What's Worth More: A Cow's Milk or its Poop?

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Two Sources of Methane from Dairy Cattle

Enteric Fermentation

• Microbial fermentation in the rumen produces methane

Manure Decomposition

- Anaerobic lagoons are the least-expensive way to handle manure in concentrated dairy operations
 - Anaerobic decomposition produces methane
 - Digesters capture methane
 - Captured gas can be used for transportation place of fossil gas
- Equal emissions from the two sources if manure processed in lagoons

Two Government Programs Give Credit for Capturing Methane in Digesters

Federal Renewable Fuel Standard (RFS)

• Subsidy per MMBTU depends on price of RIN credits

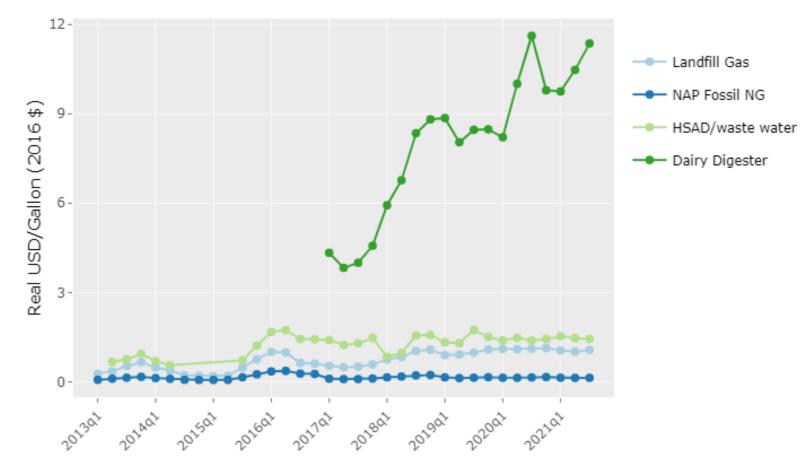
CA Low Carbon Fuel Standard (LCFS)

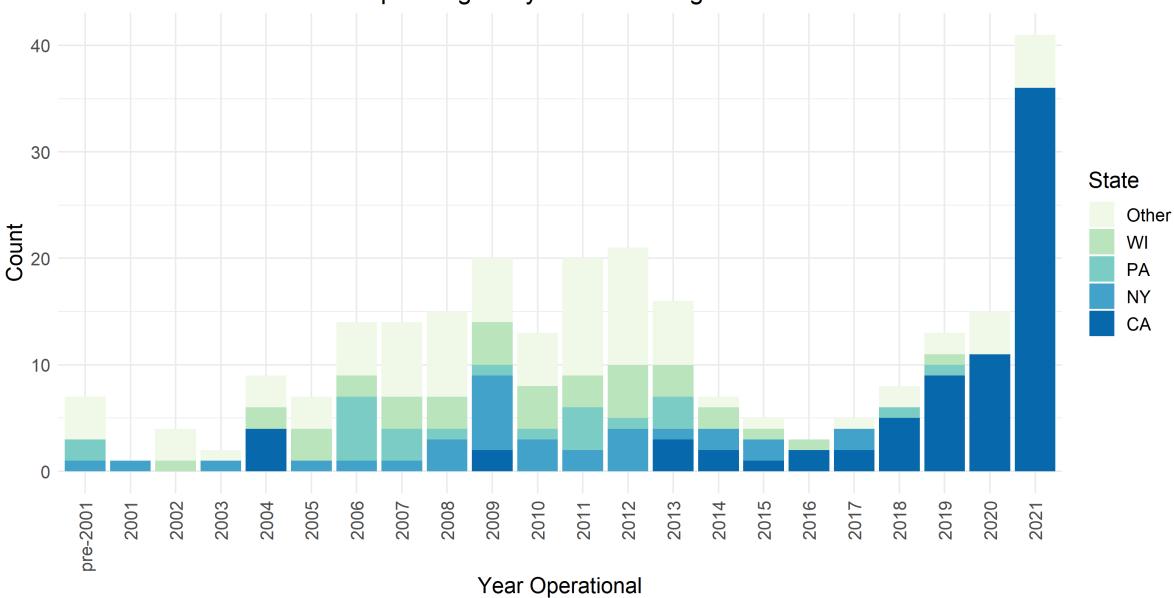
• Subsidy depends on price of LCFS credits and estimated carbon intensity

In addition, various grant programs contribute to capital costs of digester projects

