

# Control Measure for Ocean-Going Vessels At Berth (Second 15-Day Changes)

CARB has consistently heard from port communities about concerns related to the emissions from port activities. While at berth, vessels generate toxic and harmful exhaust that impacts the surrounding communities, many of which are Environmental Justice (EJ) and Assembly Bill (AB) 617 communities.

Since 2014, emissions from container, refrigerated cargo (reefer), and cruise vessels have been controlled at berth through CARB's Existing At-Berth Regulation. CARB's Existing Regulation results in a reduction of 80% of emissions from those vessel types (around 4,000 visits) by 2020. However, additional reductions are needed to further protect public health and the environment in these disproportionately impacted port and EJ communities.



## Purpose of New At Berth Control Measure

- Expand public health and environmental benefits by including additional vessel types and visits.
- Provide additional reductions of particulate matter (PM) and oxides of nitrogen (NOx) to help attain regional and federal air standards.

# Recent Revisions to the Proposed Regulation (as reflected in the July 10, 2020 Second 15-Day Change Package)

- Incorporate an Innovative Concepts (IC) option. The IC provision allows regulated entities to use other
  options for up to five years to achieve earlier or equivalent (or greater) emissions reductions in port
  communities versus reducing emissions directly at berth. It also provides a pathway for currently
  regulated vessel fleets to continue using fleet averaging methods to comply with the Proposed
  Regulation.
- Expand use of Vessel and Terminal Incident Events (VIEs and TIEs) to new and growing vessel fleets and terminals.
- Interim evaluation scheduled in 2022 to assess progress in control technologies and infrastructure improvements.
  - o Includes a public report to be published by December 1, 2022, and a presentation to CARB's Board.
  - Broaden the scope of the interim evaluation to include a review of public information provided to CARB and consider control requirements for use with bulk/general cargo vessels, and for vessels at anchor.
- Accelerate implementation dates to 2025/2027 for tanker vessels to achieve earlier health and environmental benefits.
- Provide additional flexibility by:
  - o extending vessel emissions control strategy connection time from one hour to two hours;
  - o expanding reporting deadlines; and
  - o allowing the remediation fund to be used by ports and third-party control system operators



### Implementation Schedule

- Container, reefer and cruise vessels: 2023
- Ro-ro vessel (auto carrier): 2025
- Tanker vessels: 2025 (Los Angeles and Long Beach) and 2027 (Northern California) (previously 2027 and 2029)

#### **Cost Impacts**

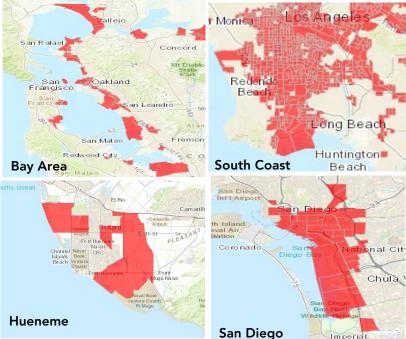
- Cost of Proposed Regulation is \$2.23 billion. Avoided adverse health outcomes valued at \$2.32 billion
- Costs are reasonable and can be distributed over individual units of freight:
  - o Container/reefer \$1.14 per twenty-foot container
  - o Cruise \$4.65 per passenger
  - Auto Carrier \$7.66 per automobile
  - o Tanker less than \$0.01 per gallon of finished product

## Port Activities Impact Disadvantaged Communities

# Richmond complex Rodeo complex Carquinez complex Carquinez complex Oakland Oakland Oakland Covered now Operation Potential addition Covered now Operation Covered now Operation

Long Beach

# Disadvantaged Communities (in red)



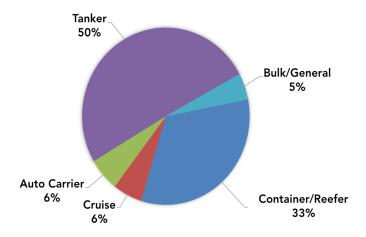


## Reducing Emissions From Vessels At Berth

## More Opportunities Exist For Reductions

- Existing At-Berth Regulation will reduce 80% of emissions from container, reefer, and cruise vessel fleets (around 4,000 visits) by 2020 at Ports of Los Angeles, Long Beach, Oakland, San Francisco, San Diego, and Hueneme
- Proposed Regulation expands requirements to include auto carriers (ro-ro) and tanker vessels, and new ports and terminals, reducing emissions from an additional 2,300+ vessel visits
- Auto carriers and tanker vessels make up more than half the remaining emissions
- Proposed Regulation shares responsibilities for compliance between vessels, terminals, and ports – all three parties play a vital role in reducing emissions from vessels at berth

# Projected Statewide At Berth PM<sub>2.5</sub> Emissions – Auxiliary Engines and Boilers (2020)



# Shore Power and Capture and Control are Available

## Compliance Mechanisms

- Shore Power and Capture and Control equipment are commercially available
- Shower power installed at ~65 berths (A)
- 2 barge-based and 1 wharfbased capture and control systems are operating in California (B & C)
- On-board technologies (similar to after treatment controls on stationary engines such as particulate filters)
- Alternative fuels
- Innovative Concept(s)

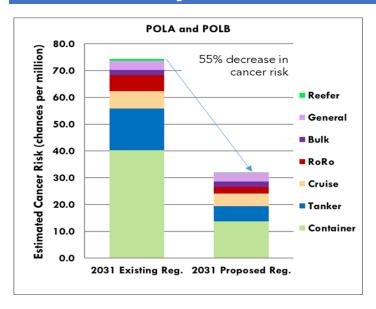


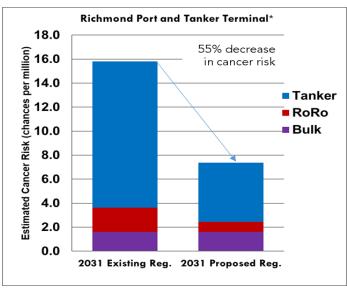






# Health Analysis Shows Reduction in Potential Cancer Risk





\*Richmond does not receive container, refrigerated cargo, or cruise visits

More Information: https://ww3.arb.ca.gov/ports/shorepower/shorepower.htm