Public Workshop to Discuss Additional Requirements for the Commercial Harbor Craft (CHC) Regulation



December 4, 2018&December 10, 2018Long Beach, CA&Sacramento, CA



Presentation Agenda

- Section 1: Harbor Craft and Existing Requirements
- Section 2: Need for Additional Emission Reductions
- Section 3: Updates to Emission Inventory
- Section 4: Health Analyses
- Section 5: Potential Regulatory Concepts
- Section 6: Incentives
- Section 7: Next Steps

What are Commercial Harbor Craft?

- Also called "Harbor Craft"
- Include a wide variety of vessel types owned by private or public entities, excluding:

Ocean-going vessels
 Recreational vessels

•Generally equipped with diesel engines, 2 main & 1 auxiliary



Types of Harbor Craft



Towing

High-Speed Ferry

Tractor Tug







Work Boat

Ocean Going Tug

More Types of Harbor Craft



Dredge

Research

Crew and Supply





Charter Fishing



Commercial Fishing

Industry Has Reduced Emissions from Harbor Craft

- Since 2009, harbor craft owners have replaced older with newer, cleaner engines to comply with the existing Regulation
- Some harbor craft owners not subject to in-use requirements have voluntarily replaced older engines with newer, cleaner engines
- Many engine replacements have been funded by CARB's Carl Moyer Program administered through local air districts

Requirements of Existing Regulation (2009-2022)

- Applies to compression-ignition (diesel-cycle) engines rated >50 horsepower (hp)
- Applies to all vessels operating in Regulated California Waters, within 24 nautical miles of the California Coast
- Specific vessel categories must repower or rebuild older Tier 1 and pre-Tier 1 engines to Tier 2 or Tier 3 standards
- New ferries must meet Tier 4 standards or use other controls
- All vessel categories: ongoing reporting, recordkeeping, ultra-low sulfur diesel requirements, and use of nonresettable hour meters

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Why does CARB Need Additional Requirements for Harbor Craft?

 In March 2018, CARB staff proposed to reduce emissions from all freight sources, including harbor craft, to control:

Diesel PM to minimize community health risk

 $_{\odot}$ NOx and PM_{2.5} to attain regional air quality standards, especially in South Coast and Bay Area

oGHGs to mitigate climate change

 Staff anticipate Board consideration of additional proposed harbor craft requirements in 2020

Ports of Los Angeles and Long Beach: Harbor Craft a Top 3 Source of Diesel PM Cancer Risk



Community Health Protection

- •AB 617 added emphasis on community health impacts
- Impacted communities say more action is needed now to reduce emissions from vessels
- Residents and community groups are concerned about visible smoke emissions observed from newer vessels and engines



CARB Regulatory Authority

- •HSC 39650 et seq. direct CARB to regulate toxic air contaminants from non-vehicular sources to reduce public exposure/risk
- •HSC 43013 and 43018 direct CARB to control criteria air pollutants from mobile sources to attain air quality standards
- HSC 38500 et seq. (AB 32) and HSC 38566 (SB 32) – direct CARB to reduce greenhouse gases to specific levels to combat climate change

Rulemaking is a Public Process

- Rulemaking is iterative staff request public input at every step of the process
- Staff will hold additional public workshops during rule development
- Staff will post draft documents, reports, and analyses as they become available
- •Key rulemaking documents (reports, analyses, and regulatory text) will be posted for 45-day public comment period prior to Board Hearing

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Harbor Craft Emissions Inventory

- Basis for developing proposed regulatory concepts, health analyses, and cost effectiveness
- Inventory quantifies diesel PM, PM_{2.5}, NOx, and GHGs from harbor craft statewide
- Staff currently refining emission inventory to support rule development





- Vessel population from U.S. Coast Guard and CA ports
- Engine population and info from CARB reporting forms
- Emission factors assumed equal to certified emission levels as reported by <u>U.S. EPA</u>
- Load factors from fuel use reported in <u>2004 CARB surveys</u>
- Other inputs from <u>CARB's OFFROAD model</u>: correction for cleaner CARB fuel, engine deterioration

Statewide Diesel PM Emissions by Vessel Type with Full Implementation in 2023



Statewide Diesel PM, NOx, and CO₂ Emissions by Selected Region with Full Implementation in 2023

