

Standard Operating Procedure for the Tentative Identification of Compounds in Consumer Products by Headspace Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry

SAS06 Revision 1.5

Northern Laboratory Branch Monitoring and Laboratory Division

Approval Signatures	Approval Date
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Standard Operating Procedure for the Tentative Identification of Compounds in Consumer Products by Headspace Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry

1 Introduction

This standard operating procedure (SOP) describes a qualitative procedure for tentatively identifying compounds present in a non-aerosol or the non-propellant portion of an aerosol consumer product. This SOP aids in determining what analyses to complete under Method 310 as required by the Consumer Products Regulations. Development of this SOP was aided by procedures specified in US EPA Method 8240B.

2 Summary of Method

Approximately 100 µL of the sample aliquot is introduced into a 20 mL headspace vial containing 4.0 mL of dispersant. The vial is then sealed and placed into the headspace sampling unit. The dispersant is used to ensure that small variations in sample polarity will not affect the analyte(s) partition coefficient. The vial is equilibrated to 80°C, pressurized to a constant pressure, and an aliquot of the headspace gas is injected into a Gas Chromatograph/Mass Spectrometer (GC/MS).

3 Acronyms and Definitions

Acronym or Term	Definition	
aliquot	A representative portion of a non-aerosol sample or the non-	
	propellant portion of an aerosol sample.	
analytical batch	A set of samples analyzed together as a group for a	
	particular analysis.	
ASTM	American Standards for Testing and Materials	
Base peak	The most intense (tallest) peak in a mass spectrum.	
CARB	California Air Resources Board	
dispersant	10% deionized water/90% polyethylene glycol 400	
GC/MS	Gas Chromatograph/Mass Spectrometer	
HS	Headspace	
Не	Helium	
i.d.	inner diameter	
ID	Identification	
LIMS	Laboratory Information Management System	
LIMS Manual	Consumer Products Database Special Analysis Section	
	(Oracle Database and Applications Manual for LIMS)	
MLD	Monitoring and Laboratory Division	

Acronym or Term	Definition	
MS	Mass Spectrometer	
NLB	Northern Laboratory Branch	
NIST	National Institute of Standards and Technology	
PEG 400	polyethylene glycol 400	
QC	Quality Control	
QCM	Quality Control Manual	
sample	The sample submitted for analysis under Method 310.	
sample aliquot	The sample aliquot is any aliquot used for analysis, and	
	includes the duplicate aliquot, the Batch Sample, or any	
	archive aliquot undergoing a re-test.	
SAS	Special Analysis Section	
solvent blank	A blank consisting of reagent(s), without the target	
	compound(s), analyzed to determine interferences or	
	contamination during analysis.	
SOP	Standard Operating Procedure	
US EPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency	
VOC	Volatile Organic Compound	

4 Interferences

- 4.1 The headspace vial must be checked after sealing to ensure leakage does not occur.
- 4.2 Cross contamination and/or carryover may occur whenever high-level and low–level samples are analyzed sequentially. Samples where contamination and/or carryover is suspected may be reanalyzed, or another analysis may be performed to confirm the compounds present. Additionally, the analyst may run solvent blanks between samples if they suspect contamination and/or carryover may occur.
- 4.3 Co-elution of compounds can occur resulting in poor resolution.

5 Personnel Qualifications and Training

- Prior to performing this method, new personnel must be trained by staff with expert knowledge of this method. Personnel must be trained to understand the program's requirements per any applicable State and federal regulations and guidance, and this SOP. Personnel will also be trained on how to safely and properly operate the equipment needed to perform the method, the quality assurance components, and LIMS functionality pertaining to the program.
- 5.2 Personnel should provide an initial demonstration of capability prior to performing this method on real world samples (i.e., data for record).

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5.3 Training will be documented and maintained by the laboratory supervisor.

6 Safety Requirements

- 6.1 All personnel must follow the general health and safety requirements found in NLB's Chemical Hygiene Plans.
- 6.2 Analysts should acknowledge any sample labeling for safety warnings, and take appropriate safety measures.
- 6.3 Ensure engineering controls are in place and operational (i.e., adequate ventilation).
- 6.4 Follow safe handling practices for compressed gas cylinders.
- 6.5 The GC/MS has heated areas and parts (i.e., GC oven and inlet) that can exceed 250°C. Use caution when operating the instrument.
- 6.6 The vial should never be heated to a temperature exceeding the boiling point of the dispersant (approximately 100°C) as this may cause a rapid increase in pressure within the vial.

7 Hazardous Waste

7.1 Dispose of headspace vial contents in the hazardous waste bottle in the satellite hazardous waste accumulation area. Dispose of satellite hazardous waste contents in accordance with the NLB Chemical Hygiene Plan.

