Potential General Concepts: Innovative Technology Regulation (ITR) Eligibility and Implementation

2) Hybrid Heavy-Duty Engines

Objective: Provide near-term, targeted certification and on-board diagnostics (OBD) compliance flexibility to accelerate market launch of key truck and bus technologies California needs to meet its long term air quality and climate goals.

1) Optional Low NOx Heavy-Duty Engines

Six Technology Categories						
Engine	g/bhp-hr NOx					
Туре	0.10	0.05	0.02			
CI	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark			
Otto Cycle	\checkmark	\checkmark				

Within each of the six potential low NOx engine technology categories (above), an engine family would be eligible for two model years (MY) of Tier 1 flexibility and two MYs of Tier 2 flexibility.

- Tier 1: Modest OBD flexibility
- <u>Tier 2:</u> Progress towards full OBD

<u>Sunset Provisions:</u> Eligibility for each of the low-NOx technology categories would sunset four MYs after two low-NOx engines within that technology category are first certified.

<u>Annual Sales Allowance:</u> Each manufacturer's California sales allowance of *either* low-NOx engines or hybrid engines receiving ITR flexibility in a MY, respectively = 10% of its annual California heavy-duty engine sales volume, or 200 engines, whichever is greater.

Six Technology Categories and Associated						
Tier 1 Sales Allowance						
	<35 Mile	35+ Mile				
	All-Electric	AER				
	Range (AER)					
Vocational	100	200				
(Class 4+)	100	200				
Class 8	thd	100				
Urban Bus	tbd	100				
Class 8	50	100				
Tractor	50	100				

Within each of the six hybrid engine technology categories (above), a manufacturer would be eligible to sell Tier 1 California sales volumes of engines meeting EMD rather than OBD. Vehicle/chassis emission testing must demonstrate no criteria pollutant increase prior to proceeding beyond Tier 1 volumes. Tier 2 would require significant progress towards full OBD.

<u>Sunset Provisions:</u> Engine families with <35 mile AER would receive at least four MYs and those with 35+ miles AER at least six MYs of Tier 1 and 2 flexibility.

3) Heavy-Duty Engine Technology Diversity Provisions

Engine families with an innovative engine technology that achieves a NOx or CO_2 emission benefit may apply to the Executive Officer for ITR flexibility.

Flexibility would depend on level of innovation:

- Existing Engine Architecture: One MY each of modest Tier 1 and Tier 2 flexibility. Maximum 200 engines per manufacturer per MY. *Examples:* Waste heat recovery, engine downsizing, predictive cruise
 Would sunset two MYs after technology first certified.
- <u>Novel HD Propulsion Technology:</u> Two years of significant Tier 1 and Tier 2 flexibility. Maximum 200 engines per manufacturer per MY. *Examples:* microturbine, camless engine, hybrid off-road engine range extender (steady-state operation powers generator, would not propel vehicle)
 - Would sunset four MYs after technology first certified.

Each manufacturer's California sales allowance for *both* low-NOx + hybrid engines receiving ITR flexibility in a MY = 12.5% of its annual California heavy-duty engine sales volume, or 250 engines, whichever is greater.

Six Technology Categories and Associated Tier 1							
and Tier 2 Sales Allowances							
	<35 Mile AER		35+ Mile AER				
	Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 1	Tier 2			
Class 2b/3	10	500	25	1,000			
Vocational (Class 4+)	10	500	25	1,000			
Class 8 Truck	10	500	25	1,000			

4) Hybrid Aftermarket Conversion Systems

Within each of the six hybrid conversion system technology categories (above), a manufacturer would progress through Tier $1 \rightarrow$ chassis dynamometer or PEMS testing (indicating no criteria pollutant disbenefit) \rightarrow Tier $2 \rightarrow$ Tier 3 with increasing diagnostics, warranty, and other requirements in each tier.

- Tier 3 would require base vehicle be fully OBD compliant and conversion system use basic diagnostics
- Tier 3 would have no sales volume restriction.
- Potential for ARB to certify CO₂ benefit of conversion systems meeting more robust durability requirements in Tier 3.
- No criteria pollutant benefit would be recognized given potential NOx issues with hybridization.
- Tier 2 flexibility would sunset for each of the six technology categories above four calendar years after two conversion systems within the category first come to market.