	Statewide	Bay Area	South Coast	All Other Regions
Diesel PM [TPY]	233	85	66	82
NOx [TPD]	19.9	8.0	5.9	6.0
GHG [MT CO ₂ /yr]	1,900	846	480	574
Vessels [#]	3,096	1,060	564	1,472

Minimal Emission Reductions Expected from 2023 to 2031 Without Additional Requirements

Expected Change in Emissions from 2023 to 2031

Diesel PM	-23%
NOx	-13%
GHG	-5%

Planned Near-Term Updates to Data for Emission Inventory

- CARB contract with UC Berkeley, UC Riverside, and University of Southern California
 - GPS logging of selected vessels to understand where vessel activity is concentrated
 - Emission factor updates from in-use testing using Portable Emissions Measurement Systems (PEMS)
- Vessel and engine specification updates through outreach to owners, operators, ports, and other harbors
- Engine load factor updates through fuel or electronic engine logging provided by owners/operators

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Health Analyses

Potential excess cancer risk

- Health risk assessments
 - o Two locations, Bay Area and San Diego
 - Will consider Maximum Exposed Individual Resident (MEIR) cancer risk (chances per million) and population exposed to cancer risk levels
- Draft report for public comment in advance of formal rule proposal

Non-cancer effects

• Staff will estimate and monetize regional impacts

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Proposed Concepts for Additional Reductions

- More stringent in-use requirements to achieve NOx, PM and GHG emission reductions
- In-use requirements for additional vessel categories
- In-use requirements for engines less than 50 horsepower
- Annual opacity testing requirements
- Facility requirements

Proposed Concept: More stringent in-use requirements to achieve reductions

- Existing regulation has accelerated turnover to mostly Tier 2 and 3 engines, with some Tier 4 (new ferries)
- Under this proposal, engines on vessels subject to in-use requirements would need to either:
 - 1. Retrofit Tier 2 and 3 engines with a Verified Diesel Emission Control Strategy (VDECS);
 - 2. Repower with Tier 4 engines; or,
 - 3. Adopt approved zero- or near-zero emission technology.

NOx Emission Trends for Harbor Craft Engines and Future Retrofits from a Pre-Tier 1 Baseline

SCR Tier 1 Tier 2 Tier 3 Tier 4 Retrofit Pre-Tier 1⁻ Baseline -32% -51% -61% **Expected Fleet** -88% Average in 2023 -94% Goal for 2031

Trends based on NOx emissions from a pre-Tier 1 baseline of 11 g/bhp-hr, and marine engine standards for a 1000-hp Category 1 engine. Retrofit assumed to achieve an 85% reduction from Tier 3 standards.

Tier 3 +

Tier 4 Feasibility Study

- CARB-funded study by Cal Maritime Academy to evaluate feasibility of Tier 4 and VDECS retrofits
- For each participating vessel, identify or assess:

 Available Tier 4 or equivalent control options
 Vessel changes necessary to accommodate equipment
 - Vessel stability analysis by naval architect
 - Cost information on procurement, installation, maintenance, or vessel replacement
- Report release in mid-2019

Zero Emission and Other Advanced Technologies

- Emerging technologies to help achieve 2031 emission targets for NOx, PM_{2.5}, diesel PM, and GHG
- Goal: simplify process for emerging technologies to be approved as a compliance pathway
- Hybrid diesel-electric vessels would reduce fuel use and emissions; a few hybrid tugs operate today
- Battery-electric technology now deployed in marine sector; hydrogen fuel-cell under development today
- Alternative fuels such renewable diesel and liquefied natural gas (LNG) likely not standalone pathways

Zero/Near-Zero Emission Vessels



Red and White Fleet "*Enhydra*" - battery electric plug-in hybrid excursion vessel – built and operational today



Golden Gate "*Water-Go-Round*" Zero Emission hydrogen fuel cell ferry demonstration – under construction today