8 Equipment, Supplies, and Chemicals

- 8.1 Gas Chromatographic System
- 8.1.1 Headspace sampler (e.g., Agilent G1888 or Agilent 7697A)
- 8.1.2 GC/MS system (e.g., Agilent 6890N/5973, 7890A/5975C)
- 8.1.3 GC column: DB-624, 60 m x 0.25 mm i.d. with 1.4 µm film, or equivalent
- 8.1.4 GC liner: ultra inert, straight, 2 mm i.d., or equivalent
- 8.1.5 Laboratory work station and software with mass spectral library database
- 8.2 Laboratory Information Management System (LIMS)
- 8.3 Volumetric flask, 1000 mL
- 8.4 Graduated cylinder, 100 mL

- 8.5 Headspace vials, 20 mL with crimp-top caps
- 8.6 Crimper and de-crimper for vial caps
- 8.7 Pipettors, capable of pipetting 100 µL and 4.0 mL volumes with pipette tips
- 8.8 Disposable transfer tubes, 3-5 mL capacity
- 8.9 Vortex mixer (e.g., Vortex Genie 2)
- 8.10 Task wipes (e.g., Kimwipes)
- 8.11 Gloves, non-powdered nitrile or suitable alternative
- 8.12 Reagents and samples
- 8.12.1 Dispersant 10% Deionized water/ 90% PEG 400
- 8.12.1.1 Deionized water, ASTM Type I
- 8.12.1.2 PEG 400
- 8.12.2 Sample aliquots prepared in SAS14
- 8.12.3 Helium, ultrahigh purity (Grade 5)

9 Procedure

- 9.1 Instrument Preparation
- 9.1.1 Ensure there is sufficient carrier gas (He) for the run.
- 9.1.1.1 Change the tank when the pressure regulator indicates 500 psi or less.
- 9.1.1.2 Ensure the output of He leaving the tank is sufficient to maintain the flows required for the method.
- 9.1.2 Prepare the headspace sampler: Fill solvent rinse vials with solvent, and ensure waste vials are empty.
- 9.1.3 Load the method in the GC/MS software and verify the following conditions:

GC/MS Parameters		
Inlet		
Mode	Split	
Heater	250°C	
Split ratio	45.5:1	

GC/MS Parameters			
Gas type	Helium		
Column	Tionani		
Mode	Constant flow		
Flow	1.0 mL/min		
Oven	1.0 1112/111111		
Equilibration time	0.25 min		
Initial temp	40°C		
Initial hold time	8 min		
Ramp 1 Rate	10°C/min		
Ramp 1 Final temp	250°C		
Ramp 1 Hold time	5 min		
Total run time	34 min		
GC cycle time	43 min		
Maximum temp	260°C		
Aux temp (MSD Transfer Line)	280°C		
MS Parameters	200 C		
Tune File	atune.u		
1 300 1 10 1			
Acquisition Type MS Source	scan 230°C		
MS Quad	150°C		
	3.00 min		
Solvent Delay	30.0		
Start Mass (m/z)			
End Mass (m/z)	400.0		
Threshold	150 N=2		
Scan speed			
	stem Parameters		
Temperature	80°C		
Vial oven temperature	120°C		
Loop temperature			
Transfer line temperature	180°C		
Pressure	Controlled by CC comics are flow		
Transfer gas flow	Controlled by GC carrier gas flow;		
	flow should be set to > 30 mL/min for instruments		
Violence	utilizing manual pressure controls		
Vial pressure	17 psi		
Timing	0.2 min		
Injection	0.2 min		
Loop equilibration	0.01 min		
Loop fill	default		
Vial equilibration	20 min		
Vial pressurization	default		
Other			

GC/MS Parameters		
Multiple headspace extraction	OFF	
Shaking	50/min	

- 9.2 Create a sequence.
- 9.2.1 Begin the sequence with a solvent blank, followed by samples.
- 9.2.2 Verify or input the following parameters in the sequence:

Sample location
Sample names
Sample type (i.e., sample)
Method name
Tray name
Data path
Method path

- 9.2.3 Verify analyst initials are associated with the analytical sequence.
- 9.2.4 Save and print the sequence.
- 9.3 Analysis Preparation
- 9.3.1 Label headspace vials for all samples and solvent blank(s).
- 9.3.2 Prepare solvent blank(s) by pipetting 4.0 mL of dispersant into blank vial(s) and cap.
- 9.3.3 Prepare samples by pipetting 4.0 mL of dispersant into sample vials.
- 9.3.4 Mix sample aliquot to ensure homogeneity, vortexing if needed. Add approximately 100 µL of the sample aliquot (by pipetting or using a transfer tube) into the appropriately labeled headspace vial containing the dispersant and cap the vial. Repeat for all samples in the analytical batch.
- 9.4 Headspace Analysis
- 9.4.1 Place the vials in the headspace sampler matching vial locations to the sequence.
- 9.4.2 Run the sequence.
- 9.4.3 Upon sequence completion:
- 9.4.3.1 Remove vials from headspace sampler.