LCFS subsidies were large through 2021

Implied Subsidies per gallon of Fuel





Number of Operating Dairy Anaerobic Digesters in the US

Source: EPA Agstar database

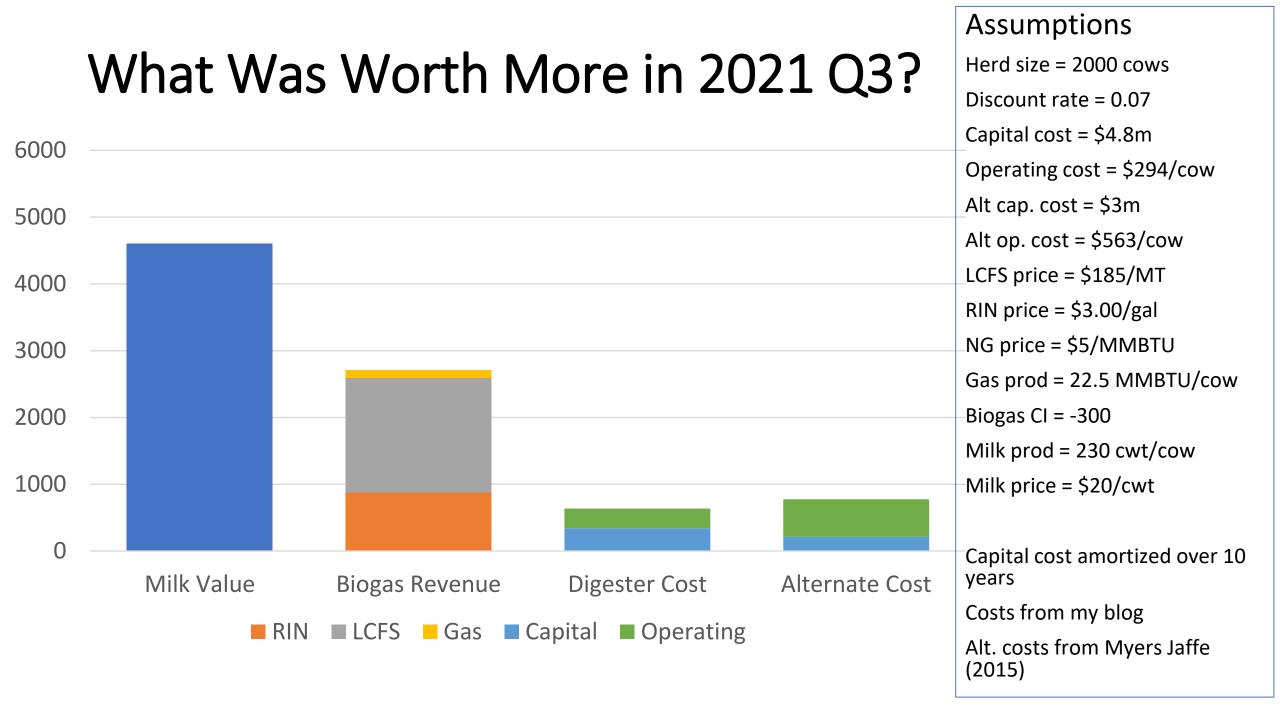
RFS and LCFS Subsidies are Thousands per Cow

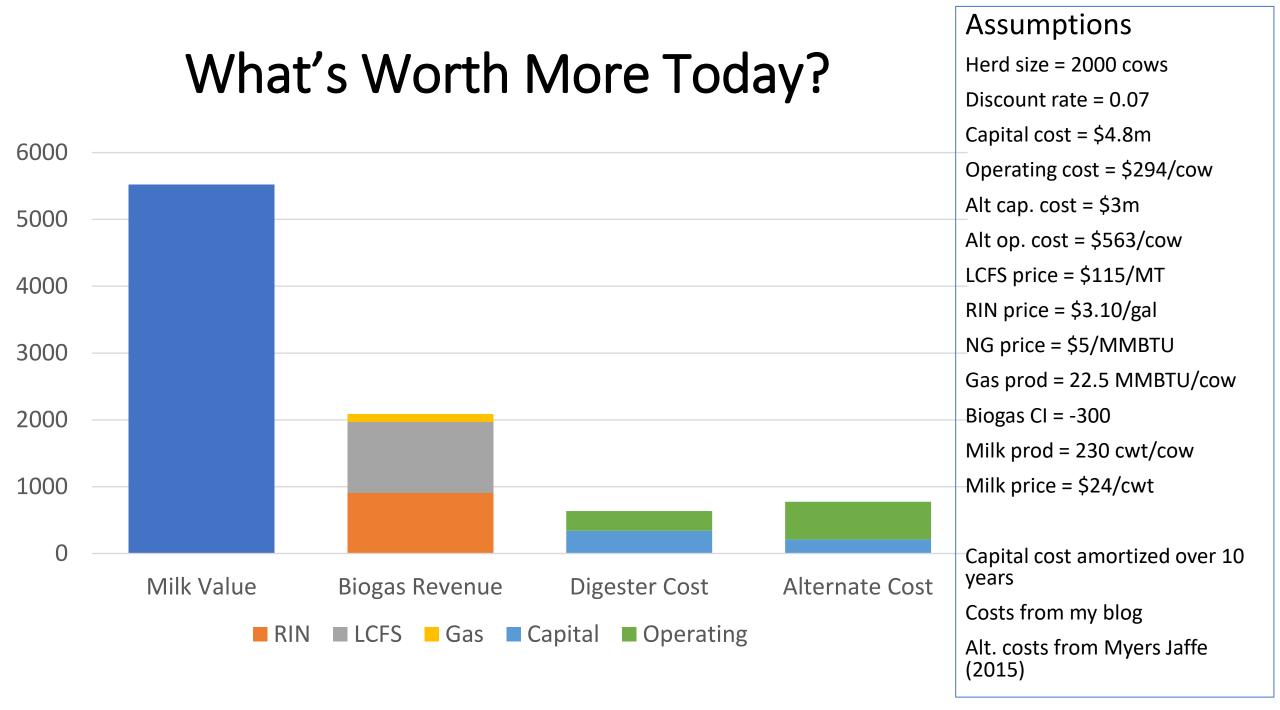
	Market Prices			Subsidies	
	Nat Gas	RIN	LCFS	RIN	LCFS
	\$/MMBTU	\$/gal	\$/MT	\$/cow	\$/cow
2021 Q3	5	3.00	185	877	1716
Today	5	3.10	115	906	1063

Assumptions

Biogas CI = -300

Biogas production = 22.5 MMBTU/cow





Conclusions

- LCFS and RFS subsidies are large will farmers begin to farm methane rather than milk?
- Incentives for further intensification of beef, dairy, and hogs throughout the country
- LCFS credit price might go up again