Proposed Concept: In-use requirements for additional vessel categories

Vessel Category	Existing In-Use Engine Requirements	Proposed In-Use Engine Requirements
Ferries, Excursions	Yes	Yes
Crew and Supply	Yes	Yes
Barge and Dredge	Yes	Yes
Tanker Barges	Not Included	Yes
Tugboat, Towboat	Yes	Yes
Pilot Vessels	No	Under Evaluation
Workboats	No	Under Evaluation
Charter Fishing	No	Under Evaluation
Commercial Fishing	No	*
Research, Others	No	Under Evaluation

*Likely no; however, health impacts still under evaluation

Proposed Concept: In-use requirements for engines less than 50 horsepower

- Existing CHC regulation in-use requirements do not apply to engines below 50 horsepower
- Staff estimate 23 percent of auxiliary engines are rated below 50 horsepower
- Emissions from engines under 50 horsepower contribute approximately 8 percent of total auxiliary engine PM emissions
- Under proposed concept, all engines on applicable vessel categories would be subject to in-use requirements, regardless of engine power rating

Proposed Concept: Annual Opacity Testing Requirement

- Every engine would need to meet opacity limits using a defined procedure
- Opacity test limits and procedure under development – will consider original engine certification and engine/retrofit configuration
- Vessel owners or operators could become certified to self-test, or hire a certified tester



Proposed Concept: Facility Requirements

- Facilities include ports, terminals, marinas, harbors, and private land with docks: any entity that accepts payment for allowing a vessel to dock on a regular and ongoing basis
- Facility responsibilities would increase vessel compliance
- Concept requirements for facilities:
 - Facilities must allow installation and maintenance of on-site infrastructure to support zero and near-zero emission vessels
 - Electronic verification of vessel compliance status in CARB's freight reporting system (currently under development)
 - Report to CARB which vessels permanently or regularly dock

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Incentives

 Incentives critical to achieve additional reductions beyond regulatory requirements, while providing investments into needed technologies

• Carl Moyer Program (\$78 million in FY 18/19)

- Fundable projects include engine repowers, verified hybrid systems, and hybrid/zero-emission technology infrastructure
- Over 2,000 engines upgraded from Tier 0/1/2 to Tier 3 or 4 with \$145 million through 2017

• AB 617 Community Air Protection Funds (\$245 million in FY 18/19)

- Projects will be implemented under Carl Moyer Program
- Focus on emission reductions in communities most impacted by air pollution

Incentives (Continued)

Volkswagen Mitigation Fund

- Expected available in 2019, funds must be used by 2027
- Combustion Freight and Marine (\$60 million)
 - $_{\rm o}$ Tier 4 or Hybrid Ferry, Tugboat, and Towboat Repowers
- Zero Emission Freight and Marine (\$70 million)
 - Zero-Emission Ferry, Tugboat, and Towboat Repowers
- Other local air district programs, port programs including San Pedro Ports Technology Advancement Program (TAP) offer additional opportunities

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Solicitation of Regulatory Alternatives

- Staff are seeking early feedback on alternatives to proposed concepts
- Stakeholder input is important for Standardized Regulatory Impact Assessment
 - SRIA is required for "major regulations," pursuant to SB 617 and the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA)
- CARB encourages public input on alternatives that:
 - Yield the same or greater benefits than proposed regulatory concepts; or
 - Do not yield, or are less likely to yield, the same level of benefits than proposed regulatory concepts

Ongoing Activities

 Collect survey information from vessel owners/operators, facilities, engine manufacturers, and VDECS manufacturers – early 2019

To support environmental and economic analyses

• Complete contracts in progress – early-mid 2019

 Vessel activity and emissions characterization by UC Berkeley

 $_{\odot}$ Tier 4 engine and retrofit feasibility study by Cal Maritime

 Outreach to VDECS manufacturers and processing of technology applications – ongoing through 2019

Key Milestones

• Additional Public Workshops in 2019

 Discussion of refined regulatory concepts, emission inventory, solicitation of additional feedback

- Staff will post advance materials or draft documents for public input
- Staff Report and Proposed Regulation Order Posted for 45-Day Public Comment Period prior to Board Hearing
 - Includes Staff Report (Initial Statement of Reasons), Proposed Regulation Order, Draft Environmental Analysis, Standardized Regulatory Impact Assessment, Health Risk Assessment
- Board Hearing 2020

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CARB Commercial Harbor Craft Website: https://www.arb.ca.gov/ports/marinevess/harborcraft.htm