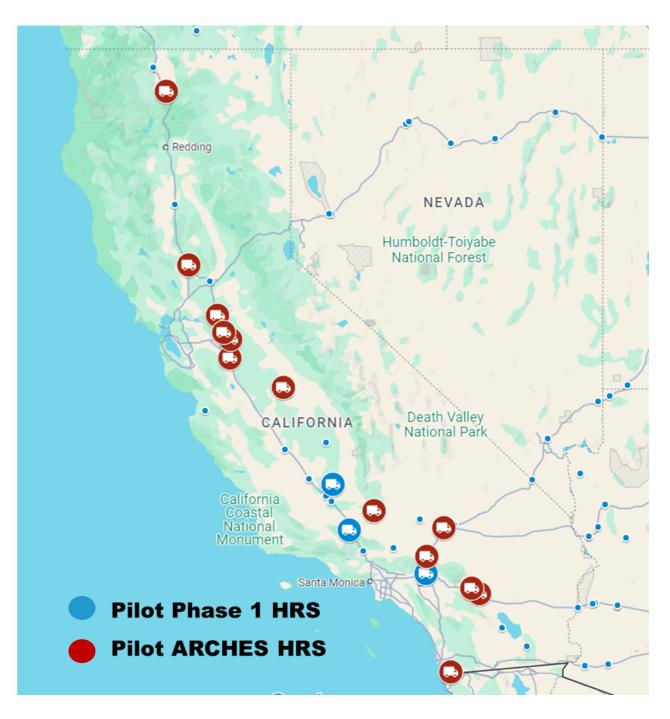
#### **Policy Driven Energy Transition:**

- The transition to zero emission transportation is policy driven, not economic.
- Success depends on sustained government policies that provide a bridge to an "economic" energy transition.
- Federal and state policies are supportive of H2 in transportation today, does this shift with a new administration? If so, how?
- Market participants need to be committed to enable a sustained transition.

#### Pilot's H2 Engagement:

 Government policy, direct and indirect grants are driving Pilot's development priorities and timeline.

# Pilot Travel Centers Potential California HRS Locations







# Grant Timeline

			Capital Deployment and Expected Commercial Operations											
Pilot H2 Refueling Station (HRS) Grants	Amount	Agency	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035
State Programs														
Energiize H2 Lane (Bakersfield, #613)	\$4m	CEC												
SCAQMD MSRC, Moyer (Rilato, #1328)	\$7m	SCAQMD												
CEC MHD Blueprint (Lebec, #616)	\$5m	CEC												
Federal Programs														
Ca. ARCHES H2 Hub (10 locations, \$5m/HRS)	\$50m	DOE												
Tx. Clean Fuel Infrastructure (5 locations)	\$70m	FHWA												



# What's Needed to Reach Final Investment Decision (FID)

- Regulatory Certainty for Commercial Investment
  - Flexible 45V
  - Commercially Effective LCFS Program
  - California Waiver Resolution
  - HVIP Funding for Trucks





### **THANK YOU!**

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