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- 9.4.3.2 Verify the instrument is in standby mode.
- 9.5 Data Analysis
- 9.5.1 Open the "Enhanced Data Analysis" window.
- 9.5.2 For each data file, load the file and perform the following:
- 9.5.2.1 Print Chromatogram
- 9.5.2.2 For peaks of interest, determine possible spectrum matches from the mass spectral library database (e.g., NIST). Compare the library spectrum with the spectrum of the peak of interest. Print the library search results for the spectrum match.
- 9.5.3 Enter data into LIMS (refer to LIMS Manual: Headspace Results Entry).

10 Quality Control

10.1 Table of quality controls

QC TYPE	FREQUENCY	CRITERIA	CORRECTIVE ACTION
Solvent Blank	At minimum once at	For any	For any tentatively identified
	the start of the	tentatively	compound, if the base peak in
	sequence	identified	the solvent blank is greater
		compound	than or equal to 10 % of the
		reported, the	abundance of the base peak in
		base peak in	the sample, the data for that
		the solvent	tentatively identified
		blank must	compound may not be used
		be less than	for reporting purposes, unless
		10 % of the	confirmed by another
		base peak in	analytical method.
		the sample.	

10.2 Pipettors require certification by an outside source annually.

11 Sample and Data Management

11.1 Data management consists of samples logged into the LIMS, documentation of unusual occurrences and their resolutions, creation of data packages (monthly, amendments, and special projects) for peer review and management approval, submittal of data to clients, and archival procedures for sample media and respective chains of custody. Program and maintenance notebooks and/or logbooks are to be kept with the instrumentation at all times.

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11.2 Sample and data management follow procedures outlined in the QCM. The LIMS Manual describes data management procedures as they pertain to LIMS for this SOP. Additional SOPs that cover sample and data management as they pertain to sample preparation and data reporting under Method 310 include SAS13 and SAS14.

11.3 Information that has been designated as confidential, proprietary, or trade secrets must be maintained in a locked file cabinet in a secure area. Access to this file cabinet is subject to management approval.

12 Calculations

There are no calculations in this procedure.

13 References

- 13.1 Method 310 Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) in Consumer Products and Reactive Organic Compounds (ROC) In Aerosol Coating Products, May 25, 2018
- 13.2 CARB NLB Laboratory Quality Control Manual, September 17, 2018
- 13.3 MLD076 Standard Operating Procedure Preparation of Northern Laboratory Branch's Standard Operating Procedures, Revision 0.0
- 13.4 NLB Chemical Hygiene Plan, June 2019 (or most current version)
- 13.5 Consumer Products Database Special Analysis Section (Oracle Database and Applications Manual for LIMS)
- 13.6 SAS13 Standard Operating Procedure for Consumer Product Sample Batch Management and Reporting
- 13.7 SAS14 Standard Operating Procedure for Consumer Product Sample Preparation
- 13.8 US EPA Method 8240B, Revision 2, September 1994, Final Update IIA to the Third Edition of the Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods, Volatile Organic Compounds by Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS), EPA publication SW-846

14 Revision History

	Date	Updated Revision	Original Procedure
1	1 Description: Revision 1.1		

	Date	Updated Revision	Original Procedure	
	March 10, 1998	SOP MLD ES06 Revision 1. Adjusted document font to Times New Roman 12. Inserted appendix A formerly a stand-alone document.	Unknown	
2	Description: Re	evision 1.2		
	February 16, 2005	MLD SOP SAS06 Revision 1.2. Adjusted document font to Arial 12. SOP updated to reflect current practices. Corrected revision enumeration.	SOP MLD ES06 Revision 1 (Revision 1.1).	
3	Description: Re	evision 1.3		
	June 15, 2007	SOP updated to reflect current practices.	MLD SOP SAS06 Revision 1.2.	
4	Description: Revision 1.4			
	August 23, 2010	SAS06 Revision 1.4. SOP updated to reflect current practices.	Unknown	
5	Description: Revision 1.5			
	October 28, 2021	Reviewed for grammar and content, and compliance with the most recent versions of the QC Manual and MLD076 Revision 0.0. Miscellaneous additions/deletions made. Added clarification to the revision history. Changed SOP title to more accurately reflect the analysis being performed.	SAS06 Revision 1.